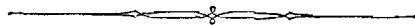


THE CENTRAL INDIA STATE SERIES, 1911,

Volume II.

INDORE STATE



PART I—Report.

PART II—Tables.

PART III—List of Villages.

THE CENTRAL INDIA STATE CENSUS SERIES,

Volume II

INDORE STATE

CENSUS REPORT

FOR

1911

TEXT AND TABLES

COMPILED BY

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SUPERINTENDENT OF CENSUS OPERATIONS IN CENTRAL INDIA.



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INTRODUCTION.

There have been in all, four Censuses of the Indore State, taken simultaneously with that of the rest of India. The first was taken on the 17th February 1881, the second on the 26th February 1891, the third on the 1st March 1901 and the fourth, the present, on the 10th March 1911.

In the first two Censuses a modified form of the schedule was adopted containing eight columns, *viz.*, 1. Number of house, 2. Name of person, 3. Sex, 4. Age, 5. Birth-place, 6. Occupation, 7. Caste and 8. Religion, while in the last two enumerations the British India Schedule was exactly followed. Details of the procedure adopted in connection with the taking of the Census and the compilation of the results are embodied in the "Code of Census Procedure" for the Central India Agency, but it may be interesting to note briefly a few of the more important facts connected with the operations.

2. The usual difficulties due to the illiteracy of the population had to be overcome, while the fact that the districts are very scattered makes control more than ordinarily arduous. On this occasion also the defective nature of village lists necessitated a great deal of extra work. Special care had to be taken to obtain a correct enumeration of remote areas inhabited by the Bhil population of the Hilly Tracts.

Arrangements for
the Enumeration.

The present Census was taken on lines similar to those of 1901, Enumerators were appointed, each of whom dealt with a specified number of houses, usually about 40. Though literate their general education was of a very low standard, and in order to obtain correct entries in the different columns of the Census schedules, it was necessary to drill them very carefully. The Supervisors were usually selected from officials, with special reference to their educational fitness, but it was still necessary to supplement the written instructions by careful training. Each district was parcelled out into Charges, usually corresponding with a Pargana under a Charge Superintendent, who was in all cases the Pargana Officer called Amin. These Charge Superintendents were in their turn, subordinate to the State Census Officer. The Subahs of the districts were the Inspecting Officers for the areas under them. The Charge Superintendents were entrusted with the training of the Supervisors and a few selected Enumerators and the general supervision of the work was done by them. On the average there was one Supervisor to every 9 Enumerators. The Supervisors generally were either revenue or police officers, head clerks in offices or school masters, while, the Enumerators were the Patwaris, school masters, clerks, senior students and the like. Excluding the City of Indore, there were 43 Charge Superintendents, 809 Supervisors and 7,422 Enumerators, while in the City, including the State Military areas, two Charge Superintendents, 69 Supervisors, and 637 Enumerators, were employed.

3. The first direct step towards the taking of the Census was the numbering of the houses. A House was defined as the residence of a commensal family, and each such house was given a separate number. The numbering ran in a consecutive series for each village, division of a town or a city and its military area, etc., to avoid the mistake of double numbering the same premises and to guide the Enumerator. When all the houses had been numbered a statement showing the number of houses and of each grade of Census Officer was prepared and an indent for the requisite number of Census forms made.

House numbering

4. The State Census office was opened in April 1910, after which detailed instructions for the taking of the Census, as received from time to time from the Provincial Superintendent of Census, were issued. The Code of Census Procedure drawn up by the Provincial Superintendent of Census was carefully followed.

Code of Census
Procedure.

A Manual of Instructions for Supervisors and Charge Superintendents and the instructions contained in the Specimen Enumeration Book were distributed to all Supervisors and Enumerators for ready reference.

All these were issued in Hindi. These instructions were further supplemented by the issue of a few circulars on points, which practice proved, were not sufficiently explained in the Code or the Manual.

Appointment of
the State
Census Officer.

5. Early in March 1910 the Darbar selected Mr. K. G. Reshimwale then Subah of Nemwar for the post of Chief Census Officer of the State and placed him in direct communication with the Provincial Superintendent of Census.

The first step towards the taking of the Census was the preparation of the Village Register, shewing for the whole State the number and names of all villages and towns, the probable number of houses and the number of Enumerators and Supervisors available. This was prepared and submitted to the Central India Agency Office through the Resident at Indore before the appointment of the State Census Officer.

Census Divisions.

6. Mr. Reshimwale after his appointment, started the formation of the necessary Census Divisions in towns and villages. Blocks were formed, each containing generally not more than 40 houses and placed under an Enumerator, a group of Blocks ordinarily 10 to 15 into a Circle in charge of a Supervisor and a certain number of Circles into a Charge under a Charge Superintendent. The city of Indore was formed into a Special Charge, as in 1901, and placed under the Municipal Superintendent Dr. S. N. Deo, the military areas being in charge of Major Durga Prasad, Adjutant General of the State Army.

Training of Census
Agency.

7. In order to obtain an accurate return, it was necessary that the Enumerators should be very carefully trained beforehand. The Charge Superintendents, a few Supervisors and selected Enumerators were first thoroughly taught by the Chief Census Officer at headquarters, the Supervisors were next instructed by the Charge Superintendents, and the Enumerators by the Supervisors. Classes were held at all convenient centres where the rules were thoroughly explained and the persons charged with Census work were made to fill in schedules for practice. The mistakes made in filling up these schedules were corrected and explained on the spot.

Preliminary
Record.

8. The next step was the preparation of the Preliminary Record, *i.e.*, the entry in the Enumeration Schedules of the necessary particulars regarding all persons ordinarily residents in each house. The information to be recorded included :—Name, Religion, Sex, Age, Civil Condition, Caste, Tribe or Race, Principal Occupation, Subsidiary Occupation, Actual occupation of the person on whom dependent, Birth-place, including Province or State and District, Dialect spoken in the household, Literate or Illiterate, knowledge of English and certain Infirmities.

9. Everything possible was done to give the Enumerators a thorough practical knowledge of their duties, still to avoid mistakes the original entries were made on plain paper, and the actual Census Record was not prepared until the rough draft had been shown to and corrected by the Supervisors. The testing, however, was by no means confined to the Supervisors. The Chief Census Officer, the Subahs and other departmental officers in the course of their usual tour spared time to inspect the progress of work at each stage. Every officer who could be used was given a share in the operations. The Preliminary Record was prepared in the Mufassil between the 15th January and the 15th February. In towns and in the city it was begun and finished 15 days later. The period remaining before the 10th March was utilised in checking the entries as described above.

Independent efforts were also made to check the completion of the different operations and examine the entries made by the Enumerators.

The Actual Census.

11. The Actual Census was taken between 7 P. M. and midnight on the 10th March. Each Enumerator visited in turn every house in his beat, and brought the record up to date by striking out the entries relating to persons no longer present, and entering the necessary particulars for all new-comers and new-born children. In the remote tracts of the forest areas of the Sendhwa and Petlawad Parganas this final revision was commenced a few hours earlier, so that it might be completed by nightfall. Special arrangements, which need not be detailed here, were made for the enumeration of travellers by rail, road, for wood-cutters in the forests, plague camps, jails and asylums.

To allow all officials who could be spared to assist in the Final Enumeration and accelerate the compilation of the Provisional Totals all public offices, schools, etc., were either closed from the 9th to 11th March 1911 or such officials, as were actually engaged in the carrying out of the Census, were allowed leave.

The 10th March was treated as a general holiday and all offices and the factories and the bazaars in Indore City were closed from 12 A. M. to 12 P. M.

To secure reasonable expedition and minimise trouble to the enumerators two guns were ordered to be fired in the city, the first as a warning to the public to be in their houses and to officials to stop traffic on roads and the other to indicate the commencement of the Final Counting.

12. On the morning after the Census, the enumerators repaired to a place previously fixed by their supervisors, and prepared an abstract showing the number of houses, and of persons, males and females in their Blocks. These Abstracts after being checked by a second enumerator, were posted by the supervisor in a summary for his Circle. The circle summaries were checked and posted up in a Charge summary, which was sent to the Chief Census Officer at Indore, where the Provisional Totals for the whole State were compiled. The figures for the whole State had been received and reported to the Provincial Superintendent and the Census Commissioner for India by 10 o'clock on the 13th March 1911. The total population according to these Provisional Totals numbered 1,004,771 of whom 516,313 were males and 488,458 were females.

The Provisional
Totals.

13. After going through the various processes of copying on slips, sorting and tabulating the final total arrived at was 1,005,469 persons consisting of 516,010 males and 489,459 females. The final figure showed an increase of 698 being a difference of only 6 in 10,000 which speaks well for the general efficiency of the Census arrangements and reflects the greatest credit on the Census Officer, Mr. Reshimwale and the Darbar officials generally.

Final Totals.

14. A Special Census was taken of persons employed in industries in which the workers in factories did not number less than 20 persons. This was taken simultaneously with the Census of the general population on March 10th in order to collect correct information regarding recent developments. The forms of this Special Schedule were distributed on the 5th March 1911 to the owners, agents, or managers for Factories, Mills, &c., through the Member in charge of Industry and Commerce and collected on the morning of the 16th March to obviate all danger of confusion with the ordinary schedules. The result of these entries are embodied in Table XV-D.

Special Industrial
Schedule.

15. In a preliminary circular the obligations of all public servants and loyal subjects to assist in the taking of the Census were made known and published in the "Holkar Sirkar Gazette." No necessity arose for a Census Act. The demeanour of the public throughout was excellent. Even the Bhils, Korkus and other Jungle tribes being fully acquainted with the object of enumeration were not least afraid of supplying information. During my tour through the district accompanied by the Census Officer, I found these aboriginals quite prepared to show the number attached to their huts and give all particulars demanded.

Census Act and
Regulations.

16. The services of Mr. K. G. Reshimwale being required in the Revenue Department after the 1st April 1911 he could not be spared for the operations subsequent to the Final Enumeration. These duties consequently devolved upon his Head Clerk, Mr. R. G. Lokre who was designated as Officer in charge of Abstraction and Tabulation and placed under the orders of the Provincial Superintendent of Census, Mr. Reshimwale still continuing in ex-officio charge of the Census of the State. The subsequent work of the abstraction, sorting, tabulation, and compilation of the results of the enumeration was accordingly the labour of Mr. R. G. Lokre who was engaged on it from April 1911 to May 1913.

Preparation of
Final Tables.

By the 20th March 1911, all the Enumeration books for the whole State, packed by Charges and other units, were sent to the Central India Agency Census Office with Circle and Charge summaries for the subsequent operations of abstraction, tabulation, and compilation. All these books were checked with the Circle, Charge and State summaries and brought on the Record Register which was opened for the purpose, so as to enable the Books to be issued for abstraction systematically.

Code of Abstraction, &c.

17. Throughout the operations of abstraction, sorting, tabulating and compilation the instructions embodied in the Code prescribed by the Central India Agency for the purpose were followed in all processes.

The slip system.

18. A separate slip containing all the prescribed details was prepared for each person enumerated, and these slips were then sorted for all the Final Tables in turn. Each sorter was supplied with a set of pigeon-holes, which was labelled to indicate their contents. When the sorting for a Table had been completed, the slips in each hole were counted, and the result was noted on a form called the "Sorter's Ticket." The figures in the Sorter's Tickets were then posted in "Tabulation Registers" and added up to form the Pargana, Zila (district) and State totals.

In order to reduce the amount of writing to be done, slips of different colours were used for the different religions, and symbols were printed on them to indicate sex and civil condition. These were as under :—

Religion.	Colour.	Sex.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.
1. Hindu ...	Badami ...	Males.			
2. Jain ...	Yellow ...				
3. Animist ...	Blue ...				
4. Musalman ...	Red ...	Females.			
5. Christian ...	White ...				
6. Other religions	Green ...				

Checking of entries.

The selection of the right slip thus obviated the necessity of making any entry for religion, sex or civil condition. No abbreviations were used.

Slip copying.

19. Before actually issuing the Enumeration Books for the work of copying on to the slips, all the entries in the schedules were carefully examined and all obvious errors or omissions were rectified and supplied.

Sorting the slips.

20. The regular Abstraction was started on 22nd March 1911 and the process completed within a month's time, while the period allowed for this process was 40 days.

Tabulation and Compilation.

21. The sorting took longer. There were in all 18 Tables to be prepared, and some of them, such as those connected with castes and occupations, were very complicated and involved much reference to books. The work, however, was practically finished by the middle of August 1911.

22. Then followed the Tabulation and Compilation of results and its revision, which for the more elaborate tables, proved to be by far the most tedious part of the work. The caste tables in their original forms were ready in January 1912 and the occupation tables a month later. But the detailed examination of the statistics in the central office and the checking of all entries which appeared doubtful, either because they differed widely from the results of the last census, or because of discrepancies in the figures for males and females, (which were purposely kept separate throughout the earlier stages of the work), took up much time.

Recount.

23. The City of Indore and Sanawad town were affected with plague at the time of the Final Enumeration. They were recounted on 20th July 1911 and their result is shown on the fly-leaf of Table IV.

The Report.

24. The Report, Statistics and the List of Villages are printed in one volume to make the book of some size. It contains three parts, the first being the Report with Subsidiary Tables in which the results are discussed in 12 chapters. The second contains statistics in Tables I to XVIII. The third gives a list of villages in the State and Appendices. A statement showing the dates of the completion of the chapters of the Report and Tables is also given in the Appendices.

Until the revision of the tables was well advanced and the Imperial Tables for the Central India Agency as a whole, were finally passed,

in which the figures of the State were incorporated, it was impossible to devote much time to the writing of the Report. Moreover, some delay was also caused on account of the necessity for a special officer visiting all Pargana headquarters for 6 months (from October 1911 to March 1912) to verify the names of villages.

25. The printing of the Report and Tables was originally entrusted to the Standard Press, Allahabad who, after printing Tables I-VI, expressed their inability to carry on the work owing to the sudden death of the proprietor. This accident caused a delay of 6 months in the printing as only 22 pages of tabular matter had been done by them. To avoid delay and extra expenditure these pages, which are in different type from the rest of the tables have been allowed to remain as they were and the further printing of the report and statistics was entrusted to the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. This was done so late as 22nd January 1913. To accelerate the printing a special officer had to be deputed to the press to check the proofs on the spot. The whole work was completed by him single-handed in 3 months.

Printing of
Report.

26. The total expenditure of all kinds in the present Census is Rs. 32,198 which gives pice 6 as the cost per head of population. As accounts are not yet finally made up, the figures given in Appendix IV may, however, be taken as correct for all practical purposes.

Cost of the Census.

(1)	Major Durga Prasad, Bhawani Prasad (Adjutant-General, State Army).
(2)	Mr. Ramkrishna Balkrishna Naito (Amin, Mehidpur).
(3)	„ Eknath Babajee Holker (Amin, Garoth).
(4)	„ Sadashiva Narayan Wagle (Amin, Dopalpur).
(5)	„ Hanmant Balwant Gore (Amin, Sendhwa).
(6)	„ Kondo Govind Lokre (Amin, Khategaon).
(7)	„ Moti Singh (Amin, Mhow).
(8)	„ Ganesh Vithal Sherlekar (Amin, Nisarpur).
(9)	„ Madho Rao Ganesh Mungre (Amin, Rampura).
(10)	„ Shankar Vinayak Sakurkar (Naib Amin, Sanawad).
(11)	„ Mahesh Prasad (Naib Amin, Manasa).
(12)	„ K. K. Taode (Range Officer, Sendhwa).
(13)	„ R. K. Bose (Range Officer, Padlia).
(14)	„ (Annaji Govind Naila) (Amin, Bistan).

27. Mr. Reshimwale brings to notice the excellent services of the Charge Superintendents and other officers of the State named in the margin who received *Sanads* or Certificates of Merit for their work in connection with the taking of the Census. Mr. R. G. Lokre, the Head Clerk, in addition to the office work, also assisted in the enumeration and training of the Census agency in the Indore City and his services in this connection deserve special recognition. The Census Officer also speaks favourably of the services of Mr. S. K. Gandhe who was of considerable help in the office work.

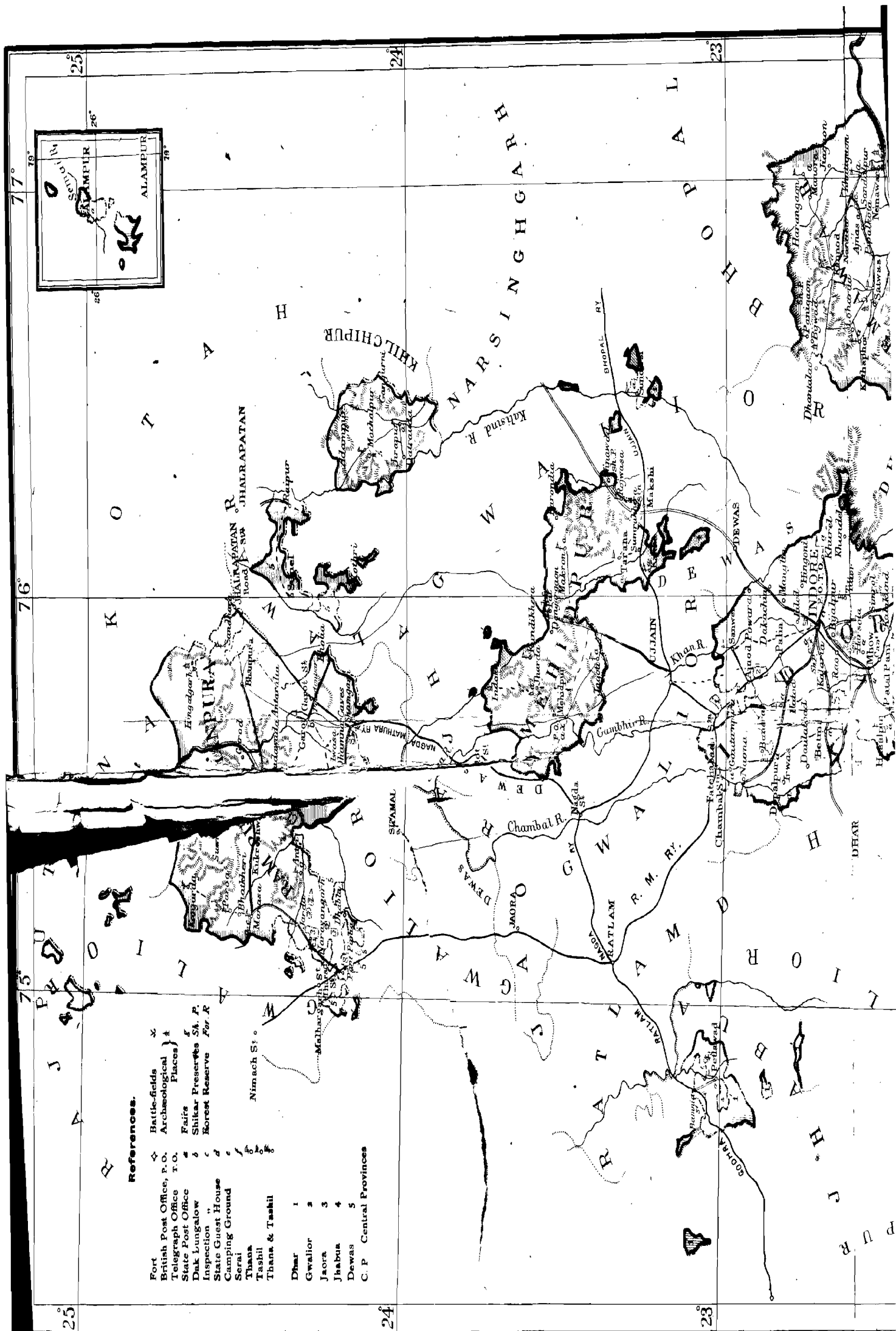
Acknowledgments.

The Chief Census Officer Mr. K. G. Reshimwale throughout the Enumeration period worked with indefatigable energy and zeal. The instructions given to the Census Officials were most carefully imparted and were most thorough. The result of all this was that hardly any omissions or inaccuracies were found when the Enumeration Books were received in the Central Abstraction Office. Mr. Reshimwale was most active and energetic in visiting all parts of his charge. The conduct of the successive operations was in accordance with the Time Table which reflects great credit on the Census Officer and his subordinates. He daily rode many miles with me inspecting villages. I am very much indebted to the Darbar for his selection to this post. He also supplied valuable notes on various subjects and continually visited the Darbar Section of the Tabulation office under the immediate charge of his Head Clerk, Mr. R. G. Lokre. Mr. Lokre shewed himself most competent in the control of the Abstraction and Tabulation in keeping all operations up to date and also assisting in expediting work of other States. He compiled all Subsidiary Tables for the report and drafted the Chapters intelligently under my direction. He shewed great energy and devotion to the cause of the Darbar, which I cannot sufficiently praise. I shall be very glad, therefore, if the Darbar can see their way to suitably recognise his exceptionally good services.

To Rai Bahadur Munshi Prag Narayan, the Proprietor, and Babu Manohar Lal Bhargava, the Superintendent, of the Newul Kishore Press, I would tender my thanks for the good proofs of Chapters and Tables which accelerated the completion of the work.

C. E. LUARD, MAJOR,
Superintendent of Census.

March, 1913.



REPORT

ON THE

CENSUS OF INDORE STATE

1911.

CHAPTR I.

Distribution of the Population.

I.—GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF INDORE STATE.

THE territory known as Indore State, covers an area of 9,506 square miles and has a population of more than one million which may be compared to that of New Hampshire (9,305) in the United States of America. This tract lies between 21° 22' and 24° 40' north latitude and 74° 22' and 70° 3' east longitude. The nonhomogeniety of the territory makes it difficult to give boundaries for the State as a whole. Generally speaking it is bounded on the north by the Udaipur State, on the north-east by Jhalawar, on the east by the States of Gwalior, Dewas, Dhar and the British District of Nimar in the Central Provinces, on the south by the Khandesh District of the Bombay Presidency, on the west by Gwalior and Barwani and on the east by Bhopal. The isolated Pargana of Nandwa lies in the midst of the Udaipur territory while Alampur is surrounded by the territories of Gwalior, Datia and Samtwar. This gives as the ultimate points 21° 22' and 26° 60' north latitude and 74° 22' and 78° 51' east longitude.

Area popula-
tion and
boundary.

2. The area dealt with in 1901, was 9,500 square miles. The addition of the Bhatkari Estate (6 miles) which has lapsed to the State during the last decade has increased the area to 9,506 square miles.

3. The greatest difficulty still arises in obtaining the correct area of the Parganas and of villages. Various transfers have taken place in the Parganas and the fact that surveys made for revenue purposes omitted forest areas and *jagir* villages make the adjustment very unsatisfactory.

Difficulty in
getting
correct areas.

4. The natural divisions adopted on this occasion are the same as those of 1901,—the Plateau, Lowlying and Hilly.

Natural
Divisions.

The Plateau tract includes the districts of Mehidpur, Rampura-Bhanpura and Indore except the Pargana of Petlawad, which lie in the high-land tract of Malwa possessing black soil of great fertility with a moderate annual rain-fall of 30 inches. This soil grows all the ordinary crops without irrigation and has long been famous for its poppy cultivation. The cultivation of poppy has now been reduced to 1,200 acres in the Rampura-Bhanpura district. The inhabitants mostly belong to the regular cultivating classes such as Ahir, Dangi, Kunbi, Gujar, Khati, Kumawat, Kalota, Mali and Naitas. The climate is temperate and equable due to its elevation above sea-level, which averages 1,600 feet and rises in places to over 2,000. The only Lowlying portion in the State is the Pargana of Alampur in Bundelkhand, possessing a climate more subject to extremes and a rain-fall of 45 inches and soil not so fertile as that of the Plateau.

The Hilly tract as its name implies lies along the ranges of the Vindhya and Satpuras and their off-shoots. Here agriculture is little practised though much improvement has been made in this respect by the recent settlement and the population of the tract is increasing. There is thus every hope of an increase of agriculture. The inhabitants are mostly members of the wild

tribes such as Bhils, Bhilalas and Korkus. The country, especially in Nimar, is covered with forest and cut up by numerous tributaries of the Narbada. This tract comprises the districts of Nemawar, Nimar and the Petlawad Pargana of Indore.

II.—AREA, POPULATION AND DENSITY.

Relation of
area and
population.

5. The area and population are given in Table I for the State, with Zilas and Parganas. The Parganas are the administrative units. Under the head "State Proper" is given the area populated, less land alienated in guaranteed land grants and ceded territory, while the figures for the State Total include estates held by the guaranteed Thakurs, the British Cantonment of Mhow and the Civil Station of Indore Residency.

The proportional figures will be found in the Subsidiary Tables given at the end of the Chapter.

6. The inset table shows the density of the population. The relative area and population of the three Natural Divisions into which the State is divided shows that the Hilly has the largest area with least population, the Plateau stands next in area and density, while the Lowlying tract has the highest density. The high density in Alampur is due to its peculiar isolated position. Plague was prevailing in Indore City and Sanawad at the time of the actual Census, which affected the urban population. A recount made after the normal conditions were more or less restored, gave a population of 8,330 instead of 5,384 per square mile.

7. The Plateau tract has, as mentioned above, a density of 125 to the square mile or excluding the urban area 109. There is little doubt, however, that this tract could even now bear a far greater population.

III.--TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

Towns.

8. For the purpose of the Census a Town included every municipality, every other continuous collection of houses inhabited by not less than 5,000 persons and such other localities as were considered important as being trade centres or places of urban characteristics or historic association. The statistics of towns and villages will be found in Tables III, IV and V and Subsidiary Tables III to VI at the end of this Chapter. The total number of towns as defined above was 9 including the City of Indore. This gives 2 towns less than in 1901, owing to the omission of Manasa, Sunel and Gautampura which have fallen in population and the inclusion of Sanawad, an important trade centre, which had a population of 7,800 in 1901.

9. In the State as a whole out of every 100 persons 90 live in villages, and 10 in towns. The State is strictly agricultural and except Indore and Sanawad, most of the towns are little more than over-grown villages and are lacking in urban characteristics. The older towns such as Maheshwar and Khargon which owed their importance to the weaving industry have declined. The mills in Indore City are worked by skilled men from Bombay and Gujarat and the industry is increasing rapidly. The districts have so far not yet benefitted by new industries.

Subsidiary Table V shows that there has been a fall in the urban population by 29 per cent. since 1901. The City of Indore and Sanawad town owing to plague show a decrease of 48 and 37 percent., respectively, while, no noticeable rise has taken place in other towns. After the normal conditions were re-established, a recount was taken of the Indore City and Sanawad which gave a population of 69,295 and 5,675, respectively, including the population of the Railway stations. The population has undoubtedly gone down.

Of the urban population 51 per cent. live in towns of over 5,000 to 10,000 and 45 per cent. in the towns of 10,000 to 50,000 persons, the average population of a town being 11,044 persons.

10. A revenue village has been taken as a Census village, a parent village with its hamlets, if any, being considered as a single unit.

The village.

The difficulty in obtaining correct lists of villages was considerable. Departmental lists and maps were invariably at variance as to names and numbers with the actual state of things on the spot. An independent enquiry was, therefore, instituted and the present lists are now as complete as it is possible to make them. In the Nimar district especially, where there is a large Bhil population, a village is often a straggling settlement and covers a large area while its population is insignificant.

The average population of a village in the State amounts to 254 persons. On the Plateau it is 241, in the Lowlying tract 630 and in the Hilly is 270. Villages of "under 500" (3,156) predominate.

Of the total population 60 in every hundred live in villages of "under 500 population."

IV.—HOUSES AND FAMILIES.

11. A house for Census purposes was defined as follows:—

- (i) Any structure other than a dwelling house such as tent, pavilion, temple, *sarai*, etc., or a site, camping ground, *ghat*, etc., to which a separate number has been affixed,
- (ii) the dwelling place of one or more families with their dependents and resident servants having an independent entrance whether that entrance be from a road, gallery, balcony, corridor, courtyard or otherwise.

No proper comparison with the figures of 1901 is possible owing to the alteration in the definition of a house adopted on this occasion.

The number of houses on this occasion was 236,061 against 178,757 returned in 1901, whereas the average number of persons per house has been 5 in the three decades. The number of houses per square mile was 25 against 19 in 1901 and 24 in 1891.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*Density, Water Supply and Crops.*

District and Natural Division.	Mean density per square mile in 1911.	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL AREA.		PERCENTAGE TO CULTIVABLE AREA OF		Percentage of cultivated area which is irrigated.	Normal rainfall.	PERCENTAGE OF GROSS CULTIVATED AREA UNDER							
		Cultivable.	Net cultivated.	Net cultivated.	Double cropped.			Wheat.	Rice.	Pulse.	Bajree.	Jawar.	Cotton.	Oilseed.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Indore State ...	106	40·69	21·32	52·40	1·93	4·09	30	16·51	·67	2·28	4·48	35·40	9·34	5·43	25·89
1. Indore District, ...	150	61·91	34·71	56·99	1·85	3·67	30	41·28	·53	·53	...	23·31	3·56	8·90	21·89
2. Mehidpur ,, ...	144	96·54	42·61	44·14	1·23	·55	29	2·99	·27	·27	·55	58·70	8·15	·27	28·80
3. Nemawar ,, ...	89	42·68	18·50	43·36	·44	4·08	33	17·68	·51	·51	·51	21·71	12·12	4·54	42·42
4. Nimar ,, ...	90	27·15	12·81	47·19	1·80	3·42	26	7·38	·39	8·15	9·71	19·81	22·72	8·93	22·91
5. Rampura Bhanpura District ...	90	25·97	19·11	73·59	4·71	8·84	28	7·16	1·62	·23	9·45	57·28	·23	1·85	22·18
6. Alampur Pargana ...	426	78·37	70·27	89·65	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	15·38	19·24	...	65·38
Natural Divisions.															
1. Plateau ...	125	51·46	28·83	56·03	2·31	4·43	28	20·10	·80	·37	3·16	43·67	3·74	4·32	23·84
2. Lowlying ...	426	78·37	70·27	89·65	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	15·38	19·24	...	65·38
3. Hilly ...	88	30·48	14·03	46·04	1·39	3·61	30	10·24	·42	6·04	7·15	20·33	19·78	7·71	28·33

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Distribution of the population classified according to density.*

District and Natural Division.	UNITS WITH A POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE OF															
	Under—150		150—300		300—450		450—600		600—750		750—900		900—1050		1,050 & over.	
	Area.	Population (000s omitted.)	Area.	Population.	Area.	Population.	Area.	Population.	Area.	Population.	Area.	Population.	Area.	Population.	Area.	Population.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Indore State	9,469	992	...	...	37	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1. Indore District	1,570	235	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Mehidpur "	840	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Nemawar "	1,059	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Nimar "	3,871	348	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Rampura-Bhanpura	2,129	193	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Alampur Pargana	...	...	...	...	37	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					3	15										
Natural Divisions.																
1. Plateau	4,326	540	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Lowlying	...	...	...	...	37	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Hilly	5,143	452	...	...	3	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	541	448	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—The figures below the absolute ones represent the population per cent. which the area and the population of each density group bear to the total area and population of the State.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Distribution of the population between towns and villages.*

District and Natural Division.	Average population.		Number per mille residing in.		Number per mille of urban population residing in towns with a population of				Number per mille of rural population residing in villages with a population of			
	Town.	Village.	Towns.	Villages.	20,000 and over.	10,000 to 20,000.	5,000 to 10,000.	Under 5,000.	5,000 and over.	2,000 to 5,000.	500 to 2,000.	Under 500.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
INDORE STATE	11,044	270	98	901	452	...	512	35	...	75	314	609
1. Indore District	44,947	305	191	809	452	...	...	...	...	21	57	131
2. Mehidpur "	5,541	270	91	908	...	...	112	...	...	...	29	91
3. Nemawar "	...	275	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	9	36	59
4. Nimar "	7,428	273	85	914	...	...	263	35	...	11	133	208
5. Rampura-Bhanpura	6,829	212	71	929	...	...	137	...	...	27	54	116
6. Alampur Pargana	...	630	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	4
Natural Divisions.												
1. Plateau	11,463	264	129	878	452	...	249	...	...	43	141	332
2. Lowlying	...	630	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	4
3. Hilly	7,428	271	65	934	...	...	263	35	...	25	168	273

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—*Number per mille of the total population of each main religion who live in towns.*

District and Natural Division.	Number per mille who live in towns.						
	Total population.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Christian.	Jain.	Animist.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
INDORE STATE	98	81	343	358	299	5	516
1. Indore District	191	159	485	359	335	3	739
2. Mehidpur "	91	68	395	1,000	447	474	...
3. Nemawar "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Nimar "	85	77	308	424	242	3	102
5. Rampura-Bhanpura District	71	48	347	174	336	...	...
6. Alampur Pargana	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Natural Divisions.							
1. Plateau	129	99	438	356	374	21	703
2. Lowlying	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Hilly	65	61	206	378	140	2	100

SUBSIDIARY TABLE V.—*Towns classified by population.*

Class of town.	Number of towns of each class in 1911.	Proportion to total urban population (<i>per mille</i>).	Number of females per 1,000 males.	INCREASE PER CENT. IN THE POPULATION OF TOWNS AS CLASSED AT PREVIOUS CENSUSES.			INCREASE PER CENT. IN URBAN POPULATION OF EACH CLASS FROM 1881 TO 1911.	
				1901 to 1911.	1891 to 1901.	1881 to 1891.	(a) in towns as classed in 1881.	(b) in the total of each class in 1911 as compared in the corresponding total in 1881.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Urban population ...	9	99	904	—29	...	...	...	...
I—100,000 and over ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
II—50,000—100,000 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III—20,000—50,000 ...	1	452	821	—47	+16	+10	...	—40
IV—10,000—20,000 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
V—5,000—10,000 ...	7	513	995	+14	—22	...	...	...
VI—Under 5,000 ...	1	35	874	—55	...	...	...	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.—*City.*

City.	Population in 1911.	Number of persons per square mile.	Number of females to 1,000 males.	Proportion of foreign born <i>per mille</i> .	PERCENTAGE OF VARIATION.			
					1901 to 1911.	1891 to 1901.	1881 to 1891.	Total 1881 to 1911.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Indore City ...	44,947	5,307	813	296	—48·2	+4·5	+10·1	—40·4

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII.—*Persons per house and houses per square mile.*

District and Natural Division.			AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSE.				AVERAGE NUMBER OF HOUSES PER SQUARE MILE.			
			1911.	1901.	1891.	1881.	1911.	1901.	1891.	1881.
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Indore State ...	...	...	5	5	5	...	25	19	24	...
1. Indore District ...	...	...	4	4	5	...	39	37	37	...
2. Mehidpur „ ...	...	...	4	5	5	...	34	24	30	...
3. Nemawar „ ...	...	...	4	5	5	...	21	15	20	...
4. Nimar „ ...	...	...	5	6	5	...	19	12	15	...
5. Rampura-Bhanpura District ...	...	...	4	4	5	...	22	17	27	...
6. Alampur Pargana ...	...	...	5	6	4	...	83	79	102	...
Natural Divisions.										
1. Plateau ...	...	...	4	4	5	...	31	26	32	...
2. Lowlying ...	...	...	5	6	4	...	83	79	102	...
3. Hilly... ...	...	...	5	5	5	...	19	12	16	...

CHAPTER II.

Movement of Population.

Preliminary.

12. In the previous Chapter the statistics as they stood on the 10th March 1911, have been considered. The present one deals with the variations that have taken place since 1881. Some information available regarding the early population of the State is obtainable from the pioneer Census, which took place in 1820; but the enumeration was not made for the whole State while certain changes have taken place in the areas and, therefore, the figures are not of any use for comparative purposes. The changes between the years 1881 and 1891 and between 1891 and 1901 have already been dealt with in the Census note of 1901, they will, therefore, be treated briefly and the discussion in this Chapter will refer chiefly to the variations which have occurred during the last decade. The population at the successive Censuses has been :—1881—1,054,237; 1891—1,099,990; 1901—853,012; 1911—1,007,856. Figures for the Parganas are available for the last two Censuses.

The fugres showing the variations in the population of districts are contained in Table II. Similar information for Parganas is also given in the same Table. Proportional figures illustrating some of the more important features of the statistics will be found in Subsidiary Table I, at the end of the Chapter.

The figures dealt with in this Report, will be those of the “State Proper.” The population of the villages held by the guaranteed Thakurs (5,686) and of the British areas (39,015) contained in the State will be neglected.

Variation since 1881.

Year.	Population.	Variation since the succeeding Census.	Mean density per square mile.
1881	10,54,237	.....	111
1891	10,99,990	+4	115
1901	8,53,012	—13	89
1911	10,07,856	+18	106

13. The total population in the present Census amounts to 1,007,856, an increase of 154,844 or 18 per cent. over the figures of 1901: and a decrease of 46,381 and 92,134 since 1881 and 1891, respectively. The inset Table gives the figures of the four Censuses, percentage of variation and mean density per square mile.

Variation may be due (a) inclusion of new areas, (b) greater accuracy of enumeration, (c) a real increase. In Subsidiary Table I,

the areas have been adjusted so as to be comparative.

Examination of results.

14. The only new area (6 square miles) added, is the estate of Bhatkheri, which gave a population of only 1,115. As regards variation due to increased accuracy, the system followed in 1901 and 1911, was that obtaining in British India and the figures of the last two Censuses are alone strictly comparable. As regards the last cause in the actual increase, it may be pointed out that the growth of the population depends on (1) the excess of births over deaths and (2) Migration. Migration is referred to here only so far as necessary in order to guage its effects on the variations in the population. Returns showing the number of births and deaths in the districts were not forthcoming, however, such registers have of late been introduced by the Police Department, which will be useful in future.

The population has not increased by any artificial stimulants such as extensive irrigation projects, industrial developments or the like. The 39 factories including the 2 cotton mills at the Capital employ only 4,830 people. The rise is thus the result of actual increase.

The Census of 1901, followed a very severe famine which seriously affected the northern and southern districts, *viz.*, Rampura-Bhanpura, Mehidpur on the Plateau, and the district of Nimar (especially the Hilly tracts) on the Hilly causing heavy mortality among the old and the young, those that is at the two extremes of life. An abnormally high birth-rate and a low death-rate resulted from these conditions.

The decade has been characterised by several localised visitations of

Locality.	Area.	Population.	Density per square mile.
Indore State	9,506	10,07,856	106
1. Indore Dist.	1,570	2,35,283	150
2. Mehidpur „	840	1,21,243	144
3. Nemawar „	1,059	94,600	89
4. Nimar „	3,871	3,48,450	90
5. Rampura-Bhanpura „	2,129	1,92,521	90
6. Alampur Pargana	37	15,759	426
1. Plateau,	4,326	5,39,572	125
2. Lowlying	37	15,759	426
3. Hilly	5,143	4,52,525	88

plague, for which the Medical Department gives an approximate figure of 40,052 deaths. However the true figure is probably considerably higher. The effects of plague are not, however, so far reaching as those of famine, and except here and there have been mainly confined to urban areas. Some scarcity was caused by bad seasons in the Nimar district in 1904, but the agricultural condition was on the whole, good. The inset Table shows the mean density of population for the whole State, the districts and the Natural Divisions.

The mean density of population for the State as a whole, gives 106 persons per square mile or equal to that of the Bhopal State. Excluding Alampur which has a peculiar position, the most populous district is Indore (150), the least Nemawar (89). The figures for the Plateau and the Hilly Natural Divisions 125 and 88, respectively, compare favourably with those of the Gwalior State, districts of Malwa, and Hilly Tract 126 and 92.

15. It may be interesting to briefly summarise the progress that has been made in the State as a whole and in each Natural Division since 1901. The State as a whole has become more populous but a varying rate of progress is shown by different districts among which the Nimar district shews a very considerable increase. The general rate of growth shows a progressive decline. The Census of 1891, brought out an increase of 4 per cent. as compared with 1881. There was a decline of 13 per cent. in the next decade, due to the famine, while on the present occasion again an increase has occurred of 18 per cent. due to the rebound.

Summary:

It can be inferred from the figures here discussed that the population has recovered rapidly from the effects of the great famine of 1900. The rise in the Plateau of 9 per cent. and especially that in the Hilly of '33 per cent. with a small decrease in the Lowlying area clearly demonstrate this. The population of the State has not, however, apparently reached its normal. If the figures of 1891, are correct, the present figure is still 9 per cent. below that of 1891 and it is clear that the fertile soil of Malwa could support a much larger population. The natural calamities such as insufficient rainfall, epidemics of plague, etc., are after all only temporary in their effect, while administrative conditions have enormously improved. The administration has made great strides of late years, and any set back in this direction is unlikely so that further development may be looked for in 1921.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*Variation in relation to density since 1881.*

District and Natural Division.	PERCENTAGE OF VARIATION INCREASE (+) DECREASE (—)			NET VARIATION.		MEAN DENSITY PER SQUARE MILE.			
	1901 to 1911.	1891 to 1901.	1881 to 1891.	1891 to 1911.	1881 to 1911.	1911	1901	1891	1881
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Indore State	+18.7	—13.3	+4.3	—8.3	—4.0	106	89	115	111
1. Indore District	—8.2	...	...	...	...	150	163	...	...
2. Mchidpur „	+31.9	...	...	...	...	144	109	...	...
3. Nemawar „	+26.8	...	...	...	...	89	70	...	...
4. Ninnar „	+35.0	...	...	...	...	90	66	...	...
5. Rampura-Bhanpura District	+23.3	...	...	...	...	90	73	...	...
6. Alampur Pargana	—5.0	...	...	...	...	426	451	...	...
Natural Divisions.									
1. Plateau	+8.9	...	...	...	...	125	114	...	...
2. Lowlying	—5.0	...	...	...	...	426	451	...	...
3. Hilly	+32.6	...	...	...	...	88	66	...	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Variation in natural population.*

Natural Division.	POPULATION IN 1911.				POPULATION IN 1901.				Variation per cent. (1901-11 in natural population increase (+) decrease (—)
	Actual population.	Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Natural population.	Actual population.	Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Natural population.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Indore State	100,7856	222,266	163,547	949,137	853,612	174,189	...	...	...
1. Plateau	539,572	138,157	...	...	495,230	109,556	...	...	...
2. Lowlying	15,759	4,840	...	...	16,711	...	...	...	...
3. Hilly	452,525	79,269	...	...	341,071	64,633	...	...	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Variation by natural divisions classified according to density (A), actual variation.*

Natural Division.	Decade.	VARIATIONS IN NATURAL DIVISIONS WITH A PROPORTION PER SQUARE MILE AT COMMENCEMENT OF DECADE OF			
		Under 150.	150 to 300.	300 to 450.	450 to 600
Indore State	1901—1911	155,796	...	...	—950
1. Plateau	1901—1911	+44,342	...	...	...
2. Lowlying	1901—1911	...	...	...	—952
3. Hilly	1901—1911	+111,454	...	...	...

(B.)—*Proportional Variation.*

Indore State	1901—1911	+18.5	...	...	—5.0
Plateau	1901—1911	+80.9	...	...	...
Lowlying	1901—1911	...	...	...	—5.0
Hilly	1901—1911	+32.6	...	...	...

CHAPTER III.

Migration.

16. The statistics of birth-place are contained in the Table XI. Subsidiary Tables in which the prominent features of the statistics are portrayed will be found at the end of this Chapter.

The movements of the people so far as they affect the total population of each district, have been dealt with in the last Chapter, and the present discussion will be directed mainly to the direction of the migration and to the reasons that induce it.

Migration.

Migration is usually found in this State to be of one of the following classes. *Casual Movements* between the adjacent states and tracts and villages, especially where the Hindu population is predominant, due to marriages taking place at villages, some distance from their original homes. If a man's wife is a native of another district village or State, his eldest child will usually be born there also, as it is the usual practice for the young wife to return to her parents' home for her first confinement. In the State, this is much the commonest class.

Temporary.—Due to a temporary demand for labour on roads and buildings, journeys on business, pilgrimages and the like.

Periodic.—Due to the changing seasons. Of this nature is the annual exodus from place to place for the *Rabi* and *Kharif* harvests, in the districts, or the visits of labourers, such as artisans and other labouring classes from Gujarat and Marwar, during the cold weather months when their crops are off the ground and there is no work requiring their presence at home. So also Kachchis come from Kachh and Kathiawar, do business in grain, etc., during the winter season and in summer and go back to their homes before the monsoon.

Semi-permanent and Permanent.—This is not common in the State. It is caused by people who come for service, business and agriculture becoming localised.

17. There is one general consideration that should be mentioned before proceeding to a discussion of the figures, the effects of permanent migration is cumulative, but those of other movements are not so. There is an increase of 91,021 population in the district of Nimar alone. This tract, though Hilly, is naturally fertile especially for *Kharif* crops and under the new settlement cultivators soon began to pour in and all the waste land is rapidly being reclaimed. The process will doubtless continue until the proportion of arable land is as great there as it is in the adjoining districts. These settlers are now being gradually replaced by their children born in the district and not by new comers from out side. Consequently when the land is fit for cultivation, and has been opened out, the flow of migration will probably cease and, a generation later, there will be no indication in the Census returns of any such movement. Permanent migration thus tends to exhaust itself and die out.

18. Of the 1,007,856 persons enumerated in the State 875,590 or 78 per cent. were born within its limits, leaving only 222,266 or 22 per cent. born outside, of whom the 81 persons born out of India may be left out of consideration being of no interest.

Migration between the State and Foreign territories.

The total number of immigrants from other parts of India was 222,185 as compared with 174,184 in 1901, that is, the State gains by 48,001. While the emigrants amounted to 163,547 and in this respect the State gains by 58,638.

These results disclose the actual state of affairs on 10th of March 1911. Subsidiary Table V, shows the migration to and from the State, giving the figures of migration between the State and other parts of India.

19. The contiguous States and British districts give to the State 166,435 persons and take 128,021, while the non-contiguous give and take 55,831 and 35,526, respectively.

Total population of the State as per Census of 1911	...	...	...	1,007,856
Deduct persons born out of the State, but enumerated in it	...	...	...	222,266
				785,590
Add persons born in the State, but enumerated out of the State	...	...	...	163,547
Natural population	...	...	...	949,137

The "natural population" should, however, be considered, that is, to say the population enumerated in the State *less*—those born outside *plus* those born in the State, but enumerated elsewhere.

The inset shows the natural population to be 949,137 of the State which

compared with the actual figure 1,007,856 also shows a gain of 58,719 persons.

Central India States,

20. The greatest number of immigrants come from the adjoining States of Central India, Alirajpur, Barwani, Bhopal, Datia, Dewas, Dhar, Gwalior, Rajgarh and Narsinghgarh amounting to 145,625 or 65 per cent. while the State sends 117,251 or 72 per cent. of its emigrants there. The intermingling of the boundaries of the several districts of this State with those of other Central India States especially Gwalior, Dewas and Dhar are responsible for this. Throughout females are in excess the movement being almost wholly due to the custom of seeking a wife in a distant village. The greatest movement takes place in the Plateau which takes 364' per 1,000 and gives 249 per 1,000 more than the Hilly which takes 246 per 1,000 and gives 60 per 1,000; the Lowlying figure in this respect is negligible. Subsidiary Table III contains the proportional figures for the migration to and from each District and Natural Divisions.

States.		EMIGRATION FROM CENTRAL INDIA STATES.			Chiefly to the Districts
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	
Total	...	1,45,625	58,303	87,322	
Alirajpur	...	4,245	3,187	1,058	
Barwani	...	10,440	4,729	5,711	
Bhopal	...	12,743	5,403	7,340	Nimar.
Datia	...	2,040	608	1,432	Indore and Nemawar.
Dewas	...	8,725	2,701	6,024	Alampur.
Dhar	...	8,157	3,779	4,378	Indore and Mehidpur.
Gwalior	...	75,340	27,821	47,519	Indore and Nimar.
Jhabua	...	1,625	826	799	All Districts except Nemawar.
Narsinghgarh	...	1,094	364	730	Indore.
Rajgarh	...	745	281	464	Rampura.
Sainthar	...	262	56	206	Bhanpura.
Others	...	20,209	8,548	11,661	Alampur.

takes 246 per 1,000 and gives 60 per 1,000; the Lowlying figure in this respect is negligible. Subsidiary Table III contains the proportional figures for the migration to and from each District and Natural Divisions.

Females are in excess in the movement in all the parts of the State, which agrees with the view that the marriage is the cause.

Rajputana.

Emigration from Rajputana.

Total	36,190	16,554	19,636	Indore
Jhalawar	5,638	2,330	3,308	and
Kotah	4,073	1,620	2,453	especially
Mewar	6,454	2,146	4,308	Rampura
Partabgarh	947	444	503	Bhanpura
Tonk	1,619	721	898	and
Others	17,459	9,293	8,166	Mehidpur.

Next in importance comes Rajputana sending 36,190 or 16 per cent. of the immigrants, women here are also in excess. It receives in return 17,812 or 10 per cent. of the emigrants from the State.

The Bombay Presidency sends 18,174 or 8 per cent. and receives in return 5,785 or 4 per cent. A considerable increase of immigrants from Khandesh has taken place due to the new settlement in the Sendhwa Pargana of Nimar district. The labourers who have come to the Capital for industrial developments are responsible for this increase.

Bombay
Presidency.

District.	Emigration from Bombay Presidency.			Chiefly to Districts.
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	
Total	18,174	11,611	6,563	Nimar and Indore.
Khandesh	10,778	7,142	3,656	
Others	7,396	4,469	2,927	

The Central Provinces follow the Bombay Presidency, which gave 12,092 or 6 per cent. and took 18,969 or 12 per cent. Here the State has lost 6,877 persons. This is due to the plague at Sanawad and Indore from which place people had gone to take shelter in Khandwa and adjoining places. People also generally go out on this occasion for trade from Nemawar district to places in Hoshangabad.

Central Pro-
vinces.

District.	Emigration from Central Provinces.			Chiefly to Districts.
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	
Total	12,092	4,355	7,737	Nemawar Nimar.
Hoshangabad	5,423	2,456	2,967	
Nimar	4,916	869	4,047	
Others	1,753	1,030	723	

Emigration from United Provinces.

	Persons.	Males.	Females.	
Total	6,653	4,514	2,139	Alampur.
Jhansi	1,171	568	603	
Others	5,482	3,946	1,536	

United Provinces give only 6,653 or 3 per cent. while take 2,318 or 1 per cent. So only 3,532 or 2 per cent. come from other parts of India while 1,412 or 1 per cent. go from the State.

United Pro-
vinces.

Emigration from other parts of India.

	Persons.	Males.	Females.	
Total	3,532	2,689	843	Indore.
Baroda	1,339	869	470	
Bengal	229	224	5	
Hyderabad Deccan	178	127	51	
Punjab	1,314	1,097	217	
Madras	391	305	86	
Beyond India	81	67	14	

The movement from United Provinces and other parts of India, which will be seen from their respective insets, is due to the persons who come to seek a livelihood, such as service in the State Army and Police or watchmen at traders shops. These persons mostly come alone which accounts for the excess of Males.

Other Provin-
ces and States
of India.

21. An examination of the figures for the State shows that the movement depends almost wholly on the nature of the borders when there is much intermingling of boundaries, movement appears greater and where the areas are compact it is less. Thus Nemawar, Rampura-Bhanpura and Nimar show a home born percentage of over 80, while in the case of Mehidpur, Alampur and Indore the percentage falls to 70 and below. In Nemawar which is the only compact district in the

Internal move-
ment.

Percentage of Home born.

	Percentage of Home born.
Indore State	78
Plateau	76
Lowlying	69
Hilly	81
Indore District	70
Mehidpur "	69
Nemawar "	85
Nimar "	81
Rampura-Bhanpura	84
Alampur Pargana	69

State the percentage of home born is higher than that of Indore and Mehidpur in Malwa where the boundaries are intermingled with those of other states. Emigration to a distance takes place very little. Subsidiary Table III, illustrates this.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—Immigration (Actual figures).

District and Natural Division where enumerated.	BORN IN (000'S OMITTED).																	
	District or Natural Division.			Contiguous District in the State.			Other parts of the State.			Contiguous parts of other Province, etc.			Non-contiguous parts of other Province, etc.			Outside India.		
	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Indore State ...	785	419	366	...	...	...	...	...	...	165	68	97	56	30	26	...	...	...
1. Indore District ...	162	84	78	1	1	...	2	1	1	39	18	21	31	18	13	...	...	...
2. Mehidpur „ ...	77	49	28	...	...	...	7	3	4	34	10	24	3	1	2	...	...	...
3. Nemawar „ ...	76	39	37	...	...	...	5	3	2	12	5	7	2	1	1	...	...	...
4. Nimar „ ...	258	133	125	25	10	15	...	...	...	52	26	26	13	8	5	...	...	...
5. Rampura-Bhanpura Dist.	109	60	49	...	...	...	52	28	24	25	8	17	6	2	4	...	...	...
6. Alampur Pargana ...	10	7	3	...	...	...	1	1	...	3	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...
1. Plateau ...	348	193	155	1	1	...	61	32	29	98	36	62	40	21	19	...	...	...
2. Lowlying ...	10	7	3	...	...	...	1	1	...	3	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...
3. Hilly ...	334	172	162	25	10	15	5	3	2	64	31	33	15	9	6	...	...	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Emigration (Actual figures).

District or Natural Division.	Enumerated in (000's omitted).																	
Indore State ...	785	419	366	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	65	94	4	2	2	...	...	...
1. Indore District ...	162	84	78	26	11	15	60	31	29	67	27	40	2	1	1	...	...	...
2. Mehidpur „ ...	77	49	28	...	...	...	1	1	...	17	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Nemawar „ ...	76	39	37	...	...	...	1	1	...	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Nimar „ ...	258	133	125	1	1	...	2	1	1	18	9	9	2	1	1	...	...	...
5. Rampura-Bhanpura Dist.	109	60	49	...	...	...	2	1	1	51	20	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Alampur Pargana ...	10	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1. Plateau ...	348	193	155	26	11	15	63	33	30	135	53	82	2	1	1	...	...	...
2. Lowlying ...	10	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Hilly ...	334	172	162	1	1	...	3	2	1	24	12	12	2	1	1	...	...	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Proportional Migration to and from each District.

District and Natural Division.	NUMBER PER MILLE OF ACTUAL POPULATION OF						NUMBER OF FEMALES TO 100 MALES AMONGST.			
	Immigrants.			Emigrants.			Immigrants.		Emigrants.	
	Total.	From Contigu- ous Dist.	From other places.	Total.	To Contigu- ous Dist.	To other places.	From Contigu- ous Dist.	From other places.	To Contigu- ous Dists.	To other places.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Indore State ...	220	164	56	162	158	4	99	88	143	98
1. Indore District...	312	170	142	290	286	4	113	72	152	95
2. Mehidpur „ ...	359	278	81	143	139	4	249	154	152	101
3. Nemawar „ ...	197	126	71	72	65	7	155	77	107	101
4. Nimar „ ...	260	222	38	57	53	4	111	75	106	97
5. Rampura-Bhan- pura District...	431	133	298	264	262	2	199	90	152	100
6. Alampur Pargana,	352	202	150	...	...	...	381	248	...	101
1. Plateau ...	364	181	183	249	245	4	168	88	152	98
2. Lowlying ...	352	202	150	...	...	...	381	248	...	...
3. Hilly ...	246	202	44	60	55	5	115	75	107	98

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—Migration between Natural Divisions (actual figures)
compared with 1901.

Natural Division in which born.	NUMBER ENUMERATED (000'S OMITTED) IN NATURAL DIVISION.						
	Plateau.		Lowlying.		Hilly.		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	
Plateau ...	349	...	6	...	118	...	} Figures for 1901 are not available.
Lowlying ...	...	...	10	...	...	...	
Hilly ...	191	...	...	...	334	...	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE V.—*Migration between the Indore State and other parts of India.*

Province or State.	Immigration to the Indore State.			Emigration from the Indore State.	Excess (+) or deficiency (—) of immigration over emigration.
	1911	1901	Variation.	1911	1901
1	2	3	4	5	6
Indore State ...	222,266	174,189	+48,077	163,547	+58,719
Contiguous Districts ...	166,435	119,632	+46,803	128,021	+38,414
I. Central India ...	125,416	83,179	+42,237	83,137	+42,279
1. Alirajpur ...	4,245	999	+3,246	612	+3,633
2. Barwani ...	10,440	2,194	+8,246	6,016	+4,424
3. Bhopal ...	12,743	8,492	+4,251	2,785	+9,958
4. Datia ...	2,040	815	+1,225	955	+1,085
5. Dewas ...	8,725	9,512	—787	12,690	—3,965
6. Dhar ...	8,157	10,977	—2,820	14,122	—5,965
7. Gwalior ...	75,340	46,608	+28,732	40,991	+34,349
8. Jhabua ...	1,625	1,712	—87	1,844	—219
9. Narsinghgarh ...	1,094	992	+102	1,929	—835
10. Rajgarh ...	745	702	+43	1,036	—291
11. Samthar ...	262	176	+86	157	+105
II. Rajputana ...	18,731	12,656	+6,075	17,812	+919
1. Jhalawar ...	5,638	5,142	+496	17,812	+919
2. Kotah ...	4,073	1,281	+2,792		
3. Mewar ...	6,454	4,741	+1,713		
4. Partabgarh ...	947	1,121	—174		
5. Tonk ...	1,619	371	+1,248		
III. Central Provinces ...	10,329	9,005	+1,334	18,969	—8,630
1. Hoshangabad ...	5,423	4,502	+921	18,969	—8,630
2. Nimar ...	4,916	4,503	+413		
IV. United Provinces ...	1,171	4,218	—3,047	2,318	—1,147
1. Jhansi ...	1,171	4,218	—3,047	2,318	—1,147
V. Bombay Presidency ...	10,778	10,574	+204	5,785	+4,993
1. Khandesh ...	10,778	10,574	+204	5,785	+4,993
Non-Contiguous Districts ...	55,831	54,557	+1,274	35,526	+20,305
1. Central India ...	20,209	13,837	+6,372	34,114	—13,905
2. Rajputana ...	17,459	12,486	+4,973	...	+17,459
3. Central Provinces ...	1,753	...	+1,753	...	+1,753
4. United Provinces ...	5,482	16,875	—11,393	...	+5,482
5. Bombay Presidency ...	7,396	10,575	—3,179	...	+7,396
6. Baroda ...	1,339	168	+1,171	267	+1,072
7. Bengal ...	229	62	+167	381	—152
8. Hyderabad Deccan ...	178	30	+148	173	+5
9. Punjab ...	1,314	420	+894	380	+934
10. Madras ...	391	99	+292	65	+326
11. Mysore ...	...	...	...	8	—8
12. Kashmir and Jammu ...	...	...	...	8	—8
13. India unspecified ...	...	...	...	42	—42
14. Beyond India ...	81	5	+76	88	—7

NOTE.—Figures for Emigrants of 1901 are not available.

CHAPTER IV.

Religion.

Introductory. 22. The Tables dealing with the subject of religion are Tables VI, XVII and XVIII, and the Subsidiary Tables at the end of this Chapter. Table VI gives the strength of all the religions returned for each Pargana, district and natural division and the State as a whole and Tables XVII and XVIII contain details of the sects, races and ages of Christians

Subsidiary Table I gives the proportion per 10,000 of population by each main religion for the four Censuses and percentage variation for each. Figures for the last two enumerations only are comparable as the castes and tribes included in 1901, and 1911 were not the same as those dealt with under the head Animist in the two earlier Censuses.

23. The general distribution of the people by religions in the last two enumerations is given in the inset. It shows clearly the enormous predominance of Hindus in the State, the next important community forming only $\frac{1}{4}$ of the total population. The other religions, Jains and Animists are not considerable in respect of numerical importance while the only religion which has more than a few hundred representatives is that of Christians.

Religion.	Number in	
	1911.	1901.
Total	1,007,856	853,012
Hindus	850,255	675,407
Musalmans	71,147	68,609
Jains	10,880	14,243
Animists	44,601	94,177
Christians	495	226
Others	479	350

Apart from the great predominance of the two main religions, the most noticeable features in the figures are the relatively rapid growth of Musalmans as compared with Hindus, the condition of the Animistic population in which there is a great decrease, and the increase in the number of Christians. When the figures are compared with those of 1901, the most noticeable points are that Hindus have risen by 204,847 or 30 per cent., Musalmans by 2,538 or 4 per cent. Christians by 269 or 119 per cent., and others by 129 or 37 per cent., while Animists and Jains have fallen by 49,576 and 3,363 or 52 and 23 per cent., respectively. This is mainly due to the large increase in Hindus, which has taken place. The Animists of the jungle tribes (Bhil, Bhilala, Bharud, Korku and Patlia) have on this occasion objected to return themselves as Animists and recorded their religion as Hindu. Hindus, therefore, show a proportionate increase and the latter a decrease. Moreover, this time far greater accuracy was obtained in the enumeration owing to the schools of instruction started for all officials from State Census Officer down to enumerators, both at the capital and in the districts where practical examples were worked out.

The fall in Jains is due to plague, which at the time of the Census prevailed in Indore and Sanawad, where this community is chiefly found.

The rise of 4 per cent. in Musalmans is due to the actual increase of 2,500 persons.

The causes which may influence results are actual increase, or decrease, migration and conversion. In Nimar and especially in parts of the Indore district along the line of the Vindhya and Satpuras the Bhils, who suffered severely in the famine of 1899-1900, have rapidly recovered and a rise averaging 30 per cent., has taken place in the population of this area. A similar rise is met with in the adjoining States and districts of British India. While the effect of migration is negligible in this respect in the State, Hinduism on the other hand continues the steady process of gathering the jungle tribes within her pale.

Christians show a rise of 119 per cent. This is mainly in the Parganas of Indore and Mhow and the City of Indore, due to the Christian Colony at Rasalgura near the Mhow Cantonment opened since the last enumeration as well as to

industrial development. In the cotton ginning factories and presses the Engineers are mostly Christians.

24. *Hindus*.:—Of the total population 87 per cent. are Hindus. They predominate in all parts of the State. In urban areas their superiority is diminished by an increase of the Musalman population, a ratio more emphasised in the Plateau than in the Hilly tract. The ratio of Hindus to Musalmans is less in the Hilly tracts where the Animistic tribes are met with. Hindus stand first in all districts while Musalmans stand next. The distribution in the Plateau and the Hilly tracts in this respect is identical.

25. The return of Hindus was considered misleading by certain authorities inasmuch as many were included under this term who are not strictly Hindus. A "Sabha" or a meeting of the learned Pandits from the State Vedashala and from the general public of all the classes was held in the State Census Office to make careful enquiry into the subject. It elicited practically the unanimous opinion that every person calling himself a Hindu who did not profess some definite faith other than Hinduism in its widest sense was a Hindu. Certain tests which were considered useful in differentiating Hindus, and Non-Hindus were proposed by the Census Commissioner, *viz* :—

Definition
of Hindus.

- 1 Do members of the caste or tribe worship the great Hindu deities ?
- 2 Are they allowed to enter Hindu temples or make offerings at the shrine ?
- 3 Will good Brahmans act as their priests* ?
- 4 Will degraded Brahmans do so ? In what case are they recognised as Brahmans by persons outside the caste or are they Brahmans only in name ?
- 5 Will clean classes take water from them ?
- 6 Do they cause pollution (a) by touch, (b) by proximity.

26. These tests were rejected entirely, as being capable of distinguishing castes and social grades, but assisting in no way whatsoever towards the differentiation of Hindus and Non-Hindus. Thus the application of the tests 2, 5 and 6 would exclude all unclean castes (*Ati-shudras*) while 1, 3 and 4 would exclude practically all Shudras. The distinctions in question are ill defined and the more ignorant classes would find it difficult to say to which of the conventional divisions of Hinduism they belong. It was held that the worship of minor deities only by members of any caste or tribe in no way debars them from being Hindus, even when such worship is frankly Animistic. Such persons are considered as being still uneducated and ignorant and uninstructed in the best forms of devotion, but are none the less Hindus, and as soon as knowledge is imparted to them will turn to the more orthodox deities, their local gods being relegated to a less important position; but still being recognised as deities with local power whom the most orthodox Hindu would admit, had claims to consideration. Permission to enter a shrine is governed by local custom rather than ordinance. The first three classes of this religion, *viz.*, Brahman, Kshatriya and Vaishya worship in temples, and are allowed to approach near the God; while the Shudras are not allowed to approach nearer than a certain flight of steps to worship their God. The *Ati-Shudras* such as Dhobis, Kalars Balais, Kumhars, Mochis and Kolis and others are not even allowed to enter the temple, but worship from outside. In Nimar, especially, people of the first three recognised divisions of Brahman, Kshatriya and Vaishya are so very strict regarding the Shudra class that if a single stone even be put by a Balai into a well the water is considered polluted. These low caste people have therefore their own separate wells. Generally speaking the low caste people are excluded from temples owing to the nature of their occupations and their mode of living. Pollution by proximity merely is not known here and that by touch is only a caste matter.

27. In 1901, Musalmans stood third in order of their numerical importance, but the reduction of the Animistic population has brought them into

Musalmans.

* Exception was taken to the use of the terms "good" and "degraded."

the second place and they have risen by 4 per cent. This rise is mainly due to the increase in the Nimar and Nemawar districts attributable to the addition of a few families to the small Musalman population in these areas and also to the presence of some settlement officials, etc.

Animists.

28. The Animist class, so-called for want of a better name, included all persons who when asked to state their religion, replied that they were not Hindus, Musalmans, etc., and belonged in fact to none of the recognised forms of faith. All Animists are members of the jungle tribes such as the Bhil and Bhilala. Not a very exact or a happy term the name animist serves to denote a person who believes in the existence or omnipresence of spirit bodies or souls, of whom the most powerful are considered divine beings with power for good and evil in this world. These spirits are untrammelled in their movements and at will enter into and abide temporarily or permanently in some object of awe and worship. It is clear that Animism has not only played an important part in all faiths, but may also be detected more or less concealed in the most advanced religions of to day.

The greater number live in the Hilly tracts which possess 87 per cent. of the total Animistic population

Better enumeration has caused a very striking fall of over 52 per cent. in the number of Animists. The ever increasing tendency of the jungle tribes to enrol themselves as Hindu, is also largely responsible for this fall. Regular settlements are becoming the order of the day, schools increase yearly in number and roads and railways are opening out the forest tracts thus raising the standard of civilisation, making the members of the jungle tribes realise the semi-out-caste position they hold and rendering them more prone to enter the Hindu-fold; ten years hence the figure should fall still further, while it will be interesting to note how far the further extension of Hinduism into this field will tend to restrict the success of Missionary enterprise. The number of the important jungle tribes returned as Hindus and Animists, is given on the fly-sheet to Table VI, which shows that Bhil, Bharud, Korku and Patlia return more Hindus than Animists, and, therefore, the difference in favour of Hindus is certain to increase every decade.

Jains.

29. The Jains as traders, are town-dwellers. Of the 4 per cent., which Jains form in the total population, less than 1 per cent., falls in the rural area and over 3 per cent. in the urban area. On this occasion there is a drop of 23 per cent. on the total population due mainly to the exodus from the city and towns caused by plague, the deficiency rising to over 47 per cent. in the Indore district which includes the city. The Nemawar district and Alampur Pargana, each show a rise of about 40 per cent., but the large percentage rise is actually represented by an addition of only a few individuals of this faith.

Christian and others. Summary.

They being very few in number, are of no particular interest.

30. If a comparison is made between the present day administration of the State, and that of twenty and thirty years ago, the advance is enormous. This is due mainly to the higher ethical standard reached and the consequent greater purity of administrative methods. The material advantages of this improvement soon manifested themselves and led a rapid advance in all directions.

No record of sects was made on this occasion as the return of 1901, was found useless for practical purposes, but it may be stated that followers of Shaivism predominate.

Hindus and Musalmans also assimilate considerably in their customs, the worship of *pirs* being largely common to members of both faiths while they take part freely in each others festivals, the Moharram being officially recognised by the presence of State *Tazias*.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*General distribution of the population by religion.*

Religion and locality.	Actual number in	Proportion per 10,000 population in				Variation percent (increase+or—decrease)			Net variation.
	1911	1911	1901	1891	1881	1901—1911	1891—1901	1881—1891	1881—1911
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Hindu—									
INDORE STATE ...	880,254	8,734	7,918	6,935	8,468	+30·3	—12·7	—14·5	—1·3
Plateau ...	483,386	5,491	6,256	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lowlying ...	15,325	174	218	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilly ...	381,543	4,335	3,526	...	...	...	...	...	...
Musalman—									
INDORE STATE ...	71,147	705	804	703	690	+3·6	—10·9	+5·9	—2·1
Plateau ...	42,453	5,967	6,653	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lowlying ...	427	60	59	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilly ...	28,267	3,973	3,288	...	...	...	...	...	...
Animistic—									
INDORE STATE ...	44,601	443	1,104	2,236	819	—52·6	—61·7	+184·7	—48·3
Plateau ...	5,559	1,247	1,711	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lowlying ...	...	...	172	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilly ...	39,042	8,753	8,117	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jain—									
INDORE STATE ...	10,880	108	167	122	16	—23·6	+5·7	+718·9	+561·6
Plateau ...	7,412	6,812	7,325	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lowlying ...	7	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilly ...	3,461	3,181	2,671	...	...	...	...	...	...
Christians—									
INDORE STATE ...	495	5	3	2	...	+118·5	—7·3	+369·2	+851·9
Plateau ...	458	9,253	8,849	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lowlying ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilly ...	37	747	1,151	...	...	...	...	...	...
Others—									
INDORE STATE ...	479	5	4	2	7	+36·8	+25·4	—61·6	—34·2
Plateau ...	330	6,889	7,400	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lowlying ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilly ...	149	3,111	2,600	...	...	...	...	...	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Distribution by District of the Main Religions.*

District and Natural Division.	NUMBER PER 10,000 OF THE POPULATION WHO ARE											
	Hindus.		Musalmans.		Animistic.		Jain.		Christians.		Others.	
	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Indore State ...	8,734	7,918	705	804	443	1,104	108	167	5	3	5	4
1 Indore District ...	2,256	3,081	3,465	4,395	1,911	1,179	2,508	3,607	8,829	7,802	6,555	7,183
2 Mehidpur „ ...	1,285	1,246	986	822	43	88	1,202	1,023	40	...	146	...
3 Nemawar „ ...	889	756	1,259	1,020	1,390	1,732	956	514	...	...	...	...
4 Nimar ...	3,409	2,725	2,658	2,185	6,093	5,943	1,840	1,640	666	2,198	3,069	2,817
5 Rampura-Bhanpura ...	1,987	1,975	1,572	1,519	563	886	3,488	3,212	465	...	230	...
6 Alampur Pargana ...	174	217	60	59	...	172	6	4	...	...	...	...
Plateau ...	5,491	6,257	5,968	6,653	1,246	1,711	6,813	7,325	9,254	8,850	6,889	7,400
2 Lowlying ...	174	217	60	59	...	172	6	4	...	...	...	...
3 Hilly ...	4,335	3,526	3,972	3,288	8,754	8,117	3,181	2,671	746	1,150	3,111	2,600

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Religions of Urban and Rural Population.*

Natural Division.	URBAN PER 10,000 POPULATION.						RURAL PER 10,000 POPULATION.					
	Hindu.	Musalman.	Animistic.	Jain.	Christian.	Others.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Animistic.	Jain.	Christian.	Others.
Indore State ...	7,149	2,459	21	328	18	25	8,907	514	489	84	4	2
1 Platenn ...	6,857	2,671	17	398	24	33	9,269	508	117	98	6	2
2 Lowlying ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,724	272	...	4	...	...
3 Hilly ...	7,835	1,962	29	163	5	6	8,474	531	921	70	1	3

CHAPTER V.

Age.

Detailed
Examination.

31. The statistics regarding the age distribution of the total population, and of the adherents of each religion in the State as a whole, and in each district, will be found in Table VII. Similar information for certain selected castes given in Table XIV is less elaborate than that in Table VII. The Subsidiary Tables at the end of this Chapter illustrate the more important points in the statistics by means of proportional figures.

32. The return of age is the least reliable of all the statistics collected at the Census. Most people do not know their precise age and can only state it approximately. There is a great tendency to return ages as some exact multiple of 5 or 10, while in the case of children under 5 years of age, the vagueness with which the parents use the terms one year old, two years old, etc., when the children are only in their first or second year, respectively, is a cause of considerable error. There is also wilful mis-statement of age on the part of women and especially unmarried girls, while there is a marked tendency for old persons to over-state their ages and a general use of common expressions of a collective class such as *das-pandhra*, ten or fifteen, *tis-chalis*, thirty or forty. Every precaution was taken to ensure as great accuracy as possible.

It will be seen from Subsidiary Table I, which has been prepared from the unadjusted return for males and females, that the children shown as 5 years of age, 3,056 males and 3,203 females, are more than twice as numerous as those of less than one year (1,689 males and 1,490 females) and much more than those of one year, but that they are considerably exceeded by the number returned at the age of 4, 5 and 10 and are again less at 12, 25 and 30.

In a progressive or stationary population, however, the greatest number should be at the age "under 1 year" and it should steadily decrease from year to year. That it does not do so is due mainly to the tendency already alluded to of fixing on certain favourite numbers. If the vagueness in respect of age, of which this is an indication, were the only error in the returns and if there were no general tendency either to overstate or to understate ages, it would be possible by an elaborate system of adjustment or smoothing, to eliminate the defect, and to deduce a fairly accurate estimate of the actual ages of the population. It will be desirable, therefore, to consider the figures in some little detail.

Reference to
Statistics.

33. The instructions which were given to the enumerators were to enter the number of years which each person has completed. For infants less than one year old enter the word *infant*. Children who have remained at the breast long after this age are apt to be still returned as "*bachcha*" however. Besides those who are in the prime of life understate ages and those who are over 50 exaggerate them. Vital statistics of any value, there are none in the State from which a check could be applied.

In comparing the figures with those of 1901, it is to be borne in mind that that enumeration followed close on the great famine of 1899 and 1900. Famine affects a population in an unequal way. It increases the death roll of the very young and very old, while passing over those in the prime of life.

The variation in age, as compared with 1901 is as under :—

The children of 5-10 show on this occasion an increase of 2 per cent.

	1911.	
	Males.	Females.
Indore State...	29'80	29'33
Plateau ...	23'01	22'79
Lowlying ...	22'67	23'76
Hilly ...	22'34	21'99

Boys of 10-15 were the children born just after the famine, and they show a fall of 2 per cent., while those at 15-20 have also declined about one per cent. Persons of 40-60 and 60 and over show an increase by 2 and 1 per cent., respectively. On the whole there is an increase of 18 per cent. in all ages. The Natural Division figures in Subsidiary Table II, bring out this fact strongly.

34. The mean age, as given here, is based on the rough method of calculation followed in the Central India Census Report of 1911.

		1911.	
		Males.	Females.
Hindu	...	29'77	29'42
Musalman	...	31'17	29'90
Jain	...	32'75	32'35
Animist	...	27'46	26'90

The method in question is that the totals showing the number of persons living at each quinquennial period has been multiplied by five and raised by $2\frac{1}{2}$ times the total number of persons dealt with, and the sum thus obtained has then been divided by the number of persons. This is necessarily the mean age of those living at the Census and does not refer to duration or expectation of life. It is thus affected by the death and birth-rate of the decade which cannot unfortunately be ascertained. The figures point to a fall of nearly one year in the mean age of both the sexes for the State, which may be accounted for by the large increase which has taken place this decade.

35. The male figures for the different religions show that at early ages the Animists stand easily first, being followed by Hindus, Musalmans and Jains. Subsidiary Table IV, gives all these details.

At later ages the Jains come to the front showing the highest figures at all periods from 40 to 50 and 70 and over.

The jungle tribes such as Bhil, Bhilala, etc., stand last as regards longevity thus balancing their more rapid birth-rate.

The female figures show similar differences, but being less reliable may be passed over without discussion.

Locality apparently has an effect on the figures. Hindus on the Hilly tract show 2 and 9 per cent. more children under 5 than in the Plateau and Lowlying areas respectively ; at 60 and over the ratio of 1 and 2 per cent. more.

36. To discuss these figures in great detail is not necessary and only males need be considered. Of the three conventional groups of Brahmans, Rajputs and traders, it will be seen that Brahmans show at 40 and over 308 living to 244 among Rajputs and 240 among Traders. The Musalman section of the community shows 265. Among individual castes Ponwar (292) stand first, being followed by Dhangar (259), Gond (250), Bhil 155 and Bhilala 148. The reverse is observed as regards children. In the groups themselves among Brahmans, the Sarwaria (353) show most persons over 40, Sanadhya (337) following ; among Rajputs, Ponwar (292) and Baghel (279) come first, while Oswal (319) and Porwar 253 stand first among Traders. Subsidiary Table IV, gives all these details.

Religion.		Proportion of children under 10 per 10,000.	
		Males.	Females.
Hindu	...	2,664	2,882
Musalman	...	2,465	2,688
Animist	...	3,245	3,249
Jain	...	1,933	2,152

Natural Division.		Proportion of male children under 10 per 1,000.			
		Hindu.	Musalman	Animist.	Jain.
Plateau	...	2,569	2,404	2,566	1,974
Lowlying	...	2,466	2,454	...	3,333
Hilly	...	2,811	2,558	3,343	1,846

The higher figure for Hindus in the Hilly tract is due to the inclusion of large numbers of the jungle tribes in this denomination. In the case of Musalmans and Jains it is due to the fact that there are few families of these denominations in the tracts and those who live there are chiefly officials and others in good circumstances.

Mean Age.

Religion and Age.

Caste and Age.

Fecundity.

37. Subsidiary Table V, gives the proportion of children under 10 to 100 married females of 15-40 and VI, the variation since 1901.

The two inset Tables give the relative fecundity by religion. The Animistic tribes stand first with 6 per cent., more children than Hindus, while the Jains come last; the Animists also showing least difference in the sex figures.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*Age distribution of 100,000 of each sex by annual periods.*

Age.	HINDU.		Age.	HINDU.		Age.	HINDU.	
	Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Total ...	100,000	100,000	33 ...	2,005	2,030	67 ...	58	106
0 ...	1,689	1,490	34 ...	2,479	2,522	68 ...	176	59
1 ...	2,173	2,663	35 ...	1,596	1,417	69 ...	111	138
2 ...	2,348	2,533	36 ...	1,449	1,314	70 ...	54	106
3 ...	3,245	3,774	37 ...	2,118	1,203	71 ...	132	234
4 ...	3,205	3,736	38 ...	1,574	1,776	72 ...	112	101
5 ...	3,056	3,203	39 ...	1,483	1,434	73 ...	54	84
6 ...	2,874	2,959	40 ...	1,110	959	74 ...	27	24
7 ...	1,708	1,433	41 ...	611	1,429	75 ...	19	14
8 ...	1,796	1,306	42 ...	1,577	2,493	76 ...	34	24
9 ...	1,666	1,777	43 ...	1,662	1,665	77 ...	22	21
10 ...	3,714	3,632	44 ...	1,597	1,255	78 ...	13	12
11 ...	1,794	1,688	45 ...	1,460	1,518	79 ...	12	11
12 ...	1,681	698	46 ...	599	635	80 ...	15	8
13 ...	708	473	47 ...	443	458	81 ...	12	14
14 ...	1,189	1,207	48 ...	557	586	82 ...	17	24
15 ...	1,669	1,649	49 ...	432	396	83 ...	20	12
16 ...	1,441	1,069	50 ...	1,350	951	84 ...	13	13
17 ...	2,102	1,340	51 ...	1,563	1,069	85 ...	17	15
18 ...	1,549	1,899	52 ...	563	1,052	86 ...	17	18
19 ...	1,879	1,543	53 ...	912	1,210	87 ...	20	15
20 ...	1,272	1,185	54 ...	1,017	1,153	88 ...	14	14
21 ...	1,384	2,698	55 ...	253	473	89 ...	13	17
22 ...	1,773	1,669	56 ...	234	250	90 ...	11	8
23 ...	2,798	1,850	57 ...	194	189	91 ...	16	14
24 ...	2,439	1,361	58 ...	199	123	92 ...	17	15
25 ...	1,776	3,325	59 ...	265	246	93 ...	12	11
26 ...	2,668	2,736	60 ...	358	266	94 ...	10	6
27 ...	2,003	1,788	61 ...	453	513	95 ...	10	5
28 ...	1,994	1,849	62 ...	360	590	96 ...	9	8
29 ...	1,107	1,448	63 ...	453	532	97 ...	8	5
30 ...	2,338	2,251	64 ...	451	520	98 ...	10	4
31 ...	1,594	1,469	65 ...	439	393	99 ...	5	4
32 ...	2,336	2,434	66 ...	113	80	100 ...	3	1

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Age distribution of 10,000 of each sex in the State and each Natural Division.*

Age.	1911.		1901.		Age.	1911.		1901.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Indore State ...	52	49	43	41	...	...	...	...	...
0—1 ...	385	415	133	139	30—35 ...	1,083	991	1,094	1,005
1—2 ...	220	241	123	138	35—40 ...	650	521	629	530
2—3 ...	304	342	182	204	40—45 ...	733	720	762	774
3—4 ...	299	387	180	218	45—50 ...	312	273	312	274
4—5 ...	278	301	210	231	50—55 ...	441	467	458	497
5—10 ...	1,179	1,193	1,195	1,260	55—60 ...	123	100	137	110
10—15 ...	867	754	1,248	1,078	60—65 ...	254	299	330	409
15—20 ...	790	755	978	978	65—70 ...	57	48		
20—25 ...	950	1,056	1,007	1,140	70 and over ...	97	110		
25—30 ...	972	1,027	1,022	1,015	Mean age ...	29'80	29'33	30'34	30'23

Age.					Plateau.		Lowlying.		Hilly.	
					Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1					2	3	4	5	6	7
1911	0—5	...	...	...	1,427	1,629	1,291	1,125	1,567	1,770
	5—10	...	...	...	1,108	1,119	1,175	991	1,266	1,285
	10—15	...	...	...	798	665	1,153	852	940	855
	15—20	...	...	...	801	760	891	1,009	773	741
	20—40	...	...	...	3,802	3,707	3,549	3,738	3,495	3,462
	40—60	...	...	...	1,681	1,686	1,660	1,867	1,515	1,403
	60 and over...	...	...	...	383	434	281	418	444	484
Mean age		...	...	23'01	22'79	22'67	23'76	22'34	21'99	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Age distribution of 10,000 of each sex in Indore State in each main religion.*

Age.	HINDU.		JAIN.		ANIMIST.		MUSALMAN.		CHRISTIAN.		OTHERS.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
0—1 ...	387	414	281	258	467	523	330	365	381	584	263	514
1—2 ...	218	241	143	189	281	264	220	235	176	325	197	286
2—3 ...	306	342	223	264	337	421	285	303	293	455	263	400
3—4 ...	291	387	209	262	456	510	309	327	117	195	197	400
4—5 ...	276	296	196	241	413	408	247	300	205	65	197	457
5—10 ...	1,186	1,204	881	937	1,290	1,122	1,074	1,158	1,173	844	493	1,200
10—15 ...	851	747	867	758	919	824	901	807	1,672	455	921	286
15—20 ...	791	754	938	932	672	758	816	743	2,082	1,429	1,217	1,200
20—25 ...	962	1,048	1,107	1,035	799	1,119	863	1,117	850	1,104	1,447	1,200
25—30 ...	972	1,017	957	993	988	1,120	973	1,099	1,144	974	1,415	1,486
30—35 ...	1,084	997	985	934	1,127	947	1,062	957	440	1,039	1,513	914
35—40 ...	662	524	717	645	592	460	600	507	469	1,429	790	343
40—45 ...	735	726	706	752	706	587	738	729	323	195	461	229
45—50 ...	312	278	428	400	231	181	347	260	323	260	296	343
50—55 ...	436	470	561	643	356	351	498	474	176	260	165	400
55—60 ...	123	100	224	218	82	68	139	99	88	129	99	...
60—65 ...	251	298	306	342	196	247	322	328	59	129	66	171
65—70 ...	52	48	96	76	28	28	137	54	29	129	...	57
70 and over,	95	109	175	121	60	62	139	138	...	...	...	114
Mean age ...	29'77	29'42	32'75	32'35	27'46	26'90	31'17	29'90	25'03	28'92	29'16	26'90

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Age distribution of 10,000 of each sex in each main religion by Natural Division in Indore State.*

Age.			HINDU.		JAIN.		ANIMIST.		MUSALMAN.		CHRISTIAN.		OTHERS.	
			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Plateau	...	0—5	1,436	1,634	1,045	1,236	2,034	2,107	1,372	1,576	1,097	1,798	876	1,593
		5—10	1,120	1,131	924	961	535	492	1,033	1,103	1,223	791	461	1,327
		10—15	792	653	811	726	847	812	854	772	1,724	144	507	354
		15—20	794	754	906	956	779	866	839	773	2,226	1,583	1,152	1,416
		20—40	3,819	3,712	3,828	3,572	4,129	4,093	3,560	3,608	2,821	4,605	5,668	3,982
		40—60	1,668	1,688	1,977	2,039	1,428	1,414	1,827	1,640	815	791	1,244	1,062
		60 and over,	371	428	509	510	248	216	515	528	94	288	92	266
Mean age		22'96	22'56	24'20	23'91	22'36	22'22	23'36	22'88	21'13	22'50	23'85	22'05	
Lowlying	...	0—5	1,291	1,111	1,666	...	...	...	1,250	1,659	...	...	...	...
		5—10	1,174	983	1,666	...	...	...	1,204	1,286	...	...	...	...
		10—15	1,151	845	1,667	...	...	...	1,204	1,090	...	...	...	...
		15—20	893	1,010	1,667	...	...	...	787	995	...	...	...	...
		20—40	3,553	3,752	3,334	10,000	...	...	3,426	3,175	...	...	...	...
		40—60	1,656	1,878	...	...	...	...	1,852	1,470	...	...	...	...
		60 and over,	282	421	...	...	...	...	277	331	...	...	...	...
Mean age		22'66	23'81	19'66	7'50	...	...	22'80	21'74	...	...	...	...	
Hilly	...	0—5	1,544	1,760	1,067	1,171	1,944	2,129	1,423	1,461	2,273	...	1,724	2,903
		5—10	1,267	1,302	783	889	1,400	1,210	1,135	1,238	454	1,333	575	967
		10—15	938	858	987	824	929	826	967	855	909	3,333	1,954	161
		15—20	783	743	1,005	883	657	742	781	695	...	...	1,379	807
		20—40	3,508	3,422	3,632	3,732	3,414	3,583	3,402	3,795	4,091	4,000	3,908	3,871
		40—60	1,524	1,421	1,800	1,901	1,367	1,157	1,559	1,447	2,273	1,334	460	807
		60 and over,	436	494	726	600	289	353	733	509	...	...	...	484
Mean age		22'37	22'05	24'32	21'16	21'22	21'16	23'10	22'75	19'31	15'16	20'77	20'32	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—*Age distribution of 1,000 of each sex in certain castes.*

Caste.	Males Number per <i>mille</i> aged.					Females Number per <i>mille</i> aged.				
	0—5	5—12	12—15	15—40	40 and over.	0—5	5—12	12—15	15—40	40 and over.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Brahman	93	111	66	422	308	152	121	109	356	262
Shrigaud	93	124	72	435	276	165	160	145	318	212
Shrimali	169	116	88	387	240	164	107	90	436	206
Sarwaria	101	105	65	376	353	206	137	116	364	177
Sancdhya	80	105	61	417	337	110	69	69	385	367
Jijhotia	111	57	54	456	322	235	148	128	355	134
Bhagor	90	117	41	477	275	227	187	108	340	138
Rajput	112	132	76	436	244	150	99	101	362	288
Chauhan	127	132	82	437	222	142	84	110	355	309
Tonwar	101	166	76	420	237	191	170	64	426	149
Ponwar	105	130	56	417	292	152	122	113	368	245
Gahlot	55	41	157	521	226	186	115	97	301	301
Bundela	84	47	42	569	258	128	62	41	431	336
Baghel	77	67	125	452	279	225	113	37	250	375
Maratha	122	101	56	471	250	130	106	116	356	292
Ajna	119	136	55	451	239	93	136	102	496	173
Bhat	151	191	100	348	210	211	166	146	303	174
Gujar	102	107	83	458	250	109	191	127	325	248
Dhangar	143	109	101	388	259	124	119	166	390	201
Sondhia	132	139	46	467	216	142	120	127	405	206
Bania	118	128	75	439	240	118	138	201	354	189
Agarwal	178	129	52	421	220	143	81	285	325	166
Maheseri	115	131	101	440	213	108	149	185	385	173
Oswal	102	107	67	405	319	187	160	117	301	235
Porwal	80	127	67	473	253	84	160	182	395	179
Gahoi	125	167	60	421	227	120	165	169	244	302
Khangar	130	166	18	383	240	162	164	105	345	224
Kachera	172	128	142	442	116	163	139	90	229	379
Bhilala	192	205	162	293	148	130	110	104	291	305
Bhil	218	147	76	404	155	161	127	84	462	166
Gond	138	58	76	478	250	294	60	105	410	131
Musalman	121	151	62	401	265	141	141	84	476	158
Shaikh	120	142	67	349	322	134	99	98	474	195
Saiyad	95	139	78	461	227	165	175	97	403	160
Pathan	129	168	51	454	198	141	187	82	506	104

SUBSIDIARY TABLE V.—*Proportion of children under 10 and of persons over 50 to those aged 15—40, also of married females aged 15—40 per 100 females.*

District and Natural Division.	PROPORTION OF CHILDREN BOTH SEXES PER 100.				PROPORTION OF PERSONS OVER 50 PER 100 AGED 15—40.				Number of married females, aged 15—40 per 100 females of all ages.	
	Persons aged 15—40.		Married females aged 15—40.		1911.		1901.		1911.	1901.
	1911.	1901.	1911.	1901.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Indore State	62	45	153	120	22	23	19	22	37	36
1. Plateau	58	...	122	...	21	23	...	...	44	...
2. Lowlying	50	...	140	...	19	23	...	...	33	...
3. Hilly	70	...	212	...	22	24	...	...	28	...

NOTE.—Figures by Natural Divisions for 1901 are not available.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.—*Variation in population of certain age periods.*

Province.	Period.	Variation per cent. population + increase and - decrease.					
		All ages.	0—10	10—15	15—40	40—60	60 and over.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Indore State	1901—1911	+18·47	+11·77	—2·03	+5·15	+2·15	+1·42

CHAPTER VI.

Sex.

General.

38. The record of the sex is one of the most important in the Census, but in the State the absence of vital statistics detracts somewhat from the value of discussion.

In Europe, females everywhere out-number males, the proportion for England and Wales being 1,068 females to 1,000 males, but in Indore State, as in other parts of India the Agency and the States generally males are in excess.

On this occasion males numbered 517,501, females 490,355, or stated otherwise in every 1,000 persons, 513 were males and 487 females. This figure includes all immigrants and excludes persons born in the State absent on March 10th. If the natural population is taken, that is the total number of persons born in the State whether enumerated within its limits or without, less those born elsewhere, but enumerated in the State, the proportion remains the same, as in this respect the State, has gained 58,719 persons.

The great diversity which exists in the conditions of different districts of the State, is nowhere more clearly illustrated than in the varying proportions of the sexes.

Sex and Locality

39. The proportions calculated on the natural population will be found in Subsidiary Table I. The differences

LOCALITY.	SEX AND MIGRATION OF FEMALES TO 1,000 MALES.	
	Actual population.	Natural population.
Indore State	947	949
Indore District	930	1,069
Mehidpur „	933	679
Nemawar „	978	938
Nimar „	961	933
Rampura-Bhanpura District	937	982
Alampur Pargana	953	519

in the proportion of the sexes, so far as they are due to the movements of the people, are of no physical importance. It is the natural population which should be considered when comparing one tract with another. The main results, however, are the same as before.

In the State as a whole the effect of migration is not great, as can be seen from the inset. When, however, the smaller unit like Mehidpur and Alampur are taken the effects are more noticeable.

While the State as a whole shows a proportion of 947 females to 1,000 males, the figure in the Lowlying Tract rises to 953; the Hilly showing 965 and the Plateau Tract 932.

The disturbance caused by plague in the urban figures makes it valueless to discuss the proportion of females in towns.

Sect and Religion.

40. Among the religions the Animists alone show a general excess of women 22,414 females to males 22,187 or 1,010 females to 1,000 males. Hindus give a ratio of 946, Musalmans 938 and Jains 924. The proportion has risen since 1901, except among Musalmans.

When the districts and the Natural Divisions are examined, it is clear, that the proportion of women varies inversely with the civilisation of the tract. In the Hilly Tract the proportion of females per 1,000 was 953, in 1901, while on this occasion it is risen to 965; in the case of the Plateau and Lowlying Tract, it has decreased from 937 and 967 to 932 and 953, respectively. In the districts of Nimar and Rampura-Bhanpura only the proportion has increased, while it has decreased in the rest of the districts. The noticeable point is that the Nimar district where the Bhil, Bhilala, etc., are met with, shows an excess of females to males.

It is thus clear, that an excess of females points to an excess of those whose methods of living, whether the faith they returned was Hindu or Animistic; are akin to those of the Animistic Tribes.

LOCALITY.	Number of girls to 1,000 boys at 0—5.
Indore State...	1,074
Plateau ...	1,064
Lowlying ...	832
Hilly ...	1,091

41. Male births exceed to those of females in Europe, but the greater mortality of male children in early life soon adjusts the balance. Here there are no vital statistics by which this matter can be determined. At 0—1, there are 1,088 girls to every 1,000 boys, while in the period of 0—5, girls are also in an excess of 70.

In the Plateau and the Hilly Natural Divisions which suffered most in the famine of 1900, the excess of girls is very marked. The concealment of females at this early age is not likely, and the error in recording the sexes may be considered equal in each Census. At the middle ages (except for lumping) boys, are generally in excess until old age is reached, when females take the lead. This may be in part due to greater longevity, but mis-statement of age is certainly mainly responsible.

Sex and Age.

42. No increase has taken place since 1901 in the proportion of the sexes, though the figures rose from 943 females to 1,000 males in 1901 and 947 in 1911.

Proportion
of the Sexes.

The excess of males has been attributed to various causes, but so far no really statistictory answer is forthcoming. Briefly the causes tending to produce an excess of males in the later years is the mis-statement of female ages at 10-15 neglect of girls resulting in sickness and death, early co-habitation and unscientific midwifery, and the hard lives led by women of the labouring classes. No traces of female infanticide can be found. It is, therefore, probable that a real deficiency exists among females, exaggerated to some extent by mis-statement of age and possibly also to some omissions.

43. The figures in this case require to be taken with caution as there are clear signs of imperfect returns in some castes, and it would be unprofitable to base any theories on them. The highest proportion is given by Kachera 2,588 females to 1,000 males, Bhilala 1,492, Khangar 1,149, Dhangar 1,149, Gujar 1,024, Ajna 969, Bhil 937, Brahman 861, Bania 718, and Rajput 461 following.

Sex and Caste.

Among the individual castes, Shrimali Brahmans (1,179) stand first, the Bundela Rajput 1,110 coming next, which show an excess of females. The age figures will not bear scrutiny.

44. The imperative necessity of having a son, causes Hindus to resort to various ceremonial practices in order to increase the probability of male issue.

Sex and
Ceremony.

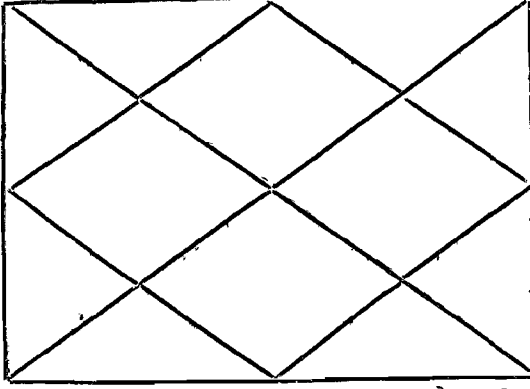
45. The usual ceremony consists in placing a girl immediately at the first menses in a specially decorated room made for the occasion known as "Makhar" where she is fed on every delicacy by relatives and friends for several days. This is followed within 16 days by the Garbhadhan (*Garbha*=conception=*dhan*=to bear) or foetus-bearing rite, which is supposed to ensure conception. On an auspicious day, which must be on the 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 14th or 16th, as the even numbers favour male issue, after the menses first appear, a "Hom" or sacrifice is made during which the husband places his right hand on his wife's body just above the right thigh. The "Punsavan (*puman*=male+*suyate*=produced) or male making ceremony which usually follows, consists in the husbands taking his wife's head between his knees and dropping the juice of "Dubha" (*cynodon dactylon*) grass down her right nostril. This is believed to ensure male issue. On the failure of these regular rites the advice of priests and Sadhus is sought and penances and offerings as suggested by these authorities are resorted to, many being of a fantastic and even irksome nature. Later on "Dais" are called in to give their views as to the sex of the child in the womb and various indications are sought. Those usually relied on are:—

- (1) If the child lies to the right of the womb, it will be male.
- (2) If the woman's eyes have a faded or whitish look, the palms of the hands are reddish, and she appears abnormally weak, a male is indicated.
- (3) In the case of a female, the child lies on the left, while the woman's eyes and the palms of her hands have a yellow tint.
- (4) Pregnancy lasting over 9 months is an indication of male issue.

- (5) If the pregnancy commences in the dark-half (*badi*) of a month, a male child will be conceived, if in the light-half, a female.
- (6) General horripilation of the mother, is supposed to accompany male conception.
- (7) In a case of male conception the pains are in the womb, but those of female conception are in the left intestine.
- (8) If the woman dreams of male things, such as cocoanuts, plantains, snakes, etc., a male child will be born, but if the articles are of feminine gender, such as cucumbers, oranges and the like, a girl will appear.
- (9) A desire for sweet things indicates a male child, salt things, a female.
- (10) If the womb is unusually distended and the face looks young and fresh, while the woman walks with energy lifting her feet high, a girl will be born, while opposite signs indicate a boy.
- (11) A feeling of obstruction in the intestines on the right side, indicates a boy, on the left, a girl.

The Jyotishi is also an important person in such cases.

46. The horoscope (कुंडली) of a man contains 12 compartments, and the



planets (ग्रहाः) occupying these compartments are 9, viz :—Kavi (Sun), Chandra (Moon), Mangal (Mars), Budha (Mercury), Guru (Jupiter), Shukra (Venus), Shani (Saturn), Rahu and Ketu (Ascending and Descending nodes). When the horoscope is to be examined in connection with progeny (सुत) and prosperity, (वैशम्) two compartments, viz., the fifth and the eleventh have to be studied respectively for these two objects. Shlokas referring to this are given below :—

- (1) पंचमस्थो यदा शुक्रो भौम युक्तो निरीक्षितः ।
तदा वर्षे विजानीयात् गर्भपुत्रमुद्भवं ॥ १ ॥
- (2) लाभे सुतेच शुक्रेंद्र सुतलाभेऽथवा क्रमात् ।
शुक्रेंद्र पश्यतः पुत्रो वर्षेस्मिन् संतति ध्रुवम् ॥ २ ॥
इति वर्ष लग्न फलम् ॥

- (1) When Shukra (Venus) is seen with Mangal (Mars) in compartment 5 of a yearly horoscope, (वर्ष कुंडली) it is probable that there will be a male issue that year.
- (2) When Shukra (Venus) and Chandra (Moon) are in the eleventh and fifth compartments respectively or *vice versa* there is certainty of male issue that year.

These Shlokas are applicable to the (वर्ष कुंडली) yearly horoscope and have to be worked out every year from the horoscope made at birth (जन्म कुंडली).

- (1) पुत्रस्थाने गते भौमे मेषसिंहालिनीनभे ।
जीवद्यष्टियुते वापि पुत्रप्राप्तिं विनिर्दिशेत् ॥ १ ॥
- (2) नवमे पंचमे राहौ नवमे पंचमे शनौ ।
नवमे पंचमे भौमे पुत्रः स्वप्ने न दृश्यते ॥ २ ॥
- (3) पंचमस्थाः शुभाः सर्वे पुत्रसन्तानकारकाः ।
कुराः सन्ततिमृत्युच कुपुत्रं च धरासुतः ॥ ३ ॥
- (4) बालस्य जन्मकाले तु पंचमे धरणीसुतः ।
अपुत्रश्च भवेत् बाह्यो नारीचैव विशेषतः ॥ ४ ॥
- (5) अपुत्रं कुरुते भातुः पुत्रमेकं निशाकरः ।
सशोकं पुत्रहीनं च पंचमे धरणीपुतः ॥ ५ ॥

- (6) एकः पुत्रो रवौ वाच्यश्चन्द्रे चैव सुताब्दयं ।
भौमे पुत्रा स्त्रयो वाच्या बुधे पुत्रीचतुष्टयं ॥
शुक्रौ गर्भे सुताः पंच षट्पुत्रा भृगुनन्दने ।
शनीच गर्भपातः स्यात् राहौ गर्भो भवेन्नहि ॥ ६ ॥
- (7) सुतस्थाने द्विपापौ वा त्रिपापाश्चात्र संस्थिताः ।
तदा स्त्री पुरुषो बन्ध्या विज्ञेयोऽसूतपुत्रकः ॥ ७ ॥
- (8) पुत्रे रविः प्रभुरकोपसूतं बुधश्च ।
स्वल्पात्मजं शनिधरातनुजावपुत्रं ॥
शुक्रैर्दुदेवगुरवः सुतसन्न संस्थाः ।
कुर्वति पुत्रबहुलं सुखिनं पुमांसं ॥ ८ ॥
- (1) When Mangal (Mars) in compartment 5 is connected with any of the following four Rashis (signs of Zodiac), viz., Mesh (Aries), Sinha (Leo), Vrischik (Scorpio) and Mina (Pisces) and is in opposition to Guru (Jupiter) there will be a male issue.
- (2) If Shani (Saturn), Rahu (Ascending node), or Mangal (Mars), stand in compartment 9 or 5 there is no hope of having male issue, or even of dreaming of it.
- (3) When compartment 5 is occupied by an auspicious planet (शुभग्रहाः) Shubha Graha, i. e., Shukra (Venus), Chandra (Moon) between the 5th day of the bright-half and that of the dark one, Budha (Mercury) and Guru (Jupiter), male issue is expected, and when occupied by inauspicious planets (पापग्रहाः) Papa Graha, i. e., Shani (Saturn), Surya (Sun), Rahu and Ketu (Ascending and Descending nodes) the progeny will die at birth, while if Mangal occupies the same column the issue will be male but of bad character.
- (4) When in a (Kundali) horoscope diagram prepared at the birth of a child, the star Mangal (Mars) lies in the 5th compartment, that child will probably never have male issue, especially if it is a female child.
- (5) When compartment 5 is occupied by Ravi (Sun) there will certainly be no male issue, when occupied by Chandra (Moon) there will be one male issue, and in the case of its being occupied by Mangal (Mars) no male issue is likely.
- (6) When the following Grahas (ग्रहाः) planets are in compartment 5, result will be as stated below :—

Name of Graha.				Particulars of issue to be expected.
1 (रवि)	Sun	...	...	Gives one male issue.
2 (चन्द्र)	Moon	...	...	Gives two females.
3 (मंगल)	Mangal (Mars)	...	...	Gives three males.
4 (बुध)	Budha (Mercury)	...	...	Gives four females.
5 (गुरु)	Guru (Jupiter)	...	...	Gives five males.
6 (शुक्र)	Shukra (Venus)	...	...	Gives six males.
7 (शनी)	Shani (Saturn)	...	...	Causes untimely delivery.
8 (राहु)	Rahu (Ascending node)	...	...	Obstructs child-bearing altogether.

- (7). When two or three of the (पापग्रहाः) Papa-Grahas stand in compartment 5, no male issue is expected if the horoscope is of a male, and if it is a female, she will be a barren woman.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Number of Females per 1,000 males at different age periods by Religions and Districts. Census of 1911.*

Age.	INDORE DISTRICT.						MEHIDPUR DISTRICT.						NEMAWAR DISTRICT.					
	All religions.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain.	Animist.	Christian.	All religions.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain.	Animist.	Christian.	All religions.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain.	Animist.	Christian.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
0—1 ...	991	1,048	967	815	1,071	727	1,096	1,108	963	772	1,000	...	1,023	982	891	937	1,669	...
1—2 ...	1,073	1,081	1,072	1,000	939	1,250	1,055	1,046	1,253	1,222	166	...	959	1,078	548	1,571	701	...
2—3 ...	1,070	1,061	963	1,125	1,316	600	1,171	1,187	937	1,307	1,000	...	761	716	1,207	857	1,200	...
3—4 ...	1,122	1,122	1,213	1,545	982	500	1,166	1,159	1,355	733	1,000	...	2,042	2,536	452	1,770	1,075	...
4—5 ...	1,108	1,128	981	1,863	1,005	250	937	929	1,106	777	666	...	1,114	1,059	1,775	1,500	1,107	...
5—10 ...	984	991	965	1,040	878	270	956	949	1,065	1,109	500	...	1,028	1,028	1,147	1,425	750	...
10—15 ...	751	737	853	820	880	36	853	867	701	772	571	...	975	993	900	593	930	...
15—20 ...	934	954	778	846	1,155	318	915	922	888	661	500	...	568	533	584	569	1,091	...
20—25 ...	1,093	1,091	1,111	950	1,260	535	985	967	1,374	930	588	...	877	755	1,813	716	1,778	...
25—30 ...	939	929	885	928	1,145	333	901	902	852	1,036	1,000	...	1,251	1,173	2,105	1,069	1,146	...
30—40 ...	814	827	788	782	850	1,412	823	821	842	805	1,363	...	844	826	893	1,169	974	...
40—50 ...	949	867	813	711	702	411	913	914	875	1,072	727	...	917	942	734	816	899	...
50—60 ...	920	939	754	944	1,200	500	915	920	581	963	800	...	1,100	1,117	1,164	1,404	787	...
60 & over ...	1,078	1,114	910	700	1,174	1,333	1,048	1,064	907	897	285	...	1,109	1,410	297	1,535	1,585	...
30 & over ...	866	878	797	786	857	942	885	887	803	918	853	...	934	959	706	1,169	964	...
Total all ages (actual population)	930	936	885	881	991	423	933	933	946	906	681	1,000	978	973	957	992	1,081	...

Age.	NIMAR DISTRICT.						RAMPURA-BHANPURA DISTRICT.						ALAMPUR PARAGANA.			
	All religions.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain.	Animist.	Christian.	All religions.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain.	Animist.	Christian.	All religions.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain.
1	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
0—1 ...	997	991	1,120	656	1,046	...	1,010	1,004	1,070	1,000	1,035	1,000	642	587	2,428	...
1—2 ...	1,052	1,052	1,189	1,071	1,000	...	1,019	1,008	1,081	1,343	1,368	...	837	842	714	...
2—3 ...	1,125	1,123	957	1,473	1,241	...	1,085	1,086	1,010	964	1,422	...	1,041	1,071	250	...
3—4 ...	1,154	1,152	1,105	960	1,199	...	1,086	1,088	1,020	1,106	1,181	...	862	854	1,250	...
4—5 ...	1,007	1,006	1,077	941	983	...	981	979	1,090	930	851	...	779	753	6,000	...
5—10 ...	969	976	991	961	877	2,000	889	882	962	828	1,104	500	803	798	1,038	...
10—15 ...	856	853	818	942	908	2,500	768	757	861	826	1,000	...	704	699	884	...
15—20 ...	1,036	1,029	979	1,097	1,177	...	814	797	962	1,124	913	500	1,079	1,077	1,235	...
20—25 ...	1,146	1,126	1,174	1,041	1,398	..	989	992	955	770	1,462	...	1,089	1,079	1,625	...
25—30 ...	1,054	1,050	932	1,252	1,172	750	939	941	1,161	820	894	500	1,277	1,282	1,190	...
30—40 ...	799	801	783	864	786	250	873	872	916	857	785	1,500	785	795	432	..
40—50 ...	844	837	933	949	854	...	1,029	1,035	943	1,131	829	...	1,069	1,075	875	...
50—60 ...	918	922	820	1,305	929	1,000	1,023	1,033	893	858	1,613	...	1,077	1,093	625	...
60 & over ...	1,034	1,031	1,077	535	1,152	...	1,050	1,048	1,033	1,157	1,000	...	1,418	1,425	1,166	...
30 & over ...	858	857	1,191	872	1,108	125	955	958	934	957	1,147	750	969	979	650	.
Total all ages (actual population)	961	958	947	966	1,001	736	937	934	974	925	1,024	642	953	953	976	166

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—*Number of females per 1,000 males for certain selected castes.*

CASTE.				NUMBER OF FEMALES PER 1,000 MALES.						
				All ages.	0-5	5-12	12-15	15-20	20-40	40 & over.
1				2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Brahman	...	...	...	861	1,414	918	1,430	1,428	568	732
	Shrigaud	.	...	970	1,725	1,244	1,955	1,474	515	745
	Sbrimali	...	...	1,179	1,125	1,090	1,200	1,392	1,304	1,014
	Sarwaria	...	...	449	919	584	800	925	333	224
	Sanadhya	...	...	821	1,129	539	925	1,609	579	899
	Jijhotia	...	...	863	1,943	1,131	2,176	2,105	504	382
	Bhagor	...	...	914	2,300	1,461	2,444	1,286	494	459
Rajput	...	...	...	461	616	349	613	629	312	543
	Chauhan	..	..	433	4,895	274	579	574	279	602
	Tonwar	...	...	47	90	49	40	120	32	29
	Ponwar	...	...	686	1,000	646	1,380	1,041	508	574
	Gahlot	...	...	774	2,622	2,166	478	468	431	1,030
	Bundela	...	...	1,110	1,687	1,444	1,125	2,000	640	1,449
	Baghel	...	...	769	2,150	1,285	230	400	432	1,034
Maratha	...	...	...	860	617	901	1,781	782	596	1,004
Ajna	...	...	...	969	757	971	1,773	1,898	873	701
Bhat	...	...	...	795	1,114	639	1,158	642	730	660
Gujar	...	...	...	1,024	1,097	1,825	1,577	669	744	1,014
Dhangar	...	...	...	1,149	1,000	1,253	1,891	1,363	1,066	892
Sondhia	...	...	...	497	533	428	1,378	1,292	254	476
Bania	...	...	...	718	1,035	772	1,909	848	479	565
	Agarwal	..	..	892	719	564	4,847	830	633	677
	Mahesri	..	.	550	515	627	1,010	607	430	1,253
	Oswal	..	..	558	1,018	836	986	1,098	151	410
	Porwal	...	...	862	909	1,092	2,345	1,066	600	600
	Gahoi	..	...	880	841	869	2,500	1,000	402	1,176
Khanger	...	...	...	1,149	1,000	1,253	1,891	1,363	1,066	892
Kachera	...	...	...	2,588	2,456	2,323	1,631	1,813	864	8,451
Bhilala	...	...	...	1,492	1,482	797	957	1,579	1,362	3,078
Bhil	...	...	...	937	733	862	1,105	921	1,178	1,061
Gond	...	...	...	738	1,574	772	1,018	1,605	436	386
Musalman	...	...	...	821	959	765	1,118	1,075	1,087	488
	Shaikh	...	...	804	897	561	1,170	1,037	1,104	489
	Sa'jad	.	..	973	1,700	1,229	1,200	1,740	629	684
	Pathan	...	..	798	871	889	983	916	881	417

CHAPTER VII.

Civil condition.

47. Marriage by adding a help-mate to the household, and later workers to a family, has always been a much desired end. The mixture of religion with custom gave the habit a great impulse until marriage in the eyes of a Hindu, became the most important event in life, a sacrament never to be omitted. Finally religion intervened to ordain that a son real or adopted, is required to perform the last funeral rites and is the only means of saving the souls of those Hindus who have departed, from the torments of disgusting hells. As a natural corollary, a daughter must never reach puberty unmarried.

Introductory.

The predominance of Hindus in the State, has resulted in the adoption to a greater or lesser degree of these ideas by Animists and Musalmans also.

Locality.	Number of married females per mille at 15-45.
Indore State	805
England	149
France	228
Germany	226

as the inset shows. Child marriage is prevalent and the rules governing marriage exogamy, endogamy and the restrictions imposed by prohibitive degrees in relationship and the concomitant difficulty of finding husbands, all tend to encourage it.

48. It should be remarked that while the practice of early marriage is very general, co-habitation is not contemporaneous with marriage, but ordinarily takes place after the girl has had her first menses, which in this country often occurs before 14 years of age, the popular age at which it is considered that a husband and wife should live together. In many cases a second ceremony takes place before co-habitation commences, the girl constantly living with her parents until this period arrives.

While child marriage is less common among Musalmans, it is nevertheless very general due to the influence of Hindu surroundings which are especially strong. The Animists, wherever they come into touch with more civilised communities, gradually adopt this custom regarded by them as a sign of superior rank and status.

Widow marriage is another touch-stone of social status and apparently a more delicate test than the adoption of child marriage even.

Another cause of child marriage is expense. When a bridegroom price is demanded, the older a girl is, the larger is the sum, hence the eagerness to settle everything as soon as possible.

In the Musalman community the restrictions as to marriage are strongest among occupational groups such as Rangrez, Pinjara, etc., whose communities are very similar to real castes.

49. The statistics regarding marriage will be found in Tables VII and XIV. In the former, civil condition is shown in combination with age and religion, and in the latter with age and certain selected castes. The more important features of the statistics are portrayed in the Subsidiary Tables at the end of this Chapter.

General Statistics.

The most striking fact brought out by the statistics is, the universality of marriage. Among males 45 per cent. of the total number are unmarried, but a reference to the age details shows that 82 per cent. of these are under 15 years of age. Of the males enumerated at the ages 15 to 20, 39 per cent. are married while at 20 to 40 the figure rises to 76 per cent. Amongst females the figures are even more striking. At the age of 20 and over, some 84 girls in every 100 are married, while 13 are already widows before they are 40. At

the very early ages, marriage amongst males though not unknown is rare. The females who are spinsters at the age of 20 and upwards are either prostitutes or persons suffering from bodily affliction, such as leprosy, blindness and the like. The number of genuine old maids is very small.

Hindu.

50. *Marriage and Religion*—In the eyes of the Hindus marriage is a religious sacrament, essential and irrevocable. A man must marry in order to beget a son who may perform his funeral ceremonies and rescue his soul and the souls of his ancestors from hell. It is equally obligatory for a father to obtain a husband for his daughter, and the most awful penalties are threatened, if a girl should attain puberty, while still unmarried. The most suitable age for marriage at the present day, is between 11 and 12; in former days it was said to be 8. But although marriage is enjoined at an early age, co-habitation prior to sexual maturity is generally condemned. It is said that the offspring of an immature, girl will be sickly for ever, and the age between 14 to 16 is mentioned as the proper time as regards the female for commencing married life.

Widow marriage.

51. The marriage of widows is discouraged by the Hindu religion, and amongst the highest castes the prohibition is strictly enforced. The more modern views held by many of the better classes regarding widow marriage, especially of virgin widows, have not become general in the State. A few isolated instances of such marriages among the more enlightened have occurred, but generally speaking, the State is conservative in this respect, though legal.

Polygamy.

52. The general rule amongst Hindus, is that a man should content himself with one wife, unless the first is barren or afflicted with incurable disease. However, among Hindus and Musalmans well-to-do men of position, often have more than one wife especially Rajputs and professional men, such as Rangrez, Chhipas, Gaolis, Ahirs and the jungle tribes. In all there are 998 married females to 1,000 males, while Hindus show the same figure.

Hindus show 2 per cent. more married than Musalmans among both males and females; at 40-60, however, the Musalman figures are higher, but as would be expected, the return for widows is lower. The fall in the figures for unmarried females after 15, is very marked, being 50 per cent. lower than that for 10-15.

As regards widowhood, Hindu females stand second 1 per cent. behind Jains, while their males are less numerous in this condition than either Jains or Musalmans, the inclusion of so many Animists on this occasion has no doubt tended to lower the figures for widows.

Consideration for Marriage.

53. It remains to notice briefly the varying practices in respect of the marriage contract. In most cases the bride's father has to pay the father of the bridegroom, but especially now-a-days, in a very few cases the bridegroom's father has to pay, and in others again (a small minority) no money passes. Generally speaking, it is mainly a question of demand and supply, the party which has to pay, and the amount to be given, depending on the relative demand for brides and bridegrooms, and this again is determined to a great extent by the existence or otherwise of certain practices, such as hypergamy, widow marriage and the like. Where the girl is paid for, her price, depends largely on her superiority in status, to the bridegroom's age and also to some extent on her fairness of complexion and personal charms. If a virgin, her value rises, the nearer she approaches to maturity, while if a widow, it usually decreases as she grows older, but amongst a few of the functional castes, a widow of mature age, who is an expert in the work by which the people of the caste ordinarily live, commands a higher price than one who is younger and more attractive, but less useful from a professional point of view. When the bridegroom receives money, his educational qualifications are looked to as an aid in obtaining Government appointments and the degrees of M.A. and B.A. are a very valuable assets in the matrimonial market besides the social status of the bride groom and his family relations.

Musalman.

54. With Musalmans, marriage is a civil contract rather than a religious sacrament, and in theory at least, the girl should be of an age when she is capable of giving her consent. This, however, is not always attended to, where the

Musalman community is much affected by the example of the Hindus around them, and they often give their girls in marriage at a comparatively early age. The Musalman settles on his wife a sum of money known as *dain mehar* or dower, but he is not usually required to pay a bride price, nor does he receive money, unless he is specially eligible on account of his higher social position. Infant marriage is unknown and only 422 girls in 1,000 are married under 15 years of age and amongst males only 121.

55. Jains show fewer married males and females, 1 per cent. lower than Hindus. The age returns also show that 14 per cent. fewer girls are wives at 10-15, while the number of unmarried after 15 is 56 per cent. lower than at 10-15. Widow marriage is less common than among Hindus 73 per cent. at 40 and over, being widows or 1 per cent. more than among Hindus.

Jain.

56. The Animistic tribes marry even later than Musalmans, and they have no prejudices in respect of marriage of widows. As a rule, both males and females are of mature age before they enter the bonds of matrimony and a smaller proportion of girls is married between 15 and 20 than is the case with Hindus between 10 and 15. The usual age for marriage in the case of a girl would appear to be between 15 and 18 and for a male between 20 and 25.

Animist.

57. Nothing is to be gained by discussing the figures for Christians, Sikhs, etc.

Christians
and others.

58. Locality has a distinct effect on marriage. The Plateau and Hilly tracts show most bachelors, the Lowlying Tract being some 1 per cent. behind among females, the same tract also possesses the smallest number of spinsters 27 per 1,000 less than the Plateau and 83 per thousand less than the Hilly Tract. On the other hand boys marry soon in the Lowlying Tract, while girls marry to the same extent as on the Plateau. Among the widowed, both as to males and females, the Plateau and Lowlying figures are not far apart, while, the Hilly Tract, as would be expected, favours re-marriage most.

Religion and
Locality.

59. Various causes have been assigned for the origin of child marriage. It has been attributed (1) to the practice of hypergamy, (2) to the exigencies of the caste system, and the necessity for providing a girl with a suitable husband before she begins to indulge in fancies of her own and so perhaps bring social ruin on her family and (3) to the survival of a practice necessary in the oldest type of society, where an unmarried woman was exposed to a double evil, the stain of communism within her own clan and the risk of forcible abduction into an alien clan.

Child
Marriage.

Occasionally when two men or two women are great friends, they will agree to unite in marriage children yet unborn, if of opposite sexes, and in such cases the agreement is often carried out while they are still infants. This often happens among Kunbis. Among the higher castes, the execution of such an agreement is postponed until the usual age for marriage, but the lower castes will often give effect to it while the children are still of very tender age.

There is a very general belief that child marriage is a safe-guard against early death, and when two or three children in a family have died in infancy, the parents frequently arrange that any children who may be born later are married before the age at which the others died.

SUSIDIARY TABLE I.—*Distribution by Civil Condition of 1,000 of each sex, religion and main age period at each of the last two censuses.*

Religion, sex and age.	UNMARRIED.				MARRIED.				WIDOWED.			
	Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.	
	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All religions ...	454	437	308	281	482	477	508	491	64	86	184	228
0-5 ...	979	986	960	975	17	12	28	23	4	2	12	2
5-10 ...	956	964	864	910	41	31	130	82	3	5	6	8
10-15 ...	827	846	382	512	166	133	603	450	7	21	15	38
15-20 ...	592	589	66	107	388	361	902	804	20	50	32	89
20-40 ...	180	176	18	23	761	725	845	765	59	99	137	212
40-60 ...	55	57	14	10	767	763	370	381	178	180	616	609
60 and over ...	56	49	10	9	619	618	134	143	325	333	856	848
Hindus ...	453	425	304	261	483	486	509	502	64	89	187	237
0-5 ...	981	986	960	973	15	13	29	25	4	1	11	2
5-10 ...	956	961	854	895	40	34	140	96	4	5	6	9
10-15 ...	819	830	356	459	173	147	629	499	8	23	15	42
15-20 ...	582	560	62	86	400	387	906	820	18	53	32	94
20-40 ...	181	173	17	18	760	727	842	764	59	100	141	218
40-60 ...	58	59	14	9	782	758	409	375	160	183	577	616
60 and over ...	54	51	9	8	615	611	134	142	331	338	857	850
Musalmans ...	438	463	319	331	489	465	502	480	73	72	179	189
0-5 ...	944	987	979	984	55	11	19	15	1	2	2	1
5-10 ...	928	975	924	946	70	21	69	49	2	4	7	5
10-15 ...	871	924	564	672	121	68	422	311	8	8	14	17
15-20 ...	686	745	86	154	267	226	881	797	47	29	33	49
20-40 ...	177	199	22	39	753	719	850	810	70	82	128	151
40-60 ...	39	41	15	22	808	813	458	448	153	143	527	530
60 and over ...	73	37	12	15	649	682	136	149	278	291	852	845
Animists ...	486	508	378	392	482	419	501	422	32	73	121	186
0-5 ...	982	990	952	978	17	9	20	20	1	1	28	2
5-10 ...	975	975	957	962	24	21	39	33	1	4	4	5
10-15 ...	886	890	556	731	112	98	436	244	2	12	8	25
15-20 ...	604	683	130	235	389	277	859	684	7	40	11	81
20-40 ...	120	171	28	44	850	725	902	748	30	104	70	208
40-60 ...	30	36	12	13	879	783	486	380	91	181	502	607
60 and over ...	25	46	20	18	718	641	150	171	257	313	830	811
Jains ...	463	440	256	245	424	454	457	484	113	106	287	271
0-5 ...	990	974	983	987	10	26	12	13	...	...	5	...
5-10 ...	970	991	937	959	24	22	49	37	6	17	14	4
10-15 ...	912	917	399	505	84	63	588	478	4	20	13	17
15-20 ...	628	628	94	33	351	337	756	905	21	35	150	62
20-40 ...	281	268	19	19	628	645	718	752	91	87	263	229
40-60 ...	131	109	13	22	599	686	355	336	270	205	632	642
60 and over ...	86	61	4	6	484	470	113	96	420	469	883	858
Christians ...	727	...	370	...	249	...	500	...	24	...	130	...
0-5 ...	1,000	...	960	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...
5-10 ...	1,000	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-15 ...	982	...	714	...	...	...	286	...	18	...	...	...
15-20 ...	986	...	91	...	14	...	864	...	...	...	45	...
20-40 ...	414	...	171	...	566	...	700	...	20	...	129	...
40-60 ...	32	...	77	...	839	...	462	...	199	...	461	...
60 and over ...	...	...	...	...	667	...	...	...	333	...	1,000	...
Others ...	484	...	343	...	470	...	514	...	46	...	143	...
0-5 ...	1,000	...	945	...	...	...	55	...	...	...	...	...
5-10 ...	1,000	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-15 ...	821	...	200	...	179	...	800	...	...	...	...	...
15-20 ...	541	...	95	...	432	...	905	...	27	...	...	...
20-40 ...	331	...	29	...	618	...	869	...	51	...	102	...
40-60 ...	97	...	...	...	806	...	294	...	97	...	706	...
60 and over ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Distribution by Civil Condition of 1,000 of each sex at certain ages in each religion and Natural Division.

FEMALES.																																					
Religion and Natural Division.	All ages.																																				
	0—5			5—10			10—15			15—40			40 & over.																								
	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.																						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	
Indore State.	(All religions ... 454	482	64	979	18	3	956	41	3	827	165	8	253	695	52	56	751	193	308	508	184	960	28	12	864	130	6	382	603	15	26	854	120	14	351	635	
	Hindus ... 453	483	64	981	15	4	956	40	4	819	173	8	252	696	52	58	748	194	304	509	187	960	29	11	854	140	6	356	629	15	24	854	122	14	347	639	
	Muslimans ... 438	489	73	943	55	2	928	69	3	870	121	9	273	661	66	47	767	186	320	502	178	979	19	2	924	68	8	564	421	15	33	855	112	14	378	608	
	Animists ... 487	482	31	982	16	2	975	24	1	886	112	2	198	776	26	29	851	120	378	501	121	952	20	28	957	39	4	556	436	8	45	895	60	14	412	574	
	Jains ... 463	423	114	990	10	...	969	25	6	912	84	4	350	573	77	120	575	305	256	457	287	983	12	5	937	49	14	399	588	13	36	736	238	11	304	685	
	Christians ... 727	249	24	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	982	...	18	653	335	12	29	824	147	370	500	130	960	40	...	1,000	...	...	714	286	...	152	739	109	59	353	588	
Others	484	470	46	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	821	179	...	371	583	46	91	758	151	343	514	143	944	56	...	1,000	...	...	200	800	...	44	878	78	...	217	783	
Pleacan.	(All religions ... 540	478	72	986	13	1	947	50	3	820	171	9	274	666	60	63	731	206	283	507	210	966	31	3	833	162	5	314	667	19	19	833	148	16	318	666	
	Hindus ... 451	479	70	985	14	1	949	48	3	814	177	9	271	669	60	64	731	205	281	508	211	965	33	2	825	170	5	288	692	20	16	760	224	16	315	669	
	Muslimans ... 437	491	72	993	5	2	920	78	2	843	153	4	282	657	61	41	768	191	313	498	189	982	16	2	908	86	6	522	461	17	34	847	119	14	366	620	
	Animists ... 468	493	39	994	4	2	960	40	...	924	71	5	265	700	35	36	835	129	322	533	145	996	4	...	851	127	22	575	425	...	45	872	83	7	365	628	
	Jains ... 478	401	121	990	10	...	967	19	14	927	73	...	374	542	84	130	548	322	257	451	292	979	16	5	932	59	9	375	613	12	39	709	252	4	308	688	
	Christians ... 740	238	22	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	672	316	12	...	862	138	352	504	144	960	40	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	140	744	116	...	333	667	
Others	470	475	55	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	766	117	117	30	940	303	10	540	150	889	111	...	1,000	...	...	250	750	...	49	832	99	...	267	733	
Lowlying.	(All religions ... 456	465	79	984	13	3	906	68	26	766	198	36	271	660	69	71	716	213	256	483	261	912	76	12	805	164	31	346	623	31	82	707	211	22	303	675	
	Hindus ... 456	465	79	985	12	3	903	70	27	764	199	37	266	664	70	73	716	211	251	484	265	910	78	12	803	167	30	348	622	30	81	705	214	16	305	679	
	Muslimans ... 435	477	88	926	74	...	1,000	...	...	808	154	38	231	714	55	22	696	282	412	446	142	971	29	...	852	74	74	304	652	44	125	773	102	316	211	473	
	Animists ... 667	333	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	333	667	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Jains	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Christians	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Hilly.	(All religions ... 459	488	53	971	22	7	966	31	3	836	158	6	225	734	41	48	777	175	339	510	151	955	24	21	898	97	5	445	545	10	42	856	102	11	395	594	
	Hindus ... 457	489	54	977	16	7	966	31	3	826	169	5	225	735	40	48	774	178	335	512	153	955	24	21	888	107	5	421	569	10	32	388	80	11	394	595	
	Muslimans ... 440	486	74	871	128	1	938	58	4	908	78	14	259	666	75	62	760	178	328	508	164	975	23	2	947	45	8	624	364	12	29	867	104	10	399	591	
	Animists ... 490	480	30	979	18	3	975	24	1	881	118	1	187	789	24	29	856	115	385	497	118	645	23	32	964	33	3	554	437	9	41	907	52	15	419	566	
	Jains ... 431	472	97	989	11	...	964	36	...	885	103	12	296	643	61	99	633	268	256	470	274	990	5	5	960	27	13	442	543	15	26	761	213	26	296	678	
	Christians ... 546	409	45	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	333	667	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Others	517	460	23	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	706	294	...	...	282	718	...	500	500	403	468	129	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	35	931	34	...	125	875

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Distribution by Main Age periods and Civil Condition of 10,000 of each Sex and Religion.*

Religion and age.	MALES.			FEMALES.		
	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
All Religions ...	4,539	4,825	636	3,079	5,081	1,840
0—10 ...	9,686	279	35	9,206	702	92
10—15 ...	8,268	1,656	76	3,819	6,031	150
15—40 ...	2,530	6,948	522	262	8,541	1,197
40 and over ...	566	7,512	1,922	140	3,508	6,352
Hindus ...	4,533	4,829	638	3,039	5,096	1,865
0—10 ...	9,703	260	37	9,156	755	89
10—15 ...	8,187	1,734	79	3,558	6,287	155
15—40 ...	2,522	6,958	520	246	8,535	1,219
40 and over ...	575	7,484	1,941	140	3,469	6,391
Musalmans ...	4,381	4,891	728	3,198	5,016	1,786
0—10 ...	9,364	615	21	9,554	401	45
10—15 ...	8,705	1,214	81	5,637	4,215	148
15—40 ...	2,730	6,609	661	326	8,550	1,124
40 and over ...	477	7,667	1,856	144	3,776	6,080
Animists ...	4,866	4,819	1,856	144	3,776	6,080
0—10 ...	9,787	196	17	9,536	265	199
10—15 ...	8,858	1,122	20	5,566	4,358	76
15—40 ...	1,980	7,758	262	453	8,944	603
40 and over ...	294	8,511	1,195	137	4,118	5,745
Jains ...	4,635	4,235	1,130	2,560	4,574	2,866
0—10 ...	9,808	165	27	9,627	284	89
10—15 ...	9,122	837	41	3,990	5,884	126
15—40 ...	3,270	5,840	890	311	6,904	2,785
40 and over ...	998	5,425	3,577	117	2,306	7,577
Christians ...	7,273	2,493	234	3,701	5,000	1,299
0—10 ...	10,000	...	...	9,737	263	...
10—15 ...	9,825	...	175	7,143	2,857	...
15—40 ...	6,529	3,353	118	1,522	7,391	1,087
40 and over ...	294	8,235	1,471	588	3,529	5,883
Others ...	4,835	4,704	461	3,429	5,143	1,428
0—10 ...	10,000	...	...	9,649	351	...
10—15 ...	8,214	1,786	...	2,000	8,000	...
15—40 ...	3,711	5,825	464	444	8,778	778
40 and over ...	909	7,576	1,515	...	2,174	7,826

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—*Progress of the Sexes by Civil Condition at Certain ages for Religions and Natural Divisions.*

NUMBER OF FEMALES PER 1,000 MALES.																	
Natural Division and Religion.		All ages.			0—10			10—15			15—40			40—over.			
		Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
Indore State.	All religions	643	998	2,743	972	257	2,716	381	3,001	1,618	65	1,138	2,123	234	442	3,134	
	Hindus	634	999	2,767	966	2,968	2,482	356	2,974	1,602	89	1,127	2,154	233	445	3,612	
	Muslimans	679	954	2,282	1,011	663	2,157	540	2,895	1,518	114	1,235	1,622	252	412	2,734	
	Animists	876	1,050	3,884	985	1,368	12,083	568	3,515	3,500	243	1,227	2,440	435	499	4,461	
	Jains	510	998	2,344	1,011	1,777	3,333	353	5,682	2,500	88	1,129	2,789	88	499	2,125	
	Christians	246	905	2,500	462	...	...	89	...	...	126	1,193	5,000	1,000	214	2,000	
	Others	408	629	1,725	1,121	...	...	43	800	...	55	699	777	...	200	3,600	
Plateau.	All religions	587	987	2,743	951	2,919	2,044	297	3,017	1,729	62	1,131	2,224	240	417	3,103	
	Hindus	582	992	2,781	945	3,101	2,025	272	3,025	1,657	56	1,127	3,694	245	417	3,160	
	Muslimans	668	931	2,398	1,012	1,244	2,100	513	2,505	3,714	111	1,178	1,777	299	404	2,706	
	Animists	664	1,045	3,549	959	2,375	3,000	574	5,529	...	166	1,214	2,333	176	410	4,573	
	Jains	487	1,020	2,191	986	2,454	1,000	328	6,826	...	90	1,135	2,616	31	521	1,990	
	Christians	207	921	2,857	472	...	...	37	...	...	111	1,254	5,000	...	200	2,500	
	Others	343	592	1,416	1,068	...	...	90	...	...	50	5,577	666	...	42	3,666	
Lowlying.	All religions	534	990	3,138	745	2,448	1,214	318	2,217	588	306	1,091	3,138	348	475	3,561	
	Hindus	525	993	3,184	735	2,473	1,142	318	2,183	575	312	1,093	3,161	243	482	3,650	
	Muslimans	925	912	1,578	1,117	1,500	...	333	3,750	1,000	523	1,046	1,800	12,000	250	1,384	
	Animists	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Jains	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Christians	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hilly.	All religions	712	1,009	2,726	1,000	2,156	2,632	466	3,024	1,734	140	870	1,866	118	472	3,163	
	Hindus	705	1,007	2,719	997	2,797	2,793	447	2,762	1,865	133	1,128	1,870	211	478	3,143	
	Muslimans	707	990	2,121	1,070	340	2,000	579	3,890	736	113	1,317	1,418	135	322	2,667	
	Animists	800	1,051	3,947	988	1,308	12,909	568	3,353	4,666	262	1,358	2,466	483	454	4,563	
	Jains	573	960	2,719	1,072	714	...	402	4,222	1,000	82	1,121	3,300	250	457	2,478	
	Christians	666	777	...	333	...	...	1,600	...	...	666	666	...	1,000	333	...	
	Others	555	725	4,000	1,200	...	...	...	200	...	76	818	...	...	500	3,500	

CHAPTER VIII.

Education.

60. The Statistics of literacy will be found in Table VIII and IX. The former shows the number of persons who are literate or illiterate, distributed according to age, sex and religion, and the latter according to certain selected castes.

61. The test of literacy was the ability to receive a letter and write a reply to it. Persons of any age who could do this, were entered as literate. The qualification seems very simple, but even so, only one male in 13 and 1 female in 333 were able to pass it, and 8 males out of 10 and 120 females out of 200 were returned as illiterate. For every female who is able to read and write, there are 25 males. Of the total number of literate males 79 per cent. are over 20 years of age and 3 per cent., are under 10. The remaining 18 per cent., are distributed between the age periods 10-15 and 15-20, by 7 and 11 per cent., respectively. In the case of females, only 66 per cent. of the literate population are over 20, 26 per cent. are between 10 and 20, and 8 per cent. are under 10. The large proportion of literate females at the lower ages indicates that at the present time the progress of education amongst them is more rapid than amongst males.

The test used in the present Census has excluded a large class consisting of those who, while knowing their letters only, were on the last occasion returned as literate.

The figures also give as 40 per thousand literate in all religions for both sexes of all ages.

English.

62. In the State as a whole, only 6 males per 1,000 and less than 1 per 1,000 among females were returned as English knowing. The ratio is, of course, highest in Indore City which is the capital of the State, is the centre of trade and also of higher education. The schools and colleges here furnish a very large proportion of the State officials, pleaders and clerks.

On this occasion no return of languages was made, but no change in the relative positions of the main written languages Hindi, Urdu and Marathi can have taken place, their importance in daily use being indicated in this order.

Religions
Distribution.

63. The Christian community stands first, partly on account of the large foreign element, where the proportion of educated persons is very high, and partly because the Missionaries do their utmost to give instruction to their converts. Among Christians the ratio stands at 49 per cent. literate, males 61 per cent. and female 22, due to the fact that the population is indigenous and not fortuitious.

Turning to other religions the Jains stand out with 23 per cent. literate, 18 per cent. more than the next highest. This figure is made up of 43 per cent. males, but only 1 per cent. females. Regular instruction is shown by the rising figures for age periods.

Muslims follow with 5 per cent., 9 per cent., males and less than 1 per cent. females. The return for the school-going-age, (15-20) shows that 12 per cent. are literate.

Third on the list comes the Hindu community with 4 per cent. literate, 7 males in every hundred and 2 females in every 1,000. In English knowledge, they show in males 3 and 2 per cent. more than Jains and Muslims, respectively.

Locality.

64. Of the natural Divisions, the Plateau stands first with 4 per cent., 89 males and 3 females per 1,000 being literate, the figures for the two remaining tracts show males 32 and 67 per cent. and females 1 and 2 per 1,000, respectively in the Lowlying and in Hilly tracts. The predominance of the Plateau is due to its comprising 5 towns out of the 9 in the State, including the City of Indore.

65. The variation between urban and rural figures is well illustrated by the return for the City of Indore. Subsidiary Tables IV and V illustrate this.

In spite of the effects of plague and the closing of schools in the most populated towns (Indore and Sanawad) except in the Lowlying portion which is very small in area, literacy has risen by 7 per cent. in the State as a whole compared with 1901. The Plateau shows the number of literates per 1,000 as 82 in 1901 and 89 in 1911, while the Hilly Tract shows 6 per 1,000 in 1901 and 67 in 1911.

The rise of 61 per 1,000 in the Hilly Tract over the figures of 1901, is mainly due to the recent settlement and the actual increase of the large population in the Tract. The figures show naturally the concentration of literacy in towns.

The figures for school-going-age is high, reaching 10 per cent. among males in the Hilly and 9 per cent. in the Plateau. The ratio is almost equal among females, about 4 per 1,000 in all the three Natural Divisions.

The presence of the trading classes, head-quarters of administration and big-scholastic institutions at Indore is responsible for the high figures.

The religions also show local variations, Jain males are more educated in the Hilly Tract, (553 per 1,000) than the Plateau, (373 per 1,000), being as regards males 18 per 100 in advance of those on the Plateau. This is due to the fact that such Jains as live in the Hilly section are shopkeepers who have come there purely for business purposes. Musalman males are also more educated in the Hilly Tract than in the Plateau, the figure showing 11 to 7 per cent. The towns in the Plateau raise the average there, while such Musalmans as inhabit in the Hilly Tract are officials or traders. Female figures in the Lowlying Tract are low.

Hindu males in the Plateau show 15 per cent. more literate than the Hilly due to the greater urban population.

The Animist figures are higher in the Plateau owing to the Bhils in this tract being more civilised.

Christian figures need no comment.

66. A noticeable rise has taken place in the general percentage of literates since 1901, as on the last occasion very many who had no right to be classed as literate were so treated. Turning to the age figures, it has not been possible to adjust the figures for 1901 for the age periods, which have been taken at the present Census, and, therefore, for the purposes of comparison only the figures for "all ages" have been dealt with. The local variations are also noticeable. A rise of 1 and 2 per 1,000 in the Plateau and Hilly Tracts, respectively is recorded amongst males since 1901, while females show the same rise in this respect.

Comparative.

No general variation is perceptible in the knowledge of English among males since 1901.

67. If the castes are grouped into Brahmans, Traders and Rajputs, we get the figures in the marginal inset. The result is what would be expected. On examining the figures of each group, striking differences are met with. Among Brahmans (only the local sections are dealt with), Sarwarias stand first with 19 per cent. literate of both sexes and 28 per cent. males, Shrigaud following with 18 per cent. both sexes and 36 per cent. males, the rest fall below this level.

Education by caste.

Caste (selected.)	Percentage of literate.	
	On total.	Males.
Brahmans ...	14	25
Traders ...	23	38
Rajputs ...	29	38

In the trading group, the Oswals head the list with 27 per cent., 46 per cent. of their males being literate, Agarwals with 26 per cent. and 49 per cent. males, Maheshri with 23 per cent. and 27 per cent. males following. Mahesri females show 15 per cent. literate.

Among the Rajputs the average is much the same for all the classes, 3 per cent. for both sexes and 4 per cent. for males.

Of the rest, none shows double figures except the Musalman Saiyads with 10 per cent. both sexes and 18 per cent males.

The Dhangar community which is locally important in the State, shows 3 per cent. literate and 5 per cent. males.

In English, Ponwar stand first with 9 per cent. both sexes and 15 per cent. males, while Agarwal with 8 per cent. both sexes and 14 per cent. males, Saiyads with 4 per cent. and 13 per cent. males.

Educational
Department
Statistics-

68. Subsidiary Table VII, gives such statistics as are available regarding scholastic institutions.

			NUMBER PER 10,000 OF POPULATION.	
			Literate at 15-20.	Scholars in Registers.
Males	...	...	80	202
Females	...	...	3	14
Total	...	...	43	111

Educational institutions have doubled since 1901, while scholars have increased by 62 per cent., comparison is made in the inset with those of school-going-age returned.

Education is spreading steadily and the State is devoting very particular attention to this matter.

It is not possible to compare statistics for castes in the school registers.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*Education by Age, Sex and Religion.*

Religion.	NUMBER <i>per mille</i> WHO ARE LITERATE.												Number <i>per mille</i> who are illiterate.			Number <i>per mille</i> who are literate in English.		
	All ages.			0—10		10—15		15—20		20 and over.								
	Total.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
All Religions ...	40	75	3	8	7	79	4	101	5	101	3	960	925	997	3	6	...	
Hindu	38	72	2	7	...	75	3	94	4	98	2	962	928	998	3	6	...	
Musalman	51	91	8	10	2	107	12	129	14	117	10	949	909	992	2	3	...	
Animist	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	3	...	999	998	1,000	...	...	...	
Jain	232	430	18	74	8	496	30	585	41	507	17	768	570	982	2	4	...	
Christian	491	613	221	375	132	824	428	802	318	564	218	509	387	779	202	249	97	
Others	88	125	23	...	...	...	...	27	47	195	32	912	875	977	42	66	...	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Education by Age, Sex and Locality.*

Natural Division.	NUMBER per mille WHO ARE LITERATE.											
	All ages.			0—10		10—15		15—20		20 and over.		
	Total.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Indore State ...	...	40	75	3	8	1	80	4	101	5	101	3
1. Plateau ...	...	42	89	3	9	...	86	5	96	4	111	3
2. Lowlying ...	...	17	32	1	3	...	13	2	57	4	46	1
3. Hilly ...	...	35	67	2	8	...	76	4	109	4	90	3

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Education by Religion, Sex and Locality.*

Natural Division.	NUMBER per mille WHO ARE LITERATE.											
	Hindu.		Musalman.		Animist.		Jain.		Christian.		Others.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Indore State ...	73	2	91	8	2	...	429	18	612	221	125	23
1. Plateau ...	80	2	73	8	5	...	373	16	608	18	124	26
2. Lowlying ...	32	1	51	9	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...
3. Hilly ...	65	3	118	8	2	...	553	22	681	600	125	16

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—*English Education by Age, Sex and Locality.*

Natural Division.	LITERATE IN ENGLISH per 10,000.													
	1911.										1901.		1891.	
	0—10		10—15		15—20		20 and over.		All ages.		All ages.		All ages.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Indore State ...	1	1	33	1	95	2	92	1	63	1	50	1	...	...
1. Plateau ...	2	...	52	...	125	3	137	1	96	1	82	1	...	...
2. Lowlying ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	6	...	...	...	...	...
3. Hilly ...	...	...	15	1	61	1	34	...	25	...	6	...	...	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE V.—*Progress of Education since 1891.*

Natural Division.	NUMBER OF LITERATE <i>per mille</i> .																	
	All ages.						10—15				15—20				20 and over.			
	Male.			Female.			Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.	
	1911	1901	1891	1911	1901	1891	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Indore State	75	60	...	3	1	...	80	...	4	...	101	...	5	...	101	...	3	...
1. Plateau	89	82	...	3	1	...	86	...	5	...	96	...	4	...	111	...	3	...
2. Lowlying	24	...	...	1	...	...	13	...	2	...	57	...	4	...	46	...	1	...
3. Hilly	67	6	...	2	...	...	76	...	4	...	109	...	4	...	90	...	2	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.—*Education by Caste.*

Caste.	NUMBER PER 1,000.						NUMBER PER 10,000 LITERATE IN ENGLISH.		
	Literate.			Illiterate.					
	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ajna	12	23	...	988	977	1,000	...	...	...
Bania	237	385	42	763	615	958	47	78	7
Agarwal	269	492	19	731	508	981	84	142	21
Gahoi	115	211	7	885	789	993	...	...	...
Mahesri	233	277	153	767	723	847	46	69	6
Oswal	270	461	22	730	539	978	50	83	6
Porwal	201	361	15	799	639	985	32	59	...
Bhat	87	129	34	913	871	966	...	...	...
Bhil	1	2	...	999	998	1,000	...	...	...
Bhilala	15	27	7	985	973	993	...	...	...
Brahman	141	256	6	859	744	994	47	88	...
Jijhotia	166	301	10	834	699	990	96	178	...
Sanadhya	86	154	4	914	846	996	75	137	...
Sarwaria	199	288	...	801	712	1,000	22	32	...
Shrimali	114	239	9	886	761	991	32	70	...
Shrigaud	191	367	8	809	633	992	25	49	...
Rajput	29	38	3	971	962	997	11	15	...
Ponwar	86	138	10	914	862	990	93	158	...
Ponwar Maratha	45	168	...	955	832	1,000	...	...	...
Rathod	42	63	5	958	937	995	12	18	...
Sisodhia	18	20	16	982	980	984	...	...	...
Solanki	20	31	...	980	969	1,000	...	...	...
Tonwar	77	79	21	923	921	979	29	30	...
Musulman	82	136	14	918	864	986	37	66	1
Pathan	92	154	15	908	846	985	43	77	...
Shaikh	68	115	10	932	885	990	27	48	2
Saiyad	106	181	30	894	819	970	66	130	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII-A.—*Number of institutions and pupils according to the returns of State Educational Department.*

Class of institution.	1911		1901		1891	
	Number of		Number of		Number of	
	Institution.	Scholar.	Institution.	Scholar.	Institution.	Scholar.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
For males.						
Art College	1	94	1	71	...	...
High schools	1	8	1	438	1	390
Primary schools	102	6,553	78	5,853	...	...
Secondary schools	11	2,583	1	43	...	...
Training school	1	24	...	...	...	...
Vedic school	21	363	...	...	...	...
Total Institutions for males	137	10,458	18	315	10	186
			19	6,720	11	576
For females.						
Primary schools	15	711	3	189	...	...
Grand Total	152	11,169	112	6,909	11	576

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII-B.—*Number of Scholars showing Caste as recorded in School Registers.*

CASTE, TRIBE OR RACE.						Number.	REMARKS.
1						2	3
Brahmans	...	...	...	...	...	3,971	
Banias	...	...	...	...	...	1,770	
Musalmans	...	...	...	...	...	1,068	
Others	...	...	...	...	...	4,360	
TOTAL						11,169	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VIII.—*Main results of University Examinations.*

Examination.	1911		1901		1891	
	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.	Candidates.	Passed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Marticulture (Entrance)	64	27	28	17	9	7
Intermediate	26	12	26	17	...	...
B. A.	11	4	6	1	...	...
B. S. C.	9	4	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	110	47	60	35	9	7

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IX.—*Number and circulation of newspapers, etc.*

LANGUAGE.	Class of newspapers (daily, weekly, etc).	1911		1901		1891	
		No.	Circulation.	No.	Circulation.	No.	Circulation.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
English and Hindi	Weekly	380	328	450	425	550	500

SUBSIDIARY TABLE X.—*Number of books published in each language.*

Language in which issued.		NUMBER OF BOOKS PUBLISHED IN													
		1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	Total of decade.			
												1901—1910.	1891—1900.	1881—1891.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Marathi	...	2	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	
Hindi	...	...	...	2	1	2	...	5	...	5	...	15	...	...	
English	...	...	...	...	7	1	2	6	...	4	2	22	...	...	
TOTAL		...	2	2	2	9	4	2	11	...	9	2	43	...	...

CHAPTER IX.

Language.

69. The statistics recorded at the Census regarding language, will be found in Table X. The Subsidiary Tables in which the principal features of the return are presented in a more compendious form, will be found at the end of this Chapter.

Dr. Grierson's Linguistic Survey gives a detailed discussion of the dialects of Central India of which the Indore State forms a part. The Survey divides the Indo-Aryan Vernacular into three bands.

(I) Language of the Midland or Inner Band, Western Hindi, (Urdu, etc).

(II) Intermediate Languages, borrowed from both inner and outer bands.

(III) Outer languages.

70. *Marathi, Bengali, Kashmiri, &c.*—The dialects proper to Indore State, all fall within the first two bands, as the Gondi and Korku of this tract are only bastard forms of *Malvi, &c.*

The Indo-Aryan tribes penetrating through the Punjab into the Madhya-desh or Middle-land (the tract lying between the Himyalas and Vindhya and Sirhind and Allahabad) imported their own speech which, passing through Sanskrit, the Prakrits and the Apabhramsas give rise to what is loosely termed Hindi. This language is easily divisible into three—Bihari, Marathi and Western Hindi, (Urdu, etc.)

Eastern Hindi which is not, however, spoken in the State as the language of the Jain teacher Mahavira in one of its Prakrit forms, and of Tulsi Das in the 17th century, has an extensive literature, especially in the Awadhi form.

Western Hindi, the language par excellence of the Middle-land, was first the Vernacular of the Gangetic-duab. From Delhi a Persianised form spread later on with the extension of the Muhammadan dominion, and thus Urdu became the *lingua franca* of Northern India. In the intermediate group of tongues, the influence of the Middle-land language is predominant. Rajasthani is its most important form in this State, the Malvi dialect being its standard local variety.

71. As education spreads, these tongues gradually approximate to a common form. But education has still much to do before it can have any appreciable effect on the local vernaculars of the State, with their rough intonation and fine vigorous expressions. The Musalman rulers of Central India left but few traces of their speech, except in revenue and technical terms, the Rajput ruling element serving to preserve the indigenous forms, while the Maratha influx of the 17th and 18th century assisted in further weakening the influence of Persian. Outside the cities the absence of Persian words is very noticeable, especially in localities, remote from towns, and in the language of ordinary cultivators. The headmen who come into contact with officials, are more sophisticated and use mutilated Persian words more freely. Even the educated speak the local dialects almost exclusively in their own homes, where their women-folk would not, as a rule, comprehend the language which their husbands employ in public or when speaking in the presence of strangers. Among students, clerks *et hoc genus omne* a new *lingua franca* has arisen consisting of Urdu, Hindi, or Marathi as the case may be freely interlarded with English words and modes of construction, which is employed even when the speaker is not really capable of conversing in English.

Thus the mass of the people, educated and uneducated, Hindu and Musalman speak a local dialect with the members of their families. Away from home Urdu, leaning more or less to Hindi, as the speaker is more or less educated, is spoken, this tongue being also used in talk with strangers, and when it is considered desirable to impress inferiors, as when an official is addressing villagers. In the State Hindi is the official language. Marathi was till lately the official language in the State, but the inconvenience of an official tongue only known to officials, and not even to all of them, has resulted in its replacement by Hindi. There is not at present any very strong racial feeling on the subject of the official use of Hindi and Urdu, or between these tongues and Marathi, although instances have occurred in the last case, in which attempts were made by the Marathispeaking bureaucracy to strengthen their hold over the administration by insisting on the use of this language in all official communications.

72. On this occasion, particular attention was paid to the instructions for recording language. It was laid down that the language a man spoke every day in the bosom of his family (*bhasha, madri zaban*) and not any school-acquired tongue or the speech used by him only in polite society, or the bazars was wanted. And accordingly the title of the column was "*language ordinarily used*," and the corresponding instruction for the guidance of the enumerators was "*enter the language which each person returns as that which he ordinarily uses*." In this respect the enumerators on this occasion were very carefully taught and the records prepared by them were closely checked, and there are good grounds for believing that mistakes were as a rule eliminated.

Instructions
issued.

73. A more serious difficulty lay in the fact that the philological distinctions between languages and dialects are not always reflected in the names by which they are known to the people. This was especially the case in respect of the dialects spoken in Malwa and Nimar.

Value of the
return.

The tongues most favoured by immigrants in the State are Marwari, Marathi and Purbi. The speakers of Marwari form the merchant community, while Marathi is spoken by the Marathas to whom the State belongs. These communities have almost all become localised, although, still maintaining their connections with Marwar and the Dekkan.

74. The Aryan-sub-family includes 99 per cent. of the languages spoken, and of these languages 95 per cent. are in the Western group, while 3 and 1 per cent. are in the Southern and Eastern groups, respectively. Rajasthani (83 per cent.), with Malvi (49 per cent.) and Nimadi (28 per cent.) stand first; and next Western Hindi (7 per cent.) with Hindi 3 per cent. and Bundelkhandi (2 per cent.).

Classification.

75. In the State, practically no traces or only uncertain indications, remain of non-Aryan tongues. It is possible that a few words in the Bhil and Gond dialects are not of Aryan stock, but in no other dialects of this tract, is there any such remnant to be found. Non-Aryan, the Bhil and Gond, no doubt were ethnically, but as elsewhere the Sanskrit derived languages with their copious vocabularies capable of expressing any idea abstract or concrete, the more advanced civilisation, superiority of intellectual development of the speakers of those tongues, and the fact that these languages were the literary vehicle of an established religion, soon drove the less well-equipped local speech out of use. In no case has a non-Aryan tongue ever been known to supersede an Aryan form of speech. Between Aryan blood and the use of an Aryan tongue, there is, of course, no necessary connection whatever.

Province
of Aryan
Tongues.

76. Malvi and its cognate dialects are used for songs and poems, but these are not written down.

Local
Shibboleth.

77. Various small but sufficiently well-defined local variations are met with in the speech of persons belonging either to certain communities in the same locality or to the same community in different localities. These differences are too slight even to warrant classification as separate dialects, though sufficiently noticeable to the trained ear. Thus, the Audich, Nagar and Shrimali Brahmans, when speaking what is undoubtedly Malvi use certain forms not usual in Malvi. The Audich and Nagars came originally from Gujarat, but the Audich have been

longest settled in Malwa. A Nagar Brahman in speaking, retains the Gujarati *તમે* (you) *ક્યારે* (when) *સવાર* (morning) *વિવા* (marriage) *માત* (rice), etc., while the Audich uses *तम*, *कदी*, *सवेर*, *व्याव* and *चोखा*. The men do not in either caste, now use the Gujarati future or *હે*, *હું*, *છે* for *हे*, *हूं*, *हो* but Nagar women-folk do so. Both castes also retain the Gujarati genitive in *નો* and *ની* and the ablative *થી* where Malvi has *को*, *कीं* respectively. The Shrimalis use in their own houses a corrupt Malvi and are inclined to use the Rangri genitive in *रो* or *री* instead of the Malvi *को* or *की* while there is a tendency to turn *स* into *इ* as in Rangri *हवरे* for *सवरे*.

The Harina-goth and Bagada Brahmans, originally from Jaipur, speak a mixed Malvi and Jaipuri dialect retaining *હે*, *હું* or *છ* and *છે* using synonyms for various common words not usual in Malwa, *e. g.*, *दिउया* (*दिन+उया*) for *सवेर*, *ढावडा*, for *लड़का*, *जाण* for *घास*, *कोडेक* for *किन्नी*, etc. In the future also the form is different, *e. g.*, for Malvi *आवेगा* they use *आवेला*.

The method of speaking and especially intonation, is a great indicator of locality or community. The Gonds, even when using ordinary Hindi, speak it with a particular spasmodic jerking emphasis particularly on the final syllables of long words and they are apt to add aspirates giving a harsher form to consonants, *e. g.*, they say *भन* for *जन* (man).

78. As regards mutual comprehension of each other's speech no difficulty is experienced by persons living in Malwa in understanding the speech of any Rajasthani dialect. Bundelkhandi and Baghelkhandi, however, appear not to be readily understood by people from Malwa. Generally also women are more unintelligible than men, especially in the less developed parts where they use dialect forms more freely.

There do not appear to be any social linguistic differences, such caste variations as are met with being due to the retention of forms of speech belonging to the country of origin of the caste as noticed in the case of Audich and Nagar Brahmans.

79. All school books are written in Hindi, Urdu or Marathi and are usually those which have been adopted in the United Provinces and Bombay. Practically no languages now remain in Central India except those of Sanskrit origin, and many generations will pass before they disappear, as wives and daughters will use the local forms even after education has banished them from the tongues of their men-folk.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I-(a).—*Distribution of total population by Languages according to Census.*

Language.	TOTAL NUMBER OF SPEAKERS.		Number per mille of population of the State.	(Where chiefly spoken.
	1911.	1901.		
1	2	3	4	5
Indo-European Family	1,000,673	848,037	993	
Malvi	497,986	240,172	494	Indore, Mehidpur and part of Rampura-Bhanpura Districts.
Bundelkhandi	22,949	15,151	23	Alampur.
Hindi	89,097	464,994	39	All parts of the State.
Nimadi	290,693		288	Nimar.
Urdu	7,848	10,817	8	All parts of the State.
Bhili	13,116	24,626	13	Nimar.
Marwadi	25,745	22,496	26	Rampura-Bhanpura District.
Hindustani	9,611	16,834	9	Indore.
Parbi	11,710		12	Indore.
Mewadi	11,440	...	11	Naudwaia pargana in Rampura-Bhanpura Dist.
Marathi	26,197	37,192	26	Indore.
Gujarati	20,713	12,652	21	Indore.
Brijbhasha	410	185	...	Indore.
Sundwadi	11,230	2,868	11	Mehidpur and Rampura-Bhanpura Districts.
Mewati	6,506		7	Nemawar, Nimar.
Others	5,422	...	5	
Dravidian Family	456	593	...	
Gondi	456	593	...	Nemawar and Nimar.
Others				
Unclassed Languages	6,639	4,267	7	
Banjari	6,639	4,267	7	Nemawar and Nimar.
Others	88	115	...	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I—(b)—*Distribution of total population by Languages according to Linguistic Survey.*

Language,	Total number of speakers.	Number per mille of population of the State.	(Where chiefly spoken.
1	2	3	4
Dravidian Family	456	...	
Indo-European Family	1,000,524	993	
Aryan Sub-Family	1,000,524	993	
Indian Branch	1,000,524	993	
Southern group	26,197	26	
Marathi	26,197	26	Indore.
Eastern groups	11,710	12	
Bihari	11,710	12	
Parbi	11,710	12	Indore.
Western group	962,617	955	
Gujrati	33,829	34	
Gujrati	20,713	21	
Bhil Dialects	13,116	13	
Bhili	13,116	13	Nimar.
Panjabi	4,979	5	
Rajasthani	843,901	837	
Malvi	497,986	494	Indore Mehidpur and part of Rampura-Bhanpura District.
Marwadi	25,745	26	Rampura-Bhanpura District.
Mewadi	11,440	11	Nandwai.
Mewati	6,506	7	Nimar.
Nimadi	290,693	288	Nimar.
Sundwadi	11,230	11	Rampura-Bhanpura and Mehidpur District.
Others	801	...	
Western Hindi	79,915	79	
Brijbhasha	410	...	Indore.
Bundelkhandi	22,949	23	Alampur.
Hindustani	9,611	9	Indore.
Hindi	39,097	39	All parts of the State.
Urdu	7,848	8	Do.
Unclassed Language	6,639	7	
Banjari	6,639	7	
Others	237	...	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Distribution by Language of the Population of each Natural Division.*

Natural Division.	NUMBER PER 10,000 OF POPULATION SPEAKING.					
	Malvi.	Bundelkhandi.	Hindi.	Nimadi.	Bhil Dialects.	Other Languages.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Indore State	4,941	228	387	2,885	130	1,429
1. Plateau	7,870	133	446	16	45	1,490
2. Lowlying	8	9,941	4	5	...	42
3. Hilly	1,621	...	333	6,405	236	1,405

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Comparison of Caste and Language Tables.*

Tribe.	Strength of tribe (Table XIII.)	Number speaking tribal language (Table X.)	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4
Bhil Bhilala	35,300	13,116	Most of the Bhils have recorded their language Nimadi instead of Bhili.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—*Important Languages spoken in Indore State.*

Languages.	LANGUAGES.			
	Total.	Plateau.	Hilly.	Lowlying.
1	2	3	4	5
Total	1,007,856	539,572	452,525	15,759
Malvi	497,986	424,618	73,357	11
Bundelkhandi	22,949	7,282	...	15,667
Hindi	39,097	24,042	15,048	7
Nimadi	290,693	831	289,854	8
Bhil Dialects	13,116	2,446	10,670	...
Other Languages	144,015	80,353	63,596	66

CHAPTER X.

Infirmitities.

90. This Chapter deals with the information recorded in column 16 of the Schedule, and collected in Tables XII and XII-A and the Subsidiary Tables at the end of the text.

The infirmities regarding which information was collected at the Census were the same as on previous occasion, viz:—Unsoundness of mind, deaf-mutism, blindness and leprosy. This is only the second occasion in which infirmities have been recorded. In 1901, enumerators received very little instruction, and the record was very indifferent, on this occasion special care was taken to make the instructions clear.

It was laid down that only if a person was blind of *both* eyes, or deaf and dumb *from birth* or insane, or suffering from *corrosive* leprosy, should be entered the name of the infirmity in column 16 of the schedule. Those blind of one eye only, or who had become deaf and dumb after birth, or who were only suffering from white leprosy were not to be recorded.

	1911.			1901.		
	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Total ...	2,074	1,032	1,042	729	418	311
Insane ...	162	94	68	43	29	14
Deaf-Mutes, ...	124	74	50	226	156	70
Blind ...	1,550	698	852	365	170	195
Lepers ...	238	166	72	95	63	32

91. Not too much faith should, however, be placed in these returns, and it would certainly be idle to theorise on them, although the higher figures show that the instructions have been far more carefully carried out than in 1901. This is clear from the comparative figures of 1901 to those for 1911.

In considering the statistics thus collected, it must be borne in mind that they were recorded in most cases, (not by experts), but by the villagers who served as enumerators, whose education was, as a rule, of a very low order, and that in the case of each infirmity there is a considerable risk of error in the diagnosis. As regards the unsoundness of mind, the main difficulty is in respect of cretins and of persons who are merely weak headed, or whose mental derangement is of a purely temporary character. In respect of deaf-mutism, there is a marked-tendency to show in this category persons who are merely deaf on account of old age. In the return of the blind there is the possibility of persons being included merely because their vision has grown dim on account of old age, or because they have lost the sight of one eye. There is a separate word *kina* which is used to indicate the one-eyed, but in some places in Gondwana it is also used with reference to those who are totally blind. In the case of leprosy, there is a tendency to show as lepers persons who are suffering from syphilitic taints or who have merely leucoderma or white leprosy, an affection which, though sufficiently striking on the dark skin of this country, does not of course partake in any way of the nature of true leprosy.

In addition, therefore, to the natural-tendency to minimise these defects in the very young and in marriageable girls, especially among the higher classes, there is the difficulty of diagnosis.

92. *Insanity*.—The total number of the insane returned at the present Census, is nearly four times the number returned in 1901. The increase is due to the greater care taken to ensure accuracy.

Comparative.

93. The sex and age figures are dealt with in Subsidiary Tables II and III, which show the afflicted in 10,000 of each sex and 100,000 of each period as well as the proportion of afflicted females to 1,000 males.

Age, Sex and
Insanity

The number of insane is greatest at 25-30 in both sexes, at 5-10, 30-35 and 40-45, females exceed males.

As usual the number of insane males exceeds that of females, the ratio being 7 females to every 10 men.

The age figures show that in youth and old age, the sex figures approach equality. The males and females also show similarity. In each case the maximum is reached at 25-30 and the minimum at 55-60. Among females there is practically no variation between 20 and 30. The males show a rise, but it is slight, while it does not continue up to 30-40, as might have been expected, this being the period in which virility is most active. The females show a considerable rise at 40-50 which coincides with the period of change of life in that sex.

At older ages the rise is most probably due to the inclusion of persons suffering from senile decay.

94. *Deaf-mutism*.—There seems to be little if any, connection between the prevalence of insanity and deaf-mutism. As in the case of insane, so also among deaf-mutes males as a whole predominate over females. This phenomenon is common to most forms of congenital malformation. As this disease is congenital, a comparison of the ages of the deaf-mute with those of the general population, would, if the return were correct, show their relative longevity.

The returns for deaf-mutes show a decrease of 45 per cent., compared with the last Census. It is attributed by some of the enumerators to the elimination from the return of persons who are deaf only, and there can be no room for doubt as to the truth of this explanation.

Age, Sex and
Deaf-Mutism.

95. Deaf-mutism is a congenital defect, and deaf-mutes are known to be relatively short lived, and those who suffer from it are weaklings soon left behind in the race of life. Consequently the proportion of the deaf and dumb to the total number of persons living at each period should show a steady decline, and a reference to statistics will show that after allowing for an incomplete return for those under 10 years of age, this is, on the whole, the case at the present Census. In 1901, on the other hand the proportion rises at the higher ages. This shows clearly that on the previous occasion many persons must have been included, who were not really deaf-mutes, but who had lost the sense of hearing in their old age. The improvement in the accuracy of the present return is due not only to a more careful preparation of the original entries, but also to the exclusion in the course of tabulation of all persons entered only as deaf. Specific instructions were given to tabulate only those who were shown as "deaf and dumb." No such instructions appear to have been issued in 1901, and it is probable that many persons entered as "deaf, were then treated as if they were deaf and dumb." Unfortunately no separate return was kept of such persons entered merely as "deaf" and it is, therefore, not possible to say how far the difference of procedure in tabulating the results has contributed to the total decrease and to what extent it is due to the greater accuracy of the original record.

96. An examination of the age returns, however, shows a rise up to 20-25 age period among males, and the 30-35 among females. The largest returns should, if the record was correct, fall at the earliest periods.

The figures for sex show an excess proportion of males up to 25-30 (except at 5-10 and 15-20) after this period there is little difference till 55-60, where females predominate, but the figures are not sufficiently reliable for dogmatizing.

Males show the highest ratio at 20-25, while the females show an equal ratio at 5-10, 20-25 and 30-35, which implies that there is less reluctance in admitting the existence of this affliction among females than among males. The rise at earlier ages among females is due to the inclusion of those who have become deaf on account of old age, and indicates that females suffer earlier than males from this defect.

97. *Blind.*—The blind have increased by 325 per cent. on the 1901 figures due to improved enumeration.

Females in this case exceed males. At the earlier ages the balance is in favour of the males, but at the older ages the female figures rise rapidly. Congenital eye diseases are said to be more prevalent among males, which would in past account for the difference, while looking over smoky fires in a small space and general neglect of disease among females is responsible for much blindness among old women.

The highest rise among females is at 60 and over which agrees with the known prevalence of blindness in this sex at old age.

98. *Leprosy.*—The figures in this case are clearly still too low, though considerably higher than in 1901, and it would be idle to base any theory upon them.

The findings of the disease in this country is known as follows:—

99. The disease has a marked tendency to spread by hereditary transmission and in the great majority by contagion. No race is exempt from the disease, but the poor and the destitute are attacked much more frequently than the rich and prosperous. No article of diet such as fish, can be held to cause the disease, but it is possible that some kind of food may render the system more ready to contract it. The same conclusion applies to sanitary surroundings and syphilis. No geological formation and no locality can claim to be free from the disease, and no correspondence can be traced between its occurrence and variations in the temperature; but its diffusion seems to vary inversely with dryness of the climate, and the tracts which suffer most are generally those, where endemic cholera is and the use of badly cured fish is prevalent.

Male lepers exceed females. This is a feature noticed wherever leprosy prevails and though it may be due in part to concealment of female lepers, it cannot be entirely due to this cause, but to men being more reliable to the disease. The age figures show a great excess of females at 0—5.

The male figure shows a rapid rise from the 20-25 period, which the decline after 55-60, showing that lepers are not long lived. The females also show similar conditions, the decline setting in at the same age.

The greatest increase among lepers is found at 40-45, the period from 30 to 50 being apparently that at which the disease usually attacks people.

100. Subsidiary Table IV, illustrates the infirmities by selected castes, but it would be unsafe to base any particular deductions on these results. It will also be noticed that some castes show no females afflicted, due no doubt to concealment, and in most of the cases of insane and lepers. In the case of leprosy both among males and females there is a general tendency to conceal the disease.

Caste and
Infirmity.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*Number afflicted per 100,000 of the Population at each of the two Censuses.*

District and Natural Division.				INSANE.				DEAF-MUTE.				BLIND.				LEPERS.			
				Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.	
				1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901
				2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1				2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Indore State				18	6	14	3	14	35	12	17	135	39	173	47	32	14	14	8
1. Indore District				13	4	21	2	8	10	9	11	125	25	148	37	32	10	26	6
2. Mehidpur "				17	2	12	4	14	23	2	45	170	50	220	17	37	14	15	...
3. Nemawar "				25	16	21	3	8	11	2	8	182	...	284	3	25	...	17	17
4. Nimar "				19	7	12	5	14	54	14	21	120	35	143	76	28	9	11	13
5. Rampura-Bhanpura				25	9	6	4	26	68	13	9	122	80	166	62	40	37	5	...
6. Alampur Pargana				23	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	198	...	286	...	25	...	13	...
1. Plateau				11	6	14	3	9	30	8	17	73	48	173	42	35	20	15	6
2. Lowlying				25	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	198	...	286	...	25	...	13	...
3. Hilly				15	9	14	4	12	43	12	17	132	27	171	56	28	7	14	10
Indore City				20	13	84	5	...	23	10	32	105	45	178	113	...	30	24	20

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Distribution of the Infirm by Age per 10,000 of each Sex.*

Age.	INSANE.				DEAF-MUTE.				BLIND.				LEPERS.			
	Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.	
	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901	1911	1901
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
0—5	106	...	...	...	270	64	200	143	688	118	376	51	60	...	278	...
5—10	531	1,035	1,029	714	1,216	1,090	1,400	571	946	412	622	821	...	1,746	...	625
10—15	851	1,379	735	1,429	1,351	513	800	714	573	236	352	359	120	1,270	139	937
15—20	1,277	345	588	2,143	946	705	1,200	572	587	471	411	...	181	1,587	556	1,250
20—25	1,170	345	1,029	1,429	1,622	833	1,400	714	788	295	469	769	532	635	833	2,500
25—30	1,702	1,035	1,765	...	1,081	962	600	1,143	745	530	716	1,333	843	1,270	1,111	937
30—35	958	689	1,324	...	1,157	1,410	1,400	1,286	802	530	739	1,385	1,446	994	1,111	1,250
35—40	851	345	588	...	405	1,090	400	2,000	688	1,295	493	1,282	1,084	635	833	313
40—45	851	689	1,177	1,428	541	1,410	1,000	857	960	1,877	857	718	1,928	159	1,111	625
45—50	426	1,035	588	1,429	135	833	200	714	444	2,000	481	923	723	952	1,111	312
50—55	532	...	589	714	270.	385	200	572	745	2,177	1,033	1,795	1,506	793	1,667	313
55—60	...	2,414	147	714	406	705	...	714	258	59	329	564	181	159	139	938
60 and over	745	689	441	...	...	...	1,200	...	1,776	...	3,122	...	1,386	...	1,111	...

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Number afflicted per 100,000 persons of each Age period and number of Females afflicted per 1,000 Males.*

Age.	NUMBER AFFLICTED PER 100,000.										NUMBER OF FEMALES AF- FLICTED PER 1,000 MALES.				
	TOTAL AF- FLICTED.		INSANE.		DEAF-MUTE.		BLIND.		LEPER.		TOTAL AFFLICTED.	INSANE.	DEAF-MUTE.	BLIND.	LEPER.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Total	199	213	18	14	14	12	135	173	32	14	1,009	723	676	1,221	434
0—5	66	42	1	...	2	1	62	39	1	2	673	...	500	667	2,000
5—10	131	34	8	12	15	12	108	10	...	...	837	1,400	777	803	...
10—15	131	108	18	13	20	11	89	81	4	3	666	625	400	750	500
15—20	153	123	29	2	17	16	100	94	7	11	777	333	857	853	1,333
20—25	176	115	22	13	24	13	112	77	18	12	689	636	583	727	666
25—30	179	167	32	24	16	6	103	121	28	16	933	750	375	173	571
30—35	181	177	16	18	23	14	99	129	43	16	853	1,000	358	1,125	333
35—40	226	210	23	15	9	8	141	164	53	23	701	500	666	875	333
40—45	278	265	20	22	10	14	168	207	80	22	846	1,000	1,250	1,089	250
45—50	296	402	25	30	6	7	191	306	74	59	1,125	1,000	1,000	1,322	666
50—55	370	457	22	17	9	4	229	384	110	52	1,250	800	500	1,692	480
55—60	376	610	...	20	47	...	282	570	47	20	833	...	...	155	333
60 and over	804	1,264	36	13	...	27	648	1,188	120	36	1,837	428	...	2,145	348

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—*Number afflicted per 100,000 persons of each Caste and number of Females afflicted per 1,000 Males.*

Caste.	NUMBER AFFLICTED PER 100,000.										NUMBER OF FEMALES AFFLICTED PER 1,000 MALES.				
	TOTAL AFFLICTED.		INSANE.		DEAF-MUTE.		BLIND.		LEPER.		Total afflicted.	Insane.	Deaf-mute.	Blind.	Leper.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Total ...	70	57	10	3	6	4	43	49	11	1	779	309	656	1,071	91
Ajna ...	303	89	43	...	...	...	130	44	130	45	293	...	...	338	346
Bania ...	125	150	...	15	11	15	103	120	11	...	1,200	...	1,363	1,165	...
Agarwal ...	432	207	...	...	...	69	370	138	62	...	479	...	...	373	...
Gahoi ...	...	226	...	...	...	...	...	226	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mahesri ...	35	251	...	...	...	...	35	251	...	...	7,171	...	...	7,171	...
Oswal ...	34	...	...	...	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Porwal ...	256	296	...	148	128	...	128	148	...	...	1,156	...	...	1,156	...
Bhat ...	528	1,161	132	166	...	...	396	995	...	...	2,198	1,257	...	2,512	...
Bhil ...	104	152	6	11	11	6	41	135	46	...	1,461	1,833	545	3,292	...
Brahman ...	1,005	478	346	19	214	19	412	421	33	19	475	55	88	1,021	575
Bhagor ...	450	1,970	...	...	450	...	...	1,970	...	...	4,377	...	...	...	...
Jijhotia ...	5,059	2,414	1,488	...	595	...	2,678	2,414	298	...	4,800	...	...	901	...
Sanadhya ...	416	403	41	50	41	50	334	303	...	...	968	1,219	1,219	907	...
Sarwaria ...	3,241	361	1,944	...	1,297	...	...	361	...	...	111	...	...	...	...
Shrigaud ...	544	204	136	...	45	...	318	187	45	47	374	...	...	...	...
Shrimali ...	352	...	...	...	...	...	352	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chamar ...	197	108	26	15	15	5	146	83	10	5	548	577	333	568	500
Dhangar ...	291	...	73	...	...	...	218	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gond ...	311	46	...	...	...	...	207	46	104	...	147	...	...	222	...
Gujar ...	290	236	14	...	28	7	220	229	28	...	813	...	250	1,040	...
Kachera ...	...	145	...	145	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khangar ...	...	233	...	...	...	...	...	233	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maratha ...	244	178	92	36	...	...	122	142	30	...	729	391	...	1,163	...
Pathan ...	338	164	12	...	12	...	190	164	124	...	485	...	...	863	...
Rajput ...	742	1,338	68	23	11	71	503	1,198	160	46	1,803	338	6,454	2,381	287
Baghela ...	7,692	2,500	1,923	...	961	1,250	3,847	1,250	961	...	324	...	1,300	324	...
Bundela ...	1,053	948	...	...	...	...	1,053	948	...	...	900	...	...	900	...
Chauhan ...	112	172	...	...	...	86	112	...	86	...	1,535	...	...	...	...
Dikhit ...	1,111	...	...	...	...	...	1,111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gahlot ...	4,794	5,309	685	885	1,369	...	2,055	4,424	685	...	1,107	1,291	...	2,152	...
Ponwar ...	78	230	78	...	...	...	...	115	...	115	2,948	...	...	...	...
Rathod ...	311	168	31	...	...	...	187	168	93	...	540	...	...	898	...
Tonwar ...	202	...	101	...	...	...	...	...	101	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sondhia ...	129	291	9	17	9	...	68	274	43	...	2,255	1,888	...	4,027	...
Saiyad ...	114	195	38	...	38	38	...	157	38	...	1,710	...	...	242	...
Shaikh ...	178	168	17	21	17	...	127	147	17	...	947	1,235	...	1,157	...

CHAPTER XI.

Caste, Tribe or Race.

Classification
of caste
entries.

101. The preparation of the Caste Table was next to that of occupations, the most difficult task in the whole course of the Census operations. It was not only that the number of castes in this State, where the districts are scattered and intermingled with the districts of other states of Central India and the British Provinces, containing entirely different caste-systems, is great, but the ignorant classes have very little idea as to what caste means and are prone to return either their occupation or their sub-caste, or their clan, or else some title by which they are known to their fellow-villagers. For Census purposes, a caste index was prepared on the results of last Census and circulated to all Census officers who were thus enabled to verify the entries in the caste column of the enumeration schedules and to advise the supervisors and enumerators whenever difficulties were met with. This index was found of the greatest possible use, and a proportion of the incorrect entries made by the enumerators, were eliminated before the Census was taken.

Accuracy of
return.

102. The return on this occasion is noticeably more accurate. The caste index together with the very complete instruction given in the Census schools has undoubtedly improved the return. There were far fewer doubtful entries and these were in practically every case, adjusted on reference.

In all 87 names of castes were recorded which comprise 1,000 or more individuals each. The classification adopted on this occasion in Subsidiary Table I, is that of traditional occupation, that is to say, a Bhil will be classed under Forest Hill tribes, etc., even if he is actually a sepoy in the army or a cart-driver and has never been a professional hunter or fowler.

Definition
of caste.

103. It may be noted that endogamy, traditional occupation and a common origin are the three principles on which caste is based. According to the Census Report for India of 1901, a caste is an endogamous group, or a collection of such groups as by reason of similarity of traditional occupation and reputed origin, are generally regarded, by those of their countrymen who are competent to give an opinion, as forming a single homogenous community, the constituent parts of which are more nearly related to each other than they are to any other section of the society. Thus it is not enough to say that a Brahman at the present day cannot marry any woman who is not a Brahman, she must also belong to the same endogamous division of the Brahman caste.

Description.

104. The total number of castes or sections of the community recorded are given in the inset. The reduction in the number is solely due to better classification. Brahmans of all clans number 155,463 forming 18 per cent. of the Hindu population and 15 per cent. of the total population. Among them the Gujratis are the most numerous, while Kanaujias, Gujargaur, Palliwal, Saraswat and Shrigaud follow. Rajputs of all clans number 75,379 or 8 per cent. of the Hindu and 7 per cent. of the total population; the

Religion.	1911.	1901.
Hindu ...	88	161
Jain ...	7	16
Animist ...	6	8
Musalman ...	17	25
Total...	118	210

Raghubansis are the most numerous clan returned. The Bania community, Jain and Hindu numbers 59,518 and forms 6 per cent. of the total population, the Saraogi being the most numerous, while Oswal stands the next. Of remaining castes Chamars (39,514) far exceed all other forming 4 per cent. of the whole population, Gujar (28,455), Balai (27,368), Sutar (23,142), Beldar (21,121), Bharud (20,646), Sondhia (17,567), Nai (17,503), Korku (17,355), Kalota (17,078) and Khāti (16,196) the following.

A decrease of 38 per cent. has occurred among Ahirs as compared with the figure of 1901. This is due mainly to the fact that the Bharuds, who follow the same profession in the Bhil country were induced in Ahirs in 1901.

Ahir.

This caste has risen by 12 per cent. since 1901. This increase is chiefly found in Rampura-Bhanpura district. This is a wandering tribe, and the variation is affected by their constantly changing their place of residence from one part of the country to another.

Bagri.

This class shows a decrease of 55 per cent. The decrease is found in all the districts. Latterly this class has taken to cultivation and working in ginning factories and mills and they are extensively concealing their real caste as they rise. The Balais are also more or less allied with Basors, (Bansphor,) Dhobis, Kotwars, etc., who are all classed together in ordinary parlance, and were probably shown under the common term of Balai in 1901.

Balai.

An increase of 30 per cent. among Bansphors is due to the reasons noted above.

Bansphor.

This is a very doubtful caste entry at any time, as many persons are apt to be classed as Beldars because they work of coolies. The increase is extensively high and is caused apparently by the large Public Works in progress in the State of which there were none in 1901.

Beldar.

The explanation against Ahir will explain the increase.

Bharud.

Bairagi, Babaji and Gusain are all of the same class and are popularly called by any of these names. Taking all these three together, a rise of 12 per cent. has taken place since 1901. In the famine of 1900, these devotees rapidly disappeared from the stricken districts where begging was at a discount.

Bairagi.

The rise is enormously high and is chiefly found in Indore, Nimar and Rampura-Bhanpura districts and is due to more accurate enumeration.

Deswali.

Khatis are carpenters, and distinction is not always very carefully made between them and Badhai and Sutar, as they show a decrease by 16 per cent. since 1901, while the Sutaras show an increase extensively by 117 per cent.

Khati.

There is an increase of 71 per cent. since 1901, and is due to careful enumeration. Unless closely questioned these people invariably call themselves Rajputs.

Korku.

The increase is due to better enumeration. In 1901, most of them were simply shown as Rajputs.

Raghubansi.

Tambat, Tamera and Kasera all belong to one and the same occupational group, and their separation is not easy. Tambat is a Dekkani title for a worker in brass known in Malwa, Nimad and Nemawar as Tamera or Kasera.

Tambat.

The numerically important sections of this community are the Gujarati (16,915), Kanaujias (8,066), Gujargaur (6,221), Palliwal (4,561), Saraswat (3,566), Shrigaud (4,342), Sanadhya (4,385), and Audich (3,413) forming 33 per cent. of the local Brahman community. These groups are met with in all the districts, while the Shrigauds, Gujargauds and Audich are peculiar to Malwa and Nimar.

Brahmans.

Among the Rajputs the numerically important are the Raghubansi (12,642), Chauhan (3,829), Rathor (4,993), Jadon (2,811), and Ponwar (2,130), forming 65 per cent. of the total population of Rajputs. Chatri-Rajputs or Rajputs of poor clan belonging to no particular clan numbered 22,608. They form a large proportion of the agricultural population. It is not possible to show variations, as in 1901 these clans were not shown separately, except Raghubansi, and in their case the return was not complete.

Rajputs.

Here we have both Jain and Hindu members of the community who in many cases inter-marry freely and may, therefore, be taken as homogeneous groups. The Oswals (7,165) are the most numerous section of the community, while Mahesri (4,528) and Porwals (5,298) follow. Among these the Porwals alone show an increase of 168 per cent. since 1901. These differences are all due to the separate record of all castes. In 1901, they came under Bania.

Banias.

Other castes. Of the 43 castes in Subsidiary Table II, 22 show a rise since 1901. Among these as already mentioned, a very large difference is to be seen in some cases.

Animists. Among the Animistic tribes the Bhils who number (36,268) or 81 per cent. are the strongest, after them stand the Gond and Bhilala who form respectively 11 and 3 per cent.

Musalmans. Among Musalmans the Shaikhs are numerically the strongest. Next come the Pathans, Pinjara, Saiyad and Bohras. The Punjaras show enormous rise of 408 per cent.

New castes. 105. New castes are often formed by new settlements, being disconnected from their parent stock, they form new habits and customs which alienate them. The parent stock, moreover, is apt to suspect their strict adherence to caste rules, specially in marriage and refuse to recognise the connection.

The Chamars of the Jathwa sub-caste have begun to form themselves into a separate caste. These people came originally from Bharatpur and having taken to carpentry and manual work renounced all connection with their original caste. In the present Census these persons, who were found in Indore and Mhow, have been included under Chamars.

Caste and traditional occupation. 106. In theory, each caste has a distinctive occupation, but it does not follow, that this traditional occupation is practiced by its members. The traditional profession of the Brahmans is priesthood, but in practice they follow all manner of pursuits. Many are clerks, officers, cultivators, coolies, etc., while some are soldiers, lawyers, shop-keepers, and even day labourers.

107. Subsidiary Table I, gives caste and traditional occupations. The cultivating class stands first with about 19 per cent., following their traditional occupation, Forest and Hill tribes give 10 per cent., Priests following with 16 per cent., leather workers 4 per cent., and traders with 5 per cent., the rest fall below 5 per cent., only one in every 1,000 among astrologers and confectioners following their real trade.

CASTE GOVERNMENT.

108. All the functional groups and a majority of the inferior castes such as Kachchis, Gaolis, Dhobis, Chamars, etc., with the exception of a few tribes, as well as Brahmans and Rajputs are governed by Panchayats or standing caste committees which deal with breaches of caste rules and religious matters.

The chief object of a Panchayat is to regulate matters relating to the calling followed by the caste. It usually consists of a headman, called Chaudhari with the leading members of the community, not less than four, selected by him. Other castemen attend but not usually many. These men are the working members so to speak of the committee, although every caste-fellow has a right of voice in a Panchayat meeting. Among the inferior or less educated classes, where there is a lack of intelligent men all disputes are settled on the opinion of the headman and the selected members.

A full Panchayat of all castemen is, however, convened whenever the members consider it necessary to decide any important point relating to social or moral questions or whenever a party earnestly desires to place a matter before them for arbitration.

The subjects brought before this body concern matrimony, domestic affairs, restoration to caste or expulsion from it for misbehaviour or action contrary to rules, abduction of women, adultery, taking water and eating *Pakki* or *Kachchi Roti* of prohibited castes, following occupations considered derogatory to the caste, taking up work left unfinished by a casteman, for non-payment of his just demand by his employer and the like. Pending decision, the party in fault is temporarily placed out of caste. No casteman will eat, drink, or smoke with him or have any communication with him, and he may even be prevented from following his calling.

The members of the committee hear the complainant and the accused, examine witnesses, hold open discussion and finally decide by majority. The proceedings are generally oral.

The punishment usually awarded is either penance (*Prayaschit*) entailing a visit to the Ganges or some shrine for the purpose of bathing and washing away the sin, ex-communication, the giving of a caste feast, or a fine, the last being utilized in charitable gifts. For trifling matters, an apology with folded hands and bended head is considered sufficient.

In these days the influence of the Panchayats is decreasing, except among the inferior castes such as Gaolis, Dhobis, Bhangis, etc., there being an increasing tendency for each man to judge for himself. The younger and educated generation especially, imbued with western ideas, has commenced to marry more freely beyond the old caste restrictions, and to take food and drink anywhere, to visit Europe or America, and on their return quietly rejoin their caste-brethren without any *Prayaschit*.

CASTE CONTROL BY HINDU RAJAS.

109. In the time of Maharaja Tukoji Rao II a considerable control over caste matters was exercised by the Chief and even up to quite recent date there was a religious council at Indore appointed by the Maharaja composed of learned Shastris to whom important matters on caste questions were submitted. The decision of this council was final subject to the approval of the Maharaja. This control is now no longer exercised. However, there is still a committee of learned Shastris at Indore and caste questions are often put before this committee for its opinion by the general public of the State as well as from the adjoining districts of other States. The opinion thus given by this committee is valued next to that of the opinion given by the Benares (Kashi) Shastris on religious matters.

CASTE RESTRICTION.

110. A number of restrictions have been imposed by Hindu laws with respect to the life of a man. Although now-a-days many of these are not very strictly observed, the following may be mentioned as nominally binding on every person in the caste.

1. That he should not inter-marry with his own sub-caste.
2. That no girl should attain puberty before marriage, that is, she should be married before she passes the age of 12 years.
3. That a widow of a Brahman, Rajput or Bania should not remarry. Those who practise this were formerly considered degraded and no strict persons in the caste would hold communication with them, inter-marry, eat or drink with them.
4. That a man should not take food or drink from the hands of prohibited castes and castes lower than himself.
5. That he should not follow an occupation derogatory to his caste. The prohibition is never regarded as binding in these days as Brahmans and Banias now freely trade in wines and leather articles. The business, however, is supposed not to pollute them as they do not themselves make the articles. Castes such as Ahirs and Kumbis are prohibited from begging, others from scavenging stable service, shoe-making, etc.
6. The Malwi Brahmans and all Banias are prohibited from eating flesh and fish or drinking wine, fermented liquors and distilled water.
7. That they should not touch Mochis, Chamars, Dhobis, Domars, Bhangis, or Basors. If they do so, they must purify themselves by bathing and washing their clothes.
8. That they should not draw water from a well used by the above classes or allow them to draw water from their own wells.

111. Within the last twenty years, conditions have materially changed and though to a great extent, easy communication has increased the cohesion between different sections of the same community, at the same time caste restrictions are not so strictly adhered to. The first distinction to go was dress. Distinctive caste dress has almost wholly disappeared among educated classes of the younger generation. The *Pagri* has been replaced by a felt cap, *Sapha* and even solar hats, the *Angarkha* by coats of European cut, the *Kurta* and *Bandi* by shirts, *Pajamas* and *Dhotis* by trousers, native *Juta* by English shoes and boots and so on. Added to these, is the practice of shaving after the western fashion which gives no indication as to whether the person is a Hindu, Musalman, Anglo-Indian or Parsi, still less whether he is a Brahman, Rajput, Nai, Teli, etc. Formerly a man's caste could be distinguished at a glance by his peculiar dress. Travelling by rail and education, in schools and colleges, where all castes sit on one bench has done away with pollution by touch or proximity, while public institutions such as hospitals, jails and boarding houses do not respect caste restrictions. Coming in contact with western education and ideas, restrictions of food and drink have gone out of fashion and now high and low castes dine freely in public refreshment rooms served by Christians, Musalmans and even low caste Hindus, while articles of food made in Europe and imported are generally eaten.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*Castes classified according to their Traditional Occupation.*

Group and caste.	Strength.	Group and caste.	Strength.	Group and caste.	Strength.
1	2	1	2	1	2
Labourers and cul- tivators. }	196,442/195	Dhimar ...	3,347	Glaze and lac workers,	3,607
Ajna ...	4,547	Kahar ...	5,615	Kachera, lakhra, etc. ...	3,607
Bharud ...	21,572	Others ...	5,985	Blacksmiths ...	10,286/10
Dangi ...	5,144	Priests and Devotees, 163,329/162	6,435	Lehar ...	9,786
Dhakad ...	8,156	Bairagi ...	155,463	Others ...	500
Gujar ...	28,455	Brahman ...	1,431	Gold and silver smiths,	6,355/6
Jat ...	8,736	Others ...	1,361/1	Sonar ...	6,355
Kachhi ...	12,761	Genealogists ...	1,361	Brass and copper }	2,706/3
Kalota ...	17,078	Bhat ...	989	smiths. }	2,706
Khatri ...	16,196	Writers ...	989	Tambat ...	2,203/2
Kulmi ...	12,754	All castes ...	989	Confectioners and }	2,203
Lodhi ...	3,989	Musicians, singers, }	9,099/9	grain parchers. }	15,613/15
Mali ...	13,852	dancers, etc. }	3,372	Bharbhunja and	15,613
Mina ...	1,310	Dholi ...	5,727	Halvai.	11,371/11
Sondhia ...	17,567	Others ...	50,616/50	Oil pressers ...	5,558
Others ...	25,169	Traders and pedlars,	48,638	Teli ...	5,813
Military and Do- }	84,834/84	Bania ...	1,934	Toddy drawers and }	5,159/1
minant. }		Behora ...	44	distillers. }	1,159
Rajputs ...	75,379	Others ...	23,965/23	Kalal ...	40,531/40
Maratha ...	6,083	Carriers by pack }	10,880	Gandhi ...	39,514
Others ...	3,372	animals. }	13,085	Others ...	1,017
Forest hill tribes, }	80,058/79	Bania ...	17,503/17	Basket and mat }	2,769/3
hunters and }		Others ...	17,503	makers. }	651
fowlers }		Barbers ...	5,950/5	Basor ...	2,118
Bagri ...	6,796	Nai ...	31,554/31	Bargunda ...	21,121/20
Bhil ...	36,268	Washermen ...	1,171	Beldar ...	21,121
Bhilala ...	1,079	Dhebi ...	6,287	Village watchmen }	34,041/33
Gond ...	5,029	Weavers, carders }	24,096	and menials. }	27,368
Korku ...	18,548	and dyers. }	7,487	Mankar ...	2,163
Pardhi ...	328	Chippra ...	8,057/8	Others ...	4,510
Patlia ...	12,010	Koli ...	23,142/23	Sweepers ...	5,176/5
Graziers and Dairy- }	14,180/14	Others ...	23,142	Bhangi ...	99,077/98
men. }		Sutar ...	645	Others ...	
Ahir ...	8,533	Masons ...	16,119/16		
Gadaria ...	3,882	Shilawat ...	16,119		
Gaoli ...	3,745	Potters ...			
Fishermen, boat- }	24,018/23	Kumhar ...			
men and palki }					
bearers. }					
Bhoi ...	9,071				

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—*Variation in Caste, Tribe, etc., since 1901.*

Caste, tribe or race.	PERSONS.		Percentage of variation, increase or decrease.	Caste, tribe or race.	PERSONS.		Percentage of variation, increase or decrease.
	1901.	1911.			1901.	1911.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Ahir ...	10,571	6,533	-38.19	Kasai ...	306	1,159	+277.45
Ajwa ...	4,727	11,547	+3.81	Koli ...	5,516	6,287	+13.97
Bagri ...	6,029	6,796	+12.72	Korku ...	4,987	8,548	+71.60
Bairagi ...	5,696	6,435	+12.97				
Balal ...	61,087	27,368	-55.51				
Bania Agarwal	3,418	3,335	-2.42	Rajput Porwar		2,130	
" Gahoi	...	946	...	" Rajhubansi		20,446	
" Mahesri	3,797	4,528	+19.25	" Rathod		2,227	
" Oswal	7,856	7,155	-8.79	" Solanki	34,800	4,993	-7.12
" Porwal	1,971	5,298	+168.79	" Thakur		1,489	
" Bajjara	15,397	13,085	-15.01	" Tonwar		1,035	
Bansphore	499	651	+30.46				
Beldar	4,890	21,121	+331.92				
Bhangri	530	5,176	+876.60				
Bharud	3,291	5,572	+69.31	Sonar	6,625	6,355	-4.07
Bhat	5,101	1,861	-73.31	Sondhia	21,218	17,567	-17.27
Dholi	2,788	3,372	+20.94	Sutar	10,640	28,142	+117.5
Gadaria	5,727	3,882	-32.27				
Gadli	7,463	3,745	-49.81	Tamboli	2,867	2,706	-5.61
Gond	4,703	5,029	+6.93	Teli	12,904	15,613	+20.99
Gujar	28,807	28,455	-1.22				
Jat	9,199	8,736	-5.03				
Kachhi	10,029	12,761	+27.24	Musalman Bohora	4,498	4,934	+9.69
Kahar	4,720	5,615	+18.96	" Mughal	1,816	533	-70.64
Kalal	4,883	5,558	+13.82	" Pathan	19,219	15,105	-21.40
Kalota	12,462	17,078	+37.04	" Pinjara	2,275	11,578	+408.92
Khangar	768	736	-4.16	" Saiyad	3,066	5,151	+68.00
Khati	19,469	16,196	-16.81	" Shaikh	26,213	21,350	-18.93

CHAPTER XII.

Occupation.

112. The statistics regarding occupations will be found in Tables XV and XVI and the Subsidiary Tables at the end of the Chapter. Table XV is divided into four parts in which the general principles underlying the arrangement are as under:—

(a.)—General summary showing the number of persons following each occupation given in the classified scheme of occupations, to be presently referred to, in the Indore State, as a whole, in the Districts, and the City of Indore. That is, a man is classified according to his principal occupation, while except partial dependency on agriculture no subsidiary occupations are concerned in this part. While in parts B and C subsidiary occupations are dealt with.

(b.)—Gives the subsidiary occupations of agriculturists who are actual workers, they being classed as:—

1. Rent receivers (Landlord),
2. Rent payers (Actual cultivators),
3. Farm servants and field labourers.

(c.)—Shows distribution of occupations by religions.

(d.)—Gives statistics regarding industrial undertakings employing 20 or more persons at the date of the Census.

In Table XVI occupation is combined with caste. Only certain selected castes are dealt with; and for each of these the actual workers are distributed according to the 12 main heads corresponding to the Sub-classes of the scheme of classification given in Table XV-A; these heads have been subdivided, where necessary, columns 6 and 7 throw light on the extent to which traditional caste occupations are followed, while column 8 is intended to make it possible to discount the tendency of functional castes to return their traditional occupations as their principal means of livelihood. The figures in column 9 inward are exclusive of those shown in column 6.

Scheme of
classification.

113. The scheme of classification adopted on this occasion was entirely different from that employed in 1901. The system followed on that occasion divided occupations into 24 orders and 520 groups, and was admittedly far too elaborate, while that followed on this occasion divided all occupations into 4 classes, 12 sub-classes, 55 orders and 169 groups. It is based on the theory of Monsieur Bertillon a well-known French statistician. This system attempts to secure uniformity in the record of occupational statistics throughout the world, so that results may be comparable. To enable this to be carried out some elasticity is necessary and hence three forms of classification are employed. The first is very condensed and contains only 61 heads, the second reproduces some of the general headings and sub-divides them, and a third form makes a still more minute sub-division. While there are strong objections to changing a scheme of classification once adopted there can be no two opinions on the advantages which the present has over that hitherto pursued. Statistics which are comparable only with similar statistics for previous years collected in the same region are far less valuable than those which are recorded on such lines as to make general comparison possible with statistics of the same class of occupation collected in other States and parts of the world. Another advantage of the present system is its far greater simplicity.

M. Bertillon's
Scheme.

114. The essence of M. Bertillon's scheme is that the main divisions of classes and sub-classes must be retained in order that the statistics may be comparable with those of other communities, while the minor sub-divisions can be adapted to local circumstances.

115. No class of entries in a Census record give such opportunities for error as that of occupation. Very particular attention was paid to the directions issued and the instructions given to the enumerators in the schools on the recording of this information. Three columns had to be filled in :—

Accuracy of record.

Columns 9.—Principal occupation of Actual workers.

„ 10.—Subsidiary occupation of Actual workers.

„ 11.—Means of subsistence of dependents on workers.

By means of detailed instruction and much training before the Census all that was possible was done to ensure accuracy and the return shows an enormous advance on that of 1901, which was the first occasion in which such a record had been attempted.

116. In this respect the following limitations should be taken into consideration before discussing the statistics of occupation. They are seven in all :—

Limitations of the return.

- (i) It must be borne in mind that these returns refer to the state of affairs in a single day in a certain month, industries which are seasonable, therefore, may possibly not be recorded at all. As regards the month, in which this Census was taken, viz., March, the following occupations are in abeyance, agricultural occupations generally, grass cutting, ginning of cotton, and transport by carts.
- (ii)—Another cause is the difficulty of deciding what is actually a principal occupation in many cases. Numbers of people follow more than one pursuit as a means of livelihood; thus fishermen are always boatmen; Chaukidars are generally cultivators; landlords often money-lenders, the caprice of the person enumerated, or the views of Census officials may affect the result in such instances.
- (iii)—Mixed occupations again cause confusion and in the case of agricultural peasants this is particularly so, a rent payer may also receive rents from others, a man may own a field but also work for another.
- (iv)—Vague entries are also a source of trouble, but these were comparatively few on this occasion great stress being laid on the necessity of specification and the uselessness of entries such as “clerk,” “shop-keeper,” “railway employee,” and the like.
- (v)—Errors in the entries are likely owing to the confusion between a man's actual and traditional occupation, which he may not be actually following at all, or may only follow as a subsidiary calling. Another fruitful source of mistake was the entry as a dependent of a man who was working as the servant of some other person, while the entries in the case of the members of a man's household, who, actually assisted him in his occupation, often gave rise to difficulty.
- (vi)—Makers and sellers are often indistinguishable and in most cases are one and the same person, thus a fisherman catches and sells fish, a butcher kills animals and sells their flesh.
- (vii)—Errors in compilation were minimised by the fact that all the tabulation was done under the supervision of the Census Superintendent and any errors of classification made were at any rate constant, moreover no abbreviations were allowed, which obviated the error so often caused by the use of abbreviated entries in cases where an occupation lengthily described really approximated only in class to one of those indicated by an abbreviation.

117. Careful re-examination brought a few discrepancies to light which were adjusted by referring back.

General conclusion.

118. On the whole the return is probably as accurate as any such return can well be the taking of a Census being obviously not suited to a really accurate record of so complicated a return. The classes and sub-classes and indeed almost all the orders may be accepted with confidence, but it is not possible to give equal credence to the groups.

General discussion of the result.

119. As would be expected agriculture leads, being 55 per cent. a head of any other pursuit; industry coming next with only 10 per cent. In the city, industry and trade take a leading place with 27 and 14 per cent. The artificial occupations of public administration and public forces coming next. No other sub-class can show double figures.

Natural divisions and occupations.

120. Turning to the Natural Divisions the Hilly Tract shows the highest figure for agriculture 59 per cent. the Plateau 53 and the Lowlying 41. As might be expected the more civilised Plateau tract returns the highest percentage for industry, (10) commerce (6) and the professions (1) while the Hilly tract shows a rather lower percentage (8), (5) and (1) respectively than the Plateau. The Lowlying tract being very small is left out of discussion.

Comparison between the occupations of the city and the villages.

121. The population of the city of Indore fell considerably on account of the plague prevailing at the time of the actual Census and therefore, the proportions of occupations worked out from this result is only approximately comparable. Comparison between the occupations in villages and those in the city shews that occupations in the latter have distinctly urban characteristics while those in villages and the other so-called towns, which are merely over grown villages, are practically rural. As a rule agriculture is the prevailing occupation in all villages, while the industries, service in the public administration, domestic service, arts and professions are found in the city.

The statistics of occupations usually followed in rural and urban areas will be found in the Subsidiary Table I at the end of the chapter.

122. In villages most of the people are supported by village occupations. Moreover, the occupations are largely hereditary, a Kunbi will cultivate, a tailor will sew clothes, a barber will shave, a potter will make earthen vessels and the like and receive in return their recognised share of grain when the crop is reaped. At marriages and similar ceremonies and dinner parties they also receive food, money, presents and clothes. Thus the inhabitants of villages still to a great extent from within themselves an organised community which is capable of supplying most local needs.

The chief urban occupations are those given below:—

Occupation.	Number supported per 1,000 in.	
	Indore State.	City.
Public force ...	13	132
Public administration ...	11	216
Domestic Service ...	16	15
Agriculture ...	551	26
Pasture ...	31	29
Textile industry ...	3	29
Food industries ...	19	43
Industries of dress and the toilet ...	27	58
Professions and liberal arts ...	8	36
Persons living on their own income	16	38

Workers and dependents.

Agriculture here supports only 3 per cent. whereas public force, public administration, industries and professions give employment to a very large number of persons.

The fact that plague was rife in the City of Indore and Sanawad town, has however, materially affected this return.

123. Subsidiary Table I shows actual workers and dependents for all Sub-classes and Orders. From this it will be seen that the number of

actual workers and dependents for Indore State as a whole is practically equal to that of Class A, viz., 64 workers and 36 dependents in every 100 of the population. The largest number of dependents is found under Sub-class III, Order 9 metals, (67), Sub-class V, Order 36 Trade in building materials (62), but the total figures under these heads are so very small that a slight variation causes a large difference. As a rule dependents are in a minority but, under Banks and Brokerage (V-24-25) the reverse is the case as also in the professions (VIII) and persons living on their incomes (IX).

The lowest return occurs in the case of inmates of jails and asylums and beggars, vagrants and prostitutes (XII-54-55).

124. The first order "Pasture and Agriculture" supports 602,326 persons or 60 per cent. of the population and gives occupation to 38 per cent. of the actual workers of the community. The importance of this order has necessitated its being Sub-divided into 5 Sub-orders, though none of the remaining 54 orders is so treated. It is still further divided into 13 groups.

The figures under Pastoral and Agricultural pursuits has risen from 3,36,852 in 1901 to 6,02,326 in 1911, an increase of just over 78 per cent. This is easily accounted for by the general progress which has taken place since 1903 by the introduction of the new settlement and other reforms and the unfavourable conditions obtaining in 1899-1900 just before the Census of 1901 was taken.

125. The inset Table shows an increase among Landlords attributable

Landlords.		Percentage of variation.
1911.	1901.	
3,873	3,283	+17.9

mainly to the new settlement under which a considerable number of rent receivers and rent payers have come from other parts of the country and settled in the State.

126. The term "ordinary cultivators" refers to those who grow the field

CULTIVATORS.		Percentage of variation.
1911.	1901.	
336,935	265,078	+27.1

crops and staple products of the season as distinct from gardeners, tea planters, etc. It would have been better probably to have used some term such as "Growers of staple products and ordinary crops" as the sub-order "Ordinary cultivator" which includes landlords, managers and cultivators of ordinary crops and also of special products is apt to be confused with it. There has been a rise of 27 per cent. in this Group in part due to the

inclusion of persons of the landlord class and in part to the improved agricultural conditions obtaining during the years preceding the Census.

The inset gives the seven principal sub-classes. Examination of these

Sub-class.	Number per mille.
III.—Industry ...	95
V.—Trade ...	47
X.—Domestic service ...	15
VI.—Public force ...	12
VII.—Public administration ...	11
VIII.—Professions and liberal arts ...	9
IV.—Transport ...	8

figures in detail shews that "Industries of dress and the toilet (272)" per 10,000 "Trade in food stuffs (251)" "Wood (103)" "Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences (73)." "Metal industries (68)" "Trade in textiles (53)," "Hotels, cafes, etc., (45)" are the most important. This is due to land grants made to barbers, blacksmiths and other village servants, those engaged in fishing and hunting all cultivate. While "Trade in food stuffs" includes "Sellers of milk and butter"

"dealers in sheep and goats" who invariably own land.

127. The natural Division figures are also interesting. They show that those who belong to professions, Industry, Trade and Transport in the Hilly tract engage more in agriculture than the Plateau tract owing to a smaller development of industrial concerns. In the case of all other occupations the Plateau tract has the highest figures.

128. The details as regards persons following agriculture as the principal means of livelihood are brought out in Table XV-B. Rent receivers (Landlords) Rent-payers (Tenants) and Farm servants and Labourers. Of Landlords 287 in every 10,000 of the population are also payers of rent, while 361 are money-lenders and grain-dealers. The remaining figures are insignificant. It shows how the land lies almost entirely in the hands of agricultural classes. Of the rent-payers (cultivators) practically none follows any other occupation, though a few receive rent and some are petty shop-keepers or breeders of cattle. Among farm servants none follows any occupation save general labour.

Agricultural occupation.

Landlords.

Cultivators.

Pasture.	The total number engaged in raising animals is 31,180 or 3 per cent. of the total population. In 1901 stock breeding and dealing were not separated and the comparative figures are very approximate therefore.		
	PASTORAL.		Percentage of variation.
	1911	1901	
	31,180	11,804	+164.1
Fishing and Hunting.	This form of occupation supports 2,728 persons or below 1 per cent. and shows a fall of 15 per cent. since 1901 (3,233). This fall is due to many Bhils in the jungle tracts having become regular cultivators.		
Mining.	In the State mining is practically not in existence. Steps are however, being taken to develop this class of industry. A scientific economic survey of the mineral deposits is being made, and there is every likelihood that this industry will develop some day, at any rate in parts of the State which are free from Traprock.		
Industry.	This is the most important sub-class next to agriculture. Over 95,914 persons are supported by the groups which fall under this order or 95 per 1,000 of the population. The most important industries are noted in the inset. Industries of dress and the toilet thus support just over one-third of the total industrial population.		
	Order.	Number supported per 1,000.	
	13. Industries of dress and the toilet ...	27	
	12. Food industries ...	19	
	8. Wood ...	10	
	10. Ceramics ...	9	
	18. Industries of luxury ...	7	
	9. Metals ...	7	
	15. Building industries ...	4	
	19. Industries concerned with refuse matter ...	4	
	6. Textiles ...	4	
Textile.	Among the textile industries cotton spinning and weaving takes the first place with 3,523 persons or 4 per thousand of the population. Of these most are workers at hand looms, weavers of fine muslin (saris, etc.) for which Maheshwar is still noted.		
Hides Skins, etc.	Industries connected with hides, skins and hard animal substances support 3,213 persons or 3 per mille of the population all of whom are either tanners or leather workers, exclusive of shoe-makers who are shown under order 13. The work they do is of a primitive kind there being no scientifically managed tannery in the State, skins being tanned in the usual way with babul bark solution.		
Bone.	The bone industry is quite in its infancy.		
Wood.	This is a most important occupation giving support to 10,379 persons or 10, per 1,000 of the population. It includes sawyers, carpenters, turners, joiners, etc.		
	The term Badhai or carpenter is, however, a general term for the man who does all village work such as mending wooden agricultural implements, assisting to build houses, etc., while the turners make charpoy legs, swings, cradles, etc. Wood carving is also a part of this industry.		
Metal.	Metal workers number 6,823 and form 9 per 1,000 of the population. The most numerous group is that of "other workers in iron, etc., (5,627)" workers in brass and copper being next in numerical strength (1,196). The most numerous class includes the Lohars or village blacksmiths who make and repair the iron implements used by the agriculturist, while the brass and copper workers manufacture and mend the necessary household pots and pans.		
Ceramics.	Ceramics support 8,940 persons or 9 per thousand of the population, 6,172 of whom are potters.		
Chemical products.	Only the Teli class falls under this head which engages 1,142 persons in refining vegetable oils.		
Food industries.	Food industries number 18,644 or 19 per 1,000 of the population, of whom most fall under flour-grinders (6,702) and sweet-meat makers (5,430). The State is not a rice producing area and those returned in group 56 are all flour-grinders.		
Industries of dress and the toilet.	This is the most important of all the industries supporting 27,396 or 27 per 1,000 of the population for the most numerous class is that of barbers, etc., (9,659), shoe-makers (7,576), tailors (7,382) and dyers and cleaners (2,647) stand next in importance.		

A most insignificant number comes under this industry and probably these people are only domestic retainers who look after palace furniture and the like.

The building industry supports (4,194 of whom 2,369) are brick layers and masons.

This is also a small order. 114 out of the total 142 being saddlers and warren makers.

Only the State electric works in the city of Indore provide employment under this head.

The 7,410 supported are mostly jewellers (6,598).

These are the conservancy contractors, sweepers and scavengers (4,042).

Of the 8,469 persons supported by transport 7,853 carry on transport by land and of these 6,542 are carters, drivers, etc., of the rest 311 are met with on Railways and 305 in the post and Telegraph Service.

The 48,341 persons supported by trade are mainly traders in textiles (12,820) and shop-keepers, etc. (35,521),

Public administration in its various branches accounts for 49,229 persons. Of these 5,180 are in the Military Service of the State; 1,468 being in the Imperial Service troops; police employ, 3,691, village watch men 4,130 and the various branches of the Public Administration 36,228 of whom 11,049 are officials of the Darbar.

The professions employ 4,447, of whom religion claims the greatest number (2,381). Among these priests, etc., number 1,531, mendicants 1,806 and catechists, etc., about 528.

Those with private incomes number 15,766. They are practically all land owners though some may have invested funds. A certain number are pensioners, etc.

This form of occupation supports 15,745 persons, and of these 14,889 are indoor servants.

The occupations of 112,290 persons were too insufficiently described to allow of their being classed. Of these 106,783 were workmen and labourers.

Jails, asylums and the like accounted for 609 out of the 72,507 whose occupations were unproductive; beggars complete the tale.

FACTORY STATISTICS.

129. So far no distinction has been made between factories and home industries. The information for factories has been collected in Table XV-D. which gives a return for all Factories, Mills, etc., which were employing 20 or more people on March 10th of 1911.

This Table, while it supplies very little material in itself, only 4,828 persons being supported by work in factories shows to what a small extent industrial enterprise has spread in the State. Only 39 institutions were working. The Weaving Mills at Indore employed the largest individual number of hands (2,234). All of them employ steam wholly or in part. Out of these 34 deal only with cotton and that by various processes. Of these employed 3,731 are males and 1,097 are females. The supervision is in the hands of 8 Europeans and Anglo-Indians and 236 Indians. They employ 2,166 skilled labourers, who number 1,934 males and 232 females, of the unskilled labourers who number 1,576 males and 842 females, 2,062 are over and 356 are under 14 years of age.

130. Table XV-C. shows occupations by religions for the 12 sub-classes.

Hindus predominate showing much the same ratios as the whole population, of this religion 62 per cent. follow agricultural and pastoral pursuits and 8 per cent. industry (sub-class III).

Furniture industries.

Building.

Construction of means of transport.

Production and transmission of physical forces. Industries of luxuries. Industries concerned with refuse matter. Transport.

Trade.

Public administration.

Professions.

Persons with private incomes.

Domestic service.

Insufficiently described occupations.

Unproductive.

Occupation and religion.

The Musalmans are found equally engaged in Agriculture and Trade 15 per cent. and 7 per cent. are employed in the army and Police as against the 1 per cent. of Hindus.

Animists are almost all engaged in agricultural and pastoral pursuits, 96 per cent. falling under sub-class I.

Jains, as would be expected, follow trade chiefly, 53 per cent. falling under sub-class V, while 27 per cent. follow agriculture.

Among the religions "Christians" and "Others" being very few are of no interest.

Caste and
occupation.

131. Table XVI deals with occupation and caste. This shows that now a days no caste adheres strictly to its traditional occupation if indeed it ever did do so.

DECAYING INDUSTRIES.

132. Modern conditions have resulted in the decay of many industries once in a flourishing State.

Teli. The oil pressing industry has decayed largely owing to the export of the seed and the impossibility of competing with modern machines. Kerosine oil, moreover, has ousted country oil to a great extent as an illuminant. Country oil was formerly used universally by classes who now buy imported oils. The Telis are taking to agriculture, merchandise, preparation of food stuffs, etc.

Kumhar. The country potter finds that cheap China, empty kerosine oil tins and enamelled ware are taking the place of earthen vessels. Agriculture, water carrying and mercantile business are now followed freely by Kumhars.

Arms. The maker of arms has been almost wholly ousted under modern conditions. They now enter the public service or become carpenters and black smiths.

Patwas. The Patwas find cheap imported ornaments are interfering seriously with this trade.

Stone workers. Iron articles are replacing stone cut grills, balconies and the like.

Badhais. The old form of transport in *palkis*, palanquins and the picturesque and often highly ornamented bullock *rath* used by the rich, has been superseded by motors and modern carriages, hence the manufacture of these means of conveyance is yearly diminishing.

Weaving. Fine weaving, for which Maheshwar, was famous has lost its position in competition with imported cloth. Imported thread has also affected thread makers.

Chhipa. The importation of European goods has seriously injured the stamped cloth industry.

Barudgar. Powder except for fire works is now scarcely made any where and even fire works are to some extent imported.

FEMALE OCCUPATIONS.

133. The actual workers number 433,781 males and 231,774 females in the State as a whole, therefore, in every 1,000 actual workers 534 are females.

The orders in which occupations are chiefly feminine are given in the inset.

Order, group and occupation.			Number of females per 1,000 males.
12	56	Flour-grinders,	2,008
1	8	Fire wood ...	420
48	155	Midwives ...	175
12	62	Sugar-making ...	271

Certain occupations are almost monopolised by females; these are flour-grinding, midwifery, sugar-making, toilet industries, toy making and the wood trade. In no case, however, is the total population engaged large. Among occupations in which women take a large share are basket-making in which there

are 91 women to 100 men, potters (49), sweepers (50), brick and tile makers, (81) dealers in grass (85).

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—General Distribution by Occupation.

Class, sub-class and order.	Number per 10,000 of total population.		Percentage in each class, sub-class and order of		Percentage of actual workers employed.		Percentage of dependents to actual workers.	
	Persons supported.	Actual workers.	Actual workers.	Dependents.	In cities.	In rural areas.	In cities.	In rural areas.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
INDORE STATE	10,000	8,604	66	34	4	96	82	50
A.—Production of raw materials	6,006	3,818	64	36	...	100	67	57
I.—Exploitation of surface of the earth ...	6,003	3,816	63	37	...	100	70	57
1. Pasture and agriculture.	5,976	3,800	63	37	...	100	70	57
2. Fishing and hunting	27	16	58	42	16	84	66	75
II.—Extraction of minerals	3	2	73	27	60	40	61	...
3. Mines @	3	2	73	27	60	40	61	...
4. Quarries of hard rocks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Salt, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances,	1,515	869	57	43	12	88	76	74
III.—Industry	952	537	56	44	12	88	76	77
6. Textiles	35	25	71	29	35	65	48	37
7. Hides skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom	32	18	56	44	8	92	86	77
8. Wood	103	70	68	32	11	89	62	44
9. Metals	68	22	33	67	24	76	138	224
10. Ceramics	89	59	65	34	11	89	59	49
11. Chemical production	11	8	69	31	13	87	86	38
12. Food industries	185	111	60	40	12	88	60	68
13. Industries of dress... ..	272	141	52	48	8	92	94	92
14. Furniture industries	...	...	61	39	100	...	64	...
15. Building industries... ..	42	21	51	49	8	92	112	93
16. Construction of means of transport ...	1	1	57	43	100	...	75	...
17. Production and transmission of physical forces	...	...	64	36	100	...	55	...
18. Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences ...	74	34	45	55	15	85	102	123
19. Industries concerned with refuse matter ...	40	27	67	33	10	90	58	47
IV.—Transport	84	50	59	41	11	89	57	72
20. Transport by water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Transport by road	78	46	59	41	11	89	49	71
22. Transport by rail	3	2	57	43	8	92	126	70
23. Post Telegraph and Telephone services ...	3	2	43	57	15	85	186	121
V.—Trade	479	282	59	41	2	92	80	68
24. Banks establishments of credit exchange and insurance	4	2	57	43	55	45	65	89
25. Brokerage, commission and export	4	2	54	46	17	83	65	90
26. Trade in textiles	53	32	60	40	9	91	99	64
27. Trade in skins, leather and furs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28. Trade in wood	1	1	52	48	100	...	93	...
29. Trade in metals	7	4	56	44	8	92	40	81
30. Trade in pottery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31. Trade in chemical products	18	9	48	52	8	92	71	110
32. Hotels, cafes, restaurants etc.	45	18	41	59	13	87	128	147
33. Other trade in food stuffs	251	145	58	42	8	92	66	73
34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles ...	60	48	80	20	8	92	47	22
35. Trade in furniture	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36. Trade in building materials	1	...	38	62	14	86	220	153
37. Trade in means of transport	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38. Trade in fuel	12	8	68	34	10	90	167	37
39. Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and arts and sciences ...	14	8	54	46	42	58	112	62
40. Trade in refuse matter	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41. Trade of other sorts	9	5	51	49	10	90	66	98

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—*General Distribution by Occupation.*—(concluded.)

Class, sub-class and order.	Number per 10,000 of total population.		Percentage in each class, sub-class and order of		Percentage of actual workers employed.		Percentage of dependents to actual workers.	
	Persons sup-ported.	Actual workers.	Actual workers.	Depend-ents.	In cities.	In rural areas.	In cities.	In rural areas.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>C.—Public administration and liberal arts</i> ...	489	211	43	57	44	56	104	153
VI.—Public force ...	129	62	48	52	48	52	102	118
42. Army ...	51	25	47	53	91	9	108	121
43. Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44. Police ...	78	37	48	52	20	80	76	117
VII.—Public administration ...	110	48	44	56	85	15	129	111
45. Public administration ...	110	48	44	56	85	15	129	111
VIII.—Professions and liberal arts ...	93	44	47	53	21	79	78	121
46. Religion ...	51	24	45	55	10	90	73	123
47. Law ...	14	6	43	57	16	84	183	125
48. Medicine ...	5	2	47	53	69	31	94	147
49. Instruction ...	10	4	43	57	38	62	64	172
50. Letters and arts of sciences ...	13	8	61	39	32	68	43	82
IX.—Persons living on their income ...	157	57	36	64	21	79	42	214
51. Persons living on their income ...	157	57	36	64	21	79	42	214
<i>D.—Miscellaneous</i> ...	1,930	1,706	85	15	1	99	38	16
X.—Domestic service ...	156	113	73	27	4	96	50	38
52. Domestic service ...	156	113	73	27	4	96	50	38
XI.—Insufficiently described occupations ...	1,114	904	81	19	1	99	38	23
53. General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation ...	1,114	904	81	19	1	99	38	23
XII.—Unproductive ...	720	689	96	4	1	99	30	4
54. Inmates of jails, asylums and hospitals ...	6	6	100	...	56	44	...	...
55. Beggars, vagrants and prostitutes ...	714	683	95	5	2	98	75	4

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II—*Distribution by Occupation in Natural Division.*

Occupation.	NUMBER PER mille OF TOTAL POPULATION SUPPORTED IN			
	Indore State.	Plateau.	Lowlying.	Hilly.
I	2	3	4	5
<i>Total</i> ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
I.—Exploitation of the surface of the earth ...	600	576	529	633
1.—(a) Agriculture ...	551	529	410	583
(1) Income from rent of agricultural land ...	4	4	2	4
(2) Ordinary cultivators ...	334	338	280	332
(3) Agents, managers of landed estates (not planters), clerks, rent collectors, etc. ...	1	1	1	1
(4) Farm servants and field labourers ...	211	186	126	246
(5) Tea, coffee and cinchona plantation ...	...	...	...	...
(6) Fruit, flower, vegetable, betel, vine arecanut, etc., growers ...	1	1	1	...
(b) Pasture ...	31	30	61	31
(9) Cattle and buffalo breeders and keepers ...	6	7	4	6
(10) Sheep, goat and pig breeders ...	3	2	5	2
(11) Breeders of other animals (horses, mules, camels, etc.) ...	...	...	...	...
(12) Herdsmen, shepherds, goatherds, etc. ...	22	21	52	23
(13) Birds, bees, silk worms, etc. ...	...	...	...	...
2.—Fishing and hunting ...	3	2	2	4
Others ...	15	14	56	15
II.—Extraction of minerals ...	...	...	...	...
III.—Industry ...	95	103	133	84
6. Textile industries ...	3	3	...	4
8 Wood industries ...	10	11	19	9
9. Metal industries ...	7	8	11	5
12. Food industries ...	19	21	22	15
13. Industries of dress and toilet ...	27	30	24	24
Other industries ...	29	30	57	27
IV.—Transport ...	9	9	13	7
V.—Trade ...	43	49	118	44
25. Trade in textile ...	5	6	14	5
32. Hotels, cafe, restaurants, etc. ...	5	4	22	4
33. Other trade in food stuffs ...	25	25	57	24
Other trade ...	13	14	25	11
VI.—Public force ...	13	18	12	6
VII.—Public administration ...	11	19	6	1
VIII.—Professions and liberal arts ...	8	10	29	8
IX.—Persons living on their income ...	16	17	29	14
X.—Domestic service ...	16	17	19	14
XI.—Insufficiently described occupation ...	112	113	87	111
XII. Unproductive ...	72	69	25	78

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—*Distribution of the Agricultural, Industrial, Commercial and Professional Population in Natural Divisions and Districts.*

Natural Division and District.	AGRICULTURE.				INDUSTRY INCLUDING MINES.				COMMERCE.				PROFESSIONS.				OTHER OCCUPATIONS.			
	Population supported by agricul- ture.	Proportion of agricultural popu- lation per 1,000 of Natural Division and District population.	Percentage on agricultural population.		Population supported by industry.	Proportion of industrial population per 1,000 of Natural Division and District population.	Percentage on industrial popu- lation.		Population supported by commerce.	Proportion of commercial popu- lation per 1,000 of Natural Division and District population.	Percentage on commercial popu- lation.		Population supported by profes- sion.	Proportion of professional popu- lation per 1,000 of Natural Division and District population.	Percentage on professional popu- lation.		Population supported by other occupations.	Proportion of other occupations fol- lowers per 1,000 of Natural Divi- sion and District population.	Percentage on other occupation followers of	
			Actual workers.	Dependents.			Actual workers.	Dependents.			Actual workers.	Dependents.			Actual workers.	Dependents.			Actual workers.	Dependents.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
INDORE STATE ...	555,837	551	63.6	36.4	96,221	96	56.5	43.5	56,810	56	58.8	41.2	9,413	10	47.2	52.8	289,575	287	75.8	24.2
1. Plateau ...	290,908	530	61.4	38.6	56,736	103	55.9	44.1	32,081	59	59.0	41.0	5,710	10	48.9	51.1	163,612	293	73.2	26.8
2. Lowlying ...	6,460	410	79.3	20.7	2,096	133	55.7	44.3	2,080	132	49.0	51.0	459	29	45.5	54.5	4,664	296	54.9	45.1
3. Hilly ...	258,469	584	65.7	34.3	37,389	84	54.8	45.2	22,649	51	59.5	40.5	3,244	7	44.6	55.4	121,299	274	80.1	19.9
1. Indore District ...	106,566	453	65.2	34.8	27,175	115	54.9	45.1	14,475	62	58.8	41.2	3,342	14	50.9	49.1	83,725	356	71.2	28.8
2. Mehidpur ...	65,730	542	51.9	48.1	13,400	111	56.8	43.2	7,989	66	59.9	40.1	1,097	9	46.8	53.2	33,027	272	77.7	22.3
3. Nemawar ...	53,550	566	72.2	27.8	9,522	100	56.3	43.7	6,629	70	61.8	38.2	953	10	39.5	60.5	23,946	254	74.1	25.9
4. Nimar ...	204,919	588	64.7	35.3	27,867	80	57.9	42.1	16,020	46	58.5	41.5	2,291	7	46.7	53.3	97,353	279	81.6	18.4
5. Rampura-Bhanpura	118,612	616	63.3	36.7	16,161	84	56.7	43.3	9,617	50	58.5	41.5	1,271	7	45.4	54.6	46,860	243	73.7	26.3
6. Alampur Fargana,	6,460	410	79.3	20.7	2,096	133	55.7	44.3	2,080	132	49.0	51.0	459	29	45.5	54.5	4,664	296	54.9	45.1
Indore City...	1,213	27	50.9	49.1	12,167	271	57.2	42.8	6,306	140	56.6	43.4	1,663	37	56.2	43.8	23,598	525	53.3	46.7

TABLE I.
Area, Houses and Population.

This Table shows for each Zila and Pargana the number of towns and villages, the number of occupied houses, and the total urban and rural population, male and female. It also gives similar particulars for the guaranteed and unguaranteed villages held by the Guaranteed Estate Holders from the Darbar, as also for the British Cantonment of Mhow and Civil Station of Indore Residency. The total figures include the population of portions of Railways traversing the Indore State. The figures for Indore city have been separately given in all Tables.

2. The area of the State Proper has been increased since 1901 by six square miles due to the addition of the Bhatkheri Estate which has lapsed to the State.

3. Since supplying figures for the Imperial Tables the Darbar have carried out a careful enquiry as to the exact number of villages and hamlets in each Pargana of the State. This has resulted in the absorption of hamlets and a reduction in the number of villages. The number of villages reported for incorporation in the Imperial Table was 3,727, whereas the special enquiry gives 3,537. This number has accordingly been entered in the State Tables I and III. As these Tables were printed after the publication of the Imperial Tables the figures in the two series do not agree.

4. The number of occupied houses has increased as compared with the figures of 1901 owing to the rigid adherence to the definition of a House which was adopted on this occasion as well as to the great increase in the Bhil population in the Nimar Zila.

5. For the purposes of Natural Divisions the State has been divided as under :—

Plateau.—All Parganas of the Ramapura-Bhanpura and Mehidpur Zilas and the Parganas of Depalpur, Indore, Mhow, Sawer, and the “ Divisional Forest Indore.”

Hilly.—All the Parganas of the Nimar and Nemawar Zilas and the Pargana of Petlawad in Indore Zila.

Lowlying.—The isolated Pargana of Alampur in Bundelkhand.

The area and population of these Divisions for the State Proper are as below :—

Natural divisions.	Area.	Towns.	Villages.			Occupied houses.	Population.		
			Total.	Inhabited.	Uninhabited.		Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
State Proper	9,506'00	9	4,265	3,537	728	236,061	1,007,856	517,501	490,355
Plateau ...	4,326'00	5	2,121	1,947	174	134,921	539,572	279,204	260,368
Hilly ...	5,143'00	4	2,119	1,565	554	98,065	452,525	230,230	222,295
Lowlying ...	37'00	...	25	25	...	3,075	15,759	8,067	7,692

TABLE

टेबल

Area, Houses

रकबा, मका

Serial number. नम्बर सिलसिला.	Pargana and Zila. परगना व ज़िला	Area in square miles. रकबा (मीलों में)			Towns. शहर या कस्बे.	Villages, मवाज़ियात			Occupied आबाद	
		Total मीज़ान	Urban. शहर में	Rural, देहात में		Total. मीज़ान	Inhabited. आबाद	Uninhabited. गैर आबाद	Total. मीज़ान	In towns कस्बों या शहरों में
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	STATE TOTAL	9,519'10	30'57	9,488'53	11	4,285	3,557	728	247,930	39,888
	(1) State proper	9,506'00	23'47	9,482'53	9	4,265	3,537	728	236,061	29,279
I	INDORE ZILA	1,570'00	8'28	1,561'72	1	730	683	47	60,787	14,975
1	Petlawad	...	...	...	...	40	40	...	2,346	...
2	Depalpur	...	...	...	...	172	172	...	13,126	...
3	Sawer	...	...	...	...	166	163	3	9,330	...
4	Indore	...	...	...	...	150	141	9	11,810	...
5	Indore City	8'28	8'28	...	1	...	...	...	14,975	14,975
6	Mhow	...	...	...	...	103	95	8	7,953	...
7	Divisional Forest Indore	...	...	...	...	99	72	27	1,247	...
II	MEHIDPUR ZILA	840'00	3'00	837'00	2	442	436	6	28,736	2,845
8	Mehidpur	...	1'75	...	1	227	223	4	13,604	1,468
9	Tarana	...	1'25	...	1	202	200	2	13,909	1,376
10	Sundarsi	...	...	...	...	13	13	...	1,223	...
III	NEMAWAR ZILA	1,059'00	...	1,059'00	...	420	333	87	22,537	...
11	Khatagaon	...	...	...	...	138	115	23	7,919	...
12	Kannod	...	...	...	...	118	99	19	6,368	...
13	Kathaphor	...	...	...	...	134	104	30	7,991	...
14	Divisional Forest Nemawar	...	...	...	...	30	15	15	259	...
IV	NIMAR ZILA	3,871'00	8'91	3,862'09	4	1,659	1,192	467	73,182	7,800
15	Nisarpur	...	...	...	...	181	165	16	7,929	...
16	Maheshwar	...	2'50	...	1	170	120	50	10,553	3,283
17	Barwaha	...	2'66	...	2	227	161	66	10,505	2,410
18	Segaon	...	...	...	...	164	143	21	7,797	...
19	Kasrawad	...	...	...	...	192	123	69	7,649	...
20	Khargon	...	3'75	...	1	275	161	114	12,124	2,107
21	Sendhwa	...	...	...	...	132	112	20	5,898	...
22	Bhikangaon	...	...	...	...	250	180	70	10,565	...
23	Divisional Forest Khargon	...	...	...	...	68	27	41	257	...
V	RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA	2,129'00	3'28	2,125'72	2	989	868	121	47,744	3,659
24	Nandwai	37'00	...	37'00	...	31	31	...	848	...
25	Manasa	...	...	...	...	180	173	13	9,424	...
26	Rampura	...	2'13	...	1	149	114	35	6,142	2,128
27	Bhanpura	...	1'15	...	1	89	71	18	5,931	1,531
28	Garoth	...	...	...	...	212	191	21	10,197	...
29	Sunel	...	...	...	...	78	74	4	5,448	...
30	Jirapur	...	...	...	...	215	204	11	9,686	...
31	Divisional Forest Rampura	...	...	...	...	29	10	19	68	...
VI	ALAMPUR	37'00	...	37'00	...	25	25	...	3,075	...
	(2) Guaranteed Estates	6'00	...	6'00	...	20	20	...	1,260	...
1	Hirapur (1 Village)	6'00	...	6'00	...	1	1	...	172	...
2	Jamnia (1 Village)	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	101	...
3	Nimkhera (3 Villages)	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	124	...
4	Bara-Barkhera (7 Villages)	...	...	...	...	7	7	...	285	...
5	Bharudpura (1 Village)	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	39	...
6	Rajgarh (2 Villages)	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	43	...
7	Karaudia (1 Village)	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	264	...
8	Lalgarh (4 Villages)	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	232	...
	(3) British Cantonments and Stations	7'10	7'10	...	2	...	...	...	10,609	10,609
1	Indore Residency	1'35	1'35	...	1	...	...	...	2,715	2,715
2	Mhow Cantonment	5'75	5'75	...	1	...	...	...	7,894	7,894
	State Proper Total as distributed by Political Charges :-									
1	Indore Residency	8,990'00	23'47	8,966'53	9	3,988	2,276	712	221,351	29,279
2	Bhopawar Agency	442'00	...	442'00	...	221	205	16	10,187	...
3	Bundelkhand Agency	37'00	...	37'00	...	25	25	...	3,075	...
4	Mewar Agency	37'00	...	37'00	...	31	31	...	848	...

NOTE 1.—The area of the Guaranteed Estates Nos. 2 to 8 has presumably been included in the Parganas in which

NOTE 2.—The villages held by the Blumias of Nimkhera, Bara Barkhera, Bharudpura and Rajgarh and the Thakur of Karaudia

and Population.

नात, च आबादी

houses	Population. आबादी									Serial number, नम्बर सिलसिला
मकानात	Persons. मनुष्य			Males पुरुष			Females स्त्री			
In villages, मवाज़ियात में	Total. मीजान	Urban. शहर में	Rural, देहात में	Total. मीजान	Urban. शहर में	Rural. देहात में	Total. मीजान	Urban. शहर में	Rural. देहात में	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
208,042	1,052,557	138,415	914,142	543,437	75,287	468,150	509,120	63,128	445,992	
206,782	1,007,856	99,400	908,456	517,501	52,202	465,299	490,355	47,198	443,157	(1)
45,812	235,283	44,947	190,336	121,873	24,792	97,081	113,410	20,155	93,255	I
2,346	9,475	...	9,475	4,745	...	4,745	4,730	...	4,730	1
13,126	54,515	...	54,515	27,162	...	27,162	27,353	...	27,353	2
9,330	39,882	...	39,882	20,291	...	20,291	19,591	...	19,591	3
11,810	47,836	...	47,836	24,693	...	24,693	23,143	...	23,143	4
...	44,947	44,947	...	24,792	24,792	...	20,155	20,155	...	5
7,953	34,025	...	34,025	17,690	...	17,690	16,335	...	16,335	6
1,247	4,603	...	4,603	2,500	...	2,500	2,103	...	2,103	7
25,891	121,243	11,083	110,160	62,718	5,627	57,091	58,525	5,456	53,069	II
12,135	57,974	5,620	52,354	30,035	2,826	27,209	27,939	2,791	25,145	8
12,533	58,136	5,463	52,673	30,038	2,801	27,237	28,098	2,662	25,436	9
1,223	5,133	...	5,133	2,645	...	2,645	2,488	...	2,488	10
22,537	94,600	...	94,600	47,808	...	47,808	46,792	...	46,792	III
7,919	33,422	...	33,422	16,855	...	16,855	16,567	...	16,567	11
6,368	27,422	...	27,422	13,774	...	13,774	13,648	...	13,648	12
7,991	32,742	...	32,742	16,615	...	16,615	16,127	...	16,127	13
259	1,014	...	1,014	564	...	564	450	...	450	14
65,382	348,450	29,712	318,738	177,677	15,048	162,629	170,773	14,664	156,109	IV
7,829	39,025	...	39,025	19,748	...	19,748	19,877	...	19,877	15
7,275	40,062	9,599	31,963	20,538	4,708	15,830	20,124	4,891	15,233	16
8,095	50,305	10,690	39,615	26,126	5,737	20,389	24,179	4,953	19,226	17
7,797	40,081	...	40,081	20,184	...	20,184	19,897	...	19,897	18
7,649	34,937	...	34,937	17,726	...	17,726	17,211	...	17,211	19
10,017	58,443	9,423	49,020	29,315	4,603	24,712	29,128	4,820	24,308	20
5,898	32,635	...	32,635	16,876	...	16,876	15,759	...	15,759	21
10,505	50,572	...	50,572	26,535	...	26,535	24,037	...	24,037	22
257	1,190	...	1,190	629	...	629	561	...	561	23
44,085	192,521	13,658	178,863	99,358	6,735	92,623	93,163	6,923	86,240	V
848	3,295	...	3,295	1,680	...	1,680	1,615	...	1,615	24
9,424	35,652	...	35,652	18,348	...	18,348	17,304	...	17,304	25
4,014	23,187	7,799	15,388	11,702	3,815	7,887	11,185	3,911	7,501	26
4,400	22,253	8,859	16,394	11,383	2,920	8,463	10,470	2,939	7,931	27
10,197	40,765	...	40,765	21,021	...	21,021	19,711	...	19,711	28
5,148	22,674	...	22,674	11,677	...	11,677	10,937	...	10,937	29
9,686	44,529	...	44,529	23,445	...	23,445	21,084	...	21,084	30
68	166	...	166	102	...	102	64	...	64	31
3,075	15,759	...	15,759	8,067	...	8,067	7,692	...	7,692	VI
1,260	5,686	...	5,686	2,851	...	2,851	2,835	...	2,835	(2)
172	643	...	643	313	...	313	330	...	330	1
101	411	...	411	206	...	206	205	...	205	2
124	608	...	608	298	...	298	310	...	310	3
285	1,474	...	1,474	725	...	725	749	...	749	4
39	200	...	200	106	...	106	94	...	94	5
43	192	...	192	100	...	100	92	...	92	6
264	1,026	...	1,026	536	...	536	490	...	490	7
232	1,132	...	1,132	567	...	567	565	...	565	8
...	39,015	39,015	...	23,085	23,085	...	15,930	15,930	...	(3)
...	9,195	9,195	...	5,362	5,362	...	3,833	3,833	...	1
...	29,820	29,820	...	17,723	17,723	...	12,097	12,097	...	2
192,072	939,702	99,400	840,302	483,261	52,202	431,059	456,141	47,198	409,213	1
10,187	40,109	...	49,100	24,493	...	24,493	21,607	...	21,607	2
3,075	15,759	...	15,759	8,067	...	8,067	7,692	...	7,692	3
348	3,295	...	3,295	1,680	...	1,680	1,615	...	1,615	4

they are situated.

from the Indore State are not guaranteed, but their estates also comprise guaranteed vill ges held from other Darbars.

TABLE II.

Variation in population since 1881.

This Table shews the variation in population since 1881. Figures for the Parganas and Zilas are not available for 1891 and 1881 and those for 1901 have had to be adjusted owing to reorganisation during the last ten years. The figures for villages held by the Guaranteed Holders for 1901, 1891, and 1881 are not forthcoming.

The population for three previous Censuses has been adjusted as below to compare with the figures for 1911 :—

Adjustment of areas.	1901.			1891.			1881.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Population as shewn in Table II	852,998	438,682	414,316	1,099,990	578,042	521,948	1,054,237	559,616	494,621
Deduct.—Talen—Lataheri exchanged to Rajgarh ...	2,392	1,160	1,232	...	...	...	...	...	...
Add.—Areas received in exchange from Rajgarh ...	467	243	224	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhatkheri Estate lapsed ...	1,878	901	977	...	...	...	...	...	...
Railway population pertaining to the Bamania Railway Station.	61	43	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	853,012	438,709	414,303	1,099,990	578,042	521,948	1,054,237	559,616	494,621

टेबल
Variation in popula
आबादी में

Serial number. नम्बर	Pargana and Zila. परगना व जिला	Persons. मनुष्य				Males		
		1911.	1901.	1891.	1881.	1911.	1901.	1891.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	STATE TOTAL ...	1,052,557	...	...	...	543,437	...	...
	(I) State proper ...	1,007,856	853,012	1,099,990	1,054,237	517,501	438,709	578,042
I	INDORE ZILA ...	235,283	256,384	...	...	121,873	132,037	...
1	Potlawad ...	9,475	9,074	...	...	4,745	4,738	...
2	Depulpur ...	54,515	51,807	...	...	27,162	25,528	...
3	Sawer ...	39,882	38,187	...	...	20,291	19,211	...
4	Indore ...	47,836	36,579	...	...	24,693	18,788	...
5	Indore City ...	44,947	80,686	82,984	75,401	24,792	46,164	46,328
6	Mhow ...	34,025	33,158	...	...	17,690	17,145	...
7	Divisional Forest Indore ...	4,603	893	...	...	2,500	463	...
II	MEHIDPUR ZILA ...	121,243	91,885	...	...	62,718	47,595	...
8	Mehidpur ...	57,974	44,274	...	...	30,035	23,118	...
9	Tarana ...	58,136	44,024	...	...	30,038	22,654	...
10	Sundarsi ...	6,133	3,587	...	...	2,645	1,823	...
III	NEMAWAR ZILA ...	94,600	74,568	...	...	47,808	37,374	...
11	Khatagaon ...	33,422	26,395	...	...	16,855	13,195	...
12	Kannod ...	27,422	21,696	...	...	13,774	10,693	...
13	Kathaphor ...	32,742	26,477	...	...	16,615	13,286	...
14	Divisional Forest Nemawar ...	1,014	...	...	...	564	...	...
IV	NIMAR ZILA ...	348,450	257,429	...	...	177,677	132,527	...
15	Nisarpur ...	39,625	30,321	...	...	19,748	15,297	...
16	Maheshwar ...	40,662	38,394	...	...	20,538	19,621	...
17	Barwaha ...	50,305	48,328	...	...	26,126	25,503	...
18	Segaoh ...	40,081	23,979	...	...	20,184	12,553	...
19	Kasrawad ...	34,937	31,724	...	...	17,736	16,171	...
20	Khargon ...	58,443	43,852	...	...	29,315	22,230	...
21	Sundhya ...	32,635	13,780	...	...	16,876	7,227	...
22	Bhikangaon ...	50,572	26,863	...	...	26,535	14,013	...
23	Divisional Forest Khargon... ..	1,190	188	...	...	629	112	...
V	RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA ...	192,521	156,035	...	...	99,358	80,682	...
24	Nandwai ...	3,295	2,404	5,840	...	1,680	1,261	...
25	Manasa ...	35,662	32,197	...	...	18,348	16,574	...
26	Rampura ...	23,187	20,100	...	...	11,702	10,302	...
27	Bhanpura ...	22,253	18,032	...	...	11,383	9,108	...
28	Garoth ...	40,765	31,092	...	...	21,021	16,023	...
29	Sunel ...	22,674	16,807	...	...	11,677	8,642	...
30	Jirapur ...	44,529	35,075	...	...	23,445	18,552	...
31	Divisional Forest Rampura... ..	166	328	...	...	102	220	...
VI	ALAMPUR ...	15,759	16,711	...	...	8,067	8,494	...
	(2) Guaranteed Estates ...	5,686	...	...	...	2,851	...	...
1	Hirapur ...	643	448	...	...	313	205	...
2	Jamnina ...	411	...	...	...	206	...	...
3	Nimkhera ...	608	...	...	...	298	...	...
4	Bara-Barkhera ...	1,474	...	...	...	725	...	...
5	Bharudpura ...	200	...	...	...	106	...	...
6	Rajgarh ...	192	...	...	...	100	...	...
7	Karandia ...	1,026	...	...	...	536	...	...
8	Lalgarh ...	1,132	...	...	...	567	...	...
	(3) British Cantonments and Stations	39,015	47,157	41,118	34,917	23,085	27,556	24,399
1	Indore Residency ...	9,195	11,118	9,845	7,690	5,362	6,768	6,099
2	Mhow Cantonment ...	29,820	36,039	31,773	27,227	17,723	20,788	18,300
	State Proper Total as distributed by Political Charges.							
1	Indore Residency ...	9,39,702	794,502	1,019,694	...	483,261	408,919	...
2	Bhopawar Agency ...	49,100	39,395	57,418	...	24,493	20,035	28,706
3	Bundelkhand Agency ...	15,759	16,711	17,038	...	8,067	8,494	...
4	Mewar Agency ...	3,295	2,404	5,840	...	1,680	1,261	...

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tion since 1881.

फर्कसन् १८८१ से०

पुरुष	Female स्त्री				Variation Increase (+) Decrease (-). फर्क - ज़्यादा (+) कम (-)			Net variation in period 1881-1911. Increase (+) Decrease (-) १८८१ से १९११ तक का फर्क ज़्यादा (+) कम(-)	Serial number. नम्बर सिद्धसिखा
	1881.	1911.	1901.	1891.	1881.	1901 to 1911. १९०१ से १९११ तक	1891 to 1901. १८९१ से १९०१ तक	1881 to 1891. १८८१ से १८९१ तक	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
...	509,120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
559,616	490,355	414,303	521,948	494,621	+154,844	-246,978	...	...	(h)
...	113,410	124,347	...	...	-21,101	...	...	...	1
...	4,730	4,336	...	...	+401	...	...	...	1
...	27,353	26,279	...	...	+2,708	...	...	...	2
...	19,591	18,976	...	...	+1,695	...	...	...	3
...	23,143	17,791	...	...	+11,257	...	...	...	4
...	20,155	40,522	36,656	...	-41,739	+3,702	+7,583	-30,454	5
...	16,335	16,013	...	...	+807	...	...	...	6
...	2,103	430	...	...	+3,710	...	...	...	7
...	58,525	44,290	...	...	+29,358	...	...	...	11
...	27,939	21,158	...	...	+13,700	...	...	...	8
...	28,098	21,370	...	...	+14,112	...	...	...	9
...	2,488	1,764	...	...	+1,546	...	...	...	10
...	46,792	37,194	...	...	+20,032	...	...	...	111
...	16,567	13,200	...	...	+7,027	...	...	...	11
...	13,648	10,803	...	...	+5,726	...	...	...	12
...	16,127	13,191	...	...	+6,265	...	...	...	13
...	450	...	...	...	+1,014	...	...	...	14
...	170,773	124,902	...	...	+91,021	...	...	...	1V
...	19,877	15,024	...	...	+9,304	...	...	...	15
...	20,184	18,773	...	...	+2,268	...	...	...	16
...	24,179	22,825	...	...	+1,977	...	...	...	17
...	19,897	11,626	...	...	+16,102	...	...	...	18
...	17,211	15,553	...	...	+3,213	...	...	...	19
...	29,128	21,622	...	...	+14,591	...	...	...	20
...	15,759	6,553	...	...	+18,855	...	...	...	21
...	24,037	12,850	...	...	+23,709	...	...	...	22
...	561	76	...	...	+1,002	...	...	...	23
...	93,163	75,353	...	...	+36,486	...	...	...	V
...	1,615	1,143	...	...	+891	-3,436	...	...	24
...	17,304	15,623	...	...	+3,455	...	...	...	25
...	11,485	9,798	...	...	+3,087	...	...	...	26
...	10,870	8,924	...	...	+4,221	...	...	...	27
...	19,744	15,069	...	...	+9,673	...	...	...	28
...	10,997	8,165	...	...	+5,867	...	...	...	29
...	21,084	16,523	...	...	+9,454	...	...	...	30
...	64	108	...	...	-162	...	...	...	31
...	7,692	8,217	...	...	-952	...	...	...	VI
...	2,835	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(2)
...	330	243	...	...	+195	...	...	...	1
...	205	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
...	310	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
...	749	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
...	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
...	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
...	490	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
...	565	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
20,286	15,930	19,601	16,719	14,631	-8,142	+6,039	+6,201	+4,098	(3)
4,750	3,833	4,350	3,246	2,940	-1,923	+1,773	+1,655	+1,505	1
16,536	12,097	15,251	13,473	11,691	-6,219	+4,266	+4,546	+2,593	2
...	456,441	385,583	...	...	+145,200	-225,192	...	...	1
...	24,607	19,360	28,700	...	+9,705	-18,023	...	...	2
...	7,692	8,217	...	...	-952	-327	...	...	3
...	1,615	1,143	...	...	+891	-3,436	...	...	4

TABLE III.

Towns and Villages classified by Population.

The number of villages shown in this Table are both inhabited and uninhabited, hamlets forming part of residential villages have been included in the parent villages.

The towns and villages classified by population for Natural Divisions are as under :—

Natural Division.	Total number of inhabited towns and villages.	Population.	Under 500		500—1,000		1,000—2,000		2,000—5,000		5,000—10,000		20,000—50,000	
			Number.	Population.	Number.	Population.	Number.	Population.	Number.	Population.	Number.	Population.	Number.	Population.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
State proper ..	3,546	1,007,856	3,156	554,043	283	185,235	74	100,368	25	72,316	7	50,947	1	44,947
Plateau ...	1,052	539,672	1,782	301,594	117	78,573	35	48,761	13	40,956	4	24,741	1	44,947
Hilly ...	1,569	452,525	1,359	248,203	160	102,907	38	50,197	9	25,012	3	26,206	...	...
Lowlying ...	25	15,759	15	4,246	6	3,755	1	1,410	3	6,348	...	...	...	...

Towns and Villages
शहर या कस्बे व मवाज़ियात

Serial number. नम्बर सिलसिला.	Zila and Pargana. ज़िला व परगना	Total number of inhabited and uninhabited towns and villages. आबाद व गैर आबाद शहर या कस्बे व मवाजीयात की तादाद.			Population. अबादी.	Under 500.		500 - 1,000.	
		Total. मीज़ान	Inhabited. आबाद	Uninhabited. गैर आबाद		Number. नम्बर.	Population. अबादी.	Number. नम्बर.	Population. अबादी.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	STATE TOTAL ...	4,296	3,568	728	1,052,557	3,175	558,703	283	185,235
	(1) State proper ...	42,74	3,546	728	1,007,856	3,156	554,043	283	185,235
I	INDORE ZILA ...	731	684	47	235,283	616	119,272	43	29,509
1	Patlawad ...	40	40	...	9,475	38	6,188	1	723
2	Depalpur ...	172	172	...	54,515	158	36,991	10	7,331
3	Sawar ...	165	163	3	39,882	153	30,570	6	3,720
4	Indore ...	150	141	9	47,836	117	25,074	16	10,586
5	Indore City ...	1	1	...	44,947	...	...	...	...
6	Mhow ...	103	95	8	34,025	78	15,846	10	7,099
7	Divisional Forest Indore ...	19	72	27	4,603	72	4,603	...	...
II	MEHIDPUR ZILA ...	444	438	6	121,243	401	83,096	29	18,274
8	Mehidpur ...	228	224	4	57,974	211	43,282	10	6,239
9	Tarana ...	203	201	2	58,136	181	37,284	15	9,432
10	Sundarsi ...	13	13	...	5,133	9	2,530	4	2,603
III	NEMAWAR ZILA ...	420	333	87	94,600	291	53,263	30	20,152
11	Khategaon ...	138	115	23	33,422	100	18,939	11	7,583
12	Kannod ...	118	99	19	27,422	89	16,231	7	4,710
13	Kathaphor ...	134	104	30	32,742	87	17,079	12	7,859
14	Divisional Forest Nemawar ...	30	15	15	1,014	15	1,014	...	...
IV	NIMAR ZILA ...	1,663	1,196	467	348,450	1,030	188,752	129	82,032
15	Nisarpur ...	181	165	16	39,625	149	26,329	13	8,924
16	Maheshwar ...	171	121	50	40,662	104	18,941	14	9,071
17	Barwaha ...	229	163	66	50,305	142	25,501	15	8,810
18	Segaon ...	164	143	21	40,981	125	25,219	13	8,841
19	Kasrawad ...	192	123	69	34,937	104	17,897	13	8,478
20	Khargon ...	276	162	114	58,443	130	2,3227	24	12,305
21	Sendhwa ...	132	112	20	32,635	96	19,508	12	7,290
22	Bhikangaon ...	250	180	70	50,572	153	30,940	25	17,313
23	Divisional Forest Khargon ...	68	27	41	1,190	27	1,190	...	...
V	RAMPURA, BHANPURA ZILA...	991	870	121	192,521	803	105,414	46	31,513
24	Nandwai ...	31	31	...	3,295	30	2,480	1	815
25	Manasa ...	186	173	13	35,652	162	19,288	6	4,309
26	Rampur ...	150	115	35	23,187	109	11,139	4	2,353
27	Bhanpura ...	90	72	18	22,253	63	9,818	7	5,006
28	Garoth ...	212	191	21	40,765	178	25,218	8	5,813
29	Sunel ...	78	74	4	22,674	66	11,221	4	2,440
30	Jirapur ...	215	204	11	44,529	185	26,084	16	10,737
31	Divisional Forest Rampura ...	29	10	19	166	10	166	...	...
VI	ALAMPUR ...	25	25	...	15,759	15	4,246	6	3,755
	(2) Guaranteed Estates ...	20	20	...	5,686	19	4,660	...	...
1	Hirapur ...	1	1	...	643	1	643	...	...
2	Jamnina ...	1	1	...	411	1	411	...	...
3	Nimkhera ...	3	3	...	608	3	608	...	...
4	Bara-Barkhera ...	7	7	...	1,474	7	1,474	...	...
5	Bharudpura ...	1	1	...	200	1	200	...	...
6	Rajgarh ...	2	2	...	192	2	192	...	...
7	Karandia ...	1	1	...	1,026	...	...	...	...
8	Lalgah ...	4	4	...	1,132	4	1,132	...	...
	(3) British Cantonments and Stations	2	2	...	39,015	...	...	...	...
1	Indore Residency ...	1	1	...	9,195	...	...	...	...
2	Mhow Cantonment ...	1	1	...	29,820	...	...	...	...
	State Proper Total as distributed by Political Charges :—								
1	Indore Residency ...	3,997	3,285	712	939,702	2,924	514,800	262	171,018
2	Bhopawar Agency ...	221	205	16	49,100	187	32,517	14	9,647
3	Bundelkhand Agency ...	25	25	...	15,759	15	4,246	6	3,755
4	Mewar Agency ...	31	31	...	3,295	30	2,480	1	815

TABLE IV.

Towns classified by Population with variation since 1881.

THE number of towns has decreased owing to the omission of Gautampura, Manasa and Sunel, classified as towns in the previous census, as they have lost their urban characteristics, while Sanawad, which had a population of 7,880 in 1901, owing to its being an important trade centre, has been brought on to the list of towns. The prevalence of plague, however, had the effect of enormously reducing the normal population of this town as well as that of Indore City.

The figures for the actual census and the recount for the Indore City and Sanawad, are as under :—

Period.	Indore City.			Sanawad.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Actual Census. (Exclusive of Railway.) (10th March 1911.) ...	44,386	24,424	19,961	3,426	1,818	1,608
Recount. (Exclusive of Railway.) (20th July 1911) ...	68,733	37,910	30,823	5,595	2,886	2,709
Difference ...	+24,348	13,486	10,862	+2,169	1,068	1,101
Railway population ...	562	368	194	80	53	27

TABLE IV.

टेबल ४.

Towns classified by Population with variation since 1881.

शहर या कस्बे बलिहाज़ आबादी सन् १८८१ से

क्र.सं. Serial number	Town. कस्बा या शहर.	Pargana or Zila. परगना या जिला.	Municipality, Suburb, Cantonment. मुनिसिपालिटी सुबर्ब कैंटोन्मेन्ट बज़ार.	Population. आबादी.			Variation Increase (+) Decrease (-) कम ज़ियादत (+) कम (-)			Variation in period 1881 to 1911, increase (+) decrease (-) १८८१ से १९११ तक का कम ज़ियादत (+) कम (-)	Males. पुरुष.			Females. स्त्री.			
				1911.	1901.	1881.	1901 to 1911.	1881 to 1901.	1881 to 1911.		1911.	1901.	1881.	1911.	1901.	1881.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
I	TOTAL URBAN POPULATION.	...	...	138,415	186,566	181,782	...	-48,151 + 4,784	...	...	75,287	100,588	99,848	63,128	85,978	81,934	
1	(1) State proper ...	...	...	99,400	139,409	140,664	...	-40,009 -1,255	...	...	52,202	73,032	75,449	47,198	66,377	65,215	
1	Indore City ...	Indore ...	Municipality...	44,947	86,686	82,984	75,401	-41,739 +3,702 +7,583	...	...	24,792	46,164	46,328	20,155	40,522	36,656	
2	Maheshwar ...	Nimar ...	...	9,699	7,042	9,230	...	+2,557 -2,188	...	...	4,708	3,544	4,670	4,891	3,498	4,560	
3	Khargon ...	...	...	9,423	7,624	9,147	...	+1,799 -1,623	...	...	4,603	3,644	4,388	4,820	3,080	4,759	
4	Rampura ...	Rampura-Bhan- pura	...	7,799	8,273	11,935	...	-474 -3,662	...	...	3,815	4,229	6,133	3,984	4,044	5,802	
5	Barwaha ...	Nimar ...	...	7,184	6,094	6,639	...	+1,090 -545	...	...	3,866	3,434	3,650	3,318	2,660	2,989	
6	Bhanpura ...	Rampura-Bhan- pura	...	5,859	4,639	6,626	...	+1,220 -1,987	...	...	2,920	2,267	3,290	2,939	2,382	3,336	
7	Mehidpur ...	Mehidpur ...	...	5,620	6,681	8,263	...	-1,061 -1,582	...	...	2,826	3,303	4,017	2,794	3,378	4,246	
8	Tarana ...	...	...	5,463	4,400	6,840	...	+973 -1,350	...	...	2,801	2,317	2,973	2,662	2,173	2,867	
9	Sanawad ...	Nimar ...	...	3,506	7,880	...	...	-4,374 +7,880	...	...	1,871	4,140	...	1,635	3,740	...	
	(2) British Cantonments and Stations.	...	...	39,015	47,157	41,118	34,917	-8,142 +6,039 +6,201	...	+4,098	23,085	27,556	24,399	15,939	19,601	16,719	
10	Mhow Cantonment ...	Indore ...	...	20,820	36,039	31,773	27,227	-6,210 +4,266 +4,546	...	+2,593	17,723	20,788	18,300	12,097	15,251	13,473	
11	Indore Residency ...	...	...	9,103	11,118	9,345	7,690	-1,923 +1,773 +1,655	...	+1,505	5,362	6,768	6,099	3,833	4,350	3,246	

TABLE V.

Towns arranged territorially with Population by religion.

In this table the Cantonment of Mhow and the Civil Station of Indore Residency, which are situated within the State, have been included to form the total urban population of the State. The Zilas, in order of their urban importance, stand thus:—

The British Cantonment of Mhow and the Civil Station of Indore Residency are not included in the Zilas:—

Serial No.	Zila.				Population.		
					Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2				3	4	5
1	Indore	...	...	...	44,947	24,792	20,155
2	Nimar	...	...	...	20,712	15,048	14,664
3	Rampura-Bhanpura	...	...	...	13,658	6,735	6,923
4	Mehidpur	...	...	...	11,083	5,627	5,456

TABLE V.

टेबल ५

Towns arranged territorially with Population by religion.

शहर या कस्बे व-लिहाज़ ज़िला, आबादी व धर्म

Serial number. नम्बर सिलसिला.	Town. कस्बा या शहर	Zila. ज़िला	Population. आबादी			Indo-Aryans इन्डो आर्यन्स								
			Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	(a) Brahmanic Hindu. हिन्दू			(b) Hindu Arya. आर्य			(c) Brahmanic Sikh. सिख		
						Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Total Urban Population	...	138,415	75,287	63,128	94,019	51,002	43,017	25	18	7	232	149	83
	(1) State Proper	...	99,400	52,202	47,198	71,065	37,541	33,524	...	...	...	217	137	80
1	Indore City ...	Indore ...	44,947	24,792	20,155	31,663	17,536	14,127	...	...	...	211	134	77
2	Mehidpur ...	Mehidpur	5,520	2,826	2,794	3,087	1,586	1,501	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Tarana ...	...	5,463	2,801	2,662	4,548	2,345	2,203	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Maneshwar ...	Nimar ...	9,599	4,708	4,891	8,265	4,064	4,201	...	...	...	3	2	1
5	Khargon ...	...	9,423	4,603	4,820	6,570	3,231	3,339	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Barwaha ...	...	7,184	3,866	3,318	5,724	3,095	2,629	...	...	...	3	1	2
7	Sanawad ...	...	3,506	1,871	1,635	2,719	1,445	1,274	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Rampura ...	Rampura-Bhanpura	7,799	3,815	3,984	4,355	2,441	2,414	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Bhanpura ...	...	5,859	2,920	2,939	3,634	1,798	1,836	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(2) British Cantonments and Stations.	...	39,015	23,085	15,930	22,954	13,461	9,493	25	18	7	15	12	3
10	Mhow Cantonment.	Indore ...	29,820	17,723	12,097	17,379	10,087	7,292	8	4	4	3	1	2
11	Indore Residency.	...	9,195	5,302	3,833	5,575	3,374	2,201	17	14	3	12	11	1

नम्बर सिलसिला. Serial number.	(d) Brahmanic Jain. जैन			Animist. जंगली			Mus. Iman. मुसलमान			Christian. क्रिश्चियन			Parsi. पारसी			Jew. ज्यू		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
1	3,591	1,881	1,710	1,039	587	452	34,292	18,132	16,160	4,510	3,169	1,341	676	331	345	31	18	13
(1)	3,261	1,706	1,555	205	112	93	24,445	12,588	11,857	177	95	82	30	23	7	...	...	...
1	915	515	400	27	23	4	11,953	6,484	5,469	157	86	71	21	14	7	...	...	...
2	579	277	302	89	55	34	1,865	908	957	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	6	4	...	1	...	1	906	451	455	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	109	55	54	86	33	53	1,136	554	582	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	6	4	2	...	...	...	2,839	1,364	1,475	5	1	4	3	3	...	...	...	...
6	206	103	103	...	...	...	1,247	663	584	1	1	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
7	163	91	74	2	1	1	...	326	283	8	5	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
8	...	272	284	...	...	...	2,388	1,102	1,286	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	719	385	334	...	...	...	1,502	736	766	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(2)	330	175	155	834	475	359	9,847	5,544	4,303	4,333	3,074	1,259	643	338	338	31	18	13
10	305	155	150	17	10	7	8,120	4,533	3,587	3,532	2,707	825	427	249	218	29	17	12
11	25	20	5	817	465	352	1,727	1,011	716	801	367	434	219	99	120	2	1	1

TABLE VI.

Religions.

The Animistic population shews a proportionate decrease on the present occasion owing to the reluctance of a majority of these tribes to return themselves as such. Most of the persons of this class have on this occasion returned their religion as Hindu. The figures for the main tribes are given below :—

Serial number.	Name of tribe.			As returned.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2			3	4	5	6
1	Bhil	...	...	Animist	36,268	18,279	17,989
2	Bhilala	...	...	Do.	1,079	433	646
3	Bharud	...	...	Hindu	21,490	9,150	12,340
				Animist	82	41	41
4	Korku	...	...	Hindu	17,355	7,378	9,977
				Animist	1,193	440	753
5	Patlia	...	...	Hindu	12,010	8,732	3,278

Distribution of population by Natural Divisions.

Religions.	Plateau.			Hilly.			Lowlying.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
State Proper	539,572	279,204	260,368	452,525	230,230	222,295	15,759	8,067	7,692
Hindu	483,376	249,832	233,544	381,553	194,492	187,061	15,325	7,845	7,480
Arya	4	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Sikh	291	190	101	132	70	62	...	...	...
Jain	7,412	3,885	3,527	3,461	1,762	1,699	7	6	1
Animist	5,545	2,821	2,724	39,056	19,366	19,690	...	...	...
Musalman	42,451	22,130	20,321	28,269	14,501	13,768	427	216	211
Christian	458	319	139	37	22	15	...	...	...
Parsi	29	19	10	15	15	...	...	...	...
Jew	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

टेबल

Districts and Parganas arranged
जिला व परगना ब लिहाइ

Serial number. नम्बर सिलसिला	Zila and Pargana. जिला व परगना	Population. आनादी			Indo-Aryans इन्दो आर्यन्स								
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females स्त्री	(a) Brahmanic Hindu हिन्दू			(b) Hindu Arya आर्य.			(c) Brahmanic Sikh सिख		
					Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	STATE TOTAL ...	1,052,557	543,437	509,120	907,918	467,994	439,924	37	22	15	438	272	166
	(1) State Proper ...	1,007,856	517,501	490,355	880,254	452,169	428,085	6	4	2	423	260	163
I	INDORE ZILA ...	235,283	121,873	113,410	198,633	102,553	96,080	2	2	...	283	185	98
1	Petlawad ...	9,475	4,745	4,730	2,969	1,489	1,480	2	2	...	...	...	...
2	Depalpur ...	54,515	27,162	27,353	48,709	24,262	24,537	...	...	...	18	12	6
3	Sawer ...	39,882	20,291	19,591	37,085	18,813	18,272	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Indore ...	47,836	24,693	23,143	44,988	23,205	21,783	...	...	...	16	10	6
5	Indore City ...	44,947	24,792	20,155	31,663	17,536	14,127	...	...	...	211	134	77
6	Mhow ...	34,025	17,690	16,335	29,710	15,377	14,333	...	...	...	38	29	9
7	Divl. Forest Indore ...	4,603	2,500	2,103	3,419	1,871	1,548	...	...	...	...	...	...
II	MEHIDPUR ZILA ...	121,243	62,718	58,525	112,720	58,308	54,412	4	2	2	3	3	...
8	Mehidpur ...	57,974	30,035	27,939	53,425	27,692	25,733	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Tarana ...	58,136	30,038	28,098	54,564	28,180	26,384	4	2	2	3	3	...
10	Sundarsi ...	5,133	2,645	2,488	4,731	2,436	2,295	...	...	...	...	...	...
III	NEMAWAR ZILA ...	94,600	47,808	46,792	78,404	39,732	38,672	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Khatgaon ...	33,422	16,855	16,567	28,756	14,547	14,209	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kannod ...	27,422	13,774	13,648	21,367	10,794	10,573	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Kathaphor ...	32,742	16,615	16,127	27,356	13,874	13,482	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Divl. Forest Nemawar	1,014	564	450	925	517	408	...	...	...	...	...	...
IV	NIMAR ZILA ...	348,450	177,677	170,773	300,180	153,271	146,909	...	...	...	132	70	62
15	Nisarpur ...	39,625	19,748	19,877	34,484	17,203	17,281	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Mareshwar ...	40,662	20,538	20,124	33,907	17,121	16,786	...	...	...	6	3	3
17	Barwaha ...	50,305	26,126	24,179	46,404	24,038	22,366	...	...	...	3	1	2
18	Sogaon ...	40,081	20,184	19,897	34,036	17,135	16,901	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Kasrawad ...	34,937	17,726	17,211	31,808	16,164	15,644	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Khargon ...	58,443	29,315	29,128	52,006	26,184	25,822	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Sandhya ...	32,635	16,876	15,759	28,409	14,731	13,678	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	Bhikangaon ...	50,572	26,535	24,037	38,535	20,360	18,175	...	...	...	123	66	57
23	Divl. Forest Khargon	1,190	629	561	591	335	256	...	...	...	...	...	...
V	RAMPURA-BHANPUR ...	192,521	99,358	93,163	174,992	90,460	84,532	...	...	...	5	2	3
24	Nandwai ...	3,295	1,680	1,615	2,921	1,483	1,438	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Manasa ...	35,652	18,348	17,304	32,684	16,798	15,886	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	Rampura ...	23,187	11,702	11,485	18,651	9,526	9,125	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	Bhanpura ...	22,253	11,383	10,870	18,849	9,643	9,206	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Garoti ...	40,765	21,021	19,744	37,880	19,537	18,343	...	...	...	5	2	3
29	Sunol ...	22,674	11,677	10,997	21,205	10,944	10,261	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	Jirapur ...	44,529	23,445	21,084	42,793	22,521	20,272	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Divl. Forest Rampura	166	102	64	9	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
VI	ALAMPUR ...	15,759	8,067	7,692	15,325	7,845	7,480	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(2) Guaranteed Estates ...	5,686	2,851	2,835	4,710	2,364	2,346	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Hirapur ...	643	313	330	505	250	255	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Jamnia ...	411	206	205	275	145	130	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Nimkhera ...	608	298	310	510	253	257	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Bara, Barkhora ...	1,474	725	749	1,357	662	695	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Bharudpura ...	200	106	94	90	47	43	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Rajgarh ...	192	100	92	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Karandia ...	1,026	536	490	899	467	432	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Lalgarh ...	1,132	567	565	1,069	537	532	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(3) British Cantonments and Stations.	39,015	23,085	15,930	22,954	13,461	9,493	31	18	13	15	12	3
1	Indore Residency ...	9,195	5,862	5,833	5,575	3,374	2,201	2	1	1	12	11	1
2	Mhow Cantonment ...	29,820	17,723	12,097	17,379	10,087	7,292	29	17	12	3	1	2
	State Proper Total as distributed by Political Charges :-												
1	Indore Residency ...	939,702	483,261	456,441	824,555	424,149	400,406	4	2	2	423	260	193
2	Bhopawar Agency ...	49,700	24,493	24,607	37,453	18,692	18,761	2	2	...	...	...	...
3	Bundelkhand Agency ...	15,759	8,067	7,692	15,325	7,845	7,480	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mewar Agency ...	3,295	1,680	1,615	2,921	1,483	1,438	...	...	...	...	...	...

आषाढी व धर्म.

(d) Brahmanic Jain जन.			Animist. जंगला			Musulman, मुसलमान			Christian क्रिश्चियन			Parsi पारसी			Jew ज्यू			Serial number. नम्बर सिजिबिला.
Persons. मनुष्य.	Males. पुरुष.	Females. स्त्री.	Persons. मनुष्य.	Males. पुरुष.	Females. स्त्री.	Persons. मनुष्य.	Males. पुरुष.	Females. स्त्री.	Persons. मनुष्य.	Males. पुरुष.	Females. स्त्री.	Persons. मनुष्य.	Males. पुरुष.	Females. स्त्री.	Persons. मनुष्य.	Males. पुरुष.	Females. स्त्री.	
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
11,291	5,869	5,422	46,131	23,009	23,122	81,193	42,490	38,703	4,828	3,415	1,413	690	342	348	31	24	7	
10,880	5,653	5,227	44,601	22,187	22,414	71,147	36,847	34,300	495	341	154	44	34	10	6	6	...	(1)
2,728	1,450	1,278	8,522	4,279	4,243	24,649	13,075	11,574	437	307	130	23	16	7	6	6	...	I
419	222	197	5,679	2,812	2,867	402	217	185	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
562	299	263	70	34	36	5,066	2,555	2,511	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
316	166	150	149	78	71	2,328	1,230	1,098	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
396	192	204	208	103	105	2,179	1,153	1,026	41	22	19	2	2	...	6	6	...	4
915	515	400	27	23	4	11,953	6,484	5,469	157	86	71	21	14	7	...	...	...	5
120	56	64	1,364	698	666	2,576	1,344	1,232	217	186	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
...	...	...	1,025	531	494	145	92	58	14	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
1,308	686	622	190	113	77	7,016	3,605	3,411	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
980	505	475	115	73	42	3,454	1,705	1,689	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
265	146	119	75	40	35	3,223	1,666	1,557	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
63	35	28	...	...	...	339	174	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
1,040	522	518	6,199	2,978	3,221	8,957	4,576	4,381	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
451	229	222	2,407	1,166	1,241	1,808	913	895	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
316	145	171	2,294	1,082	1,212	3,445	1,753	1,692	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
273	148	125	1,468	716	752	3,645	1,877	1,768	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
...	...	...	30	14	16	59	33	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
2,002	1,018	984	27,178	13,576	13,602	18,910	9,708	9,202	33	19	14	15	15	...	...	...	...	1V
343	158	185	3,542	1,726	1,816	1,256	661	595	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
584	303	281	3,518	1,734	1,784	2,641	1,354	1,287	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
510	251	259	415	216	199	2,950	1,602	1,348	16	11	5	7	7	...	...	...	...	17
27	14	13	4,957	2,468	2,489	1,051	567	494	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
486	259	227	44	20	24	2,599	1,283	1,316	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
30	18	12	975	477	498	5,421	2,629	2,792	5	1	4	6	6	...	...	...	...	20
14	11	3	3,184	1,580	1,604	1,028	554	474	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21
8	4	4	10,405	5,264	5,141	1,495	837	658	4	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	22
...	...	...	138	71	67	469	221	238	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23
3,795	1,971	1,824	2,512	1,241	1,271	11,188	5,667	5,521	23	14	9	6	3	3	...	...	...	V
44	24	20	243	124	119	87	49	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
895	477	418	490	237	253	1,583	836	747	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
716	315	371	1,001	485	616	2,817	1,345	1,472	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	26
974	506	468	462	224	238	1,964	1,009	935	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
846	437	409	128	63	65	1,883	967	916	19	13	6	4	2	2	...	...	...	28
297	168	129	...	...	...	1,172	565	607	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29
23	14	9	30	22	17	1,674	888	786	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
...	...	...	140	86	63	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31
7	6	1	...	...	...	427	216	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	VI
81	41	40	696	347	349	199	99	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(2)
...	...	...	121	53	68	17	10	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	68	32	36	65	29	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	93	43	50	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
...	...	...	117	63	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
...	...	...	110	59	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
...	...	...	187	97	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
37	22	15	...	...	...	90	47	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
44	19	25	...	...	...	19	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
330	175	155	834	475	359	9,847	5,544	4,303	4,333	3,074	1,259	646	308	338	25	18	7	(3)
25	20	5	817	465	352	1,727	1,011	716	801	367	434	219	99	120	17	14	3	1
305	155	150	17	10	7	8,120	4,533	3,587	3,532	2,707	825	427	209	218	8	4	4	2
10,067	5,243	4,824	35,137	17,585	17,612	68,975	35,704	33,271	491	333	153	44	34	10	6	6	...	1
762	330	332	9,221	4,533	4,683	1,658	873	780	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
7	6	1	...	...	...	427	216	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
44	24	20	243	124	119	87	49	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4

APPENDIX TO TABLE VI.

टेबुल ६ का अपेन्डिक्स ।

Serial number नम्बर मिलसिला	Names of zilas, parganas, and Railway Stations. ज़िला परगना, व रेलवे स्टेशन का नाम	Population. आबादी			Indo - Aryans. इन्दो आर्यन्स						Animist, Musalman जङ्गली मुसलमान				Christian क्रिश्चियन		Parsi, पासी		Jew, ज्यू	
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	(a) Brah- manic Hindu. हिन्दु		(b) Brah- manic sikh. सिख		(c) Brah- manic Jain. जैन											
					Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Total Ry. Population	3,876	2,327	1,549	1,743	1,134	6	5	23	11	22	18	399	260	129	115	2	3	3	3
	(1) State proper	2,387	1,491	896	1,200	723	6	5	18	10	22	18	204	115	41	25	...	...	...	...
I	INDORE ZILA	1,577	973	604	782	485	2	...	11	8	18	15	138	79	22	17	...	...	...	...
1	Pellawad pargana	83	48	35	29	16	...	...	...	...	13	18	4	5	...	1	...	...	...	...
	1 Bamania	57	31	26	23	12	...	...	...	...	4	8	2	5	2	1	...	...	...	...
	2 Pach-Piplia	26	17	9	6	4	...	...	...	...	9	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Debalpur Pargana	46	28	18	20	12	...	...	1	...	...	...	7	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3 Chambal	46	28	18	20	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Sawer Pargana	327	206	121	169	100	...	...	10	8	...	...	23	13	4	...	...	...	...	...
	4 Fatehabad	270	175	95	138	74	...	...	10	8	...	...	23	13	4	...	...	...	...	...
	5 Ajnod	57	31	26	31	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Indore Pargana	164	87	77	83	74	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	6 Palia	78	37	41	37	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	7 Rao	86	50	36	46	33	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Indore City	562	368	194	337	166	2	...	...	...	3	1	71	33	5	4	...	...	...	...
	8 Indore	562	368	194	287	166	2	...	...	...	3	1	71	33	5	4	...	...	...	...
6	Mhow Pargana	225	120	89	119	78	...	...	...	...	...	12	7	5	4	...	...	...	...	...
	9 Patalpani	144	84	60	75	55	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10 Chorai	61	52	29	44	23	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	2	4	...	...	...	...	...
7	Divisional Forest Indore...	170	106	70	75	49	...	...	...	...	2	1	17	12	6	8	...	...	...	...
	11 Kalakund	170	100	70	75	49	...	...	...	...	2	1	17	12	6	8	...	...	...	...
II	MEHIDPUR ZILA	80	45	35	41	32	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Mehidpur Pargana	32	20	12	17	9	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	12 Mehidpur Road (Gogapur).	32	20	12	17	9	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Tarana Pargana	48	25	23	24	23	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	13 Tarana Road (Sumra-kheda).	48	25	23	24	23	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III	NIWAR ZILA	274	177	97	141	82	...	...	5	...	...	...	25	13	6	2	...	...	...	...
10	Barwaha Pargana	274	177	97	141	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	13	6	2	...	...	...	...
	14 Mukhtiyara	60	33	27	26	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	2	...	...	...	...
	15 Barwaha	134	91	43	73	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
	16 Sanawad	80	53	27	42	23	...	...	5	...	...	...	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
IV	RAMPURA BHANPURA ZILA.	456	296	160	236	124	4	5	2	2	...	...	41	23	13	6	...	...	...	...
11	Manasa Pargana	56	57	29	49	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	17 Pimpia	42	28	14	28	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	18 Tharod	44	29	15	21	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Garoth Pargana	370	239	131	167	100	4	5	2	2	...	...	33	18	13	6	...	...	...	...
	19 Shingarh	299	199	100	152	73	4	4	...	...	...	...	30	17	13	6	...	...	...	...
	20 Garoth	71	40	31	35	27	...	...	2	2	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(2) British Cantonment	1,487	836	653	543	411	...	...	5	1	...	...	195	145	88	90	2	3	3	3
1	Mhow Cantonment	1,489	836	653	543	411	...	...	5	1	...	...	195	145	88	90	2	3	3	3
	1 Mhow	1,489	836	653	543	411	...	...	5	1	...	...	195	145	88	90	2	3	3	3

TABLE VII.

Age, Sex and Civil Condition.

This table shewing nineteen age-periods for the State, is divided into three Parts. *Part A* shews the distribution for the State as a whole of the total population and of each religion by age, sex and civil condition. *Part B* shews the distribution for each zila or revenue unit of the total population of all religions by age, sex and civil condition. *Part C* gives similar details for the city of Indore.

TABLE VII.
Age, Sex and Civil Condition, Part A—State Summary.

Age.	Population.			Unmarried.			Married.			Widowed.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
ALL RELIGION	1,007,856	517,501	490,355	385,922	234,920	151,002	498,822	249,691	249,131	123,112	32,890	90,222
0—1	40,208	19,024	20,284	39,770	19,748	20,028	361	125	236	71	51	20
1—2	23,200	11,382	11,818	22,607	11,123	11,544	436	190	246	97	69	28
2—3	32,524	15,757	16,767	31,679	15,479	16,200	753	225	528	92	53	39
3—4	34,481	15,478	19,003	32,647	14,979	17,668	1,003	425	578	831	74	757
4—5	29,166	14,416	14,750	27,924	14,011	13,913	1,101	379	722	141	26	115
Total 0—5	159,579	76,957	82,622	154,693	75,340	79,353	3,654	1,344	2,310	1,232	273	959
5—10	119,494	61,009	58,485	108,839	58,293	50,546	10,111	2,511	7,600	544	205	339
10—15	81,818	44,875	36,973	51,221	37,101	14,120	29,729	7,431	22,298	898	343	555
15—20	77,933	40,888	37,045	26,682	24,195	2,486	49,231	15,891	33,340	2,020	801	1,219
20—25	100,935	49,161	51,774	17,877	16,596	1,291	77,807	30,674	47,133	5,241	1,891	3,350
25—30	100,712	50,336	50,376	10,218	9,555	663	82,966	38,090	44,876	7,528	2,691	4,837
30—35	104,631	56,026	48,605	6,400	5,729	671	85,607	46,542	39,065	12,624	3,755	8,869
35—40	59,538	33,070	25,668	2,701	2,211	490	46,688	28,871	17,817	10,149	2,388	7,261
40—45	73,262	37,053	35,309	3,261	2,511	750	49,350	30,908	18,442	20,634	4,534	16,117
45—50	20,580	16,172	13,408	837	718	119	18,555	12,037	5,618	10,188	2,517	7,671
50—55	45,537	22,647	22,890	1,420	1,187	233	23,179	16,838	6,341	20,938	4,622	16,316
55—60	11,294	6,383	4,911	355	298	57	5,858	4,566	1,292	5,081	1,519	3,562
60—65	27,784	13,130	14,654	755	634	121	10,692	8,621	2,071	16,337	3,875	12,462
65—70	5,323	2,065	2,358	234	185	39	2,108	1,825	283	2,091	955	2,036
70 & over.	10,406	5,029	5,377	429	366	63	3,287	2,642	645	6,690	2,021	4,669
HINDU ...	880,254	452,169	428,085	335,079	204,967	130,112	436,491	218,356	218,135	1,08,684	28,846	79,838
0—1	35,196	17,491	17,705	34,835	17,341	17,494	294	102	192	67	48	19
1—2	20,160	9,855	10,311	19,756	9,707	10,049	319	82	237	91	66	25
2—3	28,448	13,815	14,633	27,669	13,564	14,105	691	201	490	88	50	38
3—4	29,787	13,197	16,590	28,284	12,884	15,400	785	245	540	718	68	650
4—5	25,137	12,465	12,672	24,037	12,088	11,949	999	353	646	101	24	77
Total 0—5	138,734	66,823	71,911	134,581	65,584	68,997	3,088	983	2,105	1,065	256	809
5—10	105,110	53,037	51,473	95,268	51,295	43,973	9,361	2,154	7,207	481	188	293
10—15	70,890	38,941	31,949	43,246	31,879	11,367	26,840	6,753	20,087	804	309	495
15—20	68,021	35,753	32,268	22,806	20,810	1,996	43,534	14,305	29,229	1,681	638	1,043
20—25	88,368	43,512	44,856	15,699	14,646	1,053	68,140	27,138	40,952	4,529	1,678	2,851
25—30	87,471	43,936	43,535	9,038	8,503	532	71,720	33,034	38,686	6,713	2,396	4,317
30—35	91,676	48,998	42,678	5,622	5,075	547	74,916	40,704	34,212	11,138	3,219	7,919
35—40	62,437	30,901	22,436	2,394	1,963	431	40,935	25,452	15,483	9,108	2,586	6,522
40—45	61,338	33,243	31,095	2,947	2,255	692	42,971	26,926	16,045	18,420	4,062	4,358
45—50	26,009	14,120	11,889	742	643	99	16,264	11,340	4,924	9,003	2,137	16,866
50—55	39,827	19,695	20,132	1,256	1,063	193	20,030	14,555	5,475	13,541	4,077	4,464
55—60	9,859	5,556	4,303	315	269	46	5,041	3,923	1,118	4,503	1,364	3,139
60—65	24,121	11,330	12,791	614	512	102	9,218	7,429	1,789	14,289	3,389	10,900
65—70	4,409	2,342	2,067	163	129	34	1,672	1,431	241	2,574	782	1,792
70 & over	8,984	4,282	4,702	388	338	50	2,761	2,179	582	8,835	1,765	4,070
ARYA ...	6	4	2	4	3	1	2	1	1	...	...	...
0—1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
1—2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2—3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3—4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4—5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 0—5	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
5—10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10—15	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
15—20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20—25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25—30	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30—35	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
35—40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40—45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45—50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50—55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55—60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60—65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65—70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
70 & over.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE VII.

Age, Sex and Civil Condition. Part A—State Summary

Age.	Population.			Unmarried.			Married.			Widowed.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
SIKH ...	423	260	163	189	131	58	197	115	82	37	14	23
0-1	16	8	8	16	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
1-2	11	6	5	11	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-3	14	8	6	14	8	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
3-4	11	5	6	11	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
4-5	14	6	8	14	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 0-5	66	33	33	66	33	33	...	...	...	...	...	...
5-10	34	13	21	34	13	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-15	30	26	4	22	21	1	8	5	3	...	...	...
15-20	65	35	20	20	18	2	34	16	18	1	1	...
20-25	60	40	20	21	20	1	38	19	19	1	1	...
25-30	61	36	25	11	11	...	46	23	23	4	2	2
30-35	49	35	14	10	10	...	34	22	12	5	3	2
35-40	15	11	4	2	2	...	9	7	2	4	2	2
40-45	17	13	4	3	3	...	12	10	2	2	...	2
45-50	13	8	5	...	...	...	8	7	1	5	1	4
50-55	12	5	7	...	...	...	6	4	2	6	1	5
55-60	3	3	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	1	1	...
60-65	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	3
65-70	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
70 & over.	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
JAIN ...	10,880	5,653	5,227	3,958	2,620	1,338	4,785	2,394	2,391	2,137	639	1,498
0-1	294	159	135	292	157	135	2	2	...	...	...	...
1-2	180	81	99	179	81	98	1	...	1	...	...	...
2-3	264	126	138	260	126	134	3	...	3	1	...	1
3-4	255	118	137	252	117	135	3	1	2	...	...	...
4-5	237	111	126	230	108	122	5	3	2	2	...	2
Total 0-5	1,230	595	635	1,213	589	624	14	6	8	3	...	3
5-10	988	498	490	942	483	459	36	12	24	10	3	7
10-15	886	490	396	605	447	158	274	41	233	7	2	5
15-20	1,017	530	487	379	333	46	554	186	368	84	11	73
20-25	1,167	626	541	281	270	11	770	337	433	116	10	97
25-30	1,060	541	519	155	151	4	753	353	400	152	37	115
30-35	1,045	557	488	137	120	17	687	359	328	221	78	143
35-40	742	405	337	61	57	4	481	280	192	200	59	111
40-45	792	399	393	73	69	4	450	262	188	269	68	201
45-50	451	242	209	22	20	2	233	154	79	196	68	128
50-55	653	317	336	48	41	7	255	168	87	350	108	242
55-60	241	127	114	13	12	1	85	66	19	143	49	94
60-65	352	173	179	17	16	1	103	82	21	232	75	157
65-70	94	54	40	6	6	...	28	24	4	60	24	36
70 & over.	162	99	63	6	6	...	62	55	7	94	38	56
ANIMIST.	44,601	22,187	22,414	19,262	10,796	8,466	21,925	10,692	11,233	3,414	699	2,715
0-1	2,210	1,037	1,173	2,158	1,017	1,141	49	17	32	3	3	...
1-2	1,215	623	592	1,206	615	591	8	7	1	1	1	...
2-3	1,692	748	944	1,666	731	935	25	16	9	1	1	...
3-4	2,153	1,013	1,143	2,017	989	1,028	32	20	12	167	4	163
4-5	1,830	916	914	1,745	905	840	53	11	42	32	...	32
Total 0-5	9,103	4,337	4,766	8,792	4,257	4,535	167	71	96	144	9	135
5-10	5,378	2,862	2,516	5,198	2,789	2,409	167	70	97	13	3	10
10-15	3,887	2,040	1,847	2,835	1,807	1,028	1,034	229	805	18	4	14
15-20	3,189	1,491	1,698	1,121	901	220	2,039	580	1,459	29	10	19
20-25	4,278	1,771	2,507	570	469	101	3,611	1,274	2,337	97	28	69
25-30	4,703	2,192	2,511	347	288	59	4,216	1,861	2,355	140	43	97
30-35	4,624	2,500	2,124	158	115	43	4,146	2,294	1,852	320	91	229
35-40	2,341	1,313	1,028	86	62	24	2,005	1,180	825	250	71	179
40-45	2,882	1,566	1,316	68	52	16	2,212	1,398	814	602	116	486
45-50	920	513	407	22	19	3	652	453	199	246	41	205
50-55	1,575	789	786	24	13	11	918	675	243	633	101	532
55-60	335	182	153	10	8	2	192	154	38	133	20	113
60-65	989	435	554	17	9	8	409	322	87	563	104	459
65-70	124	62	62	3	1	2	57	45	12	64	16	48
70 & over.	273	134	139	11	6	5	100	86	14	162	42	120

TABLE VII.

Age, Sex and Civil Condition, Part A—State Summary.

Age.	Population.			Unmarried.			Married.			Widowed.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
MUSALMAN	71,147	36,847	34,300	27,111	16,142	10,969	35,226	18,021	17,205	8,810	2,684	6,126
0—1	2,469	1,216	1,253	2,452	1,212	1,240	16	4	12	1	...	1
1—2	1,617	811	806	1,504	708	796	108	101	7	5	2	3
2—3	2,088	1,050	1,038	2,054	1,040	1,014	32	8	24	2	2	...
3—4	2,263	1,140	1,123	2,075	979	1,096	182	159	23	6	2	4
4—5	1,940	911	1,029	1,890	897	993	44	12	32	6	2	4
Total 0—5	10,377	5,128	5,249	9,975	4,836	5,139	382	284	98	20	8	12
5—10	7,929	3,957	3,972	7,342	3,671	3,671	547	275	272	40	11	29
10—15	6,088	3,319	2,769	4,450	2,889	1,561	1,570	403	1,167	68	27	41
15—20	5,555	3,006	2,549	2,282	2,062	220	3,049	803	2,246	224	141	83
20—25	7,011	3,179	3,832	1,289	1,167	122	5,224	1,847	3,377	418	165	333
25—30	7,355	3,555	3,770	651	584	67	6,186	2,789	3,397	518	212	306
30—35	7,194	3,911	3,283	469	406	63	5,790	3,142	2,648	935	363	672
35—40	3,950	2,211	1,739	142	119	23	3,927	1,922	1,305	581	170	411
40—45	5,217	2,719	2,498	169	131	38	3,692	2,301	1,391	1,356	287	1,069
45—50	2,170	1,277	893	51	36	15	1,388	974	414	731	267	464
50—55	3,460	1,835	1,625	92	70	22	1,961	1,430	531	1,407	335	1,072
55—60	851	512	339	16	9	7	535	418	117	300	85	215
60—65	2,313	1,188	1,125	107	97	10	961	787	174	1,245	304	941
65—70	692	506	186	52	49	3	350	324	26	290	133	157
70 & over	985	514	471	24	16	8	364	322	42	597	176	421
CHRISTIAN	495	341	154	305	248	57	162	85	77	28	8	20
0—1	22	13	9	23	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
1—2	11	6	5	11	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
2—3	17	10	7	16	10	6	1	...	1	...	...	...
3—4	7	4	3	7	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
4—5	8	7	1	8	7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 0—5	65	40	25	64	40	24	1	...	1	...	...	...
5—10	53	40	13	53	40	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
10—15	64	57	7	61	56	5	2	...	2	1	...	...
15—20	93	71	22	72	70	2	20	1	19	1	...	1
20—25	46	29	17	26	23	3	20	6	14	...	...	...
25—30	54	39	15	14	13	1	39	25	14	1	1	...
30—35	31	15	16	3	3	...	23	11	12	5	1	4
35—40	38	16	22	10	2	8	23	14	9	5	...	5
40—45	14	11	3	1	1	...	11	9	2	1	1	...
45—50	15	11	4	...	...	...	9	8	1	6	...	3
50—55	10	6	4	...	...	...	9	6	3	1	...	1
55—60	5	3	2	1	...	1	3	3	...	1	...	1
60—65	4	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	3	1	2
65—70	3	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	2
70 & over.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
PARSI ...	44	34	10	9	8	1	33	26	7	2	...	2
0—1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1—2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2—3	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
3—4	2	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
4—5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 0—5	3	1	2	1	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
5—10	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10—15	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15—20	2	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
20—25	5	4	1	1	1	...	4	3	1	...	...	...
25—30	6	5	1	...	...	...	6	5	1	...	...	...
30—35	12	10	2	1	...	1	11	10	1	...	...	...
35—40	10	8	2	1	1	...	8	7	1	1	...	1
40—45	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
45—50	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
50—55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55—60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
JEW ...	6	6	...	5	5	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
35—40	5	5	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40—45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45—50	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तफ़सील ज़िला.

Zila. ज़िला	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
INDORE ZILA.	All Religions	235,283	121,873	113,410	85,751	53,356	32,395	115,971	59,100	56,871	33,561	9,417	24,144
	0-1 ...	8,675	4,256	4,419	8,598	4,241	4,357	72	12	60	5	3	2
	1-2 ...	5,420	2,614	2,806	5,360	2,602	2,758	54	12	42	6	...	6
	2-3 ...	7,120	3,430	3,691	6,980	3,393	3,587	135	43	92	5	3	2
	3-4 ...	7,156	3,371	3,785	6,951	3,313	3,638	192	56	136	13	2	11
	4-5 ...	6,198	2,939	3,259	6,014	2,889	3,125	162	45	117	22	5	17
	Total 0-5	34,569	16,619	17,950	33,903	16,438	17,465	615	168	441	51	13	38
	5-10 ...	25,747	12,973	12,774	23,532	12,412	11,120	2,115	555	1,580	100	26	74
	10-15 ...	19,114	10,911	8,203	12,058	9,266	2,792	6,783	1,583	5,220	273	82	191
	15-20 ...	18,497	9,563	8,934	6,279	5,966	313	11,574	3,374	8,200	644	223	421
	20-25 ...	23,314	11,135	12,179	3,978	3,786	190	17,727	6,729	10,998	1,611	620	991
	25-30 ...	24,388	12,612	11,726	2,449	2,336	113	19,454	9,343	10,111	2,435	933	1,502
	30-35 ...	25,321	13,462	11,859	1,319	1,188	131	20,127	11,157	8,970	3,875	1,117	2,758
	35-40 ...	14,021	8,553	6,068	595	534	61	11,124	7,157	3,967	2,902	862	2,040
	40-45 ...	18,902	10,029	8,873	695	630	65	12,168	8,009	4,159	6,039	1,890	4,649
	45-50 ...	6,983	3,963	3,020	206	167	39	4,161	3,090	1,071	2,616	706	1,910
	50-55 ...	11,860	6,008	5,852	388	332	56	5,671	4,299	1,372	5,801	1,377	4,424
	55-60 ...	2,404	1,420	984	80	62	18	1,165	952	213	1,159	406	753
	60-65 ...	6,578	3,165	3,413	147	127	20	2,318	1,948	370	4,113	1,090	3,023
	65-70 ...	912	474	438	34	31	3	308	277	31	570	166	404
	70 and over	2,123	986	1,137	90	81	9	661	499	162	1,372	406	966
	Hindu ...	198,633	102,553	96,080	71,606	44,801	26,805	97,945	49,703	48,242	29,082	8,049	21,033
	0-1 ...	7,334	3,581	3,753	7,263	3,568	3,695	67	10	57	4	3	1
	1-2 ...	4,628	2,223	2,405	4,570	2,211	2,359	53	12	41	5	...	5
	2-3 ...	5,939	2,871	3,068	5,816	2,829	2,987	119	40	79	4	2	2
	3-4 ...	5,919	2,789	3,130	5,732	2,737	2,995	177	51	126	10	1	9
	4-5 ...	5,117	2,404	2,713	4,950	2,362	2,588	149	39	110	18	8	15
	Total 0-5	28,937	13,868	15,069	28,331	13,707	14,624	565	152	413	41	9	32
	5-10 ...	22,114	11,102	11,012	20,178	10,711	9,467	1,850	369	1,481	86	22	64
	10-15 ...	15,998	9,206	6,792	9,796	7,795	2,001	5,952	1,332	4,620	250	79	171
	15-20 ...	15,504	7,981	7,523	4,959	4,762	197	9,080	2,971	7,009	565	198	367
	20-25 ...	19,658	9,400	10,258	3,333	3,199	134	14,922	5,668	9,254	1,403	533	870
	25-30 ...	20,401	10,571	9,830	2,001	1,928	73	16,284	7,847	8,437	2,116	796	1,320
	30-35 ...	21,511	11,405	10,106	1,088	987	101	17,004	9,480	7,524	3,419	938	2,481
	35-40 ...	12,357	7,234	5,123	517	475	42	9,292	6,007	3,285	2,548	752	1,796
	40-45 ...	16,180	8,523	7,657	594	542	52	10,283	6,706	3,577	5,803	1,215	4,088
	45-50 ...	5,946	3,328	2,618	180	148	32	3,491	2,574	917	2,275	606	1,669
	50-55 ...	10,073	5,060	5,013	324	283	41	4,736	3,590	1,146	5,013	1,187	3,826
	55-60 ...	2,002	1,165	837	70	55	15	932	759	173	1,000	351	649
	60-65 ...	5,461	2,613	2,848	128	113	15	1,885	1,588	297	3,448	912	2,530
	65-70 ...	733	349	384	27	24	3	224	200	24	482	125	357
	70 and over	1,758	798	960	80	72	8	545	400	145	1,133	326	807
	Jain ...	2,728	1,450	1,278	1,024	677	347	1,161	589	572	543	184	359
	0-1 ...	69	38	31	69	38	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	38	19	19	38	19	19	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	51	24	27	50	24	26	1	...	1	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	56	22	34	56	22	34	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	63	22	41	62	21	41	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	277	125	152	275	124	151	2	1	1	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	251	123	128	241	117	124	7	4	3	3	2	...
	10-15 ...	253	139	114	187	132	55	63	7	56	3	...	3
	15-20 ...	253	137	116	106	103	3	129	29	100	18	5	13
	20-25 ...	277	142	135	57	52	5	184	82	102	36	8	28
	25-30 ...	272	142	130	47	45	2	180	87	93	45	10	35
	30-35 ...	256	142	114	38	37	1	162	87	75	56	18	38
	35-40 ...	186	106	80	15	13	2	125	79	46	46	14	32
	40-45 ...	205	117	88	25	23	2	122	74	48	58	20	38
	45-50 ...	115	70	45	5	4	1	61	48	45	49	18	31
	50-55 ...	196	94	102	16	16	...	66	43	23	114	35	79
	55-60 ...	51	33	18	3	3	...	20	17	3	28	13	15
	60-65 ...	89	50	39	5	4	1	27	20	7	57	26	31
	65-70 ...	23	17	6	3	3	...	7	7	...	13	7	6
	70 and over	24	13	11	1	1	...	6	4	2	17	8	9
	Animist ...	8,522	4,379	4,243	3,728	2,184	1,594	4,146	2,003	2,143	648	142	506
	0-1 ...	404	224	240	463	223	240	1	1	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	225	116	119	225	116	119	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	366	158	208	362	158	204	4	...	4	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	452	228	224	440	226	220	6	2	4	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	369	184	185	367	182	185	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	1,876	910	966	1,803	905	958	13	5	8	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	714	389	334	702	376	326	12	4	8	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	799	425	374	640	402	238	159	23	136	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	666	309	357	258	211	47	401	95	306	7	3	4
	20-25 ...	859	380	479	112	104	8	732	272	460	15	4	11
	25-30 ...	927	432	495	115	108	7	790	316	474	22	8	14
	30-35 ...	930	484	446	24	18	6	835	443	392	71	23	48
	35-40 ...	563	323	240	4	4	...	474	236	178	85	23	62
	40-45 ...	545	326	219	4	3	1	399	233	106	142	30	112
	45-50 ...	170	94	76	1	1	...	113	82	31	56	11	45
	50-55 ...	238	105	133	2	...	2	114	87	27	122	18	104
	55-60 ...	48	25	23	...	...	...	27	22	5	21	3	18
	60-65 ...	153	64	89	2	1	1	59	49	10	92	14	78
	65-70 ...	6	4	2	...	...	...	3	3	...	3	1	2
	70 and over	28	18	10	1	1	...	15	13	2	12	4	8

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Contd.)

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तफ़्सीली ज़िला.

Zila.	जिला	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
		मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
INDORE ZILA.	Musalman ...	24,649	13,075	11,574	8,988	5,417	3,571	12,428	6,635	5,793	3,233	1,023	2,210
	0-1 ...	783	398	385	778	397	381	4	1	3	1	...	1
	1-2 ...	614	248	266	512	248	264	1	...	1	1	...	1
	2-3 ...	742	374	368	732	370	362	9	3	6	1	1	...
	3-4 ...	715	323	392	703	319	384	9	3	6	3	1	2
	4-5 ...	636	321	315	622	316	306	10	3	7	4	2	2
	Total 0-5	3,390	1,664	1,726	3,347	1,650	1,697	33	10	23	10	4	6
	5-10 ...	2,596	1,321	1,275	2,339	1,161	1,178	246	158	88	11	2	9
	10-15 ...	1,993	1,075	918	1,367	872	495	607	201	406	19	2	17
	15-20 ...	1,946	1,094	852	869	807	62	1,025	271	754	52	16	36
	20-25 ...	2,434	1,153	1,281	433	392	41	1,846	687	1,159	155	74	81
	25-30 ...	2,044	1,402	1,242	265	234	31	2,132	1,052	1,080	247	116	131
	30-35 ...	2,554	1,384	1,170	157	135	22	2,077	1,115	962	320	134	186
	35-40 ...	1,464	863	601	46	37	9	1,203	755	448	215	71	144
	40-45 ...	1,943	1,041	902	69	59	10	1,341	857	484	533	125	408
	45-50 ...	724	452	272	19	13	6	450	372	108	225	67	158
	50-55 ...	1,339	741	598	46	33	13	744	571	173	549	137	412
	55-60 ...	296	191	105	7	4	3	180	148	32	109	39	70
	60-65 ...	867	434	433	12	9	3	346	290	56	509	135	374
	65-70 ...	147	103	44	4	4	...	73	66	7	70	33	37
	70 and over	312	157	155	8	7	1	95	82	13	209	68	141
	Christian ...	437	307	130	272	227	45	139	73	66	26	7	19
	0-1 ...	19	11	8	19	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	9	4	5	9	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	16	10	6	15	10	5	1	...	1	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	6	4	2	6	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	6	4	1	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	55	33	22	54	33	21	1	...	1	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	47	37	10	47	37	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	57	55	2	66	64	2	...	...	...	1	1	...
	15-20 ...	90	69	21	71	69	2	18	...	18	1	...	1
	20-25 ...	43	28	15	24	22	2	19	6	13	...	...	...
	25-30 ...	44	33	11	8	8	...	35	24	11	1	1	...
	30-35 ...	26	18	13	2	2	...	20	10	10	4	1	3
	35-40 ...	32	11	21	10	2	8	17	9	8	5	...	5
	40-45 ...	10	7	3	...	...	...	9	7	2	1	...	1
	45-50 ...	14	10	4	...	...	...	8	7	1	6	3	3
	50-55 ...	8	5	3	...	...	...	7	5	2	1	...	1
	55-60 ...	4	3	1	...	...	...	3	3	...	1	...	1
	60-65 ...	4	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	3	1	2
	65-70 ...	3	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	2
MEHIDPUR ZILA.	Others ...	314	209	105	133	100	3	152	97	55	29	12	17
	0-1 ...	6	4	2	6	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	6	4	2	6	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	6	2	4	5	2	3	1	...	1	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	8	5	3	8	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	8	4	4	8	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	34	19	15	33	19	14	1	...	1	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	25	10	15	25	10	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	14	11	3	12	11	1	2	...	2	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	38	23	15	16	14	2	21	8	13	1	1	...
	20-25 ...	43	32	11	17	17	...	24	14	10	2	1	1
	25-30 ...	50	32	18	13	13	...	33	17	16	4	2	2
	30-35 ...	44	34	10	10	9	1	29	22	7	5	3	2
	35-40 ...	19	16	3	3	3	...	13	11	2	3	2	1
	40-45 ...	19	15	4	3	3	...	14	12	2	2	...	2
	45-50 ...	14	9	5	1	1	...	8	7	1	5	1	4
	50-55 ...	6	3	3	...	...	...	4	3	1	2	...	2
	55-60 ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
	60-65 ...	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	2
	65-70 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	70 and over	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
	All Religions	121,243	62,718	58,525	43,945	28,236	15,709	61,265	30,597	30,668	16,033	3,885	12,148
	0-1 ...	4,753	2,268	2,487	4,711	2,262	2,449	40	5	35	4	1	3
	1-2 ...	2,676	1,302	1,374	2,638	1,284	1,354	33	16	17	5	2	3
	2-3 ...	3,740	1,722	2,018	3,661	1,704	1,957	74	17	57	5	1	4
	3-4 ...	3,436	1,586	1,850	3,312	1,558	1,754	116	25	91	8	3	5
	4-5 ...	3,139	1,620	1,519	2,979	1,574	1,405	153	44	109	7	2	5
	Total 0-5	17,746	8,498	9,248	17,301	8,382	8,919	416	107	309	29	9	20
	5-10 ...	13,579	6,940	6,639	11,469	6,506	4,963	2,041	404	1,637	69	30	39
	10-15 ...	8,806	4,752	4,054	4,552	3,507	1,045	4,145	1,180	2,965	109	65	44
	15-20 ...	9,505	4,962	4,543	2,982	2,814	168	6,260	2,064	4,196	263	84	179
	20-25 ...	13,523	6,812	6,711	2,593	2,474	119	10,137	4,141	5,996	793	197	596
	25-30 ...	11,405	6,000	5,405	1,634	1,588	46	9,018	4,175	4,843	753	237	516
	30-35 ...	13,595	7,381	6,211	1,576	1,481	95	10,161	5,460	4,695	1,855	434	1,421
	35-40 ...	7,830	4,368	3,462	622	382	240	5,669	3,632	2,037	1,533	354	1,185
	40-45 ...	9,239	4,759	4,480	402	354	48	6,074	3,352	2,222	2,763	553	2,210
	45-50 ...	3,720	2,013	1,707	159	143	11	2,031	1,522	500	1,530	343	1,137
	50-55 ...	5,301	2,720	2,581	242	219	23	2,724	1,934	740	2,335	517	1,818
	55-60 ...	1,427	793	634	74	60	5	657	526	131	673	193	498
	60-65 ...	3,348	1,538	1,810	136	118	18	1,186	971	215	2,023	449	1,577
	65-70 ...	603	356	247	39	31	5	240	211	20	324	111	213
	70 and over	1,616	823	793	164	160	4	503	359	144	949	304	645

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas—(Contd.)

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तफसील ज़िला.

Zila.	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
		मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
MEERIDPUR ZILA.	Hindu ...	112,720	58,308	54,412	40,660	26,192	14,468	57,198	28,547	28,651	14,862	3,569	11,293
	0-1 ...	4,436	2,104	2,332	4,395	2,098	2,297	37	5	32	4	1	3
	1-2 ...	2,480	1,212	1,268	2,443	1,104	1,249	33	16	17	4	2	2
	2-3 ...	34,87	1,694	1,893	3,413	1,578	1,835	70	16	54	4	...	4
	3-4 ...	3,196	1,480	1,716	3,084	1,456	1,628	104	21	83	8	3	5
	4-5 ...	2,904	1,505	1,899	2,764	1,463	1,291	144	40	104	6	2	4
	Total 0-5	16,503	7,895	8,608	16,089	7,789	8,300	388	98	290	26	8	18
	5-10 ...	12,669	6,498	6,171	10,650	6,082	4,568	1,955	387	1,568	64	29	35
	10-15 ...	8,086	4,331	3,755	4,041	3,152	889	3,938	1,116	2,822	107	63	44
	15-20 ...	8,795	4,574	4,221	2,688	2,553	135	5,858	1,941	3,917	249	80	169
	20-25 ...	12,601	64,05	6,196	2,405	2,298	107	9,513	3,921	5,592	683	186	497
	25-30 ...	10,667	5,607	5,060	1,559	1,519	40	8,410	3,875	4,535	698	213	485
	30-35 ...	12,759	6,931	5,828	1,606	1,416	90	9,527	5,118	4,409	1,726	397	1,329
	35-40 ...	7,321	4,091	3,230	587	350	237	5,287	3,413	1,874	1,447	328	1,119
	40-45 ...	8,538	4,405	4,133	370	327	43	5,584	3,560	2,024	2,584	518	2,066
	45-50 ...	3,473	1,868	1,605	152	141	11	1,883	1,408	475	1,438	319	1,119
	50-55 ...	4,874	2,492	2,382	222	200	22	2,500	1,823	677	2,152	469	1,683
	55-60 ...	1,320	784	536	73	68	5	601	482	119	646	184	462
	60-65 ...	3,084	1,466	1,678	122	107	15	1,087	897	190	1,875	402	1,473
	65-70 ...	552	327	225	38	34	4	218	193	25	296	100	196
	70 and over	1,478	744	734	158	156	2	449	315	134	871	273	598
	Jain ...	1,308	686	622	487	324	163	571	290	281	250	72	178
	0-1 ...	39	22	17	39	22	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	20	9	11	20	9	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	30	13	17	29	13	16	1	...	1	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	26	15	11	26	14	11	1	1	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	32	18	14	31	17	14	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	147	77	70	144	75	69	3	2	7	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	135	64	71	129	62	67	6	2	4	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	117	66	51	84	58	26	33	8	25	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	113	68	45	42	42	...	69	26	43	2	...	2
	20-25 ...	139	72	67	29	29	...	96	42	54	14	1	13
	25-30 ...	118	58	60	9	9	...	93	47	46	16	2	14
	30-35 ...	117	59	58	16	16	...	72	34	38	29	9	20
	35-40 ...	78	49	29	14	14	...	46	30	16	18	5	13
	40-45 ...	104	47	57	9	8	1	62	34	28	33	5	28
	45-50 ...	39	22	17	3	3	...	19	13	6	17	6	11
	50-55 ...	79	41	38	4	4	...	35	23	12	40	14	26
	55-60 ...	29	14	15	...	...	...	9	8	1	20	6	14
	60-65 ...	47	22	25	2	2	...	12	10	2	33	10	23
	65-70 ...	19	10	9	...	...	...	8	6	2	11	4	7
	70 and over	27	17	10	2	2	...	8	5	3	17	10	7
	Animist ...	190	113	77	83	56	27	90	46	44	17	11	6
	0-1 ...	8	4	4	8	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	7	6	1	7	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	6	3	3	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	2	1	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	5	3	2	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	28	17	11	28	17	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	15	10	5	11	6	5	4	4	...	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	22	14	8	12	7	5	10	7	3	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	21	14	7	7	3	4	14	11	3	...	...	...
	20-25 ...	27	17	10	7	6	1	17	8	9	3	3	...
	25-30 ...	14	7	7	3	2	1	9	3	6	2	2	...
	30-35 ...	16	7	9	3	3	...	13	4	9	...	...	...
	35-40 ...	10	4	6	3	3	...	6	1	5	1	...	1
	40-45 ...	17	9	8	3	3	...	10	6	4	4	...	4
	45-50 ...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	50-55 ...	7	3	4	1	1	...	5	1	4	1	1	...
	55-60 ...	2	2	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	60-65 ...	4	2	2	1	1	...	1	...	1	2	1	1
	65-70 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
	70 and over	4	4	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	3	3	...
	Musalman...	7,016	3,605	3,411	2,711	1,661	1,050	3,401	1,711	1,690	904	233	671
	0-1 ...	271	138	133	268	138	130	3	...	3	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	169	75	94	168	75	93	...	...	...	1	...	1
	2-3 ...	217	112	105	213	110	103	3	1	2	1	1	...
	3-4 ...	212	90	122	201	87	114	11	3	8	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	198	94	104	189	91	98	8	3	5	1	...	1
	Total 0-5	1,067	509	558	1,039	501	538	25	7	18	3	1	2
	5-10 ...	760	368	392	679	356	323	76	11	65	5	1	4
	10-15 ...	580	341	239	415	290	125	163	49	114	2	2	...
	15-20 ...	574	304	270	244	215	29	318	85	233	12	4	8
	20-25 ...	755	318	437	152	141	11	510	170	340	93	7	86
	25-30 ...	604	326	278	62	57	5	505	249	256	37	20	17
	30-35 ...	701	385	316	50	45	5	551	312	239	100	28	32
	35-40 ...	421	224	197	18	15	3	330	188	142	73	21	52
	40-45 ...	580	298	282	20	16	4	418	252	166	142	30	112
	45-50 ...	206	121	85	2	2	...	129	101	28	75	18	57
	50-55 ...	341	184	157	15	14	...	184	137	47	142	33	109
	55-60 ...	176	143	83	...	...	...	46	85	11	30	8	22
	60-65 ...	213	108	105	11	8	8	86	64	22	116	36	80
	65-70 ...	31	18	13	1	...	1	14	12	2	16	6	10
	70 and over	107	58	49	3	1	2	46	39	7	58	18	40

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Contd.)

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तफ्सीली ज़िलहा

Zila ज़िला	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
MEHIDPUR ZILA.	Christian ...	2	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	20-25 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	30-35 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Others ...	7	5	2	3	2	1	4	3	1	...	...	...
	0-1 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	2	2	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	25-30 ...	2	2	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	30-35 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
NEMAWAR ZILA.	All Religions	94,600	47,808	46,792	36,946	21,721	15,225	46,675	23,566	23,109	10,979	2,521	8,458
	0-1 ...	3,837	1,896	1,941	3,077	1,786	1,891	111	66	45	49	44	5
	1-2 ...	2,037	1,065	1,022	1,861	879	982	161	123	38	65	63	2
	2-3 ...	3,411	1,987	1,474	3,204	1,867	1,387	156	28	128	51	42	9
	3-4 ...	5,118	1,882	3,436	4,121	1,446	2,675	224	180	44	773	56	717
	4-5 ...	3,110	1,471	1,639	2,782	1,371	1,411	262	97	165	66	3	63
	Total 0-5	17,563	8,051	9,512	15,645	7,349	8,296	914	494	420	1,004	208	796
	5-10 ...	11,304	5,573	5,731	9,888	5,232	4,656	1,321	306	1,015	95	35	60
	10-15 ...	7,812	3,954	3,858	4,848	3,245	1,603	2,227	672	2,227	65	37	28
	15-20 ...	6,586	4,198	2,388	2,455	2,286	169	3,929	1,761	2,168	202	151	51
	20-25 ...	8,960	4,772	4,188	1,842	1,616	228	6,731	3,000	3,731	387	156	231
	25-30 ...	8,530	3,921	4,909	782	711	71	7,603	3,040	4,563	445	170	275
	30-35 ...	8,941	4,690	4,251	613	527	86	7,451	3,371	3,580	877	292	585
	35-40 ...	5,173	2,960	2,213	220	182	38	4,506	2,610	1,896	447	168	279
	40-45 ...	6,912	3,647	3,265	245	207	38	4,984	3,174	1,810	1,683	266	1,417
	45-50 ...	2,927	1,484	1,443	52	39	13	1,034	1,226	708	941	219	722
	50-55 ...	4,373	2,074	2,299	186	117	19	2,278	1,684	594	1,959	273	1,686
	55-60 ...	963	466	497	33	31	2	490	363	127	440	72	368
	60-65 ...	2,797	1,123	1,674	119	112	7	983	789	194	1,695	222	1,473
	65-70 ...	637	426	211	52	51	1	294	262	32	291	113	178
	70 and over	822	469	353	16	16	...	358	314	44	448	139	309
	Hindu ...	78,404	39,732	38,672	31,469	18,609	12,860	38,186	19,310	18,876	8,749	1,813	6,936
	0-1 ...	3,205	1,617	1,588	3,096	1,528	1,568	63	48	15	46	41	5
	1-2 ...	1,636	787	849	1,518	706	812	56	21	35	62	60	2
	2-3 ...	3,006	1,751	1,255	2,820	1,695	1,125	136	15	121	50	41	9
	3-4 ...	4,336	1,226	3,110	3,611	1,156	2,455	57	18	39	668	52	616
	4-5 ...	2,539	1,233	1,306	2,287	1,141	1,146	217	89	128	35	3	32
	Total 0-5	14,722	6,614	8,108	13,332	6,226	7,106	529	191	338	361	197	604
	5-10 ...	9,743	4,803	4,940	8,522	4,595	3,927	1,141	170	965	80	32	48
	10-15 ...	6,629	3,325	3,304	4,009	2,732	1,277	2,584	573	2,011	36	20	16
	15-20 ...	5,423	3,537	1,886	2,107	1,985	122	3,235	1,512	1,723	81	40	41
	20-25 ...	7,272	4,143	3,129	1,631	1,426	205	5,437	2,613	2,824	204	104	100
	25-30 ...	6,989	3,215	3,774	698	638	60	5,952	2,425	3,527	339	152	187
	30-35 ...	7,402	3,865	3,537	520	448	72	6,262	3,265	2,997	620	152	468
	35-40 ...	4,328	2,558	1,770	186	155	31	3,808	2,258	1,550	334	145	189
	40-45 ...	5,803	3,088	2,715	208	177	31	4,181	2,671	1,510	1,414	240	1,174
	45-50 ...	2,428	1,150	1,278	35	23	12	1,683	1,033	650	710	94	616
	50-55 ...	3,642	1,706	1,936	120	109	11	1,824	1,368	456	1,698	229	1,469
	55-60 ...	779	332	397	25	24	1	411	298	113	343	60	283
	60-65 ...	2,817	881	1,436	52	47	5	793	652	141	1,472	182	1,290
	65-70 ...	311	138	173	10	10	...	118	83	30	189	45	143
	70 and over	616	327	289	14	14	...	233	192	41	360	121	243
	Jain ...	1,040	522	518	361	211	150	481	259	222	198	52	146
	0-1 ...	31	16	15	31	16	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	18	7	11	18	7	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	26	14	12	26	14	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	25	9	16	25	9	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	25	10	15	24	10	14	...	...	...	1	...	1
	Total 0-5	125	56	29	124	56	68	...	...	...	1	...	1
	5-10 ...	97	40	57	89	35	54	7	5	2	1	...	1
	10-15 ...	94	59	35	62	45	17	31	18	18	1	...	...
	15-20 ...	102	65	37	27	25	2	71	38	33	4	2	2
	20-25 ...	115	67	48	22	22	...	88	45	43	5	...	5
	25-30 ...	60	29	31	6	6	...	47	23	24	7	...	7
	30-35 ...	95	44	51	6	6	...	71	30	41	18	8	10
	35-40 ...	59	27	32	4	3	1	46	23	23	9	1	8
	40-45 ...	62	30	32	4	3	1	43	23	20	15	4	11
	45-50 ...	47	30	17	3	3	...	23	17	6	21	10	11
	50-55 ...	71	31	40	7	1	6	32	22	10	32	8	24
	55-60 ...	42	16	26	4	3	...	9	9	...	29	4	25
	60-65 ...	38	16	22	1	1	...	10	8	2	27	7	20
	65-70 ...	14	7	7	1	1	...	2	2	...	11	4	7
	70 and over	19	5	14	1	1	...	1	1	...	17	8	14

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Contd.)

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तफसील ज़िला.

Zila. ज़िला	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
NEMAWAR ZILA.	Animist ...	6,199	2,978	3,221	2,071	1,191	880	3,401	1,703	1,698	727	84	643
	0-1 ...	355	133	222	311	115	196	41	15	26	3	3	...
	1-2 ...	148	87	61	144	84	60	3	2	1	1	1	...
	2-3 ...	198	90	108	182	76	106	15	13	2	1	1	...
	3-4 ...	359	173	186	244	159	85	12	11	1	103	3	100
	4-5 ...	274	130	144	208	124	84	38	6	30	30	...	30
	Total 0-5	1,334	613	721	1,089	558	531	107	47	60	138	8	130
	5-10 ...	455	260	195	403	218	185	45	41	4	7	1	6
	10-15 ...	361	187	174	246	137	109	111	50	61	4	...	4
	15-20 ...	481	230	251	148	122	26	326	104	222	7	4	3
	20-25 ...	653	235	418	87	75	12	539	154	385	27	6	21
	25-30 ...	719	335	384	34	27	7	650	295	355	35	13	22
	30-35 ...	658	343	315	22	20	2	589	314	275	47	9	38
	35-40 ...	349	167	182	16	13	3	294	147	147	39	7	32
	40-45 ...	458	232	226	12	11	1	341	217	124	105	4	101
	45-50 ...	165	96	69	3	3	...	113	90	23	49	3	46
	50-55 ...	291	166	125	5	3	2	180	154	26	106	9	97
	55-60 ...	63	32	31	4	4	...	32	27	5	27	1	26
	60-65 ...	168	59	109	2	...	2	56	45	11	110	14	96
	65-70 ...	13	8	5	...	...	...	7	7	...	6	1	5
	70 and over	31	15	16	...	...	...	11	11	...	20	4	16
NEMAWAR ZILA.	Musalman ...	8,957	4,576	4,381	3,045	1,710	1,335	4,607	2,294	2,313	1,305	572	733
	0-1 ...	246	130	116	239	127	112	7	3	4	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	285	184	101	181	82	99	102	100	2	2	2	...
	2-3 ...	181	82	99	176	82	94	5	...	5	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	398	274	124	241	122	119	155	151	4	2	1	1
	4-5 ...	272	98	174	263	96	167	9	2	7	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	1,382	768	614	1,100	509	591	278	256	22	4	3	1
	5-10 ...	1,009	470	539	874	384	490	128	84	44	7	2	5
	10-15 ...	728	383	345	581	331	200	173	36	137	24	16	8
	15-20 ...	580	366	214	173	154	19	297	107	190	110	105	5
	20-25 ...	920	327	593	402	93	9	667	188	479	151	46	105
	25-30 ...	1,062	342	720	44	40	4	954	297	657	64	5	59
	30-35 ...	786	438	348	65	53	12	529	262	267	192	123	69
	35-40 ...	437	208	229	14	11	3	358	132	176	65	15	50
	40-45 ...	589	297	292	21	16	5	419	263	156	149	18	131
	45-50 ...	287	208	79	11	10	1	115	86	29	161	112	49
	50-55 ...	369	177	198	4	4	...	242	140	102	123	27	96
	55-60 ...	79	36	43	...	...	...	38	29	9	41	7	34
	60-65 ...	274	167	107	64	64	...	124	84	40	86	19	67
	65-70 ...	299	273	26	41	40	1	172	170	2	86	63	23
	70 and over	156	122	34	1	1	...	113	110	3	42	11	31
NIMAR ZILA.	All Religions	3,48,450	1,77,677	1,70,773	1,39,763	81,534	58,229	1,74,652	86,570	88,082	34,035	9,573	24,462
	0-1 ...	14,871	7,447	7,424	14,781	7,424	7,357	85	23	62	5	...	5
	1-2 ...	7,979	3,887	4,092	7,913	3,867	4,046	62	20	42	4	...	4
	2-3 ...	11,072	5,210	5,862	10,874	5,139	5,735	183	68	115	15	3	12
	3-4 ...	11,725	5,441	6,284	11,477	5,344	6,133	226	91	135	22	6	16
	4-5 ...	10,431	5,196	5,235	10,170	5,086	5,084	239	99	140	22	11	11
	Total 0-5	56,078	27,181	28,897	55,215	26,860	28,355	795	301	494	68	20	48
	5-10 ...	45,174	22,942	22,232	42,718	22,202	20,426	2,322	598	1,724	134	52	82
	10-15 ...	32,013	17,246	14,767	21,095	14,468	6,627	10,680	2,706	7,974	238	72	166
	15-20 ...	26,968	13,243	13,725	8,856	7,514	1,342	17,702	5,585	12,117	410	144	266
	20-25 ...	33,524	15,617	17,907	4,878	4,390	488	27,536	10,829	16,707	1,110	398	712
	25-30 ...	34,974	17,027	17,947	2,875	2,588	287	30,280	13,808	16,472	1,819	681	1,188
	30-35 ...	36,268	19,836	16,432	1,554	1,323	231	31,440	17,417	14,023	3,274	1,096	2,178
	35-40 ...	17,201	9,881	7,320	630	531	99	14,351	8,634	5,717	2,220	716	1,504
	40-45 ...	22,497	12,102	10,395	985	862	133	16,255	9,926	6,329	5,257	1,324	3,933
	45-50 ...	9,091	5,027	4,064	201	168	33	6,879	4,202	2,177	2,511	657	1,854
	50-55 ...	14,181	7,156	7,025	314	238	76	7,968	5,536	2,432	5,899	1,382	4,517
	55-60 ...	3,971	2,304	1,667	86	63	23	2,344	1,759	585	1,541	482	1,059
	60-65 ...	10,088	4,952	5,136	197	844	53	4,393	3,433	960	5,498	1,375	4,123
	65-70 ...	2,126	1,174	952	50	35	15	896	749	147	1,180	390	790
	70 and over	4,296	1,989	2,307	109	68	41	1,311	1,087	224	2,876	834	2,042
NIMAR ZILA.	Hindu	3,00,180	1,53,271	1,46,909	1,19,047	69,652	49,395	1,51,270	75,049	76,221	29,863	8,570	21,293
	0-1 ...	12,854	6,467	6,387	12,774	6,447	6,327	75	20	55	5	...	5
	1-2 ...	6,772	3,300	3,472	6,714	3,286	3,428	55	14	41	3	...	3
	2-3 ...	9,453	4,452	5,001	9,271	4,386	4,885	167	63	104	15	3	12
	3-4 ...	9,910	4,603	5,307	9,683	4,513	5,170	209	84	125	18	6	12
	4-5 ...	8,814	4,392	4,422	8,584	4,289	4,295	211	92	119	19	11	8
	Total 0-5	47,803	23,214	24,589	47,026	22,921	24,105	717	273	444	60	20	40
	5-10 ...	38,902	19,676	19,228	36,599	19,063	17,536	2,185	567	1,618	118	46	72
	10-15 ...	27,448	14,805	12,643	17,692	12,258	5,434	9,543	2,482	7,061	213	65	148
	15-20 ...	23,439	11,551	11,888	7,541	6,412	1,129	15,539	5,012	10,527	359	127	232
	20-25 ...	28,935	13,607	15,328	4,142	3,756	386	23,813	9,491	14,322	980	360	620
	25-30 ...	29,998	14,627	15,371	2,502	2,270	232	25,867	11,787	14,080	1,629	570	1,059
	30-35 ...	31,219	17,042	14,177	1,290	1,106	184	27,084	14,953	12,131	2,845	983	1,862
	35-40 ...	14,911	8,567	6,344	528	454	74	12,410	7,470	4,940	1,973	643	1,330
	40-45 ...	19,385	10,433	8,952	889	777	112	13,920	8,492	5,428	4,576	1,164	3,412
	45-50 ...	7,937	4,437	3,500	173	146	27	5,546	3,693	1,853	2,218	598	1,620
	50-55 ...	12,319	6,197	6,122	284	216	68	6,875	4,755	2,120	5,160	1,228	3,934
	55-60 ...	3,484	2,025	1,459	78	60	18	2,036	1,520	516	1,370	445	925
	60-65 ...	8,790	4,320	4,470	167	122	45	3,833	2,972	861	4,790	1,226	3,564
	65-70 ...	1,864	1,043	821	42	29	13	780	658	122	1,042	356	686
	70 and over	3,746	1,727	2,019	94	62	32	1,122	924	198	2,530	741	1,789

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Contd.)

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तकसील ज़िला.

Zila. ज़िला	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
		मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
NIMAR ZILA.	Jain ...	2,002	1,018	984	652	433	219	967	488	479	383	97	286
	0-1 ...	53	32	21	51	30	21	2	2	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	29	14	15	29	14	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	47	19	28	46	19	27	1	...	1	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	49	25	24	49	25	24	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	33	17	16	33	17	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	211	107	104	208	105	103	3	2	1	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	153	78	75	150	78	72	2	...	2	1	...	1
	10-15 ...	169	87	82	108	81	27	58	5	53	3	1	2
	15-20 ...	172	82	90	56	50	6	107	31	76	9	1	8
	20-25 ...	196	96	100	46	40	6	128	54	74	22	2	20
	25-30 ...	223	99	124	28	27	1	175	67	108	20	5	15
	30-35 ...	235	132	103	23	20	3	180	98	82	52	14	38
	35-40 ...	123	60	63	5	5	...	82	48	34	36	7	29
	40-45 ...	152	85	67	15	15	...	85	57	28	52	13	39
	45-50 ...	80	34	46	4	4	...	39	23	16	37	7	30
	50-55 ...	97	40	57	4	3	1	37	22	15	56	15	41
	55-60 ...	39	19	20	...	...	...	16	10	6	23	9	14
	60-65 ...	73	40	33	4	4	...	26	23	3	43	13	30
	65-70 ...	19	12	7	1	1	...	8	7	1	10	4	6
	70 and over	60	47	13	...	...	...	41	41	...	19	6	13
	Animist ...	27,178	13,576	13,602	12,291	6,826	5,465	13,084	6,327	6,757	1,803	423	1,380
	0-1 ...	1,269	620	649	1,262	619	643	7	1	6	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	790	395	395	785	390	395	5	5	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	1,013	452	561	1,008	449	559	5	3	2	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	1,223	556	667	1,207	550	657	13	6	7	3	...	3
	4-5 ...	1,095	552	543	1,079	549	530	14	3	11	2	...	2
	Total 0-5	5,390	2,575	2,815	5,341	2,557	2,784	44	18	26	5	...	5
	5-10 ...	3,813	2,031	1,782	3,719	2,010	1,709	91	19	72	3	2	1
	10-15 ...	2,565	1,344	1,221	1,838	1,196	642	714	145	569	13	3	10
	15-20 ...	1,866	857	1,009	645	504	141	1,209	351	858	12	2	10
	20-25 ...	2,473	1,081	1,442	306	250	56	2,121	769	1,352	46	12	34
	25-30 ...	2,791	1,285	1,506	180	136	44	2,538	1,133	1,405	73	16	57
	30-35 ...	2,730	1,510	1,220	97	64	33	2,454	1,393	1,061	179	53	126
	35-40 ...	1,250	718	532	61	41	20	1,091	642	449	98	35	63
	40-45 ...	1,709	916	793	47	34	13	1,344	805	539	318	77	241
	45-50 ...	511	281	230	16	13	3	379	244	135	116	24	92
	50-55 ...	945	482	463	14	8	6	584	405	179	347	69	278
	55-60 ...	201	112	89	5	3	2	121	95	20	75	14	61
	60-65 ...	831	294	337	12	7	5	276	214	62	343	73	270
	65-70 ...	97	46	51	3	1	2	45	33	12	49	12	37
	70 and over	206	94	112	7	2	5	73	61	12	126	31	95
	Musalman...	13,910	9,708	9,202	7,685	4,568	3,117	9,250	4,660	4,590	1,975	480	1,495
	0-1 ...	685	323	362	684	323	361	1	...	1	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	381	174	207	378	173	205	2	1	1	1	...	1
	2-3 ...	550	281	269	540	279	261	10	2	8	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	539	256	283	534	255	279	4	1	3	1	...	1
	4-5 ...	482	232	250	467	228	239	14	4	10	1	...	1
	Total 0-5	2,637	1,266	1,371	2,603	1,258	1,345	31	8	23	3	...	3
	5-10 ...	2,292	1,151	1,141	2,236	1,135	1,101	44	12	32	12	4	8
	10-15 ...	1,811	996	815	1,440	919	521	362	74	238	9	3	6
	15-20 ...	1,481	748	733	609	543	66	842	191	651	30	14	16
	20-25 ...	1,900	874	1,026	378	340	38	1,460	510	950	62	24	38
	25-30 ...	1,940	1,004	936	160	151	9	1,683	813	870	97	40	57
	30-35 ...	2,068	1,142	926	142	131	11	1,728	965	763	198	46	152
	35-40 ...	903	524	379	36	31	5	755	462	293	112	31	81
	40-45 ...	1,242	659	583	33	25	8	899	565	334	310	69	241
	45-50 ...	560	273	287	8	5	3	413	240	173	139	28	111
	50-55 ...	811	433	378	12	11	1	467	351	116	332	71	261
	55-60 ...	245	147	98	2	...	2	171	134	37	72	13	59
	60-65 ...	592	297	295	14	11	3	257	223	34	321	63	258
	65-70 ...	145	73	72	4	4	...	63	51	12	78	18	60
	70 and over	283	121	162	8	4	4	75	61	14	200	56	144
	Christian ...	33	19	14	19	11	8	13	7	6	1	1	...
	0-1 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	4	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	3	1	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	7	2	...	5	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
	20-25 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	25-30 ...	7	4	...	3	3	...	3	1	2	...	...	...
	30-35 ...	2	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
	35-40 ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
	40-45 ...	3	3	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...
	50-55 ...	2	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
	55-60 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas—(Contd.)

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहां और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तफसील ज़िला.

Zila. ज़िला.	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
		मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
NIMAR ZILA.	Others ...	147	85	62	69	44	25	68	39	29	10	2	8
	0-1 ...	9	4	5	9	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	5	2	3	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	9	6	3	9	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	4	1	3	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	6	2	4	6	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	33	15	18	33	15	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	11	5	6	11	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	13	12	1	12	12	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	10	5	5	5	5	...	5	...	5	...	...	...
	20-25 ...	19	9	10	5	4	1	14	5	9	...	...	...
	25-30 ...	15	8	7	1	1	...	14	7	7	...	...	...
	30-35 ...	14	9	5	2	2	...	12	7	5	...	...	...
	35-40 ...	11	9	2	...	...	...	10	9	1	1	...	1
	40-45 ...	6	6	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...
	45-50 ...	3	2	1	...	...	...	2	2	...	1	...	1
	50-55 ...	7	3	4	...	...	...	3	2	1	4	1	3
	55-60 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
	60-65 ...	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1
	65-70 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
	70 and over	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
RAMPUR-BHANPURA ZILA.	All Religions	192,521	99,358	93,163	73,872	46,395	27,477	92,798	46,110	46,688	25,851	6,853	18,998
	0-1 ...	7,684	3,822	3,862	7,624	3,801	3,823	52	18	34	8	3	5
	1-2 ...	4,641	2,298	2,343	5,561	2,276	2,285	71	18	53	9	4	5
	2-3 ...	6,785	3,280	3,505	6,526	3,163	3,363	195	64	131	14	3	11
	3-4 ...	6,667	3,195	3,472	6,145	3,120	3,025	239	70	169	13	5	8
	4-5 ...	5,989	3,022	2,967	5,689	2,927	2,762	277	90	187	23	5	18
	Total 0-5	31,716	15,507	16,149	30,315	15,337	15,528	834	260	574	67	20	47
	5-10 ...	21,980	11,633	10,347	19,760	10,992	8,768	2,123	604	1,519	97	37	60
	10-15 ...	12,513	7,077	5,436	7,729	5,903	1,826	4,025	1,121	3,504	159	53	106
	15-20 ...	14,875	8,196	6,679	5,522	5,235	287	8,892	2,780	6,112	461	180	280
	20-25 ...	20,001	10,051	9,950	4,268	4,070	198	14,529	5,521	9,008	1,204	460	744
	25-30 ...	19,356	9,932	9,374	2,316	2,181	135	15,332	7,131	8,201	1,708	670	1,088
	30-35 ...	19,079	9,923	9,156	1,220	1,098	122	15,350	8,072	7,248	2,509	753	1,756
	35-40 ...	13,823	7,643	6,180	562	514	48	10,460	6,396	4,064	2,801	733	2,068
	40-45 ...	14,567	6,854	7,713	875	418	457	9,163	5,516	3,647	4,529	920	3,609
	45-50 ...	6,230	3,395	2,835	189	173	16	3,718	2,677	1,041	2,323	545	1,778
	50-55 ...	9,073	4,336	4,737	313	260	53	4,197	3,084	1,113	4,563	992	3,571
	55-60 ...	2,289	1,278	1,011	78	70	8	1,093	887	206	1,118	321	797
	60-65 ...	4,611	2,200	2,411	145	125	20	1,703	1,386	317	2,763	689	2,074
	65-70 ...	967	507	460	38	32	6	351	312	39	578	163	415
	70 and over	1,441	716	725	42	37	5	428	363	65	971	316	655
RAMPUR-BHANPURA ZILA.	Hindu ...	174,992	90,460	84,532	66,837	42,133	24,704	84,630	42,104	42,526	23,525	6,223	17,302
	0-1 ...	7,005	3,494	3,511	6,946	3,473	3,473	51	18	33	8	3	5
	1-2 ...	4,265	2,124	2,141	4,188	2,102	2,086	68	18	50	9	4	5
	2-3 ...	6,126	2,936	3,190	5,923	2,869	3,054	190	64	126	13	3	10
	3-4 ...	6,057	2,900	3,157	5,812	2,828	2,984	233	68	165	12	4	8
	4-5 ...	5,472	2,765	2,707	5,180	2,671	2,509	270	89	181	22	5	17
	Total 0-5	28,925	14,210	14,706	28,040	13,943	14,106	812	257	555	64	19	45
	5-10 ...	20,026	10,637	9,389	17,897	10,012	7,885	2,043	591	1,452	86	34	52
	10-15 ...	11,194	6,371	4,823	6,798	5,252	1,546	4,250	1,070	3,180	146	49	97
	15-20 ...	13,404	7,459	5,945	4,939	4,729	210	8,074	2,555	5,519	391	175	216
	20-25 ...	18,334	9,203	9,131	3,867	3,712	155	13,343	5,055	8,288	1,124	436	688
	25-30 ...	17,654	9,144	8,510	2,118	1,999	119	13,970	6,528	7,442	1,566	617	949
	30-35 ...	17,396	9,052	8,344	1,102	1,008	94	13,997	7,357	6,640	2,297	687	1,610
	35-40 ...	12,645	6,998	5,652	509	466	43	9,566	5,863	3,703	2,570	664	1,906
	40-45 ...	13,312	6,245	7,067	831	382	449	8,310	5,016	3,294	4,171	847	3,324
	45-50 ...	5,606	3,048	2,558	176	161	15	3,330	2,411	919	2,100	476	1,624
	50-55 ...	8,188	3,897	4,291	282	235	47	3,764	2,775	989	4,142	887	3,255
	55-60 ...	2,040	1,132	908	65	59	6	953	786	167	1,022	287	735
	60-65 ...	4,113	1,958	2,155	134	115	19	1,511	1,226	285	2,468	617	1,851
	65-70 ...	873	458	415	36	30	6	319	284	35	518	144	374
	70 and over	1,282	644	638	34	30	4	388	330	58	860	284	576
RAMPUR-BHANPURA ZILA.	Jain ...	3,795	1,971	1,824	1,430	971	459	1,603	766	837	762	234	528
	0-1 ...	102	51	51	102	51	51	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	75	32	43	74	32	42	1	...	1	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	110	56	54	109	56	53	...	...	...	1	...	1
	3-4 ...	99	47	52	97	47	50	2	...	2	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	83	43	40	79	42	37	3	1	2	1	...	1
	Total 0-5	469	229	240	461	228	233	6	1	5	2	...	2
	5-10 ...	351	192	159	332	190	142	14	1	13	5	1	4
	10-15 ...	252	138	114	163	130	33	89	8	81	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	376	177	199	147	112	35	178	62	116	51	3	48
	20-25 ...	439	248	191	127	127	...	273	113	160	39	8	31
	25-30 ...	386	212	174	65	64	1	257	128	129	64	20	44
	30-35 ...	342	180	162	54	41	13	222	110	112	66	29	37
	35-40 ...	295	163	132	23	22	1	182	109	73	90	32	58
	40-45 ...	209	120	149	20	20	...	138	74	64	111	26	85
	45-50 ...	170	86	84	7	6	1	91	53	38	72	27	45
	50-55 ...	210	111	99	17	17	...	85	58	27	108	36	72
	55-60 ...	80	45	35	6	6	...	31	21	9	43	17	26
	60-65 ...	105	45	60	5	5	...	28	22	7	72	19	53
	65-70 ...	19	8	11	1	1	...	3	2	1	15	5	10
	70 and over	32	17	15	2	2	...	6	4	2	24	11	13

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas—(Contd.)

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तकसील ज़िला.

Zila. ज़िला	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
		मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA.	Animist ...	2,512	1,241	1,271	1,089	589	500	1,204	613	591	219	39	180
	0-1 ...	114	56	58	114	56	58	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	45	19	26	45	19	26	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	109	45	64	108	45	63	1	...	1	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	120	55	65	118	53	65	1	1	...	1	1	...
	4-5 ...	87	47	40	86	47	39	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	475	222	253	471	220	251	3	1	2	1	1	...
	5-10 ...	381	181	200	363	179	184	15	2	13	3	...	3
	10-15 ...	140	70	70	99	65	34	40	4	36	1	1	...
	15-20 ...	155	81	74	63	61	2	89	19	70	3	1	2
	20-25 ...	266	108	158	58	34	24	202	71	131	6	3	3
	25-30 ...	252	133	119	15	15	...	229	114	115	8	4	4
	30-35 ...	290	156	134	12	10	2	255	140	115	23	6	17
	35-40 ...	169	101	68	2	1	1	140	94	46	27	6	21
	40-45 ...	153	83	70	2	1	1	118	77	41	33	5	28
	45-50 ...	72	40	32	...	...	...	47	37	10	25	3	22
	50-55 ...	94	33	61	2	1	1	35	28	7	57	4	53
	55-60 ...	21	11	10	...	...	...	11	9	2	10	2	8
	60-65 ...	33	16	17	...	...	...	17	14	3	16	2	14
	65-70 ...	7	3	4	...	...	...	2	2	...	5	1	4
	70 and over	4	3	1	2	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	1
	Musalman ...	11,188	5,667	5,521	4,501	2,692	1,809	5,343	2,618	2,725	1,344	357	987
	0-1 ...	460	220	240	459	220	239	1	...	1	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	256	123	133	254	123	131	2	...	2	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	388	193	195	385	193	192	3	...	3	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	390	193	197	387	192	195	3	1	2	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	345	165	180	342	165	177	3	...	3	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	1,839	894	945	1,827	893	934	12	1	11	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	1,219	621	598	1,165	609	556	51	10	41	3	2	1
	10-15 ...	927	498	429	669	456	213	246	39	207	12	3	9
	15-20 ...	936	477	459	372	332	40	548	143	405	16	2	14
	20-25 ...	960	491	469	215	196	19	710	282	428	35	13	22
	25-30 ...	1,059	490	569	115	100	15	874	361	513	70	29	41
	30-35 ...	1,046	533	513	52	39	13	872	463	409	122	31	91
	35-40 ...	711	384	327	28	25	3	569	328	241	114	31	83
	40-45 ...	831	404	427	22	15	7	595	347	248	214	42	172
	45-50 ...	380	219	161	6	6	...	248	174	74	126	39	87
	50-55 ...	581	295	286	12	7	5	313	223	90	256	65	191
	55-60 ...	148	90	58	7	5	2	98	70	28	43	15	28
	60-65 ...	360	181	179	6	5	1	147	125	22	207	51	156
	65-70 ...	68	38	30	1	1	...	27	24	3	40	13	27
	70 and over	123	52	71	4	3	1	33	28	5	86	21	65
	Christian ...	23	14	9	13	9	4	9	5	4	1	...	1
	0-1 ...	2	1	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	6	3	3	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	3	2	1	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	3	2	1	1	1	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
	20-25 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	25-30 ...	3	2	1	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	30-35 ...	2	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1
	35-40 ...	3	2	1	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...
	40-45 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	45-50 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Others ...	11	5	6	2	1	1	9	4	5	...	...	...
	0-1 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	2	...	2	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	20-25 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	25-30 ...	2	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	30-35 ...	3	2	1	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...
	40-45 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	45-50 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Concid.)

टैबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा बी—तकसील ज़िला

Zila. ज़िला	Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
ALAMPUR PARGANA.	All Religions	15,759	8,067	7,692	5,645	3,678	1,967	7,461	3,748	3,713	2,653	641	2,012
	0-1 ...	386	235	151	385	234	151	1	1	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	397	216	181	334	215	119	55	1	54	8	...	8
	2-3 ...	447	219	228	434	213	221	11	5	6	2	1	1
	3-4 ...	378	203	175	371	198	173	5	3	2	2	2	...
	4-5 ...	299	168	131	290	164	126	8	4	4	1	...	1
	Total 0-5	1,907	1,041	866	1,814	10,24	790	80	14	66	13	3	10
	5-10 ...	1,710	948	762	1,472	859	613	189	64	125	49	25	24
	10-15 ...	1,585	930	655	939	712	227	592	184	408	54	34	20
	15-20 ...	1,495	719	776	588	381	207	867	320	547	40	18	22
	20-25 ...	1,611	771	840	330	260	70	1,144	451	693	137	60	77
	25-30 ...	1,509	794	1,015	165	154	11	1,276	590	686	368	50	318
	30-35 ...	1,428	732	696	119	113	6	1,075	556	519	234	63	171
	35-40 ...	890	566	324	67	63	4	584	448	136	239	55	184
	40-45 ...	1,152	569	583	59	50	9	713	438	275	380	81	299
	45-50 ...	632	293	339	31	24	7	334	222	112	267	47	220
	50-55 ...	750	354	396	27	21	6	342	252	90	381	81	300
	55-60 ...	241	123	118	4	3	1	110	80	30	127	40	87
	60-65 ...	363	153	210	11	8	3	110	95	15	242	50	192
	65-70 ...	78	28	50	11	2	9	19	14	5	48	12	36
	70 and over	108	46	62	8	4	4	26	20	6	74	22	52
	Hindu ...	15,325	7,845	7,480	5,460	3,580	1,880	7,262	3,643	3,619	2,603	622	1,981
	0-1 ...	362	228	134	361	227	134	1	1	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	385	209	176	323	208	115	54	1	53	8	...	8
	2-3 ...	437	211	226	426	207	219	9	3	6	2	1	1
	3-4 ...	369	199	170	362	194	168	5	3	2	2	2	...
	4-5 ...	291	166	125	282	162	120	8	4	4	1	...	1
	Total 0-5	1,844	1,013	831	1,754	998	766	77	12	65	13	3	10
	5-10 ...	1,656	921	735	1,422	832	590	187	64	123	47	25	22
	10-15 ...	1,535	903	632	910	690	220	573	180	398	52	33	19
	15-20 ...	1,456	701	755	572	369	203	848	314	534	36	18	18
	20-25 ...	1,568	754	814	321	255	66	1,112	440	672	135	59	76
	25-30 ...	1,762	772	990	160	152	8	1,237	572	665	365	48	317
	30-35 ...	1,389	708	686	116	110	6	1,042	531	511	231	62	169
	35-40 ...	875	558	317	67	63	4	572	441	131	236	54	182
	40-45 ...	1,120	549	571	55	50	5	693	421	272	372	78	294
	45-50 ...	619	289	330	26	24	2	331	221	110	262	44	218
	50-55 ...	731	343	388	24	20	4	331	244	87	376	79	297
	55-60 ...	234	118	116	4	3	1	108	78	30	122	37	85
	60-65 ...	356	152	204	11	8	3	109	94	15	236	50	186
	65-70 ...	76	27	49	10	2	8	18	13	5	48	12	36
	70 and over	104	42	62	8	4	4	26	18	6	72	20	52
	Jain ...	7	6	1	4	4	...	2	2	...	1	...	1
	4-5 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10-15 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	15-20 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	20-25 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	25-30 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	35-40 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
	Musalman ...	427	216	211	181	94	87	197	103	94	49	19	30
	0-1 ...	24	7	17	24	7	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1-2 ...	12	7	5	11	7	4	1	...	1	...	...	...
	2-3 ...	10	8	2	8	6	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	3-4 ...	9	4	5	9	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4-5 ...	7	1	6	7	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 0-5	63	27	35	59	25	34	3	2	1	...	...	...
	5-10 ...	53	26	27	49	26	23	2	...	2	2	...	2
	10-15 ...	49	26	23	28	21	7	19	4	15	2	1	4
	15-20 ...	38	17	21	15	11	4	19	6	13	4	...	1
	20-25 ...	42	16	26	9	5	4	31	10	21	2	1	1
	25-30 ...	46	21	25	5	2	3	38	17	21	3	2	2
	30-35 ...	39	20	10	3	3	...	33	25	8	3	1	1
	35-40 ...	14	8	6	...	...	...	12	7	5	2	1	1
	40-45 ...	32	20	12	...	...	4	20	17	3	8	3	5
	45-50 ...	13	4	9	5	...	5	3	1	2	5	3	2
	50-55 ...	19	11	8	3	1	2	11	8	3	5	2	3
	55-60 ...	7	5	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	5	3	6
	60-65 ...	7	1	6	...	...	...	1	1	...	6	...	...
	65-70 ...	2	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
	70 and over	4	4	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	2	...

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—Part C.—Details for the City of Indore.

टेबल ७—उमर, पुरुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा सी—तफसील शहर इन्दोर.

Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED.* विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All Religions	44,947	24,792	20,155	14,560	9,625	4,935	21,891	12,237	9,654	8,496	2,930	5,566
0-1 ...	1,039	506	533	1,033	506	527	4	...	4	2	...	2
1-2 ...	731	346	385	726	344	382	4	2	2	1	...	1
2-3 ...	1,028	478	550	1,017	474	543	9	2	7	2	2	...
3-4 ...	1,038	489	549	1,023	485	538	13	3	10	2	1	1
4-5 ...	826	378	447	805	367	438	13	8	6	7	3	4
Total 0-5	4,661	2,197	2,464	4,604	2,176	2,428	43	15	28	14	6	8
5-10 ...	3,692	1,843	1,849	3,541	1,815	1,726	129	23	106	22	5	17
10-15 ...	3,043	1,715	1,328	2,167	1,597	570	834	115	719	42	3	39
15-20 ...	3,323	1,781	1,542	1,850	1,282	68	1,831	454	1,385	134	45	89
20-25 ...	4,791	2,478	2,313	1,048	1,000	48	3,305	1,304	2,001	438	174	264
25-30 ...	5,348	3,149	2,199	743	716	27	3,889	2,122	1,767	716	311	405
30-35 ...	5,814	3,125	2,189	423	400	23	3,856	2,300	1,556	1,035	425	610
35-40 ...	3,005	1,949	1,056	204	198	6	2,173	1,495	678	628	256	372
40-45 ...	4,056	2,286	1,770	200	186	14	2,458	1,699	759	1,398	401	997
45-50 ...	1,631	1,029	602	65	61	4	926	727	199	640	241	399
50-55 ...	2,823	1,548	1,275	112	100	12	1,807	1,029	278	1,404	419	985
55-60 ...	674	436	238	19	17	2	336	284	52	319	135	184
60-65 ...	1,657	796	861	46	40	6	530	437	93	1,081	319	762
65-70 ...	330	182	148	10	10	...	108	97	11	212	75	137
70 and over	599	278	321	28	27	1	158	136	22	413	115	298
Hindu ...	31,663	17,536	14,127	9,913	6,721	3,192	15,219	8,577	6,642	6,531	2,238	4,293
0-1 ...	700	335	365	697	335	362	2	...	2	1	...	1
1-2 ...	522	237	285	517	235	282	4	2	2	1	...	1
2-3 ...	694	309	385	692	308	384	1	...	1	1	1	...
3-4 ...	698	335	363	689	334	355	8	1	7	1	...	1
4-5 ...	546	249	297	534	243	291	8	5	3	4	1	3
Total 0-5	3,160	1,465	1,695	3,129	1,455	1,674	23	8	15	8	2	6
5-10 ...	2,442	1,218	1,224	2,335	1,204	1,131	95	12	83	12	2	10
10-15 ...	2,022	1,148	874	1,374	1,063	311	615	85	530	33	...	33
15-20 ...	2,254	1,177	1,077	854	826	28	1,291	314	977	109	37	72
20-25 ...	3,452	1,840	1,612	820	803	17	2,292	905	1,387	340	132	208
25-30 ...	3,817	2,283	1,534	548	537	11	2,730	1,523	1,207	539	223	316
30-35 ...	3,932	2,350	1,582	321	313	8	2,774	1,704	1,070	837	333	504
35-40 ...	2,221	1,474	747	172	170	2	1,535	1,089	446	514	215	299
40-45 ...	2,968	1,663	1,305	151	145	6	1,702	1,194	508	1,115	324	791
45-50 ...	1,193	752	441	53	53	...	639	609	130	601	190	311
50-55 ...	2,001	1,078	923	80	79	1	848	675	173	1,073	324	749
55-60 ...	470	291	179	13	13	...	206	171	35	251	107	144
60-65 ...	1,113	514	599	35	32	3	318	256	62	760	226	534
65-70 ...	227	112	115	7	7	...	62	57	5	158	48	110
70 and over	391	171	220	21	21	...	89	75	14	281	75	206
Jain ...	915	515	400	277	203	74	426	235	191	212	77	135
0-1 ...	11	7	4	11	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
1-2 ...	12	7	5	12	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-3 ...	18	10	8	17	10	7	...	1	...	...	...	...
3-4 ...	17	5	12	17	5	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
4-5 ...	10	4	6	9	3	6	...	1	...	...	...	...
Total 0-5	63	33	35	66	33	34	2	1	1	...	...	...
5-10 ...	58	34	24	54	31	23	2	2	...	2	1	1
10-15 ...	65	34	31	46	33	13	15	1	17	1	...	1
15-20 ...	65	28	37	23	22	1	40	6	34	2	...	2
20-25 ...	10	56	51	22	21	1	73	34	39	12	...	11
25-30 ...	93	53	40	18	18	...	56	32	24	19	3	16
30-35 ...	81	49	32	14	14	...	50	26	24	17	9	8
35-40 ...	73	42	31	6	5	1	54	34	20	13	3	10
40-45 ...	93	61	32	14	14	...	52	35	17	27	12	15
45-50 ...	47	31	16	...	...	...	28	23	5	19	8	11
50-55 ...	82	43	39	9	9	...	26	19	7	47	15	32
55-60 ...	24	15	9	1	1	...	11	10	1	12	4	8
60-65 ...	42	27	15	3	2	1	11	10	1	28	15	13
65-70 ...	8	5	3	1	1	...	1	1	...	6	3	3
70 and over	9	4	5	...	...	...	2	1	1	7	3	4

TABLE VII.—AGE, SEX AND CIVIL CONDITION.—*Part C.—Details for the City of Indore—(Concl'd.)*

टेबल ७—उमर, प्ररुष और स्त्री, व विनव्याहा, व्याहा और बेवा—हिस्सा सी—तफ़्सील शहर इन्दोर.

Age. उमर	POPULATION. संख्या			UNMARRIED. विनव्याहा			MARRIED. व्याहा			WIDOWED. बेवा		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Animist ...	27	23	4	3	3	...	20	18	2	4	2	2
5-10 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
15-20 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20-25 ...	4	3	1	1	1	...	2	1	1	1	1	...
25-30 ...	6	6	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...
30-35 ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
35-40 ...	4	2	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	...	2
40-45 ...	4	4	...	1	1	...	2	2	...	1	1	...
50-55 ...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
55-60 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
60-65 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Musalman ...	11,953	6,484	5,469	4,203	2,586	1,617	6,038	3,299	2,739	1,712	599	1,113
0-1 ...	315	159	156	312	150	153	2	...	2	1	...	1
1-2 ...	187	98	89	187	98	89	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-3 ...	302	152	150	296	149	147	5	2	3	1	1	...
3-4 ...	312	143	169	306	140	166	5	2	3	1	1	...
4-5 ...	262	122	140	255	118	187	4	2	2	3	2	1
Total 0-5	1,378	674	704	1,356	664	692	16	6	10	6	4	2
5-10 ...	1,158	577	581	1,119	566	553	31	9	22	8	2	6
10-15 ...	940	549	421	733	488	245	200	29	171	7	2	5
15-20 ...	952	548	404	446	409	37	484	182	352	22	7	15
20-25 ...	1,185	552	633	192	163	29	909	349	560	84	40	44
25-30 ...	1,380	771	609	161	145	16	1,064	543	521	155	83	72
30-35 ...	1,246	689	557	81	67	14	991	542	449	174	80	94
35-40 ...	686	418	268	24	21	3	567	361	206	95	36	59
40-45 ...	972	543	429	34	26	8	685	453	232	253	64	189
45-50 ...	374	234	140	12	8	4	248	186	62	114	40	74
50-55 ...	725	418	307	23	12	11	421	326	95	281	80	201
55-60 ...	172	123	49	5	3	2	112	90	16	55	24	81
60-65 ...	494	251	243	8	6	2	199	169	30	287	76	211
65-70 ...	92	84	28	2	2	...	44	38	6	46	24	22
70 and over	199	103	96	7	6	1	67	60	7	125	37	88
Christian ...	157	86	71	71	46	45	73	36	37	13	4	9
0-1 ...	10	7	3	10	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
1-2 ...	6	2	4	6	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-3 ...	8	5	3	7	5	2	1	...	1	...	...	...
3-4 ...	5	3	2	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
4-5 ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 0-5	30	13	17	29	13	16	1	...	1	...	...	...
5-10 ...	15	9	6	15	9	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-15 ...	3	3	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
15-20 ...	26	12	14	14	12	2	12	...	12	...	...	...
20-25 ...	16	10	6	5	4	1	11	6	5	...	...	...
25-30 ...	18	12	6	4	4	...	13	7	6	1	1	...
30-35 ...	16	8	8	2	2	...	12	6	6	2	...	2
35-40 ...	8	3	5	...	...	...	7	3	4	1	...	1
40-45 ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
45-50 ...	5	4	1	...	...	...	3	2	1	2	2	...
50-55 ...	7	4	3	...	...	...	6	4	2	1	...	1
55-60 ...	4	3	1	...	...	...	3	3	...	1	...	1
60-65 ...	3	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	2
65-70 ...	3	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	2
70 and over	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Others	232	148	84	93	66	27	115	72	43	24	10	14
0-1 ...	3	2	1	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
1-2 ...	4	2	2	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-3 ...	6	2	4	5	2	3	1	...	1	...	...	...
3-4 ...	6	3	3	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
4-5 ...	6	3	3	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 0-5	25	12	13	24	12	12	1	...	1	...	...	...
5-10 ...	18	5	13	18	5	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-15 ...	13	11	2	12	11	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
15-20 ...	25	15	10	12	12	...	12	2	10	1	1	...
20-25 ...	27	17	10	8	8	...	18	9	9	1	...	1
25-30 ...	34	24	10	12	12	...	20	11	9	2	1	1
30-35 ...	36	26	10	5	4	1	26	19	7	5	3	2
35-40 ...	13	10	3	2	2	...	8	6	2	3	2	1
40-45 ...	16	12	4	...	...	...	14	12	2	2	...	2
45-50 ...	12	8	4	...	...	...	8	7	1	4	1	3
50-55 ...	6	3	3	...	...	...	4	3	1	2	...	2
55-60 ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
60-65 ...	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	...

TABLE VIII.

EDUCATION BY RELIGION AND AGE.

This table, shewing four age periods, is like Table VII divided into three parts. *Part A*—Shews the extent of literacy in the State as a whole for the total population and for each religion returned. *Part B*—Gives details for each Zila or administrative unit and for each religion. *Part C*—Shews similar details for the City of Indore.

The number of persons literate in English has also been shewn. The number of such persons appear both in the column "Literate" and in the column "Literate in English." The latter must, therefore, be left on any account in calculating the literate number of persons.

TABLE VIII.—EDUCATION BY RELIGION AND AGE.—Part A.—State Summary.

टेबल नं० ८—तालीम बलिहाज़ मज़हब व उमर—हिस्सा ए—तफ़सील रियासत

Religion and age. मज़हब और उमर	POPULATION. आबादी									LITERATE IN ENGLISH.		
	POPULATION. आबादी			LITERATE. पढ़ा			ILLITERATE. अनपढ़ा			अंग्रेज़ी पढ़ा		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All Religions	1,007,856	517,501	490,355	39,899	38,613	1,286	967,957	478,888	489,069	3,287	3,253	34
0—10 ...	279,078	137,966	141,107	1,255	1,155	100	277,818	136,811	141,007	19	18	1
10—15 ...	81,848	44,875	36,973	3,749	3,586	163	78,099	41,289	36,810	152	149	3
15—20 ...	77,933	40,888	37,045	4,329	4,143	186	73,604	36,745	36,859	396	388	8
20 and over...	569,002	293,772	275,230	30,566	29,729	837	538,436	264,043	274,393	2,720	2,698	22
Hindu ...	880,254	452,169	428,085	33,413	32,546	867	846,841	419,623	427,218	3,035	3,018	17
0—10 ...	243,844	120,460	123,384	1,018	950	68	242,826	119,510	123,316	15	15	...
10—15 ...	70,890	38,941	31,949	3,053	2,939	114	67,837	36,002	31,835	132	131	1
15—20 ...	68,021	35,753	32,268	3,496	3,376	120	64,525	32,377	32,148	343	339	4
20 and over...	497,499	257,015	240,484	25,846	25,281	565	471,653	231,734	239,919	2,545	2,533	12
Arya ...	6	4	2	1	1	...	5	3	2	...	...	...
0—10 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
10—15 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
15—20 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20 and over...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
Sikh ...	423	260	163	19	18	1	404	242	162	4	4	...
0—10 ...	100	46	54	...	...	...	100	46	54	...	...	...
10—15 ...	30	26	4	...	...	...	30	26	4	...	...	...
15—20 ...	55	35	20	...	...	...	55	35	20	...	...	...
20 and over...	238	153	85	19	18	1	219	135	84	4	4	...
Jain ...	10,880	5,653	5,227	2,523	2,428	95	8,357	3,225	5,132	24	22	2
0—10 ...	2,218	1,093	1,125	90	81	9	2,128	1,012	1,116	...	...	...
10—15 ...	886	490	396	255	243	12	631	247	384	...	...	...
15—20 ...	1,017	530	487	330	310	20	687	220	467	7	6	1
20 and over...	6,759	3,540	3,219	1,848	1,794	54	4,911	1,746	3,165	17	16	1
Animist ...	44,601	22,187	22,414	55	50	5	44,546	22,137	22,409	...	...	...
0—10 ...	14,481	7,199	7,282	3	3	...	14,478	7,196	7,282	...	...	...
10—15 ...	3,887	2,040	1,847	2	2	...	3,885	2,038	1,847	...	...	...
15—20 ...	3,189	1,491	1,698	11	9	2	3,178	1,482	1,696	...	...	...
20 and over,	23,044	11,457	11,587	39	36	3	23,005	11,421	11,584	...	...	...
Musalman...	71,147	36,847	34,300	3,623	3,342	281	67,524	33,505	34,019	108	108	...
0—10 ...	18,306	9,085	9,221	109	91	18	18,197	8,994	9,203	...	...	...
10—15 ...	6,088	3,319	2,769	389	355	34	5,699	2,964	2,735	4	4	...
15—20 ...	5,555	3,006	2,549	426	390	36	5,129	2,616	2,513	15	15	...
20 and over,	41,198	21,437	19,761	2,699	2,506	193	38,499	18,931	19,568	89	89	...
Christian ...	495	341	154	243	209	34	252	132	120	100	85	15
0—10 ...	118	80	38	35	30	5	83	50	33	4	3	1
10—15 ...	64	57	7	50	47	3	14	10	4	16	14	2
15—20 ...	93	71	22	64	57	7	29	14	15	31	28	3
20 and over,	220	133	87	94	75	19	126	58	68	49	40	9
Parsi ...	44	34	10	16	13	3	28	21	7	10	10	...
0—10 ...	5	3	2	...	...	...	5	3	2	...	...	...
10—15 ...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
15—20 ...	2	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
20 and over,	35	28	7	15	13	2	20	15	5	10	10	...
Jew ...	6	6	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	6	6	...
20 and over,	6	6	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	6	6	...

TABLE VIII.—EDUCATION BY RELIGION AND AGE.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.

टेबल नं० ८—तालीम बलिहाज़ मज़हब व उमर—हिस्सा बी—तफ़सील ज़िलहा

Zila. ज़िला	Age. उमर	POPULATION. आबादी									LITERATE IN ENGLISH. अंग्रेज़ी पढ़ा		
		TOTAL. मीज़ान			LITERATE. पढ़ा			ILLITERATE. अनपढ़ा			अंग्रेज़ी पढ़ा		
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
INDORE ZILA.	All Religions	235,283	121,873	113,410	13,001	12,767	333	222,183	109,106	113,077	2,337	2,328	9
	0—10 ...	60,316	29,592	30,724	390	367	23	59,926	29,225	30,701	17	17	...
	10—15 ...	19,114	10,911	8,203	1,085	1,054	31	18,029	9,857	8,172	103	103	...
	15—20 ...	18,497	9,563	8,934	1,143	1,081	62	17,354	8,482	8,872	239	236	3
	20 and over,	137,356	71,807	65,549	10,482	10,265	217	126,874	61,542	65,332	1,978	1,972	6
	Hindu ...	198,633	102,553	96,080	11,863	11,599	264	186,770	90,954	95,816	2,212	2,209	3
	0—10 ...	51,051	24,970	26,081	346	326	20	50,705	24,644	26,061	14	14	...
	10—15 ...	15,998	9,206	6,792	943	916	27	15,055	8,290	6,765	88	88	...
	15—20 ...	15,504	7,931	7,573	930	884	46	14,574	7,047	7,527	205	205	...
	20 and over,	116,080	60,446	55,634	9,644	9,473	171	106,436	50,973	55,463	1,905	1,902	3
	Jain ...	2,728	1,450	1,278	462	439	23	2,266	1,011	1,255	1	1	...
	0—10 ...	528	248	280	14	14	...	514	234	280	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	253	139	114	44	42	2	209	97	112	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	253	137	116	91	87	4	162	50	112	...	...	...
	20 and over,	1,694	926	768	313	296	17	1,381	630	751	1	1	...
	Musalman ...	24,649	13,075	11,574	554	529	25	24,095	12,548	11,549	42	42	...
	0—10 ...	5,986	2,985	3,001	3	1	2	5,983	2,984	2,999	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	1,993	1,075	918	52	51	1	1,941	1,024	917	2	2	...
	15—20 ...	1,946	1,094	852	61	56	5	1,885	1,038	847	4	4	...
	20 and over,	14,724	7,921	6,803	438	421	17	14,286	7,500	6,786	36	36	...
	Animist ...	8,522	4,279	4,243	1	1	...	8,521	4,278	4,243	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	2,590	1,290	1,300	...	...	...	2,590	1,290	1,300	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	790	425	374	...	...	...	799	425	374	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	666	309	357	...	...	...	666	309	357	...	...	...
	20 and over,	4,467	2,255	2,212	1	1	...	4,466	2,254	2,212	...	...	...
	Christian ...	437	307	130	202	181	21	235	126	109	75	69	6
	0—10 ...	102	70	32	27	26	1	75	44	31	3	3	...
	10—15 ...	57	55	2	46	45	1	11	10	1	13	13	...
	15—20 ...	90	69	21	61	54	7	29	15	14	30	27	3
	20 and over,	188	113	75	68	56	12	120	57	63	29	26	3
	Others ...	314	209	105	18	18	...	296	191	105	7	7	...
	0—10 ...	59	29	30	...	...	...	59	29	30	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	14	11	3	...	...	...	14	11	3	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	38	23	15	...	...	...	38	23	15	...	...	...
	20 and over,	203	146	57	18	18	...	185	128	57	7	7	...
MEHIDPUR ZILA.	All Religions	121,243	62,718	58,525	2,748	2,678	70	118,495	60,040	58,455	90	85	5
	0—10 ...	31,325	15,438	15,887	86	83	3	31,239	15,355	15,884	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	8,806	4,752	4,054	280	274	6	8,526	4,478	4,048	3	3	...
	15—20 ...	9,505	4,962	4,543	323	314	9	9,182	4,648	4,534	13	11	2
	20 and over,	71,607	37,566	34,041	2,059	2,007	52	69,548	35,559	33,989	74	71	3
	Hindu ...	112,720	58,308	54,412	2,249	2,199	50	110,471	56,109	54,362	68	63	5
	0—10 ...	29,172	14,393	14,779	68	66	2	29,104	14,327	14,777	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	8,086	4,331	3,755	210	204	6	7,876	4,127	3,749	3	3	...
	15—20 ...	8,795	4,574	4,221	255	247	8	8,540	4,327	4,213	13	11	2
	20 and over,	66,667	35,010	31,657	1,710	1,682	34	64,951	33,328	31,623	52	49	3

TABLE VIII.—EDUCATION BY RELIGION AND AGE.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Contd.)

टेबल नं० ८—तालीम बलिहाज मजहब व उमर—हिस्सा बी—तफसील ज़िला

Zila.	Age. उमर	POPULATION. आबादी									LITERATE IN ENGLISH. अंग्रेजी पढ़ा		
		TOTAL. मीज्ञान			LITERATE. पढ़ा			ILLITERATE. अनपढ़ा			Persons.	Males.	Females.
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.			
		मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
MEHIDPUR ZILA.	Jain ...	1,308	686	622	183	177	6	1,125	509	616	3	3	...
	0—10 ...	282	141	141	4	4	...	278	137	141	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	117	66	51	25	25	...	92	41	51	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	113	68	45	30	29	1	83	39	44	...	...	...
	20 and over,	796	411	385	124	119	5	672	292	380	3	3	...
	Musalman...	7,016	3,605	3,411	301	287	14	6,715	3,318	3,397	18	18	...
	0—10 ...	1,827	877	950	14	13	1	1,813	864	949	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	580	341	239	45	45	...	535	296	239	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	574	304	270	33	33	...	541	271	270	...	...	...
	20 and over,	4,035	2,083	1,952	209	196	13	3,826	1,887	1,939	18	18	...
	Animist ...	190	113	77	10	10	...	180	103	77	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	43	27	16	...	...	...	43	27	16	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	22	14	8	...	...	...	22	14	8	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	21	14	7	3	3	...	18	11	7	...	...	...
	20 and over,	104	58	46	7	7	...	97	51	46	...	...	...
	Christian ...	2	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...
	20 and over,	2	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...
	Others ...	7	5	2	4	4	...	3	1	2	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	20 and over,	3	3	...	2	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
NEMAWAR ZILA.	All Religions	94,600	47,808	46,792	2,976	2,900	76	91,624	44,908	46,716	84	84	...
	0—10 ...	28,867	13,624	15,243	95	87	8	28,772	13,537	15,235	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	7,812	3,954	3,858	362	354	8	7,450	3,600	3,850	3	3	...
	15—20 ...	6,586	4,198	2,388	632	614	18	5,954	3,584	2,370	21	21	...
	20 and over,	51,335	26,032	25,303	1,887	1,845	42	49,448	24,187	25,261	60	60	...
	Hindu ...	78,404	39,732	38,672	2,502	2,433	69	75,902	37,299	38,603	76	76	...
	0—10 ...	24,465	11,417	13,048	78	73	5	24,387	11,344	13,043	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	6,629	3,325	3,304	306	298	8	6,323	3,027	3,296	2	2	...
	15—20 ...	5,423	3,537	1,886	561	544	17	4,862	2,993	1,869	19	19	...
	20 and over,	41,887	21,453	20,434	1,557	1,518	39	40,330	19,935	20,395	55	55	...
	Jain ...	1,040	522	518	261	260	1	779	262	517	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	222	96	126	5	5	...	217	91	126	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	94	59	35	32	32	...	62	27	35	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	102	65	37	21	21	...	81	44	37	...	...	...
	20 and over,	622	302	320	203	202	1	419	100	319	...	...	...
	Musalman...	8,957	4,576	4,381	212	206	6	8,745	4,370	4,375	8	8	...
	0—10 ...	2,391	1,238	1,153	12	9	3	2,379	1,229	1,150	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	728	383	345	24	24	...	704	359	345	1	1	...
	15—20 ...	580	366	214	50	49	1	530	317	213	2	2	...
	20 and over	5,258	2,589	2,669	126	124	2	5,132	2,465	2,667	5	5	...

TABLE VIII.—EDUCATION BY RELIGION AND AGE.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Contd.)

टेबल नं० ८—तालीम बलिहाज़ मज़हब व उमर—हिस्सा बी—तफ़सील ज़िलहा

Zila. ज़िलहा	Age. उमर	POPULATION. आबादी									LITERATE IN ENGLISH. अंग्रेज़ी पढ़ा		
		TOTAL. मीज़ान			LITERATE. पढ़ा			ILLITERATE. अनपढ़ा			अंग्रेज़ी पढ़ा		
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
NEMAVAR ZILA.	Animist ...	6,199	2,978	3,221	1	1	...	6,198	2,977	3,221	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	1,780	873	916	...	...	...	1,789	873	916	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	361	187	174	...	...	...	361	187	174	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	481	230	251	...	...	...	481	230	251	...	...	...
	20 and over,	3,568	1,688	1,880	1	1	...	3,567	1,687	1,880	...	...	...
	All Religions	348,450	177,677	170,773	12,589	12,146	443	335,861	165,531	170,330	476	464	12
NIMAR ZILA.	0—10 ...	101,252	50,123	51,129	446	405	41	100,806	49,718	51,088	2	1	1
	10—15 ...	32,013	17,246	14,767	1,315	1,248	67	30,698	15,998	14,700	32	29	3
	15—20 ...	26,968	13,243	13,725	1,337	1,286	51	25,631	11,957	13,674	88	86	2
	20 and over,	188,217	97,065	91,152	9,491	9,207	284	178,726	87,858	90,868	354	348	6
	Hindu ...	300,180	153,271	146,909	10,344	10,041	303	289,836	143,230	146,606	414	409	5
	0—10 ...	86,705	42,890	43,815	359	331	28	86,346	42,559	43,787	1	1	...
	10—15 ...	27,448	14,805	12,643	1,065	1,018	47	26,383	13,787	12,596	29	28	1
	15—20 ...	23,439	11,551	11,888	1,105	1,077	28	22,334	10,474	11,860	76	74	2
	20 and over,	162,588	84,025	78,563	7,815	7,615	200	154,773	76,410	78,363	308	306	2
	Jain ...	2,002	1,018	984	601	571	30	1,401	447	954	8	8	...
	0—10 ...	364	185	179	28	23	5	336	162	174	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	169	87	82	64	60	4	105	27	78	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	172	82	90	63	54	9	109	28	81	4	4	...
	20 and over,	1,297	664	633	446	434	12	851	230	621	4	4	...
	Musalman ...	18,910	9,708	9,202	1,570	1,475	95	17,340	8,233	9,107	30	30	...
	0—10 ...	4,929	2,417	2,512	54	48	6	4,875	2,369	2,506	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	1,811	996	815	180	166	14	1,631	830	801	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	1,481	748	733	161	149	12	1,320	599	721	8	8	...
	20 and over,	10,689	5,547	5,142	1,175	1,172	63	9,514	4,435	5,079	22	22	...
	Animist ...	27,178	13,576	13,602	39	34	5	27,139	13,542	13,597	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	9,203	4,606	4,597	3	3	...	9,200	4,603	4,597	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	2,565	1,344	1,221	2	2	...	2,563	1,342	1,221	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	1,866	857	1,009	8	6	2	1,858	851	1,007	...	...	...
	20 and over,	13,544	6,769	6,775	26	23	3	13,518	6,746	6,772	...	...	...
	Christian ...	33	19	14	8	6	2	10	5	5	15	8	7
	0—10 ...	7	5	2	2	...	2	5	5	...	1	...	1
	10—15 ...	7	2	5	1	1	...	3	...	3	3	1	2
	15—20 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	20 and over,	19	12	7	6	5	1	2	...	2	11	7	4
	Others ...	147	85	62	3	2	1	135	74	61	9	9	...
	0—10 ...	44	20	24	...	...	...	44	20	24	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	13	12	1	...	...	...	13	12	1	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	10	5	5	...	...	...	10	5	5	...	...	...
	20 and over,	80	48	32	3	2	1	68	37	31	9	9	...
RAMPURA-BANPURA ZILA.	All Religions	192,521	99,358	93,163	8,213	7,859	354	184,308	91,499	92,809	295	287	8
	0—10 ...	58,696	27,200	26,496	231	207	24	58,465	26,993	26,472	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	12,513	7,077	5,436	694	644	50	11,819	6,433	5,386	11	11	...
	15—20 ...	14,875	8,196	6,679	850	808	42	14,025	7,388	6,637	35	34	1
	20 and over,	111,437	56,885	54,552	6,438	6,200	238	104,999	50,685	54,314	249	242	7
	Hindu ...	174,992	90,460	84,532	6,198	6,025	173	168,794	84,435	84,359	260	256	4
	0—10 ...	48,951	24,856	24,095	160	148	12	48,791	24,708	24,083	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	11,194	6,371	4,823	518	493	25	10,676	5,878	4,798	10	10	...
	15—20 ...	13,404	7,459	5,945	611	593	18	12,793	6,866	5,927	30	30	...
	20 and over,	101,443	51,774	49,660	4,909	4,791	118	96,534	48,983	49,551	220	216	4

TABLE VIII.—EDUCATION BY RELIGION AND AGE.—Part B.—Details for Zilas.—(Concl'd.)

टेबल नं० ८—तालीम बलिहाज़ मज़हब व उमर—हिस्सा बी—तफ़सील ज़िलह

Zila.	Age. उमर	POPULATION. आबादी									LITERATE IN ENGLISH. श्रियेज़ी पढ़ा		
		TOTAL. मीज़ान			LITERATE. पढ़ा			ILLITERATE. अनपढ़ा			श्रियेज़ी पढ़ा		
		Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
RAMPURA—BHANPURA ZILA.	Jain ...	3,795	1,971	1,824	1,013	978	35	2,782	993	1,789	12	10	2
	0—10 ...	820	421	399	39	35	4	781	386	395	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	252	138	114	90	84	6	162	54	108	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	376	177	199	124	118	6	252	59	193	3	2	1
	20 and over,	2,347	1,235	1,112	760	741	19	1,587	494	1,093	9	8	1
	Musalman...	11,188	5,667	5,521	973	834	139	10,215	4,833	5,382	10	10	...
	0—10 ...	3,058	1,515	1,543	26	20	6	3,032	1,495	1,537	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	927	498	429	86	67	19	841	431	410	1	1	...
	15—20 ...	936	477	459	112	94	18	824	383	441	1	1	...
	20 and over,	6,207	3,177	3,090	749	653	96	5,518	2,524	2,994	8	8	...
	Animist ...	2,512	1,241	1,241	4	4	...	2,508	1,237	1,271	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	856	403	453	...	...	...	856	403	453	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	140	70	70	...	...	...	140	70	70	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	155	81	74	...	...	...	155	81	74	...	...	...
	20 and over,	1,361	687	674	4	4	...	1,357	683	674	...	...	...
	Christian ...	23	14	9	17	13	4	6	1	5	9	7	2
	0—10 ...	9	5	4	6	4	2	3	1	2	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	3	2	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
	20 and over,	11	7	4	8	6	2	3	...	3	8	6	2
	Others ...	11	5	6	8	5	3	3	...	3	4	4	...
	0—10 ...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	20 and over,	8	5	3	8	5	3	...	...	...	4	4	...
ALAMPUR PARGANA.	All Religions,	15,759	8,067	7,692	273	263	10	15,486	7,804	7,682	5	5	...
	0—10 ...	3,617	1,989	1,628	7	6	1	3,610	1,983	1,627	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	1,585	930	655	13	12	1	1,572	918	654	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	1,495	719	776	44	41	3	1,451	678	773	...	...	...
	20 and over,	9,062	4,429	4,633	209	204	5	8,853	4,225	4,628	5	5	...
	Hindu ...	15,325	7,845	7,480	257	249	8	15,068	7,596	7,472	5	5	...
	0—10 ...	3,500	1,934	1,566	7	6	1	3,493	1,928	1,565	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	1,535	903	632	11	10	1	1,524	893	631	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	1,456	701	755	34	31	3	1,422	670	752	...	...	...
	20 and over,	8,834	4,307	4,527	205	202	3	8,629	4,105	4,525	5	5	...
	Jain ...	7	6	1	3	3	...	4	3	1	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	20 and over,	3	2	1	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Musalman ...	427	213	211	13	11	2	414	205	209	...	...	...
	0—10 ...	115	53	62	...	...	...	115	53	62	...	...	...
	10—15 ...	49	26	23	2	2	...	47	24	23	...	...	...
	15—20 ...	38	17	21	9	9	...	29	8	21	...	...	...
	20 and over,	225	120	105	2	...	2	223	120	103	...	...	...

TABLE VIII.—EDUCATION BY RELIGION AND AGE.—Part C.—Details for the City of Indore.

टेबल नं० ८—तालीम बलिहाज मज़हब व उमर—हिस्सा सी—तफ़सील शहर इन्दोर

Religion and age. मज़हब और उमर	POPULATION. आबादी									LITERATE IN ENGLISH.		
	POPULATION. आबादी			LITERATE. पढ़ा			ILLITERATE. अनपढ़ा			अंग्रेज़ी पढ़ा		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All Religions,	44,947	24,792	20,155	6,569	6,291	278	38,378	18,821	19,557	1,911	1,904	7
0—10 ...	8,353	4,040	4,313	223	203	20	8,130	3,857	4,273	5	5	...
10—15 ...	3,043	1,715	1,328	510	442	68	2,533	1,273	1,260	48	48	...
15—20 ...	3,323	1,781	1,542	423	341	82	2,900	1,440	1,460	162	160	2
20 and over,	30,228	17,256	12,972	5,413	5,305	108	24,815	12,251	12,564	1,696	1,691	5
Hindu ...	31,663	17,536	14,127	5,725	5,497	228	25,938	12,359	13,579	1,862	1,857	5
0—10 ...	5,602	2,883	2,919	202	185	17	5,400	2,518	2,882	2	2	...
10—15 ...	2,022	1,148	874	434	369	65	1,588	779	809	46	46	...
15—20 ...	2,254	1,177	1,077	360	289	71	1,894	868	1,006	150	148	2
20 and over,	21,785	12,528	9,257	4,729	4,654	75	17,056	8,174	8,882	1,664	1,661	3
Jain ...	915	515	400	381	383	18	534	152	382	1	1	...
0—10 ...	126	67	59	14	14	...	112	53	59	...	...	...
10—15 ...	65	34	31	33	31	2	32	3	29	...	...	...
15—20 ...	65	28	27	28	25	3	37	3	34	...	...	...
20 and over,	659	386	273	306	293	13	353	93	260	1	1	...
Musalman ...	11,953	6,484	5,469	414	395	19	11,539	6,089	5,450	16	16	...
0—10 ...	2,536	1,251	1,285	3	1	2	2,533	1,250	1,283	...	...	...
10—15 ...	940	519	421	40	39	1	900	480	420	1	1	...
15—20 ...	952	548	404	31	27	4	921	521	400	2	2	...
20 and over,	7,525	4,166	3,359	340	328	12	7,185	3,838	3,347	13	13	...
Animist ...	27	23	4	1	1	...	26	22	4	...	...	...
0—10 ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
10—15 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15—20 ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
20 and over,	25	22	3	1	1	...	24	21	3	...	...	...
Christian ...	157	86	71	34	21	13	123	65	58	29	27	2
0—10 ...	45	22	23	4	3	1	41	19	22	3	3	...
10—15 ...	3	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
15—20 ...	26	12	14	4	...	4	22	12	10	10	10	...
20 and over,	83	49	34	23	15	8	60	34	26	15	13	2
Others ...	232	148	84	14	14	...	218	134	84	3	3	...
0—10 ...	43	17	26	...	...	...	43	17	26	...	...	...
10—15 ...	13	11	2	...	...	...	13	11	2	...	...	...
15—20 ...	25	15	10	...	...	...	25	15	10	...	...	...
20 and over,	151	105	46	14	14	...	137	91	46	3	3	...

TABLE IX.

EDUCATION BY SELECTED CASTES. TRIBES AND RACES.

This table repeats the information given in Table VIII in respect of Education, with this difference that in Table VIII the population is distributed by age and Religion, while here it is arranged according to Caste, Tribe and Race.

The figures in the table do not agree with Table XIII as it refers only to selected Castes, Tribes and Races, the minor castes being omitted.

TABLE IX.—EDUCATION BY SELECTED CASTE, TRIBE OR RACE.

टेबल नं० ६—तालीम बलिहाज खास खास जात क्रोम या फिको

Caste, Tribe or Race. जात क्रोम या फिको	POPULATION. आबादी									LITERATE IN अंग्रेजी	
	TOTAL. मीज्ञान			LITERATE. पढ़ा			ILLITERATE. अनपढ़ा			अंग्रेजी	
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
State Total...	223,107	120,891	102,216	12,869	12,067	802	210,238	108,821	101,417	438	42
Hindu ...	133,569	73,156	60,413	7,351	6,912	439	126,218	66,244	59,974	302	29
Ajna ...	4,547	2,309	2,238	54	54	...	4,493	2,255	2,238	...	...
Banias ...	14,032	8,164	5,868	29,82	2,632	300	11,050	5,482	5,568	72	6
Agarwal ...	3,066	1,618	1,448	824	796	28	2,242	822	1,420	26	...
Gahohi ...	946	503	443	109	106	3	837	397	440	...	...
Mahesri ...	4,489	2,896	1,593	1,043	799	244	3,446	2,097	1,349	21	...
Oswal ...	1,689	1,084	605	388	376	12	1,301	708	593	12	...
Porwal ...	3,842	2,063	1,779	618	605	13	3,224	1,458	1,766	13	...
Bhat ...	1,361	758	603	119	98	21	1,242	660	582	...	...
Brahman ...	11,291	6,066	5,225	1,582	1,551	31	9,709	4,515	5,194	54	5
Bhagor ...	425	222	203	23	23	...	402	199	203	...	...
Jijhotia ...	626	336	290	104	101	3	522	235	287	6	...
Sanadhya ...	4,385	2,403	1,982	378	371	7	40,07	2,032	1,975	33	...
Sarwaria ...	894	617	277	178	178	...	716	439	277	2	...
Shrigaud ...	4,342	2,204	2,138	828	810	18	3,514	1,394	2,120	11	...
Shrimali ...	619	284	335	71	68	3	548	216	332	2	...
Dhangar ...	2,949	1,372	1,577	271	252	19	2,678	1,120	1,558	27	...
Gujar ...	28,455	14,056	14,399	327	323	4	28,128	13,733	14,395	2	...
Khangar ...	728	308	420	7	7	...	721	301	420	...	...
Khati ...	16,196	6,813	9,383	113	113	...	16,083	6,700	9,383	...	...
Kunbi ...	12,754	6,831	5,923	290	290	...	12,464	6,541	5,923	...	...
Maratha ...	6,083	3,270	2,813	635	608	27	5,448	2,662	2,786	114	1
Rajput ...	15,603	10,189	5,414	734	700	34	14,869	9,489	5,380	33	3
Baghela ...	184	104	80	9	9	...	175	95	80	1	...
Bundela ...	401	190	211	17	15	2	384	175	209	...	...
Chauhan ...	3,829	2,672	1,157	162	156	6	3,667	2,516	1,151	3	...
Dikhit ...	180	180	...	1	1	...	179	179	...	...	...
Gahalot ...	259	146	113	9	9	...	250	137	113	...	...
Maratha Ponwar	356	95	261	16	16	...	340	79	261	...	...
Ponwar ...	2,130	1,263	867	184	175	9	1,946	1,088	858	20	...
Rathor ...	4,993	3,210	1,783	212	202	10	4,781	3,008	1,773	6	...
Sisodia ...	767	396	371	14	8	6	753	388	365	...	...
Solanki ...	1,469	945	524	30	30	...	1,439	915	524	...	...
Tonwar ...	1,035	988	47	80	79	1	955	909	46	3	...
Sirwi ...	2,003	1,290	713	80	80	...	1,923	1,210	713	...	...
Sondhia ...	17,567	11,730	5,837	157	154	3	17,410	11,576	5,834	...	...
Jain ...	6,932	3,749	3,183	1,994	1,913	81	4,938	1,836	3,102	28	2
Oswal ...	5,476	2,969	2,507	1,548	1,491	57	3,928	1,478	2,450	24	2
Porwal ...	1,456	780	676	446	422	24	1,010	358	652	4	...
Animist ...	40,329	20,474	19,855	51	43	8	40,278	20,428	19,850	...	...
Bhil ...	34,221	17,149	17,072	22	20	2	34,199	17,129	17,070	...	...
Bhilala ...	1,079	433	646	17	12	5	1,062	418	644	...	...
Gond ...	5,029	2,892	2,137	12	11	1	5,017	2,881	2,136	...	...
Musalman ...	42,277	23,512	18,765	3,473	3,199	274	38,804	20,313	18,491	108	108
Behena ...	671	671	...	64	64	...	607	607	...	...	...
Pathan ...	15,105	8,400	6,705	1,401	1,297	104	13,704	7,103	6,601	17	17
Shaikh ...	21,350	11,830	9,520	1,460	1,367	93	19,890	10,463	9,427	57	57
Saiyad ...	5,151	2,611	2,540	548	471	77	4,603	2,140	2,463	34	34

TABLE X.



LANGUAGE.

This table shews the number of persons speaking the dialects of the State as a whole also giving details for each administrative unit and for the City of Indore.

TABLE X.—LANGUAGE.

Languages. भाषा	POPULATION. आबादी			INDORE. इन्दौर			MEHIDPUR. मेहीदपुर		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
State Total ...	1,007,856	517,501	490,355	235,283	121,873	113,410	121,243	62,718	58,525
Languages proper to Indore } State ... }	899,169	462,455	436,714	192,310	100,340	91,970	118,324	60,823	57,501
Indian Branch ...	892,530	458,624	433,906	192,310	100,340	91,970	118,268	60,805	57,463
Gujarati ...	13,116	7,035	6,081	7,922	3,911	4,011	62	31	31
Bhil Dialects ...	13,116	7,035	6,081	7,922	3,911	4,011	62	31	31
Bhili ...	13,116	7,035	6,081	7,922	3,911	4,011	62	31	31
Rajasthani ...	799,909	406,981	392,928	149,941	76,294	73,647	114,471	58,951	55,520
Malwi ...	497,986	254,897	243,089	149,110	75,769	73,341	113,269	58,298	54,971
Nimadi ...	290,693	146,428	144,265	831	525	306	...	...	...
Sondhi (Sundwari) ...	11,280	5,656	5,574	...	...	...	1,202	653	549
Western Hindi ...	79,505	44,608	34,897	34,447	20,135	14,312	3,735	1,823	1,912
Bundelkhandi ...	22,949	11,623	11,326	6,848	3,500	3,348	340	86	254
Hindustani ...	9,611	4,869	4,742	4,460	2,414	2,046	23	...	23
Hindi ...	39,097	23,288	15,809	19,124	11,573	7,551	2,651	1,378	1,273
Urdu ...	7,848	4,828	3,020	4,015	2,648	1,367	721	359	362
Unclassed Languages ...	6,639	3,831	2,808	...	...	...	56	18	38
Gypsy Languages ...	6,639	3,831	2,808	...	...	...	56	18	38
Banjari ...	6,639	3,831	2,808	...	...	...	56	18	38
Languages not proper to Indore } State. }	108,687	55,046	53,641	42,973	21,533	21,440	2,919	1,895	1,024
Dravidian Family ...	456	235	221	437	225	212	...	...	...
Kanarese ...	170	70	100	170	70	100	...	...	...
Tamil ...	135	75	60	135	75	60	...	...	...
Telugu ...	151	90	61	132	80	52	...	...	...
Indo-European Family ...	149	97	52	105	69	36	...	...	...
Aryan Sub Family ...	149	97	52	105	69	36	...	...	...
Iranian Branch ...	149	97	52	105	69	36	...	...	...
Pashto ...	149	97	52	105	69	36	...	...	...
Indian Branch ...	107,994	54,659	53,335	42,379	21,208	21,171	2,918	1,894	1,024
Marathi ...	26,197	12,481	13,716	14,169	6,472	7,697	630	376	254
Bihari ...	11,710	6,441	5,269	9,563	5,135	4,428	268	172	96
Gujarati ...	20,713	9,442	11,271	1,557	937	620	153	109	44
Punjabi ...	4,972	3,196	1,776	1,911	1,090	821	44	35	9
Rajasthani ...	43,992	22,862	21,130	15,179	7,574	76,05	1,801	1,202	599
Hadanti ...	801	121	180	...	...	...	177	93	84
Marwadi ...	25,745	13,472	12,273	10,113	5,029	5,084	974	569	415
Mewadi ...	11,440	5,579	5,861	4,028	1,806	2,222	650	550	100
Mewati ...	6,506	3,690	2,816	1,038	739	299	...	...	...
Western Hindi ...	410	237	173	...	...	...	22	...	22
Brija Bhaasha ...	410	237	173	...	...	...	22	...	22
European Languages ...	88	55	33	52	31	21	1	1	...
Indo-European Family ...	88	55	33	52	31	21	1	1	...
English ...	88	55	33	52	31	21	1	1	...

टेबल नं० १०—भाषा.

NEMAWAR.			NIMAR.			RAMPURA-BHANPURA.			ALAMPUR.			INDORE CITY.		
नेमावर			नीमार			रामपुरा-भानपुरा			आलमपूर			इन्दोर शहर		
Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
94,600	47,808	46,792	348,450	177,677	770,773	192,251	99,358	93,163	15,759	8,067	7,692	44,947	24,192	20,158
81,656	41,147	40,509	311,574	158,827	152,747	179,588	93,281	86,307	15,717	8,037	7,680	24,055	14,671	10,284
80,596	40,699	39,897	306,503	155,870	150,633	179,136	92,873	86,263	15,717	8,037	7,680	24,955	14,671	10,284
...	...	...	4,979	3,005	1,974	153	88	65	...	...	...	27	23	4
...	...	...	4,979	3,005	1,974	153	88	65	...	...	...	27	23	4
...	...	...	4,979	3,005	1,974	153	88	65	...	...	...	27	23	4
70,964	35,897	35,067	288,866	144,668	144,198	175,648	91,157	84,491	19	14	5	12,362	6,984	5,378
63,901	32,229	31,672	6,064	2,433	3,631	165,631	86,161	79,470	11	7	4	12,348	6,976	5,372
7,052	3,661	3,391	282,802	142,235	140,567	...	...	...	8	7	1	14	8	6
11	7	4	...	...	...	10,017	4,996	5,021	...	...	...	...	...	...
9,632	4,802	4,830	12,658	8,197	4,461	3,335	1,628	1,707	15,698	8,023	7,675	12,566	7,664	4,902
...	...	...	...	...	...	94	40	54	15,667	7,997	7,670	841	581	260
1,581	310	1,271	3,528	2,130	1,398	...	...	...	19	15	4	1,868	913	755
7,906	4,388	3,518	7,142	4,894	2,248	2,267	1,049	1,218	7	6	1	7,306	4,354	2,952
145	104	41	1,988	1,173	815	974	539	435	5	5	...	2,751	1,816	935
1,060	448	612	5,071	2,957	2,114	452	408	44	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,060	448	612	5,071	2,957	2,114	452	408	44	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,060	448	612	5,071	2,957	2,114	452	408	44	...	...	...	...	...	...
12,659	6,437	6,222	37,161	19,074	18,687	12,933	6,077	6,856	42	30	12	19,992	10,121	9,871
19	10	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	341	170	171
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	170	70	100
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	135	75	60
19	10	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	25	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	44	28	16	...	...	...	85	50	35
...	...	...	...	...	...	44	28	16	...	...	...	85	50	35
...	...	...	...	...	...	44	28	16	...	...	...	85	50	35
...	...	...	...	...	...	44	28	16	...	...	...	85	50	35
12,640	6,427	6,213	37,141	19,061	18,080	12,874	6,039	6,835	42	30	12	19,534	9,882	9,652
1,137	518	619	9,164	4,665	4,499	1,065	429	636	32	21	11	9,378	4,067	5,311
197	120	77	1,297	753	544	385	261	124	...	...	...	3,073	1,793	1,280
55	31	24	16,132	7,198	8,934	2,816	1,167	1,649	...	...	...	728	431	297
20	18	2	2,944	2,011	933	53	42	11	...	...	...	1,778	998	780
11,231	5,740	5,491	7,319	4,210	3,109	8,452	4,127	4,325	10	9	1	4,577	2,593	1,984
...	...	...	...	...	...	124	68	96	...	...	...	...	...	...
10,104	5,128	4,976	2,967	1,833	1,134	1,577	914	663	10	9	1	2,733	1,435	1,298
88	82	6	...	...	...	6,674	3,141	3,533	...	...	...	826	432	394
1,039	530	509	4,352	2,377	1,975	77	44	33	...	...	...	1,018	736	292
285	224	61	...	...	...	103	13	90	...	...	...	...	...	...
285	244	61	...	...	...	103	13	90	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	20	13	7	15	10	5	...	...	...	32	19	13
...	...	...	20	13	7	15	10	5	...	...	...	32	19	13
...	...	...	20	13	7	15	10	5	...	...	...	32	19	13

TABLE XI.

BIRTH-PLACE.

This table contains the statistics of birth-place for the State as a whole and for each *zila* or administrative unit and for the City of Indore.

TABLE XI.—Birth-place.

Birth-place. जन्म स्थान	POPULATION. आबादी			INDORE. इन्दौर			MEHIDPUR. मेहिदपुर		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
State Total ...	1,007,856	517,501	490,355	235,283	121,873	113,410	121,243	62,718	58,525
A:—Born in India ...	1,007,796	517,450	490,346	235,260	121,855	113,405	121,239	62,714	58,525
I.—Zilas within the State ...	785,590	419,475	366,115	164,704	85,584	79,120	84,372	51,815	32,557
Alampur ...	10,195	6,713	3,482	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indore ...	248,370	125,812	122,558	161,863	83,778	78,085	6,161	2,234	3,927
Mehidpur ...	78,868	50,861	28,507	281	259	22	77,691	49,217	28,474
Nemawar ...	76,884	39,630	36,754	413	274	139	...	...	...
Nimar ...	260,351	135,344	125,007	921	688	233	36	34	2
Rampura-Bhanpura ...	111,422	61,615	49,807	1,226	685	641	484	330	154
II.—Central India States ...	144,108	57,307	86,801	44,499	20,616	23,883	34,230	9,658	24,572
Ali Rajpur ...	4,245	3,187	1,058	95	78	17	2	2	...
Bhopal ...	12,743	6,403	7,340	1,528	841	687	491	196	295
Bundelkhand ...	5,477	1,930	3,547	3,937	1,487	2,450	36	21	15
Burwani ...	10,440	4,729	5,711	447	195	252	...	...	...
Charkhari ...	187	9	178	...	...	...	...	...	...
Datia ...	2,040	608	1,432	240	153	87	20	6	14
Dewas S. B. and J. B. ...	8,725	2,701	6,024	3,416	735	2,681	3,815	1,199	2,616
Dhar ...	8,157	3,779	4,378	3,281	1,528	1,753	161	29	132
Gwalior ...	76,432	28,367	48,065	25,043	12,118	12,925	27,516	7,519	19,997
Jaora ...	4,128	1,463	2,665	1,072	585	487	1,064	333	731
Jhabua ...	1,625	826	799	1,370	599	771	4	2	2
Jobat ...	230	110	120	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagod ...	238	83	150	...	...	...	...	...	...
Narsingarh ...	1,094	364	730	...	...	...	98	35	63
Orechha ...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajgarh ...	745	281	464	225	132	93	50	15	35
Ratlam ...	2,013	673	1,340	1,185	531	654	578	61	517
Rowah ...	231	135	96	152	84	68	...	...	...
Sailana ...	322	212	110	264	177	87	13	4	9
Samthar ...	282	56	206	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sitaman ...	756	317	439	105	99	6	26	23	3
Central India, unspecified ...	4,017	2,074	1,943	2,139	1,274	865	356	213	143
III.—Provinces and states beyond Central India ...	78,098	40,668	37,430	26,057	15,655	10,402	2,637	1,241	1,396
1.—Rajputana ...	36,190	16,554	19,636	12,153	6,150	6,003	2,214	931	1,283
(a) British District ...	2,184	1,703	481	738	448	290	74	31	43
Ajmer ...	2,184	1,703	481	738	448	290	74	31	43
(b) States ...	34,006	14,851	19,155	11,415	5,702	5,713	2,140	900	1,240
Alwar ...	279	139	140	124	57	67	8	6	2
Banswara ...	55	39	16	14	4	10	...	...	...
Bharatpur ...	281	158	123	202	94	108	24	24	...
Bikaner ...	159	68	91	100	32	68	2	1	1
Bundi ...	23	13	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dholpur ...	137	104	33	108	100	8	1	1	...
Jaipur ...	7,786	3,492	4,294	5,143	2,133	3,010	167	91	76
Jaisalmer ...	19	9	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jhalawar ...	5,638	2,330	3,308	183	88	95	765	413	352
Karanli ...	9	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kishangarh ...	588	220	368	144	144	...	2	...	2
Kotah ...	4,073	1,620	2,453	808	599	209	38	29	9
Marwar ...	5,939	3,342	2,597	2,976	1,832	1,144	404	184	220
Mewar ...	6,454	2,146	4,308	1,285	393	892	694	128	566
Partabgarh ...	947	444	503	245	178	67	19	11	8
Tonk ...	1,619	721	898	83	48	35	16	12	4
2.—Bombay Presidency ...	19,691	12,607	7,084	6,370	4,140	2,230	155	98	57
(a) British Districts ...	19,240	12,277	6,963	6,058	3,917	2,141	145	93	52
Ahmedabad ...	1,511	995	516	496	274	222	17	15	2
Ahmednagar ...	1,119	529	590	793	418	375	13	10	3
Bombay ...	2,184	1,187	997	1,278	904	374	59	36	23
Broach ...	7	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bijapur ...	91	29	62	90	29	61	...	...	...
Karachi ...	66	39	27	63	38	25	...	...	...
Khandesh (Eastern and Western) ...	10,778	7,142	3,606	865	605	260	12	7	5
Nasik ...	642	463	179	289	178	111	12	8	4
Poona ...	716	364	352	405	210	195	10	6	4
Ratnagiri ...	665	461	204	553	358	195	...	...	...
Satara ...	969	644	325	805	560	245	18	7	11
Sholapur ...	254	204	50	192	165	27	3	3	...
Sindh ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surat ...	237	184	53	229	178	51	1	1	...
(b) States ...	451	330	121	312	223	89	10	5	5
Cutch ...	21	17	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kathiawar ...	268	211	57	201	164	37	5	1	4
Kolhapur ...	162	102	60	111	59	52	5	4	1
3.—Other Provinces and States in India ...	1,517	996	521	435	248	187	32	28	4
Baroda ...	1,339	869	470	331	152	179	17	15	2
Hyderabad ...	178	127	51	104	96	8	15	13	2
4.—Central Provinces British Districts ...	12,092	4,355	7,737	1,068	500	568	57	47	10
Amraoti ...	346	242	104	252	151	101	...	...	...
Akola ...	122	40	82	91	24	67	...	...	...

NEMAWAR, नेमावर			NIMAR नीमाड			RAMPURA-BHANPURA. रामपुरा भानपुरा			ALAMPUR आलमपूर			INDORE CITY इन्दोर शहर		
Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री	मनुष्य	पुरुष	स्त्री
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
94,600	47,808	46,792	348,450	177,677	170,773	192,521	99,358	93,163	15,759	8,067	7,692	44,947	24,792	20,155
94,599	47,807	46,792	348,418	177,649	170,769	192,521	99,358	93,163	15,759	8,067	7,692	44,934	24,783	20,151
80,795	42,296	38,499	283,644	144,052	139,592	161,156	88,614	72,542	10,919	7,114	3,805	21,440	10,162	11,278
3	3	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	10,191	6,709	3,482	...	...	...
2,228	880	1,398	25,763	10,631	15,132	51,628	27,934	23,694	727	405	322	18,887	8,491	10,396
896	885	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	226	226	...
75,938	39,351	36,582	...	37	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	395	268	127
1,575	1,211	364	2,57,819	1,33,411	1,24,408	...	...	...	...	...	...	797	628	169
160	16	144	24	4	20	1,09,528	60,680	48,848	...	...	...	1,135	549	586
8,318	2,973	5,345	35,387	17,833	17,554	17,090	5,318	11,772	4,584	909	3,675	9,629	5,654	3,975
1	...	1	4,131	3,102	1,029	16	5	11	...	...	...	95	78	17
6,823	2,413	4,410	3,789	1,903	1,886	111	50	61	1	...	...	917	560	357
43	...	43	107	56	56	1,354	371	983	...	...	...	1,065	688	377
3	...	3	9,988	4,534	5,454	2	...	2	...	...	...	64	47	17
...	...	...	187	9	178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	4	4	145	141	4	4	4	...	1,623	300	1,323	51	24	27
77	32	45	1,100	595	505	317	140	177	...	...	...	241	120	121
72	27	45	4,549	2,161	2,388	94	34	60	...	...	...	434	374	60
764	316	448	9,711	4,465	5,246	11,182	3,494	7,668	2,236	455	1,781	4,296	2,458	1,838
3	2	1	328	132	196	1,661	411	1,250	...	...	...	717	416	301
...	...	...	246	221	25	5	4	1	...	...	...	44	44	...
...	...	...	230	110	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	283	83	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	11	14	...	...	...	970	318	652	1	...	1	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...
6	5	1	10	2	8	454	127	327	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	6	6	87	21	66	151	54	97	...	...	...	335	181	154
17	5	12	60	46	14	2	...	2	...	...	...	146	83	63
...	...	...	41	29	12	4	2	2	...	...	...	83	83	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	262	56	206	...	...	...
464	162	312	444	227	217	624	194	430	455	98	357	1,107	464	643
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
486	2,538	2,948	29,387	15,764	13,623	14,275	5,426	8,849	256	44	212	13,865	8,967	4,898
1,029	558	471	7,191	3,943	3,248	13,590	4,966	8,624	13	6	7	4,589	2,401	2,188
98	93	5	1,125	1,025	100	149	106	43	...	...	...	737	448	289
99	93	5	1,125	1,025	100	149	106	43	...	...	...	737	448	289
931	465	466	6,066	2,918	3,148	13,441	4,860	8,581	13	6	7	3,852	1,953	1,899
10	3	7	39	22	17	98	51	47	...	...	...	12	12	...
...	...	...	35	35	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	14	4	10
7	7	...	48	33	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	136	43	93
21	18	3	26	14	12	10	3	7	...	...	...	91	28	63
...	...	...	...	...	...	23	13	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	23	2	21	1	...	1	...	100	8
307	135	172	1,654	858	796	515	275	240	...	...	...	883	455	428
...	...	...	...	...	...	19	9	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	...	3	6	2	4	4,681	1,827	2,854	...	...	...	30	1	29
...	...	...	...	...	...	9	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	5	1	412	56	356	17	10	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	9	2	103	69	34	3,113	914	2,199	...	...	...	142	142	...
499	253	246	1,706	874	832	352	199	153	...	...	...	232	164	68
39	14	25	1,827	815	1,012	2,606	795	1,811	3	1	2	1,201	721	480
25	19	6	198	135	63	460	101	359	...	...	...	814	138	676
3	2	1	8	4	4	1,509	655	854	...	...	...	106	97	9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	48	35
336	203	133	12,630	8,047	4,583	196	119	77	4	...	4	3,734	2,523	1,211
313	184	129	12,531	7,966	4,565	189	117	72	4	...	4	3,507	2,352	1,155
20	6	14	969	695	274	9	5	4	...	...	...	286	141	145
23	...	23	265	79	186	25	22	3	...	...	...	317	195	122
56	15	41	719	196	523	72	36	36	...	...	...	739	550	189
...	...	...	5	4	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
129	123	6	9,750	6,425	3,325	22	12	10	...	...	...	90	29	61
10	7	3	329	263	57	11	7	4	...	...	...	63	38	25
7	6	1	281	134	147	13	8	5	...	...	...	547	378	169
17	9	8	95	94	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	226	154	72
50	17	33	72	46	26	21	14	7	...	...	...	212	184	28
...	...	...	43	27	21	11	9	2	3	...	3	553	358	195
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	113	87	26
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	177	102	75
...	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	19	4	99	81	18	2	2	...	...	...	...	184	136	48
21	17	4	...	...	...	7	2	5	...	...	...	227	171	56
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	61	45	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	129	112	17
1	1	...	38	36	2	7	2	5	...	...	...	98	59	39
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	6	18	1,005	704	301	21	10	11	...	...	...	298	153	145
18	5	13	966	693	273	7	4	3	...	...	...	219	74	145
6	1	5	39	11	28	14	6	8	...	...	...	79	79	...
4,028	1,720	2,308	6,841	2,030	4,811	98	58	40	...	...	...	845	355	490
4,028	1,720	2,308	6,841	2,030	4,811	98	58	40	...	...	...	845	355	490
...	...	...	92	91	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	249	151	98
...	...	...	31	16	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	91	24	67

TABLE XI.—*Birth-place*

Birth-place. जन्म स्थान	POPULATION. आबादी .			INDORE. इन्दौर			MUNHIDPUR. मेहिदपुर		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bhandara ...	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoshangabad ...	5,423	2,456	2,967	149	30	119	10	7	3
Jubbulpore ...	343	272	71	167	119	48	3	2	1
Nagpur ...	558	291	267	118	2	116	27	23	4
Narsinghpur ...	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nimar ...	4,918	869	4,047	177	69	108	17	15	2
Raipur ...	25	20	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saugor ...	352	160	192	114	105	9	...	...	...
5.—United Provinces ...	6,653	4,514	2,139	4,235	3,086	1,149	166	126	40
British Districts ...	6,653	4,514	2,139	4,235	3,086	1,149	166	126	40
Agra ...	373	257	116	292	209	83	...	...	...
Aligarh ...	12	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Allahabad ...	281	205	76	152	120	32	8	8	...
Banda ...	35	14	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Benares ...	308	132	176	213	96	117	9	9	...
Bara-Banki ...	60	8	52	52	...	52	...	...	...
Cawnpore ...	1,402	1,128	274	977	828	149	65	32	33
Etawah ...	176	100	76	92	63	29	2	1	1
Farrukhabad ...	27	5	22	22	...	22	5	5	...
Fatehpur ...	80	72	8	7	7	...	5	5	...
Fyzabad ...	39	5	34	34	...	34	5	5	...
Gorahpur ...	38	28	10	37	27	10	...	...	...
Jalaun ...	90	28	62	31	28	3	...	...	...
Jhansi ...	1,171	568	603	599	324	275	20	20	...
Lucknow ...	665	562	103	536	511	25	13	13	...
Meerut ...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mirzapur ...	6	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moradabad ...	83	11	72	66	1	65	...	...	...
Muttra ...	227	162	65	139	115	24	10	4	6
Rae Bareilly ...	1,185	853	332	698	479	219	15	15	...
Unao ...	393	365	28	288	278	10	9	9	...
6.—Punjab ...	1,307	1,094	213	1,186	1,009	177	11	10	1
British Districts ...	1,307	1,094	213	1,186	1,009	177	11	10	1
Ambala ...	39	28	11	37	26	11	...	...	...
Amritsar ...	61	61	...	60	60	...	...	...	...
Delhi ...	1,145	956	189	1,051	893	158	4	3	1
Lahore ...	13	11	2	...	...	...	7	7	...
Ludhiana ...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Multan ...	39	30	9	38	30	8	...	...	...
Sialkot ...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Simla ...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.—Kashmir and Jammu ...	7	3	4	...	...	...	1	1	...
Kashmir ...	7	3	4	...	...	...	1	1	...
8.—Bengal ...	229	224	5	212	210	2	...	...	...
British Districts ...	229	224	5	212	210	2	...	...	...
Bengal ...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta ...	224	220	4	212	210	2	...	...	...
Darjeeling ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.—Madras ...	391	305	86	385	302	83	...	...	...
British Districts ...	391	305	86	385	302	83	...	...	...
Madras ...	390	305	85	385	302	83	...	...	...
Malbar ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.—Portuguese Settlement ...	21	16	5	13	10	3	1	...	1
Goa ...	21	16	5	13	10	3	1	...	1
B:—Born in other Asiatic Countries ...	27	33	4	10	9	1	3	3	...
Afganistan ...	25	21	4	1	...	1	...	...	...
Nepal ...	12	12	...	9	9	...	3	3	...
C:—Born in Europe ...	22	17	5	13	9	4	1	1	...
England ...	19	15	4	13	9	4	1	1	...
Ireland ...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scotland ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
D:—Born in America ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
America ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NEMAWAR नेमावर			NIMAR नीमाड			RAMPURA-BHANPURA, रामपुरा भानपुरा			ALAMPUR. आलमपूर			INDORE CITY इन्दोर शहर			
Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
1	1	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3,456	1,589	1,807	1,798	824	969	...	15	6	9	...	...	...	76	24	52
10	7	3	162	144	18	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	130	88	42
23	...	23	377	261	116	...	13	5	8	...	...	...	118	2	116
...	...	...	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
527	112	415	4,137	632	3,505	...	58	41	17	...	...	...	153	47	106
...	...	...	25	20	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	11	...	218	38	180	...	9	6	3	...	...	...	28	19	9
59	44	15	1,642	991	651	312	229	83	239	38	201	2,845	2,178	667	
59	44	15	1,642	991	651	312	229	83	239	38	201	2,845	2,178	667	
3	3	...	49	19	30	29	26	3	...	...	...	266	88	198	
...	...	...	12	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	2	95	60	35	...	17	10	7	5	5	...	...	...	...
4	2	2	31	12	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	5	2	66	15	51	...	13	7	6	...	...	...	97	83	14
1	1	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	11	...	287	222	65	...	60	35	25	2	2	970	822	148	
4	4	...	78	32	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	63	29	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	...	49	43	6	...	12	11	1	6	5	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	4	2	338	154	184	...	44	40	4	59	59	10	7	3	
2	2	...	94	21	73	...	18	14	4	164	26	241	107	134	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	2	1	536	511	25	
...	...	...	6	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	...	3	12	8	4	...	2	2	...	...	...	41	1	40	
2	1	1	29	13	16	...	46	28	18	1	1	123	106	17	
10	7	3	423	317	106	...	39	35	4	...	...	182	153	29	
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	3	3	61	37	24	43	35	8	...	...	...	1,129	970	159	
6	3	3	61	37	24	43	35	8	...	...	...	1,129	970	159	
...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	60	...	
6	3	3	44	24	20	...	40	33	7	...	...	1,040	883	157	
...	...	...	3	2	1	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	27	2	
...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	4	...	12	9	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	203	202	1	
4	4	...	12	9	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	203	202	1	
4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	11	9	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	203	202	1	
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	5	3	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	210	175	35	
...	...	...	5	3	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	210	175	35	
...	...	...	4	3	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	210	175	35	
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6	1	...	...	...	12	10	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6	1	...	...	...	12	10	2	
1	1	...	23	20	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	...	23	20	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	8	7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	9	4	
...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	9	4	
...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE XII.

INFIRMITIES.

The infirmities recorded at the Census were Insanity, Deafmutism, Blindness and Leprosy.

This table is divided into two Parts. *Part I*, shews the total population afflicted by age; *Part II*, the distribution of such population by *zilas* and Parganas.

TABLE XII.—INFIRMITIES.—Part I.—Distribution by age.

टेबल नं० १२ बीमारी—हिस्सा १—तकसीम बलिहाज उमर.

Age. उमर	POPULATION AFFLICTED. बीमार आबादी			INSANE. पागल			DEAF-MUTES. बहिरा गुंगा			BLIND. अंधा			LEPERS. कोढ़ी		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
State Total	2,074	1,032	1,042	162	94	68	124	74	50	1,550	698	852	238	166	72
0-1	9	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	5	4	...	...	...
1-2	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	2	...	...	...
2-3	22	13	9	1	1	...	1	...	1	18	11	7	2	1	1
3-4	29	17	12	...	...	...	1	1	...	27	16	11	1	...	1
4-5	23	15	8	...	...	...	1	1	...	22	14	8	...	...	...
Total 0-5	87	52	35	1	1	...	3	2	1	80	48	32	3	1	2
5-10	147	80	67	12	5	7	16	9	7	119	66	53	...	...	...
10-15	100	60	40	13	8	5	14	10	4	70	40	30	3	2	1
15-20	112	63	49	16	12	4	13	7	6	76	41	35	7	3	4
20-25	147	87	60	18	11	7	19	12	7	95	55	40	15	9	6
25-30	174	90	84	28	16	12	11	8	3	113	52	61	22	14	8
30-35	189	102	87	18	9	9	20	13	7	119	56	63	32	24	8
35-40	131	77	54	12	8	4	5	3	2	90	48	42	24	18	6
40-45	205	111	94	16	8	8	9	4	5	140	67	73	40	32	8
45-50	102	48	54	8	4	4	2	1	1	72	31	41	20	12	8
50-55	189	84	105	9	5	4	3	2	1	140	52	88	37	25	12
55-60	54	24	30	1	...	1	3	3	...	46	18	28	4	3	1
60-65	218	82	136	7	6	1	5	...	5	192	66	126	14	10	4
65-70	59	23	36	3	1	2	...	...	...	52	20	32	4	2	2
70 and over	160	49	111	...	...	...	1	...	1	146	38	108	13	11	2

TABLE XII.—INFIRMITIES.—Part II.—By Zilas and Parganas.

टेबल नं० १२ बीमारी—हिस्सा २—बलिहाज जिला व परगना.

State Total	2,074	1,032	1,042	162	94	68	124	74	50	1,550	698	852	238	166	72
I—INDORE ZILA	458	226	232	48	24	24	20	10	10	321	153	168	69	39	30
1. Petlawad	15	8	7	...	...	...	1	...	1	6	4	2	8	4	4
2. Depalpur	135	69	66	7	4	3	8	6	2	108	50	58	12	9	3
3. Sawer	88	49	39	9	9	...	5	2	3	68	33	35	6	5	1
4. Indore	114	60	54	9	5	4	4	2	2	66	34	32	35	19	16
5. Indore City	91	31	60	22	5	17	2	...	2	62	26	36	5	...	5
6. Mhow	11	7	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	8	5	3	2	1	1
7. Divisional Forest Indore	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	1	1	...
II—MEHIDPUR ZILA	301	155	146	23	16	7	10	9	1	236	107	129	32	23	9
8. Mohidpur	146	76	70	12	9	3	3	2	1	111	51	60	20	14	6
9. Tarana	147	74	73	11	7	4	7	7	...	118	52	66	11	8	3
10. Sundarsi	8	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	3	1	1	...
III—NEMAWAR ZILA	266	114	152	21	11	10	5	4	1	220	87	133	20	12	8
11. Khategaon	71	21	50	4	1	3	...	...	...	62	18	44	5	2	3
12. Kannod	62	25	37	4	2	2	...	...	...	54	20	34	4	3	1
13. Kathaphor	133	68	75	13	8	5	5	4	1	104	49	55	11	7	4
14. Divisional Forest Nemawar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
IV—NIMAR ZILA	623	313	310	45	24	21	50	25	25	459	214	245	69	50	19
15. Chikhaldia	75	37	38	4	3	1	13	5	8	50	22	28	8	7	1
16. Maheshwar	31	18	13	2	...	2	2	1	1	21	11	16	6	6	...
17. Barwaha	112	55	57	9	4	5	4	2	2	92	45	47	7	4	3
18. Segaon	80	40	40	10	5	5	3	...	3	56	28	28	11	7	4
19. Kasrawad	71	45	26	7	5	2	5	5	...	48	25	23	11	10	1
20. Khargon	186	66	70	4	1	3	6	3	3	107	49	58	19	13	6
21. Sendhwa	31	23	8	4	3	1	6	5	1	21	15	6	...	...	...
22. Bhikangaon	79	27	52	5	3	2	3	2	1	64	19	45	7	3	4
23. Divisional Forest Khargon	8	2	6	...	...	...	8	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
V—RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA	382	204	178	23	17	6	38	26	12	276	121	155	45	40	5
24. Nandwai	3	1	2	...	...	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Manasa	51	29	22	...	3	...	12	8	4	23	11	17	8	7	1
26. Rampura	53	30	23	7	5	2	2	2	...	40	17	21	4	4	...
27. Bhanpura	64	35	29	3	3	...	7	6	1	50	23	27	4	3	1
28. Garoth	71	38	33	1	...	1	5	2	3	53	26	27	12	10	2
29. Sunel	41	22	19	2	2	...	3	1	2	32	15	17	4	4	...
30. Jirapur	59	49	50	7	4	3	6	6	...	73	27	46	13	12	1
31. Divisional Forest Rampura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VI—ALAMPUR	44	20	24	2	2	...	1	...	1	38	16	22	3	2	1

TABLE XII-A.

INFIRMITIES BY SELECTED CASTES, TRIBES AND RACES.

This table shews the distribution of infirmities in selected Castes, Tribes or Races.

TABLE XII A.—INFIRMITIES BY SELECTED CASTES, TRIBES OR RACES.

टेबल नं० १२ ए—बीमारी—बलिहाज खास खास जात, कोम या फिको.

Caste, Tribe or Race. जात, कोम या फिको	POPULATION DEALT WITH. आबादी साथ जांच			INSANE. पागल			DEAF-MUTES. बहिरा गुंगा			BLIND. अन्धा			LEPERS. कोढ़ी		
	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Persons. मनुष्य	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
State Total ...	264,529	140,374	124,155	80	62	18	60	36	24	620	304	316	66	59	7
Hindu ...	174,041	92,537	81,504	60	50	10	36	26	10	461	232	229	42	35	7
Ajna ...	4,547	2,009	2,238	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	4	3	1
Bania ...	14,032	8,164	5,868	3	2	1	3	1	2	49	31	18	3	1	2
Agarwal ...	3,066	1,618	1,448	...	...	...	1	...	1	8	6	2	1	1	...
Gahohi ...	946	503	443	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Mahesri ...	4,489	2,896	1,593	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	4	...	...	...
Oswal ...	1,689	1,084	605	2	1	1	...	...	...	15	13	2	2	...	2
Porwal ...	3,842	2,063	1,779	1	1	...	2	1	1	20	11	9	...	...	...
Bhat ...	1,361	758	603	2	1	1	...	...	...	9	3	6	...	...	...
Brahman ...	11,291	6,066	5,225	22	21	1	14	13	1	47	25	22	3	2	1
Bhagor ...	425	222	203	...	...	...	1	1	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
Jijhotia ...	626	336	290	5	5	...	2	2	...	16	9	7	1	1	...
Sanadhya ...	4,385	2,403	1,982	2	1	1	2	1	1	14	8	6	...	...	...
Sarwaria ...	894	617	277	12	12	...	8	8	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Shrigaud ...	4,342	2,204	2,138	3	3	...	1	1	...	11	7	4	2	1	1
Shrimali ...	619	284	335	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Chamar ...	39,514	19,114	20,400	8	6	3	4	3	1	45	28	17	3	2	1
Dhangar ...	2,949	1,372	1,577	1	1	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
Gujar ...	28,455	14,056	14,399	2	2	...	5	4	1	64	31	33	4	4	...
Kachera ...	958	267	691	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khangar ...	728	308	420	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Khatri ...	16,196	6,813	9,383	1	1	...	4	3	1	31	14	17	2	1	1
Kunbi ...	12,754	6,831	5,923	3	3	...	1	...	1	62	27	35	5	5	...
Maratha ...	6,083	3,270	2,813	4	3	1	...	...	...	8	4	4	1	1	...
Mina ...	360	198	162	2	2	...	...	...	...	6	3	3	...	...	...
Rajput ...	15,603	10,139	5,414	8	7	1	4	1	3	105	51	54	16	14	2
Baghela ...	184	104	80	3	3	...	3	1	2	38	28	10	6	6	...
Bundela ...	401	190	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	2	...	...	...
Chanhan ...	3,829	2,672	1,157	...	...	...	1	...	1	3	3	...	1	...	1
Dikhit ...	180	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
Gohalot ...	259	146	113	1	...	1	...	...	...	38	3	35	4	4	...
Maratha Ponwar ...	356	95	261	1	1	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
Ponwar ...	2,130	1,263	867	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1
Rathor ...	4,993	3,210	1,783	1	1	...	...	...	...	9	6	3	3	3	...
Sesodia ...	767	396	371	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...
Solanki ...	1,469	945	524	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	2	...	...	...
Tonwar ...	1,035	988	47	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Sirwi ...	2,003	1,290	713	1	1	...	...	...	...	7	4	3	...	...	...
Sondhia ...	17,567	11,730	5,837	2	1	1	1	1	...	24	8	16	5	5	...
Jain ...	6,932	3,749	3,183	1	...	1	1	1	...	3	2	1	...	...	...
Oswal ...	5,476	2,969	2,507	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Porwal ...	1,456	780	676	1	...	1	1	1	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
Animist ...	41,279	20,576	20,703	13	8	5	18	5	13	94	37	57	19	19	...
Bhil ...	34,221	17,149	17,072	3	1	2	3	2	1	30	7	23	8	8	...
Bhilala ...	1,079	433	646	7	6	1	14	3	11	44	22	22	8	8	...
Gond ...	5,029	2,892	2,137	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6	1	3	3	...
Mina ...	950	102	848	3	1	2	1	...	1	13	2	11	...	...	...
Musalman ...	42,277	23,512	18,765	6	4	2	5	4	1	62	33	29	5	5	...
Behana ...	671	671	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
Pathan ...	15,105	8,400	6,705	1	1	...	1	1	...	27	16	11	2	2	...
Shaikh ...	21,350	11,830	9,520	4	2	2	2	2	...	29	15	14	2	2	...
Saiyad ...	5,151	2,611	2,540	1	1	...	2	1	1	4	...	4	1	1	...

TABLE XIII.
CASTE, TRIBE OR RACE.

This table deals with the Castes and Tribes of each Religion for the State as a whole, each *zila* and the City of Indore,

The figures for Christians are omitted from this table as they are specially dealt with in Tables XVII and XVIII.

“Minor Castes ” include returns numerically insignificant.

A few castes whose proper affiliation was uncertain and cases which did not return any real caste name have been grouped under the head “*Others.*”

TABLE XIII.—CASTE, TRIBE OR RACE.

टेबल १३—जात क्रोम या फिको.

Caste, Tribe or Race. जात क्रोम या फिको	POPULATION. आबदी			INDORE. इन्दोर		MEHIDPUR. मेहीरपुर		NEMAWAR. नेमावर		NIMAR. नीमाड		RAMPUR. BHANPURA. रामपुरा-भानपुरा		ALAMPUR. आलमपुर		INDORE CITY. इन्दोर शहर	
	Persons. मनुष्य		Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		Males. पुरुष		Females. स्त्री		Males. पुरुष		Females. स्त्री		Males. पुरुष		Males. पुरुष	
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
State Total	1,007,856	517,501	490,355	121,873	113,410	62,718	58,525	47,808	46,792	177,677	170,773	99,358	93,163	8,067	7,692	24,792	20,155
I—Hindu	880,254	452,169	428,085	102,553	96,080	58,308	54,412	39,732	38,672	153,271	146,909	90,460	84,532	7,845	7,480	17,536	14,127
Ahir	6,533	3,416	3,117	696	753	207	108	440	470	1,587	1,063	436	695	50	28	...	...
Ajra	4,547	2,309	2,238	550	480	1,710	1,756	2	4	3	3	44	25	...	...	98	50
Bagri	6,796	2,811	3,985	419	590	352	351	534	935	896	674	944	1,332	...	...	34	19
Baragi	6,435	3,645	2,790	802	623	447	255	251	344	1,165	972	958	574	22	22	134	61
Balai	27,363	13,040	14,328	2,084	1,994	4,934	3,399	1,284	1,000	4,208	6,551	530	1,384	20	...	154	113
Bania	48,638	24,352	24,286	8,223	6,888	2,769	2,698	2,447	2,541	5,008	4,935	4,883	5,628	1,022	1,601	2,805	2,896
(1) Agarwal	3,066	1,618	1,448	778	654	76	54	179	189	227	224	350	318	8	9	280	280
(2) Bijavargi	2,576	1,061	1,515	253	305	85	107	135	312	272	246	281	468	35	77	12	44
(3) Chitora	1,882	846	1,036	177	216	134	142	107	117	162	195	258	336	8	8	87	109
(4) Deshawal	1,339	714	625	197	252	107	84	98	78	164	107	139	99	9	5	17	97
(5) Gahohi	946	503	443	165	144	267	205	24	18	10	12	22	36	25	27	238	220
(6) Khanderwal	3,749	1,651	2,098	475	549	138	114	245	364	403	786	252	180	138	105	212	177
(7) Mahesri	4,489	2,896	1,593	2,073	1,125	78	70	393	170	80	58	250	148	20	22	420	350
(8) Oswal	1,689	1,084	709	636	323	258	111	60	50	41	35	89	78	...	5	250	154
(9) Porwal	3,842	2,063	1,779	850	748	440	335	62	98	357	247	354	351	...	...	254	269
(10) Saraogi	5,717	2,545	3,172	451	705	411	437	372	451	541	461	536	742	234	376	271	232
(11) Others	19,343	9,371	9,972	2,176	1,802	976	1,085	772	694	2,751	2,564	2,352	2,872	545	945	544	954
Banjara	13,065	8,191	4,894	598	632	854	311	2,117	972	3,541	2,158	1,036	745	45	76	72	44
Bansphor	651	519	132	31	19	37	24	44	152	76	24	319	55	12	...	11	7
Bargunda	2,118	968	1,150	285	383	444	88	111	152	321	271	168	235	39	...	17	22
Beldar	21,121	10,375	10,746	3,103	3,156	1,172	1,672	872	1,564	2,751	3,121	1,845	1,164	1,329	1,069	251	184
Bhambi	3,414	2,213	1,201	157	214	314	109	272	184	530	364	864	284	76	46	36	21
Bhang	5,102	2,576	2,526	1,300	1,242	244	205	234	337	264	271	484	397	50	74	148	110
Bharbhunja	2,192	789	1,403	290	387	88	107	113	234	131	372	152	271	15	32	62	44
Bharud	20,646	9,150	11,496	974	856	572	986	1,345	1,277	3,752	4,987	2,411	3,252	96	138	172	84
Bhat	1,861	758	603	132	143	81	64	94	74	171	119	272	184	8	19	64	39
Bhoi	9,071	4,870	4,201	1,446	1,320	364	538	496	472	1,534	1,176	972	564	118	131	151	71
Brahman	155,463	90,554	64,909	25,584	20,453	4,876	4,885	6,768	5,229	39,695	25,111	12,125	8,240	1,506	991	5,972	5,782
(1) Adgod	2,209	1,264	945	134	219	103	88	284	141	591	276	136	177	16	44	34	77
(2) Audich	3,413	2,277	1,136	377	214	538	298	103	64	435	221	824	339	...	...	21	78
(3) Andumbar	477	364	113	165	47	7	...	19	13	35	17	138	36	...	...	49	30
(4) Bhagor	425	222	203	86	98	10	7	...	...	38	32	46	35	42	31	47	62
(5) Chauvisar	1,182	687	495	198	200	109	72	70	94	45	26	264	103	...	...	34	64
(6) Dakshani	9,139	4,917	4,216	2,812	2,343	237	357	415	384	665	520	651	454	138	158	1,720	1,170
1. Deshastha	4,986	2,775	2,211	952	787	138	171	345	275	572	388	634	438	134	152	636	391
2. Karhada	2,732	1,505	1,227	1,345	1,047	39	18	10	13	93	132	17	16	1	1	830	560
3. Konkastha	1,415	637	778	515	509	59	188	60	96	...	...	...	...	3	5	254	219
(7) Gajargar	5,221	3,606	2,615	1,368	1,013	292	735	634	552	712	436	527	278	55	44	135	134
(8) Gujarathi	16,915	9,472	7,443	7,362	4,431	661	634	65	58	1,117	1,601	238	681	39	38	737	913
(9) Jihotia	625	336	290	117	71	50	20	97	141	50	40	11	8	11	10	43	68

18	(10) Kanaujia	8,065	5,370	2,690	1,388	770	972	382	373	164	1,137	572	1,436	772	64	36	142	164
19	(11) Nagar	1,203	683	520	151	125	68	96	164	72	252	95	113	88	35	44	45	35
20	(12) Pallival	4,561	2,366	2,195	986	445	305	760	112	22	602	618	369	346	2	4	4	169
21	(13) Sanadhya	4,385	2,403	1,982	688	522	114	79	673	568	511	347	307	288	110	178	138	123
22	(14) Saraswat	3,566	1,707	1,859	446	383	84	164	231	355	472	397	438	512	36	45	300	200
23	(15) Sarwaria	894	617	277	226	94	6	7	30	30	175	79	176	78	5	1	53	34
24	(16) Shenvi	2,644	1,346	1,298	373	442	152	144	603	712	367	134	228	194	3	10	103	136
25	(17) Shrigaud	4,342	2,204	2,138	1,107	1,172	16	13	209	123	504	496	71	96	4	9	53	90
26	(18) Shriniali	619	384	335	1,107	193	16	13	209	123	504	496	71	96	4	9	53	90
27	(19) Others	84,582	50,429	34,153	7,432	7,671	1,136	1,472	2,781	1,735	31,972	19,184	6,172	8,755	936	336	2,243	2,299
28	Chamar	39,514	19,114	20,400	1,782	2,992	9,293	9,885	976	1,027	5,216	4,409	1,752	2,000	95	87	262	158
29	Charan	713	291	492	24	21	44	25	9	149	7	157	117	212	...	...	15	10
30	Chhipa	1,171	621	560	22	23	34	155	272	149	14	28	279	280	...	...	15	7
31	Dangi	6,144	2,344	2,800	363	483	164	348	178	198	248	314	1,372	1,499	19	58	99	62
32	Darzi	7,487	3,951	3,686	1,925	1,925	364	307	344	324	598	509	487	404	134	107	274	111
33	Deswali	13,907	7,539	6,368	2,213	1,757	105	84	578	438	92	68	4,551	4,021	...	...	...	...
34	Dhakad	8,156	5,433	2,723	424	467	365	107	536	311	1,375	664	2,748	1,174	5	...	...	7
35	Dhangar	2,949	1,372	1,577	686	743	188	177	95	105	172	234	207	297	7	...	264	107
36	Dhinar	3,347	1,867	1,490	287	328	136	91	204	113	36	538	544	384	7	...	...	16
37	Dholi or Damami	5,950	2,816	8,134	1,211	1,313	334	362	273	384	384	407	472	491	137	177	147	119
38	Gadaria	3,882	1,941	2,340	218	369	16	10	751	414	372	384	438	341	5	...	68	43
39	Gadaria	5,813	2,754	3,059	1,209	1,777	680	862	751	546	751	974	300	341	...	...	64	44
40	Gandhi	3,745	1,878	1,867	574	693	34	20	352	125	513	166	179	98	38	41	183	67
41	Gauli	28,455	14,056	14,399	1,835	1,826	7,132	8,352	136	128	872	751	251	372	11	...	113	89
42	Gaur	1,236	552	684	55	55	...	...	...	...	4,896	4,221	...	...	174	...	171	103
43	Gurdo	8,786	4,253	4,483	1,124	1,158	642	524	914	1,710	1,001	514	537	...	...	...	13	15
44	Jat	280	122	158	69	66	23	40	14	64	...	594	...	...	...	...	115	55
45	Jingar	558	267	691	16	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	35
46	Kachera	12,751	3,814	8,947	280	821	574	996	735	1,138	202	617	964	2,321	109	...	...	...
47	Kachhi	5,615	2,409	3,206	502	470	...	...	144	598	1,369	1,531	204	502	190	105	26	16
48	Kabar	5,558	2,381	3,177	717	618	...	...	43	90	997	702	337	444	...	...	57	46
49	Kala	1,565	832	733	33	10	240	210	369	335	90	24	109	104	51	...	33	10
50	Kalolia	17,078	9,953	7,125	2,654	2,014	1,411	936	681	735	3,053	1,584	1,452	1,791	119	65	234	109
51	Kalofa	388	73	265	59	59	...	...	2	...	6	98	...	100	6	...	26	6
52	Kanjir	736	308	428	59	65	55	46	65	85	95	180	34	...	...	...	37	28
53	Khangar	16,196	6,813	9,383	4,439	8,189	434	300	130	45	815	295	936	482	...	...	212	135
54	Khali	234	157	77	18	10	31	4	59	30	26	25	23	8	...	...	5	...
55	Khatiri	6,287	3,702	2,585	752	511	574	278	431	211	976	984	852	513	107	...	191	72
56	Koli	1,179	505	674	198	220	36	45	45	54	136	252	72	84	18	19	90	51
57	Komti	17,355	7,378	9,977	1,059	1,450	535	976	1,976	1,430	2,845	4,882	899	1,132	64	...	188	97
58	Korku	12,754	6,831	5,923	1,755	1,428	743	688	149	117	4,184	3,690	...	...	...	...	169	81
59	Kulmi	3,452	1,674	1,778	389	401	136	157	136	145	584	3,352	391	472	38	12	11	8
60	Kumawat	16,119	5,959	10,160	1,044	1,222	1,735	1,552	...	451	2,034	3,352	1,124	3,545	22	38	110	78
61	Kumhar	1,044	587	457	182	138	21	25	33	14	110	113	231	155	10	12	16	12
62	Lakhora	3,989	2,135	1,854	1,132	876	184	93	29	55	314	412	438	392	38	26	188	88
63	Lodhi	9,271	4,620	4,651	787	846	544	452	972	974	1,645	1,255	536	972	136	132	151	81
64	Lohar	2,201	1,059	1,142	308	324	52	31	95	114	355	876	211	284	38	13	68	42
65	Mahar	13,852	7,092	6,760	2,244	1,296	11	11	462	697	1,998	2,751	2,381	2,000	6	5	120	59
66	Mali	1,005	651	954	232	526	...	...	148	234	211	194	...	...	...	...	106	80
67	Manihar	2,163	1,039	1,124	167	180	64	45	112	133	598	594	155	172	3	...	178	66
68	Mankar	3,270	2,813	2,813	1,842	1,475	99	51	188	187	781	781	544	256	58	...	234	148
69	Marathia	6,083	2,855	3,327	711	665	311	284	436	639	752	992	...	635	101	111	128	91
70	Newati	6,182	2,855	3,327	711	665	311	284	...	...	...	...	100	80	...	...	61	43
71	Nina	360	198	162	98	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
72	Minor castes	32,852	13,092	19,790	281	1,527	1,566	137	278	233	10,011	15,185	241	2,696	715	13	103	50
73	(1) Halwai	11	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...
74	(2) Harbola	102	34	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	68	...	...	...	...
75	(3) Mirasi	534	335	259	62	46	45	42	34	16	72	64	117	88	5	3	39	21
76	(4) Silawat	645	335	324	129	124	12	31	65	60	74	61	45	30	10	4	36	16
77	(5) Sonkar	596	272	324	79	75	44	64	36	45	65	60	45	74	3	6	17	13
78	(6) Others	30,834	12,105	18,829	...	1,282	1,465	...	143	112	9,800	15,000	111	2,435	697	...	...	...
79	Mochi	1,017	594	423	157	80	76	45	68	35	182	160	...	103	...	...	35	28
80	Moghia	4,656	2,470	2,186	304	344	436	264	599	436	32	45	1,079	1,078	16	19	136	51

TABLE XIV.
CIVIL CONDITION BY AGE FOR SELECTED CASTES, ETC.

This table, like Table IX, deals with the civil condition by age for certain selected castes which are considered of local importance.

TABLE XIV.
Civil Condition by Age for Selected Castes, &c.—देवल नं० १४—खास जातोंकी हलात बलिहाज उमर वयस

Caste, Tribe or Race. जात, वंश या किसने	Sex. पुरुष या स्त्री	Grand Total. कुल मीजान	UNMARRIED. बिन व्याह					MARRIED. व्याह					WIDOWED. बेवा										
			0-5	5-12	12-15	15-20	20-40	40 and over.	Total.	0-5	5-12	12-15	15-20	20-40	40 and over.	Total.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
State Total	Males	121,458	15,174	13,962	6,399	5,835	7,538	2,386	51,294	356	1,227	2,661	5,598	27,622	20,595	59,089	59	163	375	694	3,875	5,929	11,095
	Females	103,917	13,706	12,249	6,690	2,763	960	512	36,880	276	1,295	3,857	8,726	23,978	12,314	50,146	74	190	355	1,159	5,470	9,343	16,591
Hindu	Males	73,621	7,783	7,615	3,587	3,699	5,234	1,985	29,903	235	904	2,098	4,274	15,900	11,782	35,193	49	134	354	600	2,969	4,419	8,525
	Females	61,266	7,092	7,131	4,759	2,304	711	406	22,403	157	952	2,114	5,319	10,492	8,913	27,947	65	148	324	1,010	3,745	5,624	10,916
Ajwa	Males	2,309	271	246	68	79	134	55	853	2	61	57	106	640	386	1,252	1	6	3	11	71	112	204
	Females	2,238	209	232	105	183	...	...	789	...	68	48	123	590	321	1,150	...	4	14	66	148	67	299
Bania	Males	8,164	915	970	387	513	772	299	3,856	40	70	212	426	1,575	1,138	3,461	9	8	18	43	252	520	847
	Females	5,886	693	679	923	314	3	...	2,612	2	119	211	333	868	633	2,166	...	12	44	186	374	474	1,090
Agarwals	Males	1,618	281	205	60	103	133	43	825	7	4	23	87	293	210	624	...	...	2	10	54	103	169
	Females	1,448	206	109	391	1	...	...	707	1	2	12	79	207	196	497	...	7	9	86	97	45	244
Gahohi	Males	503	63	78	25	13	42	10	231	...	6	5	24	120	63	218	...	...	...	1	12	41	54
	Females	443	53	68	64	17	...	...	202	...	3	4	12	44	106	169	...	2	7	9	26	28	72
Mahesri	Males	2,996	310	336	131	143	294	114	1,328	24	42	154	210	516	354	1,300	...	...	6	14	98	150	268
	Females	1,593	171	168	197	95	2	...	633	1	68	89	102	283	127	670	...	1	8	26	105	149	290
Oswal	Males	1,084	111	113	67	89	97	69	546	...	...	2	14	195	197	430	...	...	...	2	25	80	108
	Females	605	113	96	67	103	...	...	379	...	...	5	14	29	98	143	...	1	2	17	19	44	83
Porwal	Males	2,063	150	238	104	165	206	63	926	9	16	25	74	451	314	889	6	7	10	64	136	146	248
	Females	1,779	150	238	204	98	1	...	691	...	46	104	126	305	106	687	...	1	18	48	126	208	401
Bhat	Males	758	100	104	43	56	22	25	350	13	37	28	38	113	107	336	1	4	5	18	17	27	72
	Females	603	126	86	64	2	1	1	280	1	14	23	68	96	84	286	...	...	1	2	14	20	37
Brahman	Males	6,066	544	635	290	286	571	238	2,564	11	38	74	170	1,290	1,178	2,761	7	15	33	25	210	451	741
	Females	5,225	770	563	348	116	17	15	1,829	25	51	212	448	801	818	2,355	...	18	7	153	328	534	1,040
Bhagor	Males	222	20	24	7	16	41	14	122	...	2	2	5	42	44	95	...	...	...	...	2	3	5
	Females	203	46	36	16	9	...	...	99	...	2	6	24	36	19	87	...	...	...	...	6	9	17
Jijhotia	Males	336	35	36	17	9	22	15	134	...	2	...	10	99	76	187	...	...	...	...	4	11	15
	Females	299	68	43	23	...	...	...	134	...	...	14	36	29	13	92	...	...	...	...	84	26	64
Sanadhyia	Males	2,403	186	239	122	111	228	87	973	6	13	18	63	505	526	1,131	1	...	7	5	90	196	299
	Females	1,092	218	119	98	64	1	2	502	...	17	36	126	339	431	949	...	...	2	98	136	295	631
Sarwaria	Males	617	57	54	15	19	64	33	242	5	9	24	16	103	102	219	...	2	1	5	25	83	116
	Females	277	57	58	19	1	...	...	115	...	...	13	32	48	11	104	...	...	...	5	16	38	58
Shrigaud	Males	2,204	198	249	112	124	211	84	978	...	12	23	57	468	382	942	6	13	24	13	143	284	484
	Females	2,138	328	296	184	45	13	11	877	24	28	123	203	268	306	952	...	17	4	38	113	137	309
Shrinoli	Males	284	48	33	17	7	5	5	115	...	...	7	19	73	48	147	...	...	1	2	4	15	22
	Females	335	63	31	8	5	3	2	102	1	4	20	27	81	38	171	...	...	1	7	23	29	62
Dhangar	Males	1,372	190	134	111	78	69	13	595	6	16	24	70	266	225	607	...	...	3	9	41	117	170
	Females	1,577	194	167	227	57	...	...	647	...	19	27	79	305	221	653	...	...	2	7	94	96	277
Gujar	Males	14,056	1,370	1,171	718	683	991	262	5,195	64	310	429	783	3,460	2,650	7,691	...	...	24	13	31	494	605
	Females	14,399	1,456	2,322	1,413	101	...	...	5,392	30	406	401	864	3,224	2,452	7,877	1	19	16	34	468	602	1,140
Kachera	Males	267	46	34	24	17	5	...	127	...	...	14	38	47	19	118	...	...	...	...	7	11	22
	Females	691	113	96	58	93	...	...	360	...	...	3	11	34	207	265	...	...	...	4	3	17	55
Khangar	Males	308	39	49	19	19	12	...	139	...	1	4	11	67	56	140	...	...	...	1	8	17	29
	Females	420	68	66	31	33	...	...	198	...	1	6	13	59	74	153	...	...	2	7	21	19	69
Khatri	Males	6,813	628	521	324	296	103	216	2,688	9	38	352	836	1,370	923	3,537	...	...	7	106	488	553	1,188
	Females	9,383	954	713	624	201	424	213	3,129	7	68	329	1,113	1,619	954	4,690	...	24	38	58	854	1,190	2,164

Kunbi	Males	6,831	596	624	404	329	111	123	2,187	26	74	456	729	1,423	593	3,801	6	36	183	253	295	439	1,043
	Females	5,923	528	613	524	293	101	89	2,143	24	51	213	624	663	611	2,186	13	8	43	29	513	983	1,389
Maretha	Males	3,270	385	319	130	166	221	82	1,309	14	13	40	246	725	524	1,562	...	...	7	33	148	211	398
	Females	2,313	321	206	164	76	88	27	832	38	64	119	186	338	384	1,149	...	...	43	86	257	410	832
Mina	Males	198	14	8	21	13	7	9	72	...	2	18	23	38	22	103	...	...	2	4	7	10	23
	Females	162	29	13	11	5	1	...	64	...	2	14	28	19	24	87	...	...	2	4	3	2	11
Rajput	Males	10,189	1,023	1,128	565	526	867	426	4,555	41	120	264	443	2,007	1,549	4,424	23	24	38	125	291	729	1,230
	Females	5,414	773	549	293	113	50	11	1,789	...	28	195	460	799	1,098	2,580	...	4	75	221	334	411	1,045
Baghela	Males	104	8	7	9	3	7	...	34	...	...	4	6	29	28	67	...	...	...	1	1	1	3
	Females	80	18	9	3	...	43	...	30	...	...	...	4	14	26	44	...	...	...	2	4	4	6
Bundela	Males	190	16	9	4	7	...	27	106	...	...	4	8	47	16	75	...	...	...	...	6	9	9
	Females	211	27	13	7	4	1	...	52	...	...	2	26	39	44	111	...	...	...	2	19	27	48
Chauhan	Males	2,972	305	308	165	167	180	133	1,253	20	32	40	105	646	317	1,160	13	14	14	17	51	145	254
	Females	1,157	164	94	54	34	7	2	355	...	1	39	...	156	243	507	...	2	34	64	82	113	285
Dikhit	Males	180	9	8	13	11	5	6	52	...	2	6	14	45	23	90	...	...	...	4	14	20	36
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gahalot	Males	140	8	6	14	13	4	6	...	...	...	4	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Females	113	21	13	7	4	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maratha	Males	95	4	3	6	1	...	...	14	...	...	2	6	23	27	58	...	...	...	2	3	5	10
	Females	261	38	36	19	3	1	...	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponwar	Males	1,263	132	159	55	50	96	44	536	...	5	11	23	36	53	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Females	867	132	104	67	14	2	...	319	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rathor	Males	3,210	301	370	189	196	366	123	1,545	21	63	53	109	519	563	1,333	10	8	14	15	68	219	194
	Females	1,783	253	193	68	43	36	9	602	...	21	68	213	209	364	875	...	2	29	68	103	104	306
Sisodia	Males	396	41	37	14	110	9	7	118	...	...	19	23	69	56	207	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Females	371	43	33	24	4	2	...	257	...	...	13	106	65	88	192	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Solanki	Males	945	99	71	33	20	18	16	163	...	6	100	92	113	98	418	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Females	524	68	46	41	7	1	...	267	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tonwar	Males	958	100	150	63	48	139	64	564	...	12	7	...	172	109	322	...	2	5	5	29	61	102
	Females	4	9	8	3	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sirwi	Males	1,290	123	164	68	53	89	56	553	...	4	9	44	263	326	651	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Females	713	114	98	86	19	7	2	328	...	8	24	115	87	96	327	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sondhia	Males	11,730	1,599	1,508	409	585	1,269	179	5,480	8	120	117	316	2,602	1,786	4,949	2	9	11	34	62	563	1,301
	Females	5,837	754	623	428	98	67	48	2,018	28	53	289	854	986	423	2,633	44	126	423	256	303	134	1,186
Jain	Males	3,749	409	361	262	222	115	93	1,482	4	7	32	123	982	590	1,718	...	3	2	9	184	371	593
	Females	3,183	440	408	141	42	5	...	1,036	4	12	170	280	591	418	1,475	...	7	5	69	232	358	672
Bania Oswal	Males	2,969	296	263	198	183	102	86	1,128	4	4	26	68	653	457	1,207	...	3	...	4	156	271	484
	Females	2,507	357	335	98	88	4	...	832	3	9	103	186	475	351	1,137	...	7	1	48	196	285	538
" Porwal	Males	780	113	98	64	39	13	7	334	...	3	6	60	309	133	511	...	...	2	5	28	100	135
	Females	675	83	73	43	4	1	...	204	1	3	67	54	116	67	338	...	...	4	21	36	73	131
Animist	Males	20,576	4,194	2,716	1,425	817	636	72	9,860	35	77	177	475	6,357	2,896	10,017	6	3	4	8	185	493	699
	Females	20,703	3,597	2,348	995	202	47	10	7,200	59	81	788	1,457	7,082	1,519	10,985	3	10	14	19	518	1,952	2,517
Bhil	Males	17,149	3,700	2,451	1,166	642	534	42	8,538	83	66	124	427	5,260	2,512	8,422	6	3	4	5	63	108	189
	Females	11,072	2,720	2,115	804	54	23	7	5,729	21	54	626	929	6,502	1,221	9,353	8	6	...	7	377	1,597	1,990
Bhilala	Males	433	83	57	63	53	301	13	304	...	2	7	14	53	48	124	...	...	...	2	3	3	8
	Females	646	123	63	51	33	124	274	274	...	4	14	68	41	104	231	...	4	2	8	34	93	141
Gond	Males	2,892	397	158	193	96	96	15	974	2	9	27	18	524	329	1,419	...	...	...	...	119	350	497
	Females	2,137	594	113	113	96	16	...	932	34	16	111	276	393	101	931	...	...	...	...	93	179	274
Mina	Males	102	14	17	3	7	4	2	47	...	...	10	16	10	7	52	...	...	...	1	...	2	3
	Females	648	154	57	28	19	4	3	265	4	...	37	184	146	93	471	...	...	12	2	14	84	112
Musalman	Males	23,512	2,768	3,270	1,125	1,097	1,553	236	10,039	82	239	354	726	5,413	5,327	12,141	4	23	15	77	537	646	1,302
	Females	18,765	2,577	2,332	794	215	197	96	6,241	56	250	785	1,670	5,813	1,464	10,038	5	25	12	61	975	1,408	2,486
Behana	Males	671	124	86	56	43	26	13	348	...	...	14	28	88	93	225	...	...	...	...	48	29	98
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rathan	Males	8,400	1,066	1,363	357	426	518	124	3,954	17	44	68	369	2,318	1,363	4,179	...	...	...	30	154	181	367
	Females	6,705	926	1,123	159	85	93	58	2,444	17	124	253	629	2,334	413	3,770	1	6	6	92	210	226	491
Saiyad	Males	2,611	244	353	186	167	283	23	1,256	2	7	18	65	632	464	1,188	...	2	1	7	50	106	167
	Females	2,540	407	413	181	27	20	4	1,052	12	30	64	383	529	293	1,311	1	2	1	6	58	109	177
Shaikh	Males	11,830	1,354	1,468	525	461	726	76	4,611	63	186	254	264	2,375	2,407	6,549	3	19	12	21	285	330	670
	Females	9,520	1,244	826	454	103	84	34	2,745	27	96	468	658	2,950	738	4,957	3	17	5	13	707	1,073	1,616

TABLE XV.
OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.

In 1901, all occupations were divided into 24 orders and 520 Groups. On the present occasion, a new scheme of classification based on the theory of Monsieur Bertillon, a well known European statistician was adopted. This scheme contains 4 classes, 12 Sub-classes, 55 Orders and 169 Groups.

This Table is divided into four parts as follows :—

Table XV-A.—Is complete in itself and deals with the population of the State as a whole, as also for the districts and that for the City of Indore.

Table XV-B.—Shews the subsidiary occupation of actual workers among the agriculturists only :—

- (1) Rent Receivers (Landlords).
- (2) Rent Payers (Actual Cultivators).
- (3) Agricultural Labourers.

Table XV-C.—Shews the distribution of the population by religion for the State as a whole.

Table XV-D.—Gives information regarding industries. The information given in it was collected in a special industrial schedule, to be filled up by the Owners, Managers, or Agents of Factories, Mills, &c., in which at least 20 persons were employed on the 10th March 1911.

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

				INDORE STATE. इन्दौर रियासत						
क्रास Class.	सब क्रास Sub-class.	आरडर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जया	Total workers and depen- dents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
						Total. टोटल		Partially agricul- turists. खेतीभी करने वाले		
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
STATE TOTAL . . .					1,007,856	433,781	231,774	10,019	677	342,301
A.—Production of raw materials . . .					605,361	241,351	143,413	788	555	220,597
I.—EXPLOITATION OF THE SURFACE OF THE EARTH					605,054	241,215	143,325	788	555	220,514
1.—Pasture and Agriculture . . .					602,326	239,649	143,317	788	555	219,360
(a) Ordinary cultivation . . .					555,249	219,148	134,264	...	...	201,837
Income from rent of Agricultural land . . .					3,873	1,905	249	...	...	1,719
Ordinary cultivators . . .					336,935	140,332	49,806	...	...	1,467,97
Agents, Managers of landed estates—(not planters), clerks, rent collectors, etc. . .					1,291	607	272	...	...	412
Farm servants and field labourers . . .					213,150	76,304	83,937	...	...	52,909
(b) Growers of special products and market gardening. . .					588	311	62	30	...	215
Tea, coffee, cinchona and indigo plantations, Fruit, flowers, vegetable, betel, vine, are- canut, etc., growers. . .					588	311	62	30	...	215
(c) Forestry . . .					15,309	8,848	3,541	...	...	2,920
Forest officers, rangers, guards etc., (State), Wood-cutters, fire-wood, lac, catechu, rubber, etc., collectors and charcoal burners. . .					837	415	...	...	...	422
14,472					8,433	3,541	...	...	...	2,498
(d) Raising of farm stock . . .					31,180	11,342	5,450	758	555	14,388
Cattle and buffalo breeders and keepers . . .					6,362	3,594	645	...	...	2,123
Sheep, goat and pig breeders . . .					2,345	1,018	493	...	...	834
Breeders of other animals, (horses, camels mules, asses, etc.) . . .					26	17	...	...	...	9
Herdsmen, shepherds, goat herds, etc. . .					22,447	6,713	4,312	758	555	11,422
(e) Raising of small animals . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Birds, bees, silkworms, etc. . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
2.—Fishing and hunting . . .					2,728	1,566	8	...	...	1,154
Fishing . . .					2,728	1,566	8	...	...	1,154
Hunting . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
II.—EXTRACTION OF MINERALS . . .					307	136	88	...	...	83
3.—Mines . . .					307	136	88	...	...	83
Coal-mines and petroleum Wells . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Mines and metallic minerals—(gold, iron, manganese, etc.) . . .					307	136	88	...	...	83
4.—Quarries of hard rock . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Other minerals, (jade, diamonds, limestone, etc.) . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
5.—Salt, etc. . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Rock, sea, and marsh salt . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Extraction of saltpetre, alum and other substances soluble in water. . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances. . .					152,724	71,561	16,025	8,737	106	65,138
III.—INDUSTRY . . .					95,914	41,355	12,801	6,139	84	41,758
6.—Textiles . . .					3,523	1,591	915	...	...	1,017
Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing . . .					913	442	339	...	...	132
Cotton spinning, sizing and weaving . . .					949	418	330	...	...	201
Jute spinning, pressing and weaving . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Rope, twine and string . . .					164	73	...	...	...	91
Other fibres, (cocoanut, aloes, flax, hemp, straw, etc.) . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Wool carders and spinners, weavers of woollen blankets, carpets, etc. . .					612	235	127	...	...	250
Silk spinners and weavers . . .					262	115	...	...	...	147
Hair, camel and horse hair, bristles work, brush makers, etc. . .					23	12	...	...	...	11
Persons occupied with feathers . . .					...	...	...	...	...	...
Dyeing, bleaching, printing, preparation and suonging of textiles. . .					503	246	119	...	...	138
Other (lace crape, embroideries, fringes, etc.,) and insufficiently described textile industries. . .					97	50	...	...	...	47

* Including of the City.

General Table.—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्था—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

INDORE ZILA.* इन्दौर ज़िला							MEHIDPUR ZILA. मेहीदपुर ज़िला.							NEMAWAR ZILA. नेमावर ज़िला						
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Dependents. आधीन
	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Total. कुल			Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले								
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष			Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री				
	12	13	14	15	16			17	18	19	20	21			22	23	24	25	26		27	28	29
235,283	105,932	48,350	2,716	141	81,001	121,243	49,553	23,163	1,454	66	48,527	94,600	44,967	21,305	869	49	28,32			
118,424	49,253	26,704	161	117	42,467	70,993	25,514	11,894	89	56	33,585	57,806	26,918	14,000	70	39	16,88			
118,117	49,117	26,616	161	117	42,384	70,993	25,514	11,894	89	56	33,585	57,806	26,918	14,000	70	39	16,88			
117,637	48,825	26,616	161	117	42,196	70,785	25,408	11,894	89	56	33,483	57,516	26,729	13,997	70	39	16,79			
106,419	44,279	25,158	...	...	36,982	65,633	23,132	10,914	...	...	31,587	53,509	25,210	13,459	...	...	14,84			
920	462	49	...	...	409	598	305	25	...	...	268	284	125	37	...	...	11			
66,391	27,965	11,817	...	...	27,109	36,824	13,910	5,922	...	...	16,992	29,034	11,747	4,867	...	...	12,44			
515	214	109	...	...	192	122	61	20	...	...	41	66	39	17	...	...	...			
38,593	15,638	13,683	...	...	9,272	28,089	8,856	4,947	...	...	14,286	24,125	13,299	8,538	...	...	2,28			
147	76	15	6	...	56	97	55	13	4	...	29	41	17	5	3	...	...			
...	76	15	6	...	56	97	55	13	4	...	29	41	17	5	3	...	...			
147	76	15	6	...	56	97	55	13	4	...	29	41	17	5	3	...	...			
3,383	2,010	709	...	...	664	1,924	1,109	514	...	...	301	1,342	747	280	...	...	3			
308	155	...	...	...	153	...	...	...	...	...	...	126	59	...	...	...	...			
3,075	1,855	709	...	...	511	1,924	1,109	514	...	...	301	1,216	688	280	...	...	2			
7,688	2,460	734	155	117	4,494	3,131	1,112	453	85	56	1,566	2,624	755	253	67	39	1,6			
1,625	878	155	...	...	592	771	403	78	...	...	290	467	230	40	...	...	14			
525	255	89	...	...	181	236	112	40	...	...	84	227	118	45	...	...	...			
26	17	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
5,512	1,310	490	155	117	3,712	2,124	597	335	85	56	1,192	1,930	407	168	67	39	1,38			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
480	292	...	...	...	188	208	106	...	...	...	102	290	189	3	...	...	9			
480	292	...	...	...	188	208	106	...	...	...	102	290	189	3	...	...	90			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
307	136	88	...	...	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
307	136	88	...	...	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	136	88	...	...	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
41,343	19,230	4,004	2,201	24	18,109	21,389	10,086	2,317	1,360	10	8,966	16,151	7,902	1,565	794	10	16,68			
26,868	11,437	3,281	1,547	24	12,150	13,400	5,727	1,884	1,037	10	5,789	9,522	4,150	1,218	548	10	4,14			
1,292	586	288	...	...	418	169	70	52	...	...	47	148	62	50	...	...	...			
232	97	86	...	...	49	79	33	32	...	...	14	32	12	9	...	...	...			
455	214	143	...	...	98	32	12	9	...	...	11	79	33	32	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
75	32	...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
130	50	30	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
150	68	...	...	...	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
23	12	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
130	63	29	...	...	38	58	25	11	...	...	22	37	17	9	...	...	...			
97	50	...	...	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

NIMAR ZILA. नीमाड ज़िला										
क्रास Class.	सब क्रास Sub-class.	आरडर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारे का जर्ग	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS.		काम करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन
						Total.	कुल	Partially agricul- turists. खेती भी करने वाले		
								Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	30	31	32	33	34	35
STATE TOTAL ... 348,450 142,383 94,909 3,246 294 111,158										
A.—Production of raw materials ... 222,696 83,829 60,685 320 226 78,182										
I.—EXPLOITATION OF THE SURFACE OF THE EARTH. 222,696 83,829 60,685 320 226 78,182										
1.—Pasture and Agriculture ... 221,405 83,139 60,680 320 226 77,586										
(a) Ordinary cultivation ... 204,740 75,081 56,155 ... 73,554										
Income from rent of Agricultural land ... 1,260 578 93 ... 589										
Ordinary cultivators ... 117,996 53,042 13,750 ... 51,204										
Agents, managers of landed estates—(not planters), clerks, rent-collectors etc. ... 417 209 98 ... 110										
Farm servants and field labourers ... 85,067 21,262 42,214 ... 21,651										
(b) Growers of special products and market gardening ... 179 100 22 10 ... 57										
Tea, coffee, cinchona and indigo-plantations, Fruit, flowers, vegetable, betel, vine, arecanut, etc., growers. ... 179 100 22 10 ... 57										
(c) Forestry ... 5,317 2,987 1,219 ... 1,111										
Forest officers, rangers, guards, etc. (State), ... 257 130 ... 127										
Wood-cutters, fire-wood, lac, catechu, rubber, etc., collectors and charcoal burners. ... 5,060 2,857 1,219 ... 984										
(d) Raising of farm stock ... 11,169 5,021 3,284 310 226 2,864										
Cattle and buffalo breeders and keepers ... 2,160 1,402 245 ... 513										
Sheep, goat and pig breeders ... 882 355 208 ... 319										
Breeders of other animals (horses, camels, mules, asses, etc.)										
Herdsmen, shepherds, goat-herds, etc. ... 8,127 3,264 2,831 310 226 2,032										
(e) Raising of small animals										
Birds, bees, silkworms, etc.										
2.—Fishing and hunting ... 1,291 690 5 ... 596										
Fishing ... 1,291 690 5 ... 596										
Hunting										
II.—EXTRACTION OF MINERALS										
3.—Mines										
Coal-mines and petroleum wells										
Mines and metallic minerals—(gold, iron, manganese, etc.)										
4.—Quarries of hard rock										
Other minerals—(jade, diamonds, limestone, etc.)										
5.—Salt, etc.										
Rock, sea and marsh salt										
Extraction of saltpetre, alum and other substances soluble in water.										
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances. 43,887 20,282 5,225 2,806 52 18,380										
III.—INDUSTRY ... 27,867 11,974 4,154 1,318 30 11,730										
6.—Textiles ... 1,484 687 378 ... 419										
Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing ... 419 238 152 ... 29										
Cotton spinning, sizing and weaving ... 219 91 86 ... 42										
Jute spinning, pressing and weaving										
Rope, twine and string ... 89 41 48										
Other fibres, (cocoanut, aloes, flax, hemp, straw, etc.										
Wool carders and spinners, weavers of woollen blankets, carpets, etc. ... 482 185 97 ... 200										
Silk Spinners and weavers ... 112 47 65										
Hair, camel and horse hair, bristles work, brush makers, etc.										
Persons occupied with feathers										
Dyeing, bleaching, printing, preparation and sponging of textiles. ... 163 85 43 ... 35										
Other (lace, crape, embroideries, fringes, etc.) and insufficiently described textile industries.										

General Table.—(Continued.) टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग्या—हिस्सा प—जनरल टेबल.

RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA. रामपुराभानपुरा ज़िला						ALAMPUR. आलमपुर परगना						INDORE CITY. इन्दौर शहर					
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS.		काम करने वाले		आधीन Dependents.	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS.		काम करने वाले		आधीन Dependents.	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS.		काम करने वाले		आधीन Dependents.
	Total.		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total.		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total.		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
	पुरुष	स्त्री	पुरुष	स्त्री			पुरुष	स्त्री	पुरुष	स्त्री			पुरुष	स्त्री	पुरुष	स्त्री	
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
192,521	82,991	41,927	1,442	112	67,603	15,759	7,955	2,120	292	15	5,684	44,947	21,779	2,877	320	28	20,29
127,102	50,951	28,807	125	102	47,344	8,340	4,886	1,323	23	15	2,131	4,832	2,186	699	40	28	1,94
127,102	50,951	28,807	125	102	47,344	8,340	4,886	1,323	23	15	2,131	4,525	2,050	611	40	28	1,86
126,679	50,681	28,807	125	102	47,191	8,304	4,867	1,323	23	15	2,114	4,093	1,790	611	40	28	1,69
118,509	47,375	27,588	...	...	43,546	6,439	4,121	990	...	...	1,328	1,150	456	126	...	...	568
781	427	40	...	...	314	30	8	5	...	...	17	314	89	38	...	...	187
82,288	30,903	13,265	...	...	38,120	4,402	2,765	685	...	...	952	250	119	...	...	...	131
155	78	28	...	...	49	16	6	...	...	...	10	276	121	39	...	...	116
35,285	15,967	14,255	...	...	5,063	1,991	1,842	300	...	...	349	310	127	49	...	...	134
103	53	7	5	...	43	21	10	...	2	...	11	63	36	...	...	...	27
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
103	53	7	5	...	43	21	10	...	2	...	11	63	36	...	...	...	27
2,471	1,562	612	...	...	277	872	413	207	...	...	252	1,541	761	233	...	...	547
146	71	...	...	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	212	105	...	...	...	107
2,325	1,511	612	...	...	202	872	413	207	...	...	252	1,329	656	233	...	...	440
5,596	1,671	600	120	102	3,325	972	323	126	21	15	523	1,339	537	252	40	28	550
1,266	648	109	...	...	509	73	33	18	...	...	22	385	175	39	...	...	171
293	133	92	...	...	168	82	45	19	...	...	18	208	110	36	...	...	62
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	17	...	...	...	9
3,937	890	399	120	102	2,648	817	245	89	21	15	483	720	235	177	40	28	308
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
423	270	...	...	...	153	36	19	...	...	...	17	432	260	...	...	...	172
423	270	...	...	...	153	36	19	...	...	...	17	432	260	...	...	...	172
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	307	136	88	...	...	83
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	307	136	88	...	...	83
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	307	136	88	...	...	83
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25,778	12,172	2,617	1,307	10	10,989	4,176	1,889	297	269	...	1,990	18,166	8,810	1,495	280	...	7,861
16,161	7,048	2,116	1,013	10	6,997	2,096	1,019	148	176	...	929	11,860	5,468	1,264	280	...	5,128
430	186	147	...	...	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,292	586	288	...	...	418
151	62	60	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	232	97	86	...	...	49
164	68	60	...	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	455	214	143	...	...	98
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	32	...	...	...	43
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	50	30	...	...	50
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	68	...	...	...	82
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	12	...	...	...	11
115	56	27	...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	130	63	29	...	...	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97	50	...	...	...	47

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

					INDORE STATE. इन्दौर रियासत					
श्रेणी Class.	सब-श्रेणी Sub-class.	आदेश Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जयाँ	Total workers and depen- dents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले		Partially agricul- turalists. खेतीभी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन
						Total. टोटल				
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—continued.										
III.—Industry—continued.										
		7.—Hides skins, etc.		7.—Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom.	3,213	1,543	263	325	4	1,407
		52		Tanners, curriers, leather dressors and dyers, etc.	2,557	11,50	240	258	4	1,167
		33		Makers of leather articles, such as trunks, water bags, etc.	656	393	23	67	...	240
		34		Furriers	...	...	...	...	...	...
		35		Bone, ivory horn, shell, etc., workers	...	...	...	...	...	...
		8.—Wood		8.—Wood	10,379	4,368	2,722	...	...	3,289
		36		Sawyers, carpenters, turners, and joiners, etc.	2,550	1,376	...	...	...	1,174
		37		Basket makers and other industries of woody material, including leaves.	7,829	2,992	2,721	...	...	2,115
		9.—Metals		9.—Metals	6,823	2,254	...	...	...	4,569
		38		Forging and rolling of iron and other metals	...	...	...	...	...	90
		39		Plough and agricultural implement makers,	179	89	...	...	...	13
		40		Makers of arms, guns, etc.	32	19	...	...	...	3,867
		41		Other workers in iron and makers of im- plements and tools, principally or exclu- sively of iron.	5,627	1,760	...	...	...	344
		42		Workers in brass, copper and bell metal	511	167	...	...	...	255
		43		Workers in other metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.)	474	219	...	...	...	...
		44		Workers in mints, die-sinkers, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		10.—Ceramics		10.—Ceramics	8,940	3,826	2,125	1,933	80	2,989
		45		Makers of glass and crystal ware	232	113	...	...	...	119
		46		Makers of porcelain and crockery	...	...	...	...	...	2,030
		47		Potters and earthen pipe and bowl-makers,	6,172	2,775	1,367	1,933	80	840
		48		Brick and tile-makers	2,536	938	756	...	...	...
		49		Others (mosaic tile mica, alabaster, etc., workers.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		11.—Chemical products, properly so call- ed and analogous.		11.—Chemical products, properly so call- ed and analogous.	1,142	686	107	102	...	349
		50		Manufacture of matches and explosive materials.	116	52	2	...	...	62
		51		Manufacture of aerated and mineral- waters.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		52		Manufacture of dyes, paint and ink	65	28	...	...	...	37
		53		Manufacture and refining of vegetable and mineral oils.	883	568	105	102	...	210
		54		Manufacture of paper, cardboard and papier mache.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		55		Others (soap, candles, lac, cutch, perfumes and miscellaneous drugs.)	78	38	...	...	...	40
		12.—Food industries		12.—Food industries	18,844	7,074	4,065	...	...	7,505
		56		Rice pounders and huskers and flour grind- ers.	6,702	1,345	2,701	...	...	2,656
		57		Bakers and biscuit makers	43	24	...	...	...	19
		58		Grain parchers, etc.	793	302	278	...	...	213
		59		Butchers	2,855	1,462	379	...	...	1,014
		60		Fish curers	175	68	27	...	...	80
		61		Butter, cheese and ghee makers	...	...	...	...	...	37
		62		Makers of sugar, molasses and gur	66	29	...	...	...	2,246
		63		Sweetm at makers, preparors of jam and condiments, etc.	5,430	2,504	680	...	...	70
		64		Brewers and distillers	128	58	...	...	...	...
		65		Toddy drawers	...	...	...	...	...	1,170
		66		Manufacturers of tobacco, opium and Ganja	2,452	1,282	...	...	...	...
		13.—Industries of dress and the toilet		13.—Industries of dress and the toilet	27,396	12,743	1,509	3,779	...	13,144
		67		Hat, cap and turban makers	40	21	...	...	...	19
		68		Tailors, milliners, dress makers and darners, embroiderers on linen.	7,382	3,626	...	1,434	...	3,756
		69		Shoe, boot and sandal makers	7,576	3,367	941	...	...	3,268
		70		Other industries pertaining to dress, gloves, socks, gaiters, belts, buttons, umbrellas, cans, etc.	92	40	11	...	...	32
		71		Washing, cleaning and dyeing	2,647	1,222	557	...	...	668
		72		Barbers, hair dressers and wig makers	9,659	4,458	...	2,345	...	5,201
		73		Other industries connected with the toilet (tattooers, shampooers, bath-houses, etc.)	...	...	...	...	...	...

General Table (Continued).—टेबल. नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग्या—हिस्सा प—जनरल टेबल.

INDORE ZILA* इन्दौर जिला						MEHIDPUR ZILA. मेहीदपुर जिला						NEMAWAR ZILA नेमावर जिला					
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करनेवाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
783	377	62	75	4	333	413	190	31	45	...	192	198	96	10	33	...	92
645	299	59	58	4	287	310	137	31	36	...	142	111	49	10	25	...	52
138	78	9	17	...	51	103	53	...	9	...	50	87	47	...	8	...	40
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,412	1,021	582	...	...	809	1,494	586	432	...	...	476	1,037	438	300	...	...	299
718	409	...	...	...	309	198	97	...	...	...	101	170	83	...	...	...	87
1,694	612	582	...	...	500	1,296	489	432	...	...	375	867	355	300	...	...	212
2,344	779	...	...	...	1,565	975	335	...	...	...	640	862	184	...	...	...	873
50	29	...	...	...	21	35	11	...	...	...	14	17	8	...	...	...	9
32	19	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,724	542	...	...	...	1,182	870	290	...	...	...	530	690	115	...	...	...	575
406	129	...	...	...	277	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	38	...	...	...	87
132	80	...	...	...	72	80	34	...	...	...	146	50	23	...	...	...	27
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,280	932	576	483	20	772	1,253	532	317	305	10	409	955	534	165	125	10	256
232	113	...	...	...	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,428	609	398	498	20	431	855	387	169	305	10	309	755	459	105	125	10	191
620	210	188	...	...	222	403	145	158	...	...	100	200	75	80	...	...	65
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
388	223	32	30	...	133	155	110	10	10	...	35	63	43	5	5	...	20
50	22	2	...	...	26	16	7	...	...	...	9	8	3	...	...	...	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	8	...	...	...	7	10	4	...	...	...	9	8	8	...	...	...	5
245	155	30	30	...	60	123	99	10	10	...	20	52	37	5	6	...	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	38	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,884	2,424	1,140	...	...	2,320	2,798	1,034	692	...	...	1,072	1,612	492	380	...	...	740
1,503	301	605	...	...	597	1,364	299	577	...	...	483	764	100	309	...	...	355
43	24	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
197	73	67	...	...	57	134	49	48	...	...	37	190	35	38	...	...	17
722	315	104	...	...	300	481	290	50	...	...	141	206	109	25	...	...	72
176	69	27	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	29	...	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,139	1,018	337	...	...	784	420	135	17	...	...	213	337	131	8	...	...	198
128	58	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
911	535	...	...	...	376	399	211	...	...	...	188	215	117	...	...	...	98
7,513	2,375	369	954	...	3,769	4,074	1,906	194	677	...	1,972	2,790	1,403	164	385	...	1,223
40	21	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,130	1,015	...	349	...	1,115	1,228	609	...	285	...	619	804	402	...	182	...	402
1,856	839	208	...	...	803	1,121	514	125	...	...	482	996	422	102	...	...	473
92	49	11	...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
688	318	150	...	...	200	311	133	169	...	...	109	257	137	62	...	...	59
2,727	1,133	605	...	...	1,594	1,414	652	392	...	...	762	733	442	...	203	...	291
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

*Including of the City.

TABLE XV-A.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.

				NIMAR ZILA. नीमड जिला							
क्रास Class.	सब क्रास Sub-Class.	ऑर्डर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जया	Total workers and depend- ents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	
						Total. टोटल		Partially agricul- turalists. खेती भी करने वाले			
						Males पुरुष	Females स्त्री	Males पुरुष	Females स्त्री		
1	2	3	4	5	30	31	32	33	34	35	
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—contd.											
III.—Industry—contd.											
		7.—Hides, skins, etc.		7.—Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom.	1,095	524	111	109	...	460	
			32	Tanners, curriers, leather dressers and dyers, etc.	885	388	97	89	...	400	
			33	Makers of leather articles, such as trunks, water bags, etc.	210	136	14	20	...	60	
			34	Furriers	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			35	Bone, ivory horn, shell, etc., workers	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		8.—Wood		8.—Wood	3,145	1,352	871	...	...	922	
			36	Sawyers, carpenters, turners and joiners, etc.	920	513	...	...	...	407	
			37	Basket makers and other industries of woody materials including leaves.	2,225	839	871	...	...	515	
		9.—Metals		9.—Metals	1,325	450	...	...	...	875	
			38	Forging and rolling of iron and other metals, Plough and agricultural implement makers, Makers of arms, guns, etc.	49	21	...	...	...	28	
			40	Other workers in iron and makers of im- plements and tools principally or exclu- sively of iron.	1,174	384	...	...	...	790	
			42	Workers in brass, copper and bell metal	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			43	Workers in other metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.)	102	45	...	...	...	57	
			44	Workers in mints, die-sinkers, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		10.—Ceramics		10.—Ceramics	2,496	1,019	600	578	30	877	
			45	Makers of glass and crystal ware	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			46	Makers of porcelain and crockery	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			47	Potters and earthen pipe and bowl-makers,	1,728	729	400	578	30	599	
			48	Brick and tile-makers	768	290	200	...	...	278	
			49	Others (mosaic, talc, mica, alabaster, etc., workers).	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		11.—Chemical products, properly so call- ed and analogous.		11.—Chemical products, properly so call- ed and analogous.	337	182	45	43	...	110	
			50	Manufacture of matches and explosive materials.	17	8	...	...	...	9	
			51	Manufacture of aerated and mineral waters.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			52	Manufacture of dyes, paint and ink	17	6	...	...	...	11	
			53	Manufacture and refining of vegetable and mineral oils.	303	168	45	43	...	90	
			54	Manufacture of paper, card-board and papier mache.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			55	Others (soap, candles, lac, cutch, perfumes and miscellaneous drugs.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		12.—Food industries		12.—Food industries	5,217	1,874	1,204	...	...	2,139	
			56	Rice pounders and huskers and flour grind- ers.	1,958	399	800	...	...	759	
			57	Bakers and biscuit makers	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			58	Grain parchers, etc.	209	80	69	...	...	60	
			59	Butchers	1,001	490	155	...	...	356	
			60	Fish curers	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			61	Butter, cheese and ghee makers	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			62	Makers of sugar, molasses and gur	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			63	Sweetmeat makers, preparers of jam and condiments, etc.	1,554	702	180	...	...	672	
			64	Brewers and distillers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			65	Toddy drawers	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			66	Manufacturers of tobacco, opium and Ganja	495	203	...	...	...	292	
		13.—Industries of dress and the toilet		13.—Industries of dress and the toilet	7,896	3,670	543	1,088	...	3,683	
			67	Hat, cap, and turban makers	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			68	Tailors, milliners, dress makers and darners, embroiderers on linen.	1,882	936	...	369	...	946	
			69	Shoe, boot and sandal makers	2,130	910	342	...	...	878	
			70	Other industries pertaining to dress, gloves, socks, gaiters, belts, buttons, umbrellas, canes, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			71	Washing, cleaning and dying	992	452	201	...	...	339	
			72	Barbers, hair dressers and wig makers	2,892	1,372	...	719	...	1,520	
			73	Other industries connected with the toilet (tattooers, shampooers, bath-houses, etc.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	

General Table—(Continued).—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग्या—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

RAMPURA-BHANPURAZILA. रामपुरा भानपुरा जिला						ALAMPUR PARGANA. आलमपुर परगना						INDORE CITY. इन्दौर शहर					
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करनेवाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
692	341	43	53	...	308	32	15	...	10	...	17	278	117	32	12	...	129
574	262	43	40	...	269	32	15	...	10	...	17	220	87	32	12	...	101
118	79	...	13	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	30	...	...	...	28
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,999	806	537	...	...	656	292	165	...	...	...	127	1,280	590	201	...	...	489
440	209	...	...	...	231	104	65	...	...	...	39	332	219	...	...	...	113
1,559	597	537	...	...	425	188	100	...	...	...	88	948	371	201	...	...	376
1,138	438	...	...	...	700	179	68	...	...	...	111	1,310	551	...	...	...	759
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	16	...	...	...	15	7	4	...	...	...	3	27	15	...	...	...	12
1,010	370	...	...	...	640	159	59	...	...	...	100	760	355	...	...	...	13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	405
97	52	...	...	...	45	13	5	...	...	...	8	406	129	...	...	...	277
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	33	...	...	...	52
1,645	658	457	339	10	530	306	151	10	98	...	145	1,083	535	145	258	...	493
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	232	113	...	...	...	119
1,195	490	305	339	10	400	211	101	10	98	...	100	617	309	108	258	...	200
450	168	152	...	...	130	95	50	...	...	...	45	234	113	37	...	...	84
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
182	123	15	14	...	44	12	5	...	...	...	7	186	88	12	10	...	86
17	9	...	...	...	8	8	3	...	...	...	5	28	12	2	...	...	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	5	...	...	...	6	4	2	...	...	...	2	15	8	...	...	...	7
154	109	15	14	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	30	10	10	...	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	78	38	...	...	...	40
2,784	1,133	538	...	...	1,113	349	117	111	...	...	121	2,220	935	453	...	...	832
911	201	309	...	...	401	202	45	101	...	...	56	339	75	167	...	...	97
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	24	...	...	...	19
152	60	54	...	...	38	11	5	2	...	...	4	55	23	15	...	...	17
375	210	45	...	...	120	70	45	...	...	...	25	292	117	67	...	...	108
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	175	68	27	...	...	80
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	15	...	...	...	19
932	453	130	...	...	349	48	15	8	...	...	25	705	318	177	...	...	210
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	58	...	...	...	70
414	209	...	...	...	205	18	7	...	...	...	11	449	237	...	...	...	212
4,751	2,199	234	607	...	2,318	372	188	5	68	...	179	2,604	1,007	120	...	...	1,056
1,234	612	...	223	...	622	104	52	...	26	...	52	1,040	363	...	...	...	372
1,337	616	159	...	...	562	136	66	5	...	...	65	494	194	48	...	...	214
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	49	11	...	...	32
379	162	75	...	...	142	40	20	...	...	...	20	453	212	61	...	...	139
1,801	809	...	384	...	992	92	50	...	42	...	42	485	168	...	...	...	280
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE XV-A.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.

					INDORE STATE. इन्दौर रियासत					
क्रास नं० Class.	सब क्रास नं० Sub-class.	आदेश Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारे का जर्ग	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
						Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेतीभी करने वाले		
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—contd.										
III.—Industry—contd.										
		14.—Furniture industries.	74	14.—Furniture industries.	18	11	...	...	...	7
			75	Cabinet makers, carriage painters, etc.	18	11	...	...	...	7
				Upholsterers, tent makers, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		15.—Building industries.	76	15.—Building industries.	4,194	2,030	118	...	...	2,048
			77	Lime burners, cement workers	358	123	118	...	...	117
			78	Excavators, plinth builders and well-sinkers.	331	198	...	...	...	133
			79	Stone and marble workers, masons and brick layers	2,369	1,189	...	...	...	1,180
				Others (thatchers, building contractors, house painters, tilers, plumbers, locksmiths, etc.)	1,136	520	...	...	...	616
		16.—Construction of means of transport.	80	16.—Construction of means of transport	142	81	...	...	...	61
				Cart, carriage, palki, etc., makers and wheel-wrights.	28	18	...	...	...	10
			81	Saddlers, harness makers, whip and lash makers.	114	63	...	...	...	51
			82	Ship and boat builders	...	...	...	...	...	...
		17.—Production and transmission of physical forces (heat, light, electricity, motive power, etc.)	83	17.—Production and transmission of physical forces (heat, light, electricity, motive power, etc.)	48	31	...	...	...	17
				Gas work, electric light and ice factories,	48	31	...	...	...	17
		18.—Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences.	84	18.—Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences.	7,410	3,299	71	...	...	4,040
			85	Printers, lithographers, engravers, etc.	63	35	...	...	...	28
			86	Newspapers and magazine managers and editors, journalists, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
			87	Book-binders and stitchers, envelope makers, etc.	44	23	...	...	...	21
			88	Makers of musical instruments	40	14	...	...	...	26
			89	Makers of watches and clocks and optical photographic and surgical instruments.	198	89	...	...	...	109
			90	Workers in precious stones and metals, enamellers, imitation jewellery makers, gilders, etc.	6,598	2,974	...	...	...	3,624
			91	Makers of bangles, rosaries, bead and other necklaces, spangles, lingams and sacred threads.	382	128	62	...	...	192
			92	Toy, kite, cage, fishing tackle, etc., makers, taxidermists, etc.	60	24	9	...	...	27
				Others, including managers, persons other than performers employed in theatres and other places of public entertainment, employes of public societies, race course service, huntsmen, etc.	25	12	...	...	...	13
		19.—Industries concerned with refuse matter.	93	19.—Industries concerned with refuse matter.	4,042	1,818	906	...	...	1,318
				Sweepers, scavengers, dust and sweeping Contractors.	4,042	1,818	906	...	...	1,318
		IV.—TRANSPORT		IV.—TRANSPORT	8,469	4,763	209	...	...	3,497
		20.—Transport by water	94	20.—Transport by water	...	...	...	...	...	...
			95	Harbour works, dockyards and pilots	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Ship owners and their employes, ship brokers, ship's officers, engineer's, mariners and firemen.	...	...	...	...	...	...
			96 A	Persons employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and canals (including construction) Government.	...	...	...	...	...	...
			96 B	Persons employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and canals (including construction) Native States.	...	...	...	...	...	...
			97	Boat owners, boatmen and towmen	...	...	...	...	...	...
		21.—Transport by road	98 A	21.—Transport by road	7,853	4,453	209	...	...	3,191
				Persons employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges (Government).	296	166	35	...	...	95
			98 B	Persons employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges (Native States).	562	237	150	...	...	175
			99	Cart owners and drivers, coachmen, stable boys, tramway, mail, carriage, etc., managers, and employes (excluding private servants).	6,542	3,844	24	...	...	2,674
			100	Palki, etc., bearers and owners	85	45	...	...	...	40
			101	Pack elephant, camel, mule, ass and bullock owners and drivers.	68	38	...	...	...	30
			102	Porters and messengers	300	123	...	...	...	177

General Table—(Continued).—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग्यो—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

INDORE ZILA. इन्दौर जिला							MEHIDPUR ZILA. मेहोदपुर जिला							NEMAWAR ZILA. नेमावर जिला							
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन			
	Total कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले			Dependents. आधीन	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले			Dependents. आधीन		
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष			Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष			Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री					
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
18	11	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
18	11	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
1,073	520	29	...	...	524	477	238	13	...	...	226	403	205	8	...	...	190				
88	30	29	...	...	29	39	14	13	...	...	12	30	10	8	...	...	12				
71	41	...	...	...	30	54	39	...	...	...	15	31	20	...	...	...	11				
607	305	...	...	...	302	270	135	...	...	...	135	252	127	...	...	...	125				
307	144	...	...	...	163	114	50	...	...	...	64	90	48	...	...	...	42				
142	81	...	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
28	18	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
114	63	...	...	...	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
48	31	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
48	31	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
1,901	815	16	...	...	1,070	1,067	487	9	...	...	571	989	493	5	...	...	491				
63	35	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
44	23	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
40	14	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
198	89	...	...	...	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
1,424	602	...	...	...	822	1,021	470	...	...	...	551	962	481	...	...	...	481				
85	30	15	...	...	40	46	17	9	...	...	20	27	12	5	...	...	10				
22	10	1	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
25	12	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
790	262	181	...	...	347	520	237	134	...	...	149	460	200	131	...	...	129				
790	262	181	...	...	347	520	237	134	...	...	149	400	200	131	...	...	129				
2,171	1,224	62	...	...	885	1,223	733	25	...	...	460	1,025	650	15	...	...	360				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
2,006	1,144	62	...	...	800	1,147	701	25	...	...	421	971	621	15	...	...	335				
70	42	10	...	...	18	59	23	4	...	...	32	33	15	2	...	...	16				
158	70	41	...	...	47	72	25	21	...	...	26	48	22	13	...	...	13				
1,554	921	11	...	...	622	976	636	...	...	...	340	864	573	...	...	...	291				
85	45	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
68	38	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
71	23	...	...	...	43	40	17	...	...	...	23	26	11	...	...	...	15				

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

NIMAR ZILA. नीमर जिला											
क्रास नं० Class.	सब क्रास नं० Sub-class.	आरडर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग	Total workers and depend- ents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	
						Total. कुल		Partially agricul- turalists. खेती भी करने वाले			
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		
1	2	3	4	5	30	31	32	33	34	35	
B—Preparation and supply of material substances—contd.	III.—Industry—contd.	14.—Furniture industries.	74	14.—Furniture industries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			75	Cabinet makers, carriage painters, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			76	Upholsterers, tent makers, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		15.—Building industries.	77	15.—Building industries ...	1,484	708	45	...	...	731	...
			78	Lime burners, cement workers ...	126	41	45	...	...	40	...
			79	Excavators, plinth builders and well-sinkers, Stone and marble workers, masons and brick-layers. ...	99	50	...	...	...	49	...
		16.—Construction of means of transport.	80	Others (thatchers, building contractors, house painters, tilers, plumbers, lock-smiths, etc.) ...	837	420	...	...	...	417	...
			81	16.—Construction of means of transport, Cart, carriage, palki, etc., makers and wheel-wrights. ...	422	197	...	...	...	225	...
			82	Saddlers, harness makers, whip and lash makers. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		IV.—Transport.	17.—Production and transmission of physical forces (heat, light, electricity, motive power, etc.)	83	Ship and boat builders ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	84			17.—Production and transmission of physical forces (heat, light, electricity, motive power, etc.) Gas work, electric light and—ice factories, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	85			18.—Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences. ...	1,950	838	27	...	...	1,085	...
	86			Printers, lithographers, engravers, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	87			News papers and magazine managers, and editors, journalists, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	18.—Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences.		88	Book-binders and stitchers, envelope makers, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			89	Makers of musical instruments ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			90	Makers of watches and clocks and optical photographic and surgical instruments. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			91	Workers in precious stones and metals, enamellers, imitation jewellery makers, gilders, etc. ...	1,771	786	...	...	...	985	...
			92	Makers of bangles, rosaries, beads and other necklaces, spangles, lingams and sacred threads. ...	145	40	20	...	...	85	...
	20.—Transport by water.	19.—Industries concerned with refuse matter.	93	Toy, kite, cage, fishing tackle, etc. makers, taxidermists, etc. ...	34	12	7	...	...	15	...
			94	Others including managers persons other than performers employed in theatres and other places of public entertainment, employees of public societies, race course service, huntsmen, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			95	19.—Industries concerned with refuse matter. Sweepers, scavengers, dust and sweeping contractors. ...	1,438	670	330	...	...	438	...
			96A	IV.—TRANSPORT. ...	1,438	670	330	...	...	438	...
		21.—Transport by road.	96B	20.—Transport by water Harbour works, dockyards and pilots ...	2,336	1,261	74	...	...	1,001	...
			97	Ship owners and their employees ship brokers, ship's officers, engineers, mariners and firemen. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			98A	Persons employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and canals (including construction) Government. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			98B	Persons employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and canals (including construction) Native States. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			99	Boat owners, boatmen and towmen ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			100	21.—Transport by road ...	2,149	1,164	74	...	...	911	...
	21.—Transport by road.	101	Persons employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges (Government). ...	84	59	12	...	...	13	...	
		102	Persons employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges (Native States). ...	194	85	50	...	...	59	...	
		103	Cart owners and drivers, coachmen, stable boys, tramway, mail carriage, etc., managers and employees (excluding private servants). ...	1,774	982	12	...	...	780	...	

General Table—(Continued).—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग्य—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA. रामपुरा-भानपुरा जिला						ALAMPUR PARGANA. आलमपुर परगना						INDORE CITY. इन्दौर शहर					
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले				Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
	37	38	39	40			43	44	45	46			49	50	51	52	
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	11	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	11	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
625	305	21	...	...	299	132	54	2	...	...	76	374	167	9	...	...	198
66	25	21	...	...	20	9	3	2	...	...	4	50	16	9	...	...	25
65	40	...	...	...	25	11	8	...	...	...	3	21	12	...	...	...	9
339	170	...	...	...	169	64	32	...	...	...	32	165	73	...	...	...	92
155	70	...	...	...	85	48	11	...	...	...	37	138	66	...	...	...	72
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	142	81	...	...	...	61
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	18	...	...	...	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	114	63	...	...	...	51
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	31	...	...	...	17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	31	...	...	...	17
1,325	579	14	...	...	732	178	87	...	...	...	91	1,000	507	...	...	...	518
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	35	...	...	...	28
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	23	...	...	...	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	14	...	...	...	26
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	198	89	...	...	...	109
1,251	550	...	...	...	701	169	85	...	...	...	84	601	302	...	...	...	299
70	27	13	...	...	30	9	2	...	...	...	7	43	25	...	...	...	18
4	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	7	...	...	...	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	12	...	...	...	13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
590	280	110	...	...	200	244	169	20	...	...	55	421	199	67	...	...	155
590	280	110	...	...	200	244	169	20	...	...	55	421	199	67	...	...	155
1,495	834	33	...	...	628	219	56	...	...	...	103	852	520	23	...	...	309
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,386	779	33	...	...	574	194	44	...	...	...	150	758	484	23	...	...	251
50	27	7	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	12	...	...	...	9
90	35	25	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	55	15	...	...	17
1,192	690	1	...	...	501	182	42	...	...	...	140	480	322	8	...	...	150
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	45	...	...	...	40
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68	38	...	...	...	30
54	27	...	...	...	27	12	2	...	...	...	10	17	12	...	...	...	5

- TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

क्रास		सब क्रास	आरडर	ग्रुप नं०	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग	INDORE STATE. इन्दौर रियासत					
Class.	Sub-class.	Order.	Group No.	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन		ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन	
						Total. टोटल		Partially agriculturalists. खेतीभी करने वाले			
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—contd.	IV.—Transport—Contd.	22.—Transport by rail.	103A	Railway employes of all kinds other than construction coolies (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			103B	Railway employes of all kinds other than construction coolies (Native States).	311	178	...	...	...	133	
			104A	Labourers employed on railway construction (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			104B	Labourers employed on railway construction (Native State).	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			23.—Post office Telegraph and Telephone services.	105A	Post office Telegraph and Telephone services (Imperial).	305	132	...	...	...	173
		105B		Post office Telegraph and Telephone services (Native State).	270	120	...	...	...	150	
					35	12	...	...	...	23	
		24.—Banks, establishments of credit, exchange and insurance.	106	V.—TRADE ...	48,341	25,443	3,015	2,698	22	19,883	
			106	Bank managers, money lenders, exchange and insurance agents, money changers and brokers and their employes	440	250	...	...	...	190	
			106		440	250	...	...	...	190	
			107	25.—Brokerage commission and export...	392	211	...	...	...	181	
			107	Brokers, commission agents, commercial travellers, warehouse owners and employes.	392	211	...	...	...	181	
			108	26.—Trade in textiles ...	5,381	3,217	...	...	...	2,164	
			108	Trade in piece goods, wool, cotton, silk hair and other textiles.	5,381	3,217	...	...	...	2,164	
			109	27.—Trade in skins leather and furs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			109	Trade in skins, leather, furs, feathers, horns, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			110	28.—Trade in wood ...	135	70	...	...	...	65	
			110	Trade in wood (not firewood) cork bark, etc.,	185	70	...	...	...	65	
			111	29.—Trade in metals , ...	727	410	...	...	...	317	
			111	Trade in metals, machinery, knife, tool, etc., sellers.	727	410	...	...	...	317	
		V.—Trade.	30.—Trade in Pottery	112	Trade in Pottery	...	...	...	...	...	...
	112				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	113			31.—Trade in chemical products	1,773	767	91	...	...	915	
	32.—Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc.		113	Trade in chemical products (drugs, dyes, paints, petroleum, explosives, etc.	1,773	767	91	...	...	915	
			114	32.—Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc. ...	4,541	1,839	13	...	...	2,689	
			114	Vendors of wine, liquors, aerated waters, etc.,	4,481	1,809	...	...	...	2,672	
	33.—Other trade in food stuffs.		115	Owners and managers of Hotels, cookshops, sarais, etc., and their employes.	60	30	13	...	...	17	
			115	33.—Other trade in food stuffs ...	25,250	12,215	2,425	2,429	22	10,610	
			116	Fish dealers	202	71	60	...	...	71	
	33.—Other trade in food stuffs.		117	Gracers and sellers of vegetable, oil, salt, and other condiments.	3,658	2,006	480	1,304	19	1,172	
			118	Sellers of milk, butter, ghee, poultry, eggs, etc.	429	280	48	...	...	101	
			119	Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gur, and molasses.	7,430	3,504	680	...	...	3,246	
	33.—Other trade in food stuffs.		120	Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, fruit and areca nut Sellers.	230	95	38	...	...	97	
			121	Grain and pulse dealers	8,521	4,445	76	895	3	4,000	
			122	Tobacco, Opium Ganja, etc., sellers	419	183	39	...	...	197	
	33.—Other trade in food stuffs.		123	Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs	907	469	20	...	...	418	
			124	Dealers in hay grass and fodder	3,454	1,162	984	230	...	1,308	

General Table.—(Continued.) टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्गो—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

INDORE ZILA. इन्दोर ज़िला						MEHIDPUR ZILA. मेहीदपुर ज़िला						NEMAWAR ZILA.* नेमावर ज़िला								
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS.		काम करने वाले		आधीन Dependents.	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS.		काम करने वाले		आधीन Dependents.	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS.		काम करने वाले		आधीन Dependents.			
	Total. कुल	कुल	Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले	Total. कुल			कुल	Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले	Total. कुल	कुल			Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले							
														Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष		Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29			
72	41	...	...	...	31	38	20	...	...	...	18	30	18	...	...	...	12			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
72	41	...	...	...	31	38	20	...	...	...	18	30	18	...	...	...	12			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
93	39	...	...	...	54	38	17	...	...	...	21	24	11	...	...	...	13			
58	27	...	...	...	31	38	17	...	...	...	21	24	11	...	...	...	13			
35	12	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
12,304	6,569	661	654	...	5,074	6,766	3,621	408	323	...	2,737	5,604	3,102	332	246	...	2,170			
238	120	...	...	...	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
238	120	...	...	...	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
84	45	...	...	...	39	52	25	...	...	...	27	23	10	...	...	...	13			
84	45	...	...	...	39	52	25	...	...	...	27	23	10	...	...	...	13			
1,292	770	...	...	...	522	790	550	...	...	...	240	572	381	...	...	...	191			
1,292	770	...	...	...	522	790	550	...	...	...	240	572	381	...	...	...	191			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
135	70	...	...	...	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
135	70	...	...	...	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
143	83	...	...	...	60	99	50	...	...	...	49	121	87	...	...	...	34			
143	83	...	...	...	60	99	50	...	...	...	49	121	87	...	...	...	34			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
418	217	12	...	...	189	248	82	32	...	...	134	247	80	19	...	...	148			
418	217	12	...	...	189	248	82	32	...	...	134	247	80	19	...	...	148			
1,084	434	13	...	...	637	540	200	...	...	...	340	490	199	...	...	...	291			
1,024	404	...	...	...	620	540	200	...	...	...	340	490	199	...	...	...	291			
60	30	13	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
5,945	2,903	527	627	...	2,515	3,752	1,850	315	308	...	1,587	3,084	1,616	263	237	...	1,200			
45	12	9	...	...	24	27	9	6	...	...	12	15	6	4	...	...	5			
847	470	133	348	...	244	371	212	50	203	...	109	350	192	44	142	...	114			
88	57	10	...	...	21	42	30	4	...	...	8	41	29	4	...	...	8			
1,777	822	133	...	...	822	1,276	650	76	...	...	550	1,052	603	68	...	...	381			
52	21	10	...	...	21	20	8	4	...	...	8	20	8	4	...	...	8			
2,040	1,122	18	233	...	900	1,409	693	16	76	...	700	1,111	601	10	68	...	500			
99	42	10	...	...	47	36	16	4	...	...	16	36	16	4	...	...	16			
201	108	5	...	...	88	89	42	5	...	...	42	82	41	...	...	...	41			
796	249	199	46	...	348	482	190	150	29	...	142	377	120	130	27	...	127			

*Including of the City.

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

					NIMAR ZILA.		नीमाड ज़िला				
Class.	Sub-class.	आरडर	ग्रुप नं०	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारे को जर्ग	Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS		काम करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन	
						Total.	कुल	Partially agriculturalists. खेती भी करने वाले			
								Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री
1	2	3	4	5	30	31	32	33	34	35	
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—contd.	IV.—Transport—contd.	22.—Transport by rail.		...	100	60	...	...	...	40	
			103A	Railway employes of all kinds other than construction coolies, (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			103B	Railway employes of all kinds other than construction coolies, (Native States).	100	60	...	...	...	40	
			104A	Labourers employed on railway construction (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			104B	Labourers employed on railway construction (Native States).	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		23.—Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services.		...	87	37	...	...	...	...	50
			105A	Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services, (Imperial).	87	37	...	...	...	...	50
		105B	Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services, (Native States).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		V.—TRADE			...	13,634	7047	997	938	22	5,640
		24.—Banks, establishments of credit, exchange and insurance.		...	125	77	...	...	...	...	...
	106		Bank managers, money lenders, exchange and insurance agents, money changers and brokers and their employes.	125	77	...	...	...	...	...	48
	25.—Brokerage, commission and export.		...	151	90	...	...	...	...	...	61
		107	Brokers, commission agents, commercial travellers, warehouse owners and employes.	151	90	...	...	...	...	...	61
	26.—Trade in the textiles		...	1,550	880	...	...	...	...	...	670
		108	Trade in piece goods, wool, cotton, silk, hair and other textiles.	1,550	880	...	...	...	...	...	670
	27.—Trade in skins, leather and furs		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		109	Trade in skins, leather, furs, feathers, horns, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	28.—Trade in wood		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		110	Trade in wood (not firewood), cork, bark, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	29.—Trade in metals		...	227	117	...	...	...	...	...	110
		111	Trade in metals, machinery, knife, tool, etc., sellers.	227	117	...	...	...	...	...	110
	30.—Trade in Pottery		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		112	Trade in Pottery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	31.—Trade in chemical products		...	604	262	12	...	...	...	...	330
		113	Trade in chemical products (drugs, dyes, paints, petroleum, explosives, etc.	604	262	12	...	...	...	...	330
	32.—Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc.		...	1,282	502	...	...	...	...	...	780
		114	Vendors of wine, liquors, aerated waters, etc.	1,282	502	...	...	...	...	...	780
	32.—Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		115	Owners and managers of Hotels, cookshops, sarais, etc.; and their employes.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	33.—Other trade in food stuffs.		33.—Other trade in food stuffs...	...	30	3,444	812	895	22	3,054	
		116	Fish dealers	...	76	31	32	...	...	...	13
		117	Grocers and sellers of vegetable oil, salt and other condiments.	...	1,188	642	175	438	19	371	
		118	Sellers of milk, butter, ghee, poultry, eggs, etc.,	...	177	107	22	...	...	...	48
		119	Sellers of sweetmeats, Sugar, Gur and molasses.	...	2,043	886	271	...	...	...	886
		120	Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, fruit and arecanut sellers.	...	98	42	12	...	...	...	44
		121	Grain and pulse dealers.	...	2,206	1,186	20	371	3	1,000	
		122	Tobacco, Opium, Ganja, etc., sellers.	...	180	82	12	...	...	...	86
		123	Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.	...	348	177	5	...	...	...	166
124		Dealers in hay grass and fodder.	...	994	291	268	86	...	...	440	

General Table—(Continued).—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग्यो—हिस्सा प—जनरल टेबल.

RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA. रामपुरा भानपुरा जिला						ALAMPUR PARGANA. आलमपुर परगना						INDORE CITY. इन्दौर शहर					
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करनेवाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				
	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन		Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन		Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			
	37	38	39	40			41	42	43	44			45	46	47	48		49	50	51	52	53
58	29	...	...	...	29	13	10	...	...	...	3	34	15	...	...	...	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	29	...	...	...	29	13	10	...	...	...	3	34	15	...	...	...	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	26	...	...	...	25	12	2	...	...	...	10	60	21	...	...	...	39
51	26	...	...	...	25	12	2	...	...	...	10	25	9	...	...	...	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	12	...	...	...	23
8,122	4,290	768	204	...	3,364	1,861	814	149	93	...	808	5,454	2,822	208	...	...	2,424
77	53	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	226	137	...	...	...	89
77	53	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	226	137	...	...	...	89
65	34	...	...	...	31	17	7	...	...	...	10	61	37	...	...	...	24
65	34	...	...	...	31	17	7	...	...	...	10	61	37	...	...	...	24
952	551	...	...	...	401	225	85	...	...	...	140	599	300	...	...	...	299
952	551	...	...	...	401	225	85	...	...	...	140	599	300	...	...	...	299
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	135	70	...	...	...	65
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	135	70	...	...	...	65
107	53	...	...	...	54	30	20	...	...	...	10	49	35	...	...	...	14
107	53	...	...	...	54	30	20	...	...	...	10	49	35	...	...	...	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
221	104	16	...	...	101	35	22	...	...	...	13	118	65	4	...	...	49
221	104	16	...	...	101	35	22	...	...	...	13	118	65	4	...	...	49
809	308	...	...	...	501	336	196	...	...	...	140	565	235	13	...	...	317
809	308	...	...	...	501	336	196	...	...	...	140	505	205	...	...	...	300
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	30	13	...	...	17
4,258	2,033	370	275	...	1,855	901	369	133	87	...	399	2,089	1,082	179	...	...	828
39	13	9	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	7	5	...	...	13
618	358	60	127	...	200	284	132	18	46	...	134	405	238	57	...	...	110
61	43	6	...	...	12	20	14	2	...	...	4	42	22	6	...	...	14
1,126	501	104	...	...	501	156	42	28	...	...	86	351	105	36	...	...	210
30	12	6	...	...	12	10	4	2	...	...	4	36	14	7	...	...	15
1,613	801	12	119	...	800	142	42	...	28	...	100	776	501	...	...	...	275
59	24	6	...	...	29	9	3	3	...	...	3	26	15	...	...	...	11
147	81	5	...	...	61	40	20	...	...	...	20	163	71	...	...	...	92
565	200	162	29	...	203	240	112	80	13	...	48	265	109	68	...	...	88

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—*Part A.*—

					INDORE STATE. इन्दौर रियासत						
क्रास नं० Class.	सब क्रास नं० Sub-class.	आरडर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारे का जयाँ	Total workers and depend- ents: कुल काम करने वाले और आपीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आपीन	
						Total. कुल		Partially agricul- turalists. खेतीभी करने वाले			
						Males. पुरुष	Females. बी	Males. पुरुष	Females. बी		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—concl'd.											
V.—Trade.—concl'd.											
		34.—Trade in clothing and toilet articles.	125	34.—Trade in clothing and toilet articles.	6,031	4,781	68	...	...	1,182	
		35.—Trade in furniture.	126	Trade in ready-made clothing and other articles of dress and the toilet (hats, umbrellas, socks, ready-made shoes, perfumes, etc.)	6,031	4,781	68	...	...	1,182	
		35.—Trade in furniture.	127	35.—Trade in Furniture ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		36.—Trade in building materials	128	Trade in furniture, carpets, curtains and bedding.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		37.—Trade in means of transport	129	Hardware, cooking utensils, porcelain, crockery, glassware, bottles, articles for gardening, the cellar, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		38.—Trade in fuel	130	36.—Trade in building materials	92	35	...	...	...	57	
		39.—Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and arts and sciences.	131	Trade in building materials (stones, bricks, plaster, cement, sand, tiles, thatch, etc.)	92	35	...	...	...	57	
		40.—Trade in refuse matters	132	37.—Trade in means of transport	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		41.—Trade in other sorts	133	Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, cattle, asses, mules, etc., sellers (not makers) of carriages, saddlery, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		42.—Army	134	38.—Trade in fuel	1,221	573	238	169	..	410	
		43.—Navy	135	Dealers in firewood, charcoal, coal, cowdung, etc.	1,221	573	238	169	...	410	
		44.—Police	136	39.—Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and arts and sciences.	1,408	607	162	...	...	639	
		45.—Village watchmen	137	Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation) clocks, optical instruments, etc.	605	265	...	...	...	340	
		46.—Public Force.	138	Dealers in common bangles, bead, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackle, flowers, etc.	782	328	162	...	...	292	
		47.—Army	139	Publishers, book-sellers, stationers, dealers in music pictures, musical instruments and curiosities.	21	14	...	...	...	7	
		48.—Navy	140	40.—Trade in refuse matters	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		49.—Police	141	Dealers in rags, stable refuse, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		50.—Village watchmen	142	41.—Trade in other sorts	950	468	18	...	...	464	
		51.—Public Force.	143	Shop-keepers otherwise unspecified	500	312	18	...	...	230	
		52.—Army	144	Itinerant traders, pedlars, hawkers, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		53.—Navy	145	Conjurors, acrobats, fortune-tellers, reciters, exhibitors of curiosities and wild animals.	361	138	...	...	...	223	
		54.—Police	146	Other trades (including farmers of pounds, tolls and markets).	29	18	...	...	...	11	
		55.—Village watchmen	147	C.—Public administration and liberal arts.	49,229	18,509	2,732	447	16	27,988	
		56.—Public Force.	148	VI.—PUBLIC FORCE	13,001	6,202	...	301	...	6,791	
		57.—Army	149	42.—Army	51,80	2,470	...	...	...	2,710	
		58.—Navy	150	Army (Imperial)	1,468	538	...	...	...	931	
		59.—Police	151	Army (Native State)	3,712	1,932	...	...	...	1,780	
		60.—Village watchmen	152	43.—Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		61.—Public Force.	153	Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		62.—Army	154	44.—Police	7,821	3,732	...	301	...	4,089	
		63.—Navy	155	Police (Imperial)	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		64.—Police	156	Police (Native State)	3,691	2,048	...	...	...	1,643	
		65.—Village watchmen	157	Village watchmen	4,130	1,684	...	301	...	2,446	

General Table (Continued).—टेबल. नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग्य—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

INDORE ZILA.* इन्दोर ज़िला							MEHIDPUR ZILA. मेहीदपुर ज़िला							NEMAWAR ZILA नेमावर ज़िला						
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करनेवाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन		
	Total. कुल			Partially agriculturists खेती भी करने वाले			Total. कुल			Partially agriculturists खेती भी करने वाले			Total. कुल			Partially agriculturists खेती भी करने वाले				
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Total.	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Total.	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री		Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Total.	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29			
1,532	1,258	20	...	...	254	892	693	4	...	...	195	725	601	4	...	...	120			
1,532	1,258	20	...	...	254	892	693	4	...	...	195	725	601	4	...	...	120			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
32	10	...	...	...	22	14	9	...	...	...	5	12	5	...	...	...	7			
32	10	...	...	...	22	14	9	...	...	...	5	12	5	...	...	...	7			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
318	119	57	27	...	142	148	65	30	15	...	53	137	48	19	9	...	70			
318	119	57	27	...	142	148	65	30	15	...	53	137	48	19	9	...	70			
823	389	27	...	...	407	113	40	25	...	...	48	90	30	20	...	...	40			
605	265	...	...	...	340	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
197	110	27	...	...	60	113	40	25	...	...	48	90	30	20	...	...	40			
21	14	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
280	151	5	...	...	104	118	57	2	...	...	59	103	45	2	...	...	56			
154	102	5	...	...	47	69	37	2	...	...	30	61	30	2	...	...	29			
77	31	...	...	...	46	49	20	...	...	...	29	42	15	...	...	...	27			
29	18	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
25,259	10,115	755	347	...	14,389	4,499	1,633	329	...	...	2,537	3,107	1,333	320	...	...	1,454			
7,277	3,536	...	301	...	3,741	979	435	...	...	...	644	858	372	...	...	...	486			
4,781	2,295	...	...	...	2,486	57	24	...	...	...	33	64	26	...	...	...	38			
1,468	538	...	...	...	930	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
3,313	1,757	...	...	...	1,556	57	24	...	...	...	33	64	26	...	...	...	38			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
2,496	1,241	...	301	...	1,255	922	411	...	...	...	511	794	346	...	...	...	448			
1,673	940	...	...	...	733	255	141	...	...	...	114	281	143	...	...	...	138			
823	301	...	301	...	522	667	270	...	...	...	397	513	203	...	...	...	310			

* Including of the city.

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OR LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

NIMAR ZILA. नीमाड जिला										
क्रास Class.	सब क्रास Sub-class.	आरडर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जर्ग	Total workers and depend- ents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
						Total. टोटल		Partially agricul- turists. खेती भी करने वाले		
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
1	2	3	4	5	30	31	32	33	34	35
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—concl'd. V.—Trade—concl'd.		34.—Trade in clothing and toilet articles	125	34.—Trade in clothing and toilet articles	1,604	1,286	22	...	...	296
		Trade in ready-made clothing and other articles of dress and the toilet (hats, umbrellas, socks, ready-made shoes, perfumes, etc.)		Trade in ready-made clothing and other articles of dress and the toilet (hats, umbrellas, socks, ready-made shoes, perfumes, etc.)	1,604	1,286	22	...	...	296
		35.—Trade in furniture ...	126	35.—Trade in furniture ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Trade in furniture, carpets, curtains and bedding	127	Trade in furniture, carpets, curtains and bedding	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hardware, cooking utensils, porcelain, crockery, glassware, bottles, articles for gardening, the cellar, etc.		Hardware, cooking utensils, porcelain, crockery, glassware, bottles, articles for gardening, the cellar, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		36.—Trade in building materials ...	128	36.—Trade in building materials ...	18	7	...	...	...	11
		Trade in building materials (stones, bricks, plaster, cement, sand, tiles, thatch, etc.)		Trade in building materials (stones, bricks, plaster, cement, sand, tiles, thatch, etc.)	18	7	...	...	...	11
		37.—Trade in means of transport ...	129	37.—Trade in means of transport ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, cattle, asses, mules, etc., sellers, (not makers) of carriages, saddlery, etc.		Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, cattle, asses, mules, etc., sellers, (not makers) of carriages, saddlery, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		38.—Trade in fuel ...	130	38.—Trade in fuel ...	327	199	90	93	...	38
		Dealers in firewood, charcoal, coal, cowdung, etc.		Dealers in firewood, charcoal, coal, cowdung, etc.	327	199	90	93	...	38
		39.—Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and arts and sciences.	131	39.—Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and arts and sciences.	211	73	55	...	...	83
		Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments.	132	Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dealers in common bangles, bead necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackle, flowers, etc.	133	Dealers in common bangles, bead necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackle, flowers, etc.	211	73	55	...	...	83
		Publishers, booksellers, stationers, dealers in music, pictures, musical instruments and curiosities.		Publishers, booksellers, stationers, dealers in music, pictures, musical instruments and curiosities.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		40.—Trade in refuse matters...	134	40.—Trade in refuse matters...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dealers in rags, stable refuse, etc.		Dealers in rags, stable refuse, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		41.—Trade in other sorts ...	135	41.—Trade in other sorts ...	275	110	6	...	...	159
		Shopkeepers otherwise unspecified	136	Shopkeepers otherwise unspecified	156	70	6	...	...	80
		Itinerant traders, pedlars, hawkers, etc.	137	Itinerant traders, pedlars, hawkers, etc.	119	40	...	...	...	79
		Conjurors, acrobats, fortune-tellers, reciters, exhibitors of curiosities and wild animals, Other traders (including farmers of pounds, tolls and markets).	138	Conjurors, acrobats, fortune-tellers, reciters, exhibitors of curiosities and wild animals, Other traders (including farmers of pounds, tolls and markets).	...	...	...	...	...	...
		C.—Public administration and liberal arts.		C.—Public administration and liberal arts.	9,577	2,928	722	100	16	5,927
		VI.—PUBLIC FORCE		VI.—PUBLIC FORCE	1,900	916	...	...	...	984
		42.—Army ...	139	42.—Army ...	144	68	...	...	...	76
		Army (Imperial) ...	140	Army (Imperial) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Army (Native State)		Army (Native State)	144	68	...	...	...	76
		43.—Navy ...	141	43.—Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Navy ...		Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		44.—Police ...	142A	44.—Police ...	1,756	848	...	...	...	908
		Police (Imperial)	142B	Police (Imperial)	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Police (Native State)	143	Police (Native State)	696	395	...	...	...	301
	Village watchmen		Village watchmen	1,060	453	...	...	...	607	

General Table—(Continued).—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्गो—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

RAMPURA-BHANUPURA ZILA. रामपुरा-भानपुरा जिला						ALAMPUR PARGANA. आलमपुर परगना						INDORE CITY. इन्दौर शहर								
Total workers and dependents. कुल कामकरनेवाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले			Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले	आधीन Dependents.	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले			Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले	आधीन Dependents.	Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले			Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले	आधीन Dependents.			
	Total. कुल		Males. पुरुष				Females. स्त्री	Total. कुल					Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Total. कुल			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री						Males. पुरुष					Females. स्त्री
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53			
1,122	901	16	...	..	205	156	42	2	...	...	112	605	412	...	...	...	193			
1,122	901	16	...	...	205	156	42	2	...	...	112	605	412	...	...	...	193			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
16	4	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	5	...	...	...	11			
16	4	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	5	...	...	...	11			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
215	110	33	19	...	72	76	32	9	6	...	35	227	85	...	...	...	142			
215	110	33	19	...	72	76	32	9	6	...	35	227	85	...	...	...	142			
136	57	30	...	...	49	35	18	5	...	...	12	636	312	12	...	...	362			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	605	265	...	...	...	340			
136	57	30	...	...	49	35	18	5	...	...	12	60	33	12	...	...	15			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	14	...	...	...	7			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
144	82	3	...	...	59	50	23	...	...	...	27	78	47	...	...	...	31			
86	53	3	...	...	30	34	20	...	...	...	14	26	17	...	...	...	9			
58	29	...	...	...	29	16	3	...	...	...	13	23	12	...	...	...	11			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	18	...	...	...	11			
5,611	2,075	451	...	...	3,085	1,176	425	155	...	...	596	18,937	9,148	140	...	...	9,649			
1,799	856	...	...	...	943	188	87	...	...	...	101	5,970	2,975	...	...	...	2,995			
115	50	...	...	...	65	19	7	...	...	...	12	4,689	2,248	...	...	...	2,441			
115	50	...	...	...	65	19	7	...	...	...	12	1,468 3,221	538 1,710	...	...	...	930 1,511			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
1,684	806	...	...	...	878	169	80	...	...	...	89	1,281	727	...	...	...	554			
764 920	416 390	...	...	...	548 530	22 147	13 67	...	...	...	9 80	1,281 ...	727 ...	...	...	...	554 ...			

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A.—

INDORE STATE. इन्दौर रियासत										
क्रास Class.	सब क्रास Sub-class.	आरडर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जयाँ	Total workers and depen- dents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
						Total. कुल		Partially agricul- turists. खेतीभी करने वाले		
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
C.—Public administration and liberal arts.	VII.—Public ad- ministration.	45.—Public admini- stration.	144	VII.—PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION ...	11,049	4,869	...	...	...	6,180
			145A	45.—Public administration ...	11,049	4,869	...	...	...	6,180
			145B	Service of the State ...	69	21	...	...	...	48
			145C	Rulers of Native States and their families ...	4	...	...	...	...	4
			146	Darbar officials ...	2,051	1,274	...	...	...	777
			147	Menials ...	7,329	2,830	...	...	...	4,499
			148	Municipal and other local (not village) service.	150	60	...	...	...	90
			149	Village officials and servants other than watch- men.	1,446	684	...	...	...	762
			150	VIII.—PROFESSIONS AND LIBERAL ARTS.	9,413	3,985	462	...	...	4,966
			151	46.—Religion ...	5,222	2,343	38	...	...	2,841
	VIII.—Professions and liberal arts.	46.—Religion.	148	Preists, ministers, etc. ...	1,531	618	...	...	...	913
			149	Religious mendicants, inmates, of monas- teries, etc.	1,806	910	38	...	...	858
			150	Catechists, readers, church and mission service.	528	217	...	...	...	311
			151	Temple, burial or burning ground service, pil- grim conductors, circumcisers.	1,357	598	...	...	...	759
			152	47.—Law ...	1,374	585	...	...	...	789
			153	Lawyers of all kinds including Kazis, law agents and Mukhtars.	645	273	...	...	...	372
			154	Lawyers, clerks, petition writers, etc. ...	729	312	...	...	...	417
			154A	48.—Medicine ...	506	213	27	...	...	266
			154B	Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists. Oculists and veterinary sur- geons etc., (Government).	17	13	...	...	...	4
			155A	Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists, oculists and veterinary surgeons, etc., (Native States).	116	46	...	...	...	70
	IX.—Persons living principally on their income.	50.—Persons living principally on their income.	155B	Midwives, vaccinators, compounders nurses, masseurs etc. (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...
			156A	Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc., (Native States).	373	154	27	...	...	192
			156B	49.—Instruction ...	989	412	16	...	...	561
			157	Professors and teachers of all kinds and clerks and servants connected with edu- cation, (Government).	69	27	4	...	...	38
			158A	Professors and teachers of all kinds and clerks and servants connected with edu- cation (Native States).	920	385	12	...	...	523
			158B	50.—Letters and arts and sciences ...	1,322	432	381	...	...	509
			159	Public scribes, stenographers, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			160	Architects, surveyors, engineers and their employes, (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...
			161	Architects, surveyors, engineers and their employes (Native States).	473	167	...	...	...	306
			162	Other, (authors, photographers, artists, sculptors, astronomers, meteorologists, bota- nists, astrologers, etc.	61	28	...	...	...	33
D.—Miscellaneous.	X.—Domes- tic service.	163	Music composers and masters, players on all kinds of musical instruments (not military), singers, actors and dancers.	788	237	381	...	...	170	
		164	IX.—PERSONS LIVING ON THEIR INCOME.	15,766	3,453	2,270	146	16	10,043	
		165	51.—Persons living principally on their income.	15,766	3,453	2,270	146	16	10,043	
		166	Proprietors (other than of agricultural land), fund and scholarship holders and pensioners.	15,766	3,453	2,270	146	16	10,043	
		167	D.—Miscellaneous ...	200,542	102,360	69,604	47	...	28,578	
		168	X.—DOMESTIC SERVICE ...	15,745	8,907	2,481	...	...	4,357	
		169	52.—Domestic Service ...	15,745	8,907	2,481	...	...	4,357	
		170	Cooks, water carriers, door keepers, watch- men and other indoor servants.	14,889	8,526	2,481	...	...	3,882	
		171	Private grooms, coachmen, dog-boys, etc. ...	856	381	...	...	...	475	
		172	XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OC- CUPATIONS.	112,290	52,738	38,443	47	...	21,109	
XII.—Unpro- ductive.	53.—General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.	173	53.—General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.	112,290	52,738	38,443	47	...	21,109	
		174	Manufacturers, businessmen and contractors otherwise unspecified ...	2,606	763	...	47	...	1,838	
		175	Cashiers, accountants, book-keepers, clerks and other employes in unspecified offices, ware-houses and shops.	1,600	457	30	...	...	1,113	
		176	Mechanics otherwise unspecified ...	1,301	457	...	...	...	844	
		177	Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified	106,783	51,056	38,413	...	...	17,314	
		178	XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE ...	72,507	40,715	28,680	...	...	3,112	
		179	54.—Inmates of jails, asylums and hospi- tals ...	609	386	223	...	...	...	
		180	Inmates of jails, asylums and hospitals ...	609	386	223	...	...	...	
		181	55.—Beggars, vagrants, prostitutes ...	71,898	40,329	28,457	...	...	3,112	
		182	Beggars, vagrants, procurers, prostitutes, receivers of stolen goods, cattle poisoners.	71,898	40,329	28,457	...	...	3,112	

General Table—(Continued).—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्गो—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

INDORE ZILA.* इन्दौर ज़िला						MEHIDPUR ZILA. मेहीदपुर ज़िला						NEMAWAR ZILA. नेमावर ज़िला					
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				
	Total कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन		Total कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन		Total कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			
	13	14	15	16			17	18	19	20			21	22	23	24		25	26	27	28	29
9,955	4,343	...	...	...	5,612	239	101	...	...	...	138	130	84	...	...	...	46
9,955	4,343	...	...	...	5,612	239	101	...	...	...	138	130	84	...	...	...	46
69	21	...	...	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,051	1,274	...	...	...	777	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7,329	2,830	...	...	...	4,499	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
150	60	...	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
352	158	...	...	...	194	239	101	...	...	...	138	130	84	...	...	...	40
3,342	1,397	303	...	...	1,642	1,007	502	12	...	...	582	953	300	17	...	...	576
1,513	662	...	...	...	851	710	354	...	...	...	356	582	222	...	...	...	360
318	129	...	...	...	189	246	110	...	...	...	136	178	54	...	...	...	124
362	187	...	...	...	175	244	134	...	...	...	110	242	124	...	...	...	118
528	217	...	...	...	311	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
305	129	...	...	...	176	220	110	...	...	...	110	162	44	...	...	...	118
522	198	...	...	...	324	158	67	...	...	...	91	147	64	...	...	...	83
219	100	...	...	...	119	80	30	...	...	...	50	75	29	...	...	...	40
303	98	...	...	...	205	78	37	...	...	...	41	72	35	...	...	...	37
346	152	27	...	...	167	17	6	...	...	...	11	24	8	...	...	...	16
17	13	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	18	...	...	...	24	8	3	...	...	...	5	11	4	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
287	121	27	...	...	139	9	3	...	...	...	6	13	4	...	...	...	9
340	171	16	...	...	153	96	37	...	...	...	59	97	33	...	...	...	64
89	27	4	...	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
271	144	12	...	...	115	96	37	...	...	...	59	97	33	...	...	...	64
621	214	260	...	...	147	116	38	12	...	...	66	103	33	17	...	...	53
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
112	43	...	...	...	69	72	23	...	...	...	49	40	15	...	...	...	34
61	28	...	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
448	143	260	...	...	45	44	15	12	...	...	17	54	18	17	...	...	19
4,685	839	452	46	...	3,394	2,184	595	317	...	...	1,272	1,166	517	303	...	...	346
4,685	839	452	46	...	3,394	2,184	595	317	...	...	1,272	1,166	517	303	...	...	346
4,685	839	452	46	...	3,394	2,184	595	317	...	...	1,272	1,166	517	303	...	...	346
50,257	27,334	16,887	7	...	6,036	24,362	12,320	8,623	5	...	3,419	17,536	8,814	5,420	5	...	3,302
4,183	2,606	522	...	...	1,055	1,924	884	340	...	...	700	1,188	172	291	...	...	725
4,183	2,606	522	...	...	1,055	1,924	884	340	...	...	700	1,188	172	291	...	...	725
3,967	2,523	522	...	...	922	1,823	833	340	...	...	650	1,097	125	291	...	...	681
216	83	...	...	...	133	101	51	...	...	...	50	91	47	...	...	...	44
20,240	14,543	10,382	7	...	4,315	12,931	6,231	4,345	5	...	2,355	9,325	4,357	2,999	5	...	1,969
29,240	14,543	10,382	7	...	4,315	12,931	6,231	4,345	5	...	2,355	9,325	4,357	2,999	5	...	1,969
570	166	...	7	...	404	312	112	...	5	...	200	292	93	...	5	...	199
407	133	30	...	...	244	150	41	...	...	...	109	151	37	...	...	...	114
347	133	...	...	...	214	141	41	...	...	...	100	127	37	...	...	...	90
27,916	14,111	10,352	...	...	453	12,328	6,037	4,345	...	...	1,946	8,755	4,190	2,999	...	...	1,566
16,834	10,185	5,983	...	...	606	9,507	5,205	3,938	...	...	364	7,023	4,285	2,130	...	...	603
133	82	51	...	...	...	76	53	23	...	...	...	68	48	20	...	...	...
133	82	51	...	...	...	76	53	23	...	...	...	68	48	20	...	...	...
16,701	10,103	5,932	...	...	666	9,431	5,152	3,915	...	...	364	6,955	4,237	2,110	...	...	608
16,701	10,108	5,932	...	...	666	9,431	5,152	3,915	...	...	364	6,955	4,237	2,110	...	...	608

* Including of the city

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part A—

					NIMAR ZILA. नीमाड जिला					
क्रास नं० Class.	सब क्रास नं० Sub-class.	आरडर Order.	ग्रुप नं० Group No.	OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD. पेशा या गुजारेका जया	Total workers and depend- ents. कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				Dependents. आधीन
						Total. कुल		Partially agricul- turalists. खेती भी करने वाले		
						Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	
1	2	3	4	5	30	31	32	33	34	35
C.—Public administrations and liberal arts.										
	VII.—Public ad- ministration.	45.—Public ad- ministration.		VII.—PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION ...	401	200	...	...	...	201
			144	45.—Public administration ...	401	200	...	...	...	201
			145 A	Service of the State ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			145 B	Rulers of Native States and their families ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			145 C	Durbar officials ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			146	Menials ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			147	Municipal and other local (not village) service, Village officials and servants other than watch- men	401	200	...	...	...	201
				VIII.—PROFESSIONS AND LIBERAL ARTS.	2,291	975	95	...	...	1,221
			148	46.—Religion ...	1,346	599	38	...	...	709
			149	Priests, ministers, etc. ...	408	199	...	...	...	209
			150	Religious mendicants, inmates of monasteries, etc.	549	211	38	...	...	300
			151	Catechists, readers, church and mission service, Temple burial or burning ground service, pilgrim conductors, circumcisers.	389	189	...	...	...	200
			152	47.—Law ...	272	146	...	...	...	126
			153	Lawyers, of all kinds including Kazis, law agents and Mukhtars.	136	57	...	...	...	79
			154 A	Lawyers, clerks, petition writers, etc. ...	136	89	...	...	...	47
			154 B	48.—Medicine ...	60	24	...	...	...	36
			155 A	Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists, oculists and veterinary sur- geons, etc. (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...
			155 B	Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists, oculists, and veterinary sur- geons, etc. (Native States).	20	11	...	...	...	18
			156 A	Midwives vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc. (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...
			156 B	Midwives vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc. (Native States).	31	13	...	...	...	18
			157	49.—Instruction ...	322	112	...	...	...	210
			158 A	Professors and teachers of all kinds and clerks and servants connected with edu- cation, (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...
			158 B	Professors and teachers of all kinds and clerks and servants connected with edu- cation, (Native States).	322	112	...	...	...	210
			159 A	50.—Letters and arts and sciences ...	291	94	57	...	...	140
			160	Public scribes, stenographers, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			161	Architects, surveyors, engineers and their employes (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...
			162	Architects, surveyors, engineers, and their employes, (Native States).	159	59	...	...	...	100
			163	Other, (authors, photographers, artists, sculptors, astronomers, meteorologists, botanists, astrologers, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
			164	Music composers and masters, players on all kinds of musical instruments (not military) singers, actors and dancers.	132	35	57	...	...	40
			165	IX.—PERSONS LIVING ON THEIR INCOME.	4,985	837	627	100	16	3,521
			166	51.—Persons living principally on their income.	4,985	837	627	100	16	3,521
			167	Proprietors (other than of agricultural land) fund and scholarship holders and pensioners	4,985	837	627	100	16	3,521
			168	D.—Miscellaneous ...	72,290	35,344	28,277	20	...	8,669
			169	X.—DOMESTIC SERVICE ...	5,019	3,176	687	...	...	1,156
			170	52.—Domestic Service ...	5,019	3,176	687	...	...	1,156
			171	Cooks, water carriers, door keepers, watch- men and other indoor servants.	4,729	3,056	687	...	...	986
			172	Private grooms, coachmen, dog-boys, etc. ...	290	120	...	...	...	170
			173	XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OC- CUPATIONS.	39,959	17,731	15,591	20	...	6,637
			174	53.—General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.	39,959	17,731	15,591	20	...	6,637
			175	Manufacturers, businessmen and contrac- tors otherwise unspecified.	742	240	...	20	...	502
			176	Cashiers, accountants, book-keepers, clerks and other employes in unspecified offices, ware-houses and shops.	462	150	...	...	...	312
			177	Mechanics otherwise unspecified ...	438	150	...	...	...	288
			178	Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified	38,317	17,191	15,591	...	...	5,535
			179	XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE ...	27,312	14,437	11,999	...	...	876
			180	54.—Inmates of jails asylums and hospi- tals.	200	120	80	...	...	...
			181	Inmates of jails asylums and hospitals ...	200	120	80	...	...	...
			182	55.—Beggars, vagrants, prostitutes ...	27,112	14,317	11,919	...	...	876
			183	Beggars, vagrants, procurers, prostitutes, receivers of stolen goods, cattle poisoners.	27,112	14,317	11,919	...	...	876

General Table—(Concluded).—टेबल नं० १५—पेशा या गुजारेका जर्गो—हिस्सा ए—जनरल टेबल.

RAMPURA-BHANPURA ZILA. रामपुरा भानपुरा जिला						ALAMPUR PARGANA. आलमपुर परगना						INDORE CITY. इन्दौर शहर					
Total workers and dependents. कुल काम करनेवाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले					Total workers and dependents कुल काम करने वाले और आधीन	ACTUAL WORKERS. काम करने वाले				
	Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन		Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन		Total. कुल		Partially agriculturists. खेती भी करने वाले		Dependents. आधीन
	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री			Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री	Males. पुरुष	Females. स्त्री							
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
251	102	...	...	...	149	73	39	...	...	...	34	9,603	4,185	...	...	...	5,418
251	102	...	...	...	149	73	39	...	...	...	34	9,603	4,185	...	...	...	5,418
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	21	...	...	...	48
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,051	1,274	...	...	...	777
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,329	2,830	...	...	...	4,499
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	60	...	...	...	90
251	102	...	...	...	149	73	39	...	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,271	555	22	...	...	694	459	196	13	...	...	250	1,663	795	140	...	...	728
746	353	...	...	...	393	325	153	...	...	...	172	429	248	...	...	...	181
247	104	...	...	...	143	134	22	...	...	...	112	61	42	...	...	...	19
270	145	...	...	...	125	139	109	...	...	...	30	125	77	...	...	...	48
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	160	68	...	...	...	92
229	104	...	...	...	125	52	22	...	...	...	30	83	61	...	...	...	22
207	84	...	...	...	123	68	26	...	...	...	42	269	95	...	...	...	174
103	43	...	...	...	60	32	14	...	...	...	18	137	58	...	...	...	79
104	41	...	...	...	63	36	12	...	...	...	24	132	37	...	...	...	95
46	19	...	...	...	27	13	4	...	...	...	9	318	137	27	...	...	154
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	13	...	...	...	4
20	8	...	...	...	12	6	2	...	...	...	4	38	12	...	...	...	26
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	11	...	...	...	15	7	2	...	...	...	5	263	112	27	...	...	124
115	53	...	...	...	62	19	6	...	...	...	13	268	147	16	...	...	105
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	27	4	...	...	38
115	53	...	...	...	62	19	6	...	...	...	13	199	120	12	...	...	67
157	46	22	...	...	89	34	7	13	...	...	14	379	168	97	...	...	114
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	27	...	...	...	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	43	...	...	...	69
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	28	...	...	...	33
76	19	22	...	...	35	34	7	13	...	...	14	206	97	97	...	...	12
2,290	562	429	...	...	1,299	456	103	142	...	...	211	1,701	1,193	...	...	...	508
2,290	562	429	...	...	1,299	456	103	142	...	...	211	1,701	1,193	...	...	...	508
2,290	562	429	...	...	1,299	456	103	142	...	...	211	1,701	1,193	...	...	...	508
34,030	17,793	10,052	10	...	6,185	2,067	755	345	...	...	967	3,012	1,635	543	...	...	834
3,125	1,963	501	...	...	661	306	106	140	...	...	60	667	444	...	...	...	223
3,125	1,963	501	...	...	661	306	106	140	...	...	60	667	444	...	...	...	223
3,003	1,901	501	...	...	601	270	88	140	...	...	42	592	392	...	...	...	200
122	62	...	...	...	60	36	18	...	...	...	18	75	52	...	...	...	23
19,464	9,397	5,023	10	...	5,044	1,371	479	103	...	...	789	1,615	849	323	...	...	443
19,464	9,397	5,023	10	...	5,044	1,371	479	103	...	...	789	1,615	849	323	...	...	443
458	121	...	10	...	387	232	36	...	...	...	196	62	39	...	...	...	23
282	82	...	...	...	200	148	14	...	...	...	184	58	25	14	...	...	19
202	82	...	...	...	120	46	14	...	...	...	32	104	65	...	...	...	39
18,522	9,112	5,023	...	...	4,887	945	415	103	...	...	427	1,391	720	309	...	...	362
11,441	6,433	4,528	...	...	480	390	170	102	...	...	118	730	342	220	...	...	168
104	65	39	...	...	...	28	18	10	...	...	...	340	197	143	...	...	...
104	65	39	...	...	...	28	18	10	...	...	...	340	197	143	...	...	...
11,337	6,368	4,489	...	...	480	362	152	92	...	...	118	390	145	77	...	...	168
11,337	6,368	4,489	...	...	480	362	152	92	...	...	118	390	145	77	...	...	168

**TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR
PART B.—SUBSIDIARY OCCUPATIONS OF
(1) Rent Receivers**

ZILA.	Total number of rent receivers (actual workers.)		Number of actual workers who returned subsidiary occupations.		DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY									
					Rent payers.		Agricultural labourers.		Government employes of all kinds.		Money lenders and grain dealers.		Other traders of all kinds.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
STATE TOTAL ...	1,905	249	719	205	98	13	...	...	9	4	76	64	18	16
Indore ...	462	49	150	41	21	3	..	..	3	1	15	14	4	3
Mehidpur ...	305	25	127	19	17	1	...	...	1	...	14	7	3	1
Nemawar ...	125	37	43	33	5	2	...	...	...	...	5	11	1	3
Nimar ...	578	93	262	78	37	5	...	...	4	2	27	22	6	6
Rampura-Bhanpura,	427	40	135	34	18	2	...	...	1	1	14	10	3	3
Alampur ...	8	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Indore city...	89	38	33	22	4	1	...	...	1	1	4	8	1	1

(2) Rent Payers

ZILA.	Total number of rent payers (actual workers.)		Number of actual workers who returned subsidiary occupations.		DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY											
					Rent receivers.		Agricultural labourers.		General labourers.		Government employes of all kinds.		Money lenders and grain dealers.		Other traders of all kinds.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
STATE TOTAL ...	140,332	49,806	18,012	3,568	3,964	23	3,325	698	1,948	667	23	...	767	83	999	175
Indore ...	27,965	11,317	3,912	956	818	6	715	126	319	225	11	...	223	40	336	120
Mehidpur ...	13,910	5,922	1,950	352	351	3	268	85	172	67	2	...	64	4	195	11
Nemawar ...	11,747	4,367	1,252	217	235	2	129	54	213	69	1	...	74	6	110	7
Nimar ...	53,042	13,750	5,789	1,061	1,334	8	1,158	258	694	133	6	...	260	21	238	19
Rampura-Bhanpura ...	30,903	13,265	4,512	872	1,087	4	968	159	480	122	3	...	130	10	113	14
Alampur ...	2,765	685	597	110	139	...	87	16	70	51	...	...	16	2	7	4
Indore city ...	119	...	74	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	17	...	...	...

(3) Farm Servants and

ZILA.	Total number of Farm servants and field labourers (actual workers.)		Number of actual workers who returned subsidiary occupations.		DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY											
					Rent receivers.		Rent payers.		General labourers.		Village watchmen.		Cattle breeders and milkmen.		Mill hands.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
STATE TOTAL ...	76,304	83,937	15,365	11,310	984	15	238	197	3,008	7,826	675	152	1,678	510	768	651
Indore ...	15,638	13,683	3,153	1,962	206	5	51	44	629	920	125	37	315	103	353	345
Mehidpur ...	8,856	4,947	1,771	707	88	1	30	21	354	385	97	25	297	94	54	38
Nemawar ...	13,299	8,538	2,660	1,219	183	2	37	32	522	850	60	20	180	52	37	29
Nimar ...	21,202	42,214	4,321	5,342	316	4	71	59	824	4,019	215	48	522	140	219	141
Rampura-Bhanpura ...	15,967	14,255	3,192	2,037	178	3	45	39	626	1,533	157	22	357	101	102	97
Alampur ...	1,342	300	268	43	13	...	4	2	53	114	21	...	57	20	3	1
Indore city ...	127	49	95	37	19	3	17	13	8	1	...	...	5	1	2	1

MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.

AGRICULTURISTS—ACTUAL WORKERS ONLY.

—(Landlords).

OCCUPATIONS RETURNED.

Priests.		Clerks of all kinds (not Government).		School Masters.		Lawyers.		Estate Agents and Managers.		Medical practi- tioners.		Artisans.		Others.	
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
92	22	22	...	36	...	8	3	3	...	8	...	9	...	340	83
20	4	5	...	8	...	2	1	1	...	2	...	3	...	66	15
16	2	3	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	65	8
5	3	1	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	21	13
33	9	9	...	13	...	3	1	2	...	3	...	3	...	122	33
18	4	4	...	7	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	66	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	2	2	...	2	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	2	...	10	8

—(Actual Cultivators).

OCCUPATIONS RETURNED.

Fishermen and boatmen.		Cattle breeders and milkmen.		Village watchmen.		Weavers.		Barbers.		Oil pressers.		Washermen.		Potters.		Blacksmiths and carpent- ers.		Others.	
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
230	58	440	183	364	215	141	8	245	63	633	19	162	21	151	22	295	78	4,325	1,255
106	14	168	58	44	38	51	5	99	34	192	19	61	15	41	4	45	31	683	221
...	...	47	25	66	27	9	...	17	...	67	...	19	1	17	4	19	9	647	116
11	3	44	12	68	19	9	...	25	...	79	...	20	1	13	3	25	6	201	35
98	41	89	43	95	71	39	3	60	20	185	...	35	4	42	7	103	19	1,343	414
16	...	67	35	85	55	28	...	42	9	92	...	23	...	29	3	96	13	1,254	448
...	...	25	10	11	5	5	...	2	...	18	...	4	...	9	1	7	...	197	21
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	9	...	10	...

field labourers.

OCCUPATIONS RETURNED.

Fishermen and boatmen.		Rice pounders.		Traders of all kinds.		Oil pressers.		Weavers.		Potters.		Leather- workers.		Blacksmiths and carpen- ters.		Washermen.		Others.	
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
197	37	8	...	832	209	294	1	601	199	173	...	525	33	632	310	122	93	4,629	1,077
85	17	8	...	294	86	195	1	348	84	68	...	193	21	207	161	41	59	91	79
16	...	...	...	119	18	19	...	25	19	27	...	83	1	99	29	13	3	450	73
19	4	...	...	99	17	11	...	19	11	19	...	32	1	68	16	12	2	1,412	183
49	13	...	...	175	50	80	...	104	45	31	...	121	7	137	56	29	18	1,423	742
28	3	...	...	137	35	45	...	99	37	27	...	97	3	119	48	27	11	1,248	...
...	...	...	...	8	8	...	...	6	8	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
3	2	6	...	8	2	...	1	4	3	3	...	9	7	5	...	6	3	...	...

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part C.—Distribution by Religion.—(Continued.)

Class.	Sub-class.	Order.	Group No.	Occupation or means of livelihood.	Total number of workers and dependents.	Hindus.	Jains.	Animists.	Muslimans.	Christians.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—contd.	III.—Industry—contd.	9.—Metals.	38	9.—Metals	6,823	2,414	...	...	4,409	...	...
			39	Forging and rolling of iron and other metals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			40	Plough and agricultural implement makers ...	179	179	...	...	...	...	...
			41	Makers of arms, guns, etc. ...	32	22	...	...	10	...	...
			42	Other workers in iron and makers of implements and tools principally or exclusively of iron.	5,627	1,702	...	...	3,925	...	...
			43	Workers in brass, copper and bell-metal ...	511	511	...	...	...	...	...
			44	Workers in other metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.	474	...	...	...	474	...	...
			45	Workers in mint, etc., die-sinkers. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		10.—Ceramics.	46	10.—Ceramics	8,940	8,850	...	...	90	...	...
			47	Makers of glass and crystal ware ...	232	142	...	...	90	...	...
			48	Makers of porcelain and crockery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			49	Potters and earthen pipe and bowl-makers ...	6,172	6,172	...	...	...	...	...
			50	Brick and tile-makers ...	2,536	2,536	...	...	...	...	...
		11.—Chemical products, etc.	51	Others (mosaic, talc, mica, alabaster, etc., workers) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			52	11.—Chemical products, properly so called and analogous.	1,142	720	...	...	422	...	...
			53	Manufacture of matches and explosive materials ...	116	...	...	...	116	...	...
			54	Manufacture of brated and mineral waters ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			55	Manufacture of dyes, paint and ink ...	65	42	...	...	23	...	...
		12.—Food industries.	56	Manufacture and refining of vegetable and mineral oils.	883	670	...	...	213	...	...
			57	Manufacture of papers, card-board and papier mache.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			58	Others (soap, candle, lac, cutch, perfumes and miscellaneous drugs.	78	8	...	...	70	...	...
			59	12.—Food industries	18,644	12,698	1,666	...	4,280	...	...
			60	Rice pounders and huskers and flour grinders ...	6,702	5,307	...	...	1,395	...	...
		13.—Industries of dress and the toilet.	61	Bakers and biscuit makers... ..	43	5	...	...	38	...	...
			62	Grain parchers, etc. ...	793	793	...	...	...	...	...
			63	Butchers ...	2,855	42	...	...	2,813	...	...
			64	Fish curers ...	175	175	...	...	...	...	...
			65	Butter, cheese, and ghee makers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		14.—Furniture industries.	66	Makers of sugar, molasses and gur ...	66	66	...	...	...	...	...
			67	Sweetmeat makers, preparers of jam and condiments, etc.	5,430	4,095	1,301	...	34	...	...
			68	Brewers and distillers ...	128	128	...	...	...	...	...
			69	Toddy drawers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			70	Manufacturers of tobacco, opium and ganja ...	2,452	2,087	365	...	...	...	...
		15.—Building industries.	71	13.—Industries of dress and the toilet ...	27,396	25,417	...	...	1,979	...	...
			72	Hat, cap and turban makers ...	40	40	...	...	...	...	...
			73	Tailors, milliners, dress makers and darners, embroiderers on linen.	7,382	6,436	...	...	946	...	...
			74	Shoe, boot and sandal makers ...	7,576	7,438	...	...	138	...	...
			75	Other industries pertaining to dress, gloves, socks, gaiters, belts, buttons, umbrellas, canes, etc.	92	92	...	...	...	...	...
		16.—Construction of means of transport.	76	Washing, cleaning and dyeing ...	2,647	1,752	...	...	895	...	...
			77	Barbers, hair dressers and wigmakers ...	9,659	9,659	...	...	...	...	...
			78	Other industries connected with the toilet (tattoos, shampooers, bath-houses, etc.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			79	14.—Furniture industries	18	18	...	...	...	...	...
			80	Cabinet makers, carriage painters, etc. ...	18	18	...	...	...	...	...
		17.—Production and transmission of physical forces, heat, light, etc.	81	Upholsterers, tent makers, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			82	15.—Building industries	4,194	2,559	...	...	1,635	...	...
			83	Lime burners, cement makers ...	358	232	...	...	126	...	...
			84	Excavators, plinth builders and well-sinkers ...	331	157	...	...	174	...	...
			85	Stone and marble workers, masons and brick-layers.	2,369	1,295	...	...	1,074	...	...
		18.—Construction of means of transport.	86	Others (thatchers, building contractors, house painters, tilers, plumbers, lock-smiths, etc.).	1,136	875	...	...	261	...	...
			87	16.—Construction of means of transport... ..	142	142	...	...	...	...	...
			88	Cart, carriage, paliki, etc., makers and wheelwrights.	28	28	...	...	...	...	...
			89	Saddlers, harness makers, whip and lash makers ...	114	114	...	...	...	...	...
			90	Ship and boat builders ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		19.—Production and transmission of physical forces, heat, light, etc.	91	17.—Production and transmission of physical forces (heat, light, electricity motive powers, etc.)	48	17	...	...	25	6	...
			92	Gas works, electric light and ice factories ...	48	17	...	...	25	6	...

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part C.—Distribution by Religion.—(Continued.)

Class.	Sub-class.	Order.	Group No.	Occupation or means of livelihood.	Total number of workers and dependents.	Hindus.	Jains.	Animists.	Muslimans.	Christians.	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
B.—Preparation and supply of material substances—contd.	III.—Industry.—(concluded.)	18.—Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences.		18.—Industries of luxury and those pertaining to literature and the arts and sciences.	7,410	1,870	57	...	5,483	...	...
			84 A	Printers, lithographers, engravers, etc. (Government),	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			84 B	Printers, lithographers, engravers, etc. (Native State).	63	63	...	...	...	...	
			85	News paper and magazine managers and editors, etc.,	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			86	Book-binders and stitchers, envelope makers, etc.,	44	24	...	...	20	...	
			87	Makers of musical instruments	40	27	...	...	13	...	
			88	Makers of watches and clocks and optical photographic and surgical instruments.	198	162	...	...	36	...	
			89	Workers in precious stones and metals, enamellers, imitation jewellery makers and gilders, etc.,	6,598	1,127	57	...	5,414	...	
			90	Makers of bangles, rosaries, bead and other necklaces, spangles, lingams and sacred threads.	382	382	...	...	...	...	
			91	Toy, kite, cage, fishing tackle, etc., makers taxidermists, etc.	60	60	...	...	...	...	
			92	Others including managers, persons other than performers employed in theatres and other places of public entertainment, employees of public societies, race-course service, huntsmen, etc.	25	25	...	...	...	...	
		19.—Industries concerned with refuse matter.		19.—Industries concerned with refuse matter.	4,042	2,858	...	...	1,184	...	
			93	Sweepers, scavengers, dust and sweeping contractors,	4,042	2,858	...	...	1,184	...	
		IV.—TRANSPORT		IV.—TRANSPORT	8,460	5,242	...	...	3,193	27	7
				20.—Transport by water	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		20.—Transport by road.	94	Harbour works, Dockyards and pilots	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			95	Ship owners, ship officers, engineers, mariners and firemen.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			96 A	Persons employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and canals (including construction) Government.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			96 B	Persons employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and canals (including construction) Native State.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			97	Boat owners, boatmen and towmen	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		21.—Transport by road		21.—Transport by road	7,853	4,794	...	...	3,059	...	
			98 A	Persons employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges (Government).	296	196	...	...	100	...	
			98 B	Persons employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges (Native State).	562	367	...	...	195	...	
		22.—Transport by rail	99	Cart owners and drivers, coachmen, stable boys, tramway, mail carriage, etc., managers and employees (excluding private servants).	6,542	3,889	...	...	2,653	...	
			100	Palki, etc., bearers and owners.	85	85	...	...	...	...	
			101	Pack elephant, camel, mule, ass, bullock owners and drivers.	68	25	...	...	43	...	
			102	Porters and messengers	300	232	...	...	68	...	
	22.—Transport by rail		311	223	...	...	66	19	3		
	23.—Post Office, etc.	103 A	Railway employees of all kinds other than construction coolies (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...		
		103 B	Railway employees of all kinds other than construction coolies (Native State).	311	223	...	...	66	19	3	
	23.—Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services.	104 A	Labourers employed on railway construction (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...		
		104 B	Labourers employed on railway construction (Native State).	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	24.—Banks, establishments of credit, exchange and insurance.		23.—Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services.	305	225	...	...	68	8	4	
		105 A	Post office, Telegraph and Telephone services (Imperial)	270	190	...	...	68	8	4	
		105 B	Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services (Native State).	35	35	...	...	...	...		
	V.—Trade.	24.—Banks, etc.	V.—TRADE	48,341	32,211	5,766	...	10,357	2	5	
			24.—Banks, establishments of credit, exchange and insurance.	440	333	35	...	72	...		
		25.—Brokerage commission and export	106	Bank managers, money lenders, exchange and insurance agents, money changers and brokers and their employees.	440	333	35	...	72	...	
				25.—Brokerage commission and export	392	258	134	...	...	...	
		26.—Trade in textiles	107	Brokers, commission agents, commercial travellers, warehouse owners and employees.	392	258	134	...	...	...	
				26.—Trade in textiles	5,381	4,181	1,200	...	...	...	
		27.—Trade in skins, leather and furs	108	Trade in picco-goods, wool, cotton, silk, hair and other textiles.	5,381	4,181	1,200	...	...	...	
				27.—Trade in skins, leather and furs	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		28.—Trade in wood	109	Trade in skins, leather, furs, feathers, horns, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
				28.—Trade in wood	135	...	...	...	135	...	
		29.—Trade in metals	110	Trade in wood (not firewood) cork bark, etc.	135	...	...	...	135	...	
			29.—Trade in metals	727	...	...	...	727	...		
		111	Trade in metals, machinery, knife, tool, etc., sellers...	727	...	...	...	727	...		

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part C.—Distribution by Religion.—(Continued.)

Class.	Sub-class.	Order.	Group No.	Occupation or means of livelihood.	Total number of workers and dependents.	Hindus.	Jains.	Animists.	Musalmans.	Christians.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C.—Public administration and liberal arts.	B.—Preparation and supply of material substances.—(Concld.)	30.—Trade in pottery	112	Trade in pottery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			113	31.—Trade in chemical products	1,773	...	...	...	1,773	...	...
			114	Trade in chemical products (drugs, dyes, paints, petroleum, explosives, etc.	1,773	...	...	...	1,773	...	...
			115	32.—Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc.	4,541	4,080	...	...	454	2	5
			116	Vendors of wine, liquors and aerated waters	4,481	4,056	...	...	418	2	5
			117	Owners and managers of hotels, cook-shops, sarais, etc., and their employees.	60	24	...	...	36	...	...
			118	33.—Other trade in food stuffs...	25,250	19,604	3,654	...	1,992	...	...
			119	Fish dealers	202	202	...	...	...	...	...
			120	Grocers and sellers of vegetable, oil, salt and other condiments.	3,658	1,768	1,892	...	...	...	...
			121	Sellers of milk, butter, ghee, poultry, eggs, etc.	429	429	...	...	...	...	...
			122	Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gur and molasses.	7,430	7,060	370	...	...	...	...
			123	Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, fruit and areca nut sellers.	230	230	...	...	...	...	...
			124	Grain and pulse dealers	8,521	6,939	1,555	...	227	...	...
			125	Tobacco, Opium Ganja, etc., sellers	419	252	37	...	130	...	...
			126	Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs	907	789	...	...	118	...	...
			127	Dealers in hay, grass and fodder	3,454	1,987	...	...	1,517	...	...
			128	34.—Trade in clothing and toilet articles,	6,031	2,030	138	...	3,863	...	...
			129	Trade in ready-made clothing and other articles of dress and the toilet (hats, umbrellas, socks, ready-made shoes, perfumes, etc.)	6,031	2,030	138	...	3,863	...	...
			130	35.—Trade in furniture	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			131	Trade in furniture, carpets, curtains and bedding	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			132	Hardware, cooking utensils, porcelain, crockery, glass-ware, bottles, articles for gardening the cellar, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			133	36.—Trade in building materials	92	92	...	...	...	...	...
			134	Trade in building materials (stones, bricks, plaster, cement, sand, tiles, thatch, etc.	92	92	...	...	...	...	...
			135	37.—Trade in means of transport	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			136	Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, cattle, asses, mules, etc., sellers (not makers) of carriages, saddlery, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			137	38.—Trade in fuel	1,221	537	...	...	684	...	...
			138	Dealers in firewood, charcoal, coal, cowdung, etc.	1,221	537	...	...	684	...	...
			139	39.—Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and arts and sciences.	1,408	249	605	...	554	...	...
			140	Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation) clocks, optical instruments, etc.	605	...	605	...	...	...	...
			141	Dealers in common bangles, bead, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackle, flowers, etc.	782	238	...	...	544	...	...
			142	Publishers, book-sellers, stationers, dealers in music pictures, musical instruments and curiosities.	21	11	...	...	10	...	...
			143	40.—Trade in refuse matters	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			144	Dealers in rags, stable refuse, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			145	41.—Trade in other sorts	950	847	...	...	103	...	...
			146	Shop-keepers otherwise unspecified	560	560	...	...	...	...	...
			147	Itinerant traders, pedlars, hawkers, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			148	Conjurors, acrobats, fortune-tellers, reciters, exhibitors of curiosities and wild animals.	361	258	...	...	103	...	...
			149	Other traders (including farmers of pounds, tolls and markets).	29	29	...	...	...	...	...
			150	C.—Public administration and liberal arts,	49,229	33,321	303	330	14,368	450	457
			151	VI.—PUBLIC FORCE	13,001	7,471	...	330	4,774	7	419
			152	42.—Army	5,180	2,863	...	...	2,048	...	329
			153	Army (Imperial)	1,468	493	...	...	646	...	329
			154	Army (Native State)	3,712	2,310	...	...	1,402	...	...
			155	43.—Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			156	Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			157	44.—Police	7,821	4,668	...	330	2,726	7	90
			158	Police (Imperial)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			159	Police (Native State)	3,691	2,266	...	...	1,323	7	90
			160	Village watchmen	4,130	2,402	...	330	1,398	...	...

TABLE XV.—OCCUPATION OR MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD.—Part C.—Distribution by Religion.—(Concluded.)

Class.	Sub-clas.	Order.	Group No.	Occupation or means of livelihood.	Total number of workers and dependents.	Hindus.	Jains.	Animists.	Musalmaus.	Christians.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C.—Public administration and liberal arts.—(concl'd.)	VII.—Public administration.	45.—Public administration.		VII.—PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION ...	11,049	7,349	87	...	3,064	30	19
				45.—Public administration ...	11,049	7,349	87	...	3,064	30	19
			144	Service of the State ...	69	23	...	...	10	19	17
			145A	Rulers of Native States and their families ...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...
			145B	Durbar officials ...	2,051	1,350	178	...	610	11	2
			145C	Menials ...	7,329	5,302	...	...	2,027	...	...
			146	Municipal and other local (not village) service, Village officials and servants other than watchmen,...	150	80	...	...	60	...	...
			147	Village officials and servants other than watchmen,...	1,446	1,080	9	...	357	...	...
				VIII.—PROFESSIONS AND LIBERAL ARTS.	9,413	6,287	216	...	2,893	14	3
				46.—Religion ...	5,222	3,877	216	...	1,120	9	...
			148	Preists, ministers, etc. ...	1,531	1,246	127	...	158	...	...
			149	Religious mendicants, inmates of monasteries, etc. ...	1,806	1,409	89	...	317	...	...
	150	Catechists, readers, church and mission service ...	528	314	...	...	205	9	...		
	151	Temple, burial or burning ground service, pilgrim conductors, circumcisers.	1,357	917	...	...	440	...	...		
		47.—Law ...	1,374	1,099	...	275	...	...	...		
	152	Lawyers of all kinds including Kazis, law agents and Mukhtars.	645	370	...	275	...	...	...		
	153	Lawyers, clerks, petition writers, etc. ...	729	729	...	...	...	...	...		
		48.—Medicine ...	506	299	...	207	...	...	...		
	154A	Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists, oculists and veterinary surgeons, (Government).	17	10	...	7	...	...	...		
	154B	Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists, oculists and veterinary surgeons, etc., (Native State).	116	77	...	39	...	...	...		
	155A	Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs etc., (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	155B	Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc., (Native State).	373	212	...	161	...	...	...		
		49.—Instruction ...	989	602	...	387	...	...	...		
	156A	Professors and teachers of all kinds and clerks and servants connected with education, (Government).	60	39	...	30	...	...	...		
	156B	Professors and teachers of all kinds and clerks and servants connected with education (Native State).	920	563	...	357	...	...	...		
		50.—Letters and arts and sciences ...	1,322	410	...	904	5	3	...		
	157	Public scribes, stenographers, etc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	158A	Architects, surveyors, engineers and other employes, (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	158B	Architects, surveyors, engineers and other employes, (Native States).	473	332	...	133	5	3	...		
	159	Others authors, (photographers artists, sculptors, astronomers, meteorologists, botanists, astrologers, etc.)	61	61	...	...	...	...	...		
	160	Music composers and masters, players on all kinds of musical instruments (not military), singers, actors and dancers.	788	17	...	771	...	...	...		
		IX.—PERSONS LIVING PRINCIPALLY ON THEIR INCOME.	15,766	11,714	...	3,637	392	16	...		
		51.—Persons living principally on their income.	15,766	11,714	...	3,637	399	16	...		
	161A	Proprietors (other than of agricultural land), fund and scholarship holders and pensioners, (Government).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	161B	Proprietors (other than of agricultural land) fund and scholarship holders and pensioners, (Native State).	15,766	11,714	...	3,637	399	16	...		
		D.—Miscellaneous ...	200,542	188,293	115	1,477	10,647	...	10	...	
		X.—DOMESTIC SERVICE ...	15,745	15,259	...	125	361	...	...		
		52.—Domestic Service ...	15,745	15,259	...	125	361	...	...		
	162	Cooks, water carriers, door keepers, watchmen and other indoor servants.	14,889	14,677	...	125	87	...	...		
	163	Private grooms, coachmen, dog-boys, etc. ...	856	582	...	...	274	...	...		
		XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OCCUPATIONS.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
		53.—General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.	112,290	105,304	115	1,352	5,509	...	10	...	
	164	Manufacturers, businessmen and contractors otherwise unspecified.	2,606	2,596	...	...	...	...	10	...	
	165	Cashiers, accountants, book-keepers, clerks and other employes in unspecified offices, ware-houses and shops.	1,600	1,600	...	...	...	...	...		
	166	Mechanics otherwise unspecified ...	1,301	874	...	...	427	...	...		
	167	Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified. ...	106,783	100,234	115	1,352	5,082	...	...		
		XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
		54.—Inmates of jails, asylums and hospitals.	609	454	...	155	...	...	...		
168	Inmates of jails, asylums and hospitals ...	609	454	...	155	...	...	...			
	55.—Beggars, vagrants, prostitutes ...	71,898	67,276	...	4,622	...	...	...			
169	Beggars, vagrants, procurers, prostitutes, receivers of stolen goods, cattle poisoners.	71,898	67,276	...	4,622	...	...	...			

TABLE XV.—Statistics of Industries.—Part D.—State Summary.

Description of factory, mine, etc.	Number of factories.	CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED.													
		Total number of persons employed.		DIRECTION, SUPERVISION AND CLERICAL WORK.				SKILLED WORKMEN.				UNSKILLED LABOURERS.			
				Europeans and Anglo-Indians.		Indians.		Europeans and Anglo-Indians.		Indians.		Age 14 and over.		Age under 14.	
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Indore State	39	3,731	1,097	8	...	213	23	6	...	1,928	232	1,274	788	302	54
Cotton ginning factories	27	960	763	...	...	110	23	6	...	132	39	671	656	41	45
Cotton spinning and weaving mills	2	2,234	244	3	...	73	...	...	...	1,555	175	342	60	261	9
Cotton presses	5	223	68	...	...	13	...	...	...	55	12	160	56	...	...
Rug-making factory	1	141	8	3	...	4	...	...	...	123	...	11	8	...	...
Repairing shop	1	35	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	21	...	...	...
Flour manufacture factory	1	38	14	...	...	6	5	...	...	12	6	20	8	...	...
Electric light work	1	35	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	30	...	...	...
Printing press	1	59	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	34	...	19	...	...	...

TABLE XVI.

OCCUPATION

BY SELECTED CASTES, TRIBES OR RACES.

This Table gives statistics for the occupation of certain selected castes, tribes or races, the occupations are arranged under 12 main heads corresponding to the sub-classes of the scheme of classification given in Table XV-A. Column 6 and 7 throw light in the extent to which traditional caste occupations are followed, while column 8 is intended to make it possible to discount the tendency of functional castes to return their traditional occupations as their principal means of livelihood. The figures in column 9 onward are exclusive of those shown in column 6.

TABLE XVI.—OCCUPATION BY

Serial Number.	Caste, Tribe or Race.	Sex.	Traditional Occupation.	POPULATION DEALT WITH.		NUMBER OF ACTUAL WORKERS, WHOSE TRADITIONAL CASTE OCCUPATION WAS RETURNED AS THEIR.		Number of actual workers returning their principal means of livelihood who had some subsidiary occupation.	RECORDED					
				Actual workers.	Dependents.	Principal means of livelihood.	Subsidiary means of livelihood.		I. EXPLOITATION OF THE SURFACE OF THE SOIL.					
									Income from rent of land.	Cultivators of all kinds.	Agents and managers of landed estates, planters, forest officers and their clerks, rent collectors, etc.	Field labourers, wood cutters, etc.	Raisers of live-stock, milkmen and herdsmen.	Fishing and hunting.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	STATETOTAL	Males Females	{ ... }	97,391 32,974	60,902 108,865	46,882 10,047	4,322 679	1,180 311	285 27	11,019 3,142	9 ...	17,494 11,181	724 143	...
1	Hindu	Males Females	{ ... }	67,376 22,225	43,080 76,963	36,256 7,975	3,816 574	921 260	254 8	6,356 1,433	3 ...	9,881 6,451	724 143	...
1	Ajna	Males Females	{ Agricultural. }	1,628 417	681 1,821	1,142 123	93 32	5 3	...	...	...	223 163	...	...
2	Bania	Males Females	{ ... }	4,315 1,016	3,849 4,852	1,874 267	403 11	11 23	1 ...	78 1	3 ...	...	...	...
	(1) Agarwal	Males Females	{ Trade. }	823 373	795 1,075	531 93	123 8	11 23	...	16 ...	2 ...	...	...	...
	(2) Gahe	Males Females	{ Do. }	296 67	207 376	19 2	2 ...	...	1 ...	...	...	...	...	...
	(3) Mahesri	Males Females	{ Do. }	1,814 226	1,082 1,367	644 55	114 2	...	...	54 ...	1 ...	...	...	...
	(4) Oswal	Males Females	{ Do. }	526 67	553 538	213 4	60 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(5) Porwal	Males Females	{ Do }	856 283	1,207 1,496	467 113	104 1	...	...	8 1	...	...	...	...
3	Banjara	Males Females	{ Carriers by pack animals. }	5,164 1,227	3,027 3,508	2,119 701	26 1	17 ...	55 ...	1,203 7	...	724 326	...	...
4	Bhat	Males Females	{ Legend singers. }	351 319	407 284	34 26	...	...	...	114 56	...	93 104	...	...
5	Brahman	Males Females	{ ... }	3,852 819	2,214 4,406	90 ...	8 ...	16 ...	...	976 157	...	491 195	...	...
	(1) Bhagor	Males Females	{ Priests. }	104 17	118 186	3 ...	...	...	...	2 ...	...	...	...	...
	(2) Jijhotia	Males Females	{ Do. }	134 24	202 266	6 ...	...	...	...	9 1	...	...	...	...
	(3) Sanadhya	Males Females	{ Do. }	1,619 256	784 1,726	24 ...	2 ...	9 ...	...	454 63	...	210 83	...	...
	(4) Sarwaria	Males Females	{ Do. }	423 19	194 258	2 ...	...	...	...	123 2	...	149 7	...	...
	(5) Shrigand	Males Females	{ Priests. }	1,453 486	751 1,652	53 ...	6 ...	7 ...	...	386 91	...	121 103	...	...
	(6) Shrimali	Males Females	{ Do. }	119 17	165 318	2 ...	...	...	...	5 ...	...	2 ...	...	...
6	Chamar	Males Females	{ Leather workers. }	11,637 4,568	7,477 832	8,358 2,163	623 74	114 78	119 8	964 353	...	1,623 1,435	...	...
7	Dhangar	Males Females	{ Military and Dominant. }	824 896	548 681	521 19	24 ...	8 2	...	2 ...	...	...	196 ...	...
8	Gujar	Males Females	{ Agriculture. }	8,623 2,623	5,433 11,776	3,476 1,324	856 183	67 28	...	...	...	1,110 696	724 81	...
9	Kachera	Males Females	{ Glass and lac workers. }	198 107	69 584	83 34	7 ...	...	...	...	...	80 42	...	...
10	Kalal	Males Females	{ Distillers and Toddy drawers }	1,523 642	858 2,535	967 111	129 65	14 29	16 ...	124 37	...	226 205	...	...
11	Khangar	Males Females	{ Watchmen. }	223 98	85 322	13 7	2 ...	...	2 ...	6 ...	...	54 15	...	...
12	Khati	Males Females	{ Agriculture. }	4,629 1,913	2,184 7,467	2,729 624	972 59	154 38	...	...	...	1,521 754	...	...
13	Kunbi	Males Females	{ Do. }	4,953 2,319	1,878 3,604	3,856 1,849	547 94	84 28	...	...	...	893 319	...	...
14	Maratha	Males Females	{ Military and Dominant. }	1,387 953	1,883 1,860	624 210	14 52	137 ...	41 ...	256 159	...	96 206	...	...
15	Mina	Males Females	{ Hunting and Robbery. }	129 57	69 105	30 12	7 3	4 2	...	37 ...	...	60 43	...	...
16	Mochi	Males Females	{ Shoe Makers and Leather Workers. }	324 126	207 297	26 83	...	...	...	7 2	...	32 14	...	...

SELECTED CASTES, TRIBES OR RACES.

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION OF ACTUAL WORKERS.

II. EXTRACTION OF MINERALS.		III. INDUSTRIES.		IV. TRANSPORT.		V. Trade.	VI. PUBLIC FORCE.		VII. PUBLIC AD- MINISTRATION.		VIII. ARTS AND PROFESSIONS.			IX. Persons living on their own income.	X. Domestic service.	XI. Contractors, clerks, cashiers, etc., otherwise unspecified.	XII. Labourers unspecified.	XIII Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and inmates of jails and asylums.
Owners, managers, clerks, etc.	Labourers.	Owners, managers, clerks, etc.	Artisans and other workmen.	Owners, managers, ship's officers, etc.	Labourers, boatmen, carters, pack-bearers, etc.		Commissioned and Gazetted officers.	Others.	Gazetted officers.	Others.	Religious.	Lawyers doctors and teachers.	Others.					
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
...	8	...	973	...	165	586	...	262	22	380	18	68	694	2,286	3,715	30	10,888	883
...	...	...	798	...	105	314	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	774	1,447	...	4,676	269
...	8	...	526	...	165	232	...	262	20	164	4	55	684	1,888	2,359	30	6,837	618
...	...	...	500	...	105	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	605	1,071	...	3,553	242
...	...	...	...	...	155	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	29	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	7	...	...	...
...	3	...	100	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	4	10	214	573	950	...	484	2
...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	149	299	...	280	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	34	155	...	81	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	81	...	135	...
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	113	...	135	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	56	...	5	...
...	...	...	53	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	4	2	80	363	475	...	119	...
...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	26	75	...	59	...
...	...	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	48	105	...	41	...
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	26	14	...	18	...
...	2	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	51	104	102	...	108	...
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	29	73	...	63	...
...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	6	253	103	...	629	39
...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7	...	174	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	6	19	...	72	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	125	...
...	5	...	39	...	...	140	...	203	...	68	...	38	229	499	525	...	483	63
...	...	...	13	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	173	203	...	58	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	13	...	...	...	...	35	4	19	...	10	14
...	5	...	2	...	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	2	10	34	10	...	41	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7	5	...	9	...
...	...	...	20	...	...	59	...	51	...	...	...	4	43	303	219	...	211	12
...	...	...	6	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	34	...	21	10
...	...	...	4	...	...	3	...	13	...	...	...	2	13	29	39	...	44	2
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	3	...
...	...	...	13	...	...	70	...	113	...	49	...	19	121	107	213	...	163	25
...	...	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	123	146	...	14	1
...	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	6	...	19	...	11	7	22	25	...	14	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	7	...
...	...	...	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	293	224
...	...	...	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	363	163
...	...	...	3	...	...	38	...	...	20	44	...	...	30	18	26	...	123	4
...	...	...	128	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	313	...	219	...
...	...	...	51	...	...	14	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	153	89	...	2,976	17
...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	4	...	462	2
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	5	...	19	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	25	...
...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	23	37	30	56	14
...	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	79	...	83	27
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	4	...	102	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	...	65	...
...	...	...	6	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	16	49	...	290	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	93	...	...	442	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	14	...	161	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	141	10
...	...	...	13	...	6	43	...	...	...	23	...	7	17	52	59	...	127	23
...	...	...	84	...	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	27	...	187	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	7	10
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	21	3

TABLE XVI.—OCCUPATION BY

Serial Number.	Caste, Tribe, or Race.	Sex.	Traditional Occupation.	POPULATION DEALT WITH.		NUMBER OF ACTUAL WORKERS, WHOSE TRADITIONAL CASTE OCCUPATION WAS RETURNED AS THEIR.		Number of actual workers returning their Traditional Occupation as their principal means of livelihood who had some subsidiary occupation.	RECORDED						
				Actual workers.	Dependents.	Principal means of livelihood.	Subsidiary means of livelihood.		I. EXPLOITATION OF THE SURFACE OF THE SOIL.						
									Income from rent of land.	Cultivators of all kinds.	Agents and managers of landed estates, planters, forest officers and their clerks, rent collectors, etc.	Field labourers, wood cutters, etc.	Raisers of live-stock, milkmen and herdsmen.	Fishing and hunting.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
17	Rajput ...	Males Females	{ ... }	5,667 1,860	4,607 3,426	846 ...	34 ...	120 ...	... ...	2,262 630	... ...	1,158 549	... ...	...	
	(1) Baghela	Males Females	{ Military and Dominant. }	64 13	40 67	3 ...	... ...	6 ...	... ...	14 ...	... ...	9 7	... ...	...	
	(2) Bundela	Males Females	{ Do. }	103 67	87 144	8 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	32 4	... ...	14 38	... ...	...	
	(3) Chauhan	Males Females	{ Do. }	1,451 419	1,221 738	534 ...	7 ...	43 ...	... ...	356 123	... ...	117 98	... ...	...	
	(4) Dikhit	Males Females	{ Do. }	104 ...	76 ...	7 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	29 ...	... ...	38 ...	... ...	...	
	(5) Gahalot	Males Females	{ Do. }	119 24	27 89	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	63 7	... ...	14 2	... ...	...	
	(6) Maratha (Ponwar)	Males Females	{ Do. }	47 19	48 242	14 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	6 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	...	
	(7) Ponwar	Males Females	{ Do. }	724 256	539 611	36 ...	7 ...	29 ...	... ...	413 113	... ...	153 63	... ...	...	
	(8) Rathor	Males Females	{ Do. }	1,724 651	1,571 1,244	214 ...	19 ...	42 ...	... ...	855 264	... ...	310 167	... ...	...	
	(9) Sisodia	Males Females	{ Do. }	194 167	202 204	9 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	85 56	... ...	43 51	... ...	...	
	(10) Solanki	Males Females	{ Do. }	581 237	364 287	19 ...	1 ...	... ...	... ...	213 63	... ...	193 119	... ...	...	
	(11) Tonwar	Males Females	{ Do. }	556 7	432 40	2 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	196 ...	... ...	267 4	... ...	...	
	18	Sirwi	Males Females	{ Agriculture. }	863 250	427 463	619 79		14 3				183 169		...
	19	Sondhia	Males Females	{ Agriculture and Dacoity. }	7,840 613	3,381 5,224	6,473 142	71 ...	19 5			1,103 257	62 ...	...	...
20	Teli	Males Females	{ Oil Pressors. }	3,237 1,402	3,233 7,016	2,139 201	... ...	37 21	20 ...	324 31	... ...	211 763	...	...	
II	Jain	Males Females	{ ... }	2,321 447	1,428 2,736	1,612 360	139 ...	50 21	... ...	309 5	... ...	... ...	... ...	...	
	1 Bania Oswal	Males Females	{ Trade. }	1,853 254	1,116 2,253	1,314 201	124 ...	42 18	... ...	263 5	... ...	... ...	... ...	...	
	2 " Porwal	Males Females	{ Do. }	468 193	312 483	298 159	15 ...	8 3	... ...	46 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	...	
III	Animist	Males Females	{ ... }	12,073 5,759	8,503 14,944	5,748 1,712	335 105	67 30	... ...	17 ...	... ...	3,346 3,237	... ...	...	
	1 Animist Bhil	Males Females	{ Agriculture. }	9,854 4,524	7,295 12,548	4,614 1,433	203 63	48 19	... ...	... ...	... ...	2,605 2,310	... ...	...	
	2 Bhilala	Males Females	{ Do. }	229 113	204 533	114 75	17 9	5 7	... ...	... ...	... ...	68 20	... ...	...	
	3 Gond	Males Females	{ Agriculture and Hunting. }	1,923 866	969 1,271	1,020 204	115 33	14 4	... ...	... ...	... ...	628 651	... ...	...	
	4 Mina	Males Females	{ Hunters and Robbers. }	67 256	35 592	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	17 ...	... ...	50 256	... ...	...	
	IV	Musalman...	Males Females	{ ... }	15,621 4,543	7,891 14,222	3,266 ...	32 ...	142 ...	31 19	4,337 1,704	6 ...	4,267 1,493		...
1 Behana		Males Females	{ Cotton Cleaners }	469 ...	202 ...	108 ...	... ...	4 ...	... ...	114 ...	... ...	93 ...	... ...	...	
2 Pathan		Males Females	{ Military and Dominant. }	5,694 2,403	2,706 4,302	993 ...	8 ...	83 ...	17 19	1,866 953	4 ...	1,629 801	... ...	...	
3 Saiyad		Males Females	{ Do. }	1,929 914	682 1,626	826 ...	... ...	18 ...	... ...	754 223	... ...	219 356	... ...	...	
4 Shaikh		Males Females	{ Do. }	7,529 1,226	4,301 8,294	1,339 ...	24 ...	37 ...	14 ...	1,613 528	2 ...	2,326 336	... ...	...	

SELECTED CASTES, TRIBES OR RACES.

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION OF ACTUAL WORKERS.

II. EXTRACTION OF MINERALS.		III. INDUSTRIES.		IV. TRANSPORT.		V. TRADE.	VI. PUBLIC FORCE.		VII. PUBLIC AD- MINISTRATION.		VIII. ARTS AND PROFESSIONS.			IX. Persons living on their Income.	X. Domestic Service.	XI. Contractors, clerks, cashiers, etc., otherwise unspecified.	XII. Labourers unspecified.	XIII. Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and inmates of jails and asylums.
Owners, managers, clerks, etc.	Labourers.	Owners, managers, clerks, etc.	Artisans and other workmen.	Owners, managers, ship's officers, etc.	Labourers, boatmen, carters, palki-bearers, etc.		Commissioned and gazetted officers.	Others.	Gazetted officers.	Others.	Religious.	Lawyers, doctors and teachers.	Others.					
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
...	...	...	149	...	...	24	...	...	...	1	...	...	133	115	227	...	686	66
...	...	...	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	18	39	...	520	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	11	2
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	1	...	5	...
...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	6	...	20	4
...	...	...	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	54	5	...	14	1
...	...	...	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	153	...	73	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	145	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	35	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	2	4	...	15	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	2	...	11	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	111	9
...	...	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	24	17	...	80	...
...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	10	...	179	28
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	7	9	...	169	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	9	7	...	22	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	14	7	...	31	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	5	...	113	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	44	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	7	...	3	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	5
...	...	...	...	...	4	8	...	1	...	24	...	...	9	8	32	...	2	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	3	...	95	92
...	...	...	64	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	49	183	...	137	4
...	...	...	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	9	78	...	189	37
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	249	16
...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	2	6	22	292	...	39	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	42	...	38	...
...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	2	...	18	219	...	3	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	18	...	28	...
...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	6	4	73	...	31	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	10	...
...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,734	39
...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	798	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	162	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,446	20
...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	771	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	250	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	426	...	...	304	...	...	2	19	14	11	4	376	1,064	...	1,278	216
...	...	...	288	...	...	226	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	187	334	...	287	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	19	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	21	9	...	96	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	117	...	...	63	...	...	...	3	3	1	...	83	154	...	678	93
...	...	...	114	...	...	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	269	...	33	14
...	...	...	34	...	...	7	...	...	2	2	6	4	...	19	35	...	14	7
...	...	...	53	...	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	48	...	176	2
...	...	...	256	...	...	231	...	...	...	14	5	6	...	253	866	...	490	114
...	...	...	121	...	...	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	17	...	78	9

TABLE XVII.

CHRISTIAN BY SECT AND RACE.

This Table shews the Sects of Christians of all Races. Under the orders of Government of India, the term of "Anglo-Indian" has been used for "Eurasian" in the statistics of the present Census, those who returned themselves as Eurasians have been entered under the new head.

TABLE XVIII.

EUROPEANS AND ANGLO-INDIANS BY RACE AND AGE.

This Table shews the distribution by districts and in the State as a whole.

LIST OF VILLAGES

IN

INDORE STATE.

This list gives for each Pargana and Divisional Forest the numbers and names of all the inhabited and uninhabited villages in the State, alphabetically, with the number of occupied houses, total population and religious distribution.

The guaranteed and unguaranteed villages of the estates which are shown under item “(2) Guaranteed Estates” in Tables, I-VI and excluded from State Proper figures in the Tables, have all been included in the Parganas concerned, consequently the Pargana figures in the Village List vary from those shown in Tables I-VI. The Villages held by guaranteed estates holders have been printed in italics for distinction.

The two villages (Kodalya Kheri and Batholi) of Barwaha Pargana, which were transferred to Maheshwar to facilitate the work of their enumeration, have now been shown in Barwaha to which they really belong; and, therefore, an adjustment by an addition of their population in the former and by deduction from the latter, has been made.

In compiling this list much stress has been laid on the following facts :—

The names and numbers in almost all cases have been corrected after actual enquiry at the Pargana headquarters verification of the Pargana, Settlement and the Census Lists in consultation with the Amin, Patwari and the Settlement Munsarim. The names of the villages recorded are those by which they are known locally, therefore, in some cases they will differ from the names shown in the departmental lists, previously published.

The classification of villages as Jagir, etc., in column 18 of the list has been made only in three parts (Jagir, Muafi and Istimrar) as shown by the Inam Commissioner. All doubtful entries such as Jagir villages under attachment of the Darbar for some reason or other, have not been classified, nor has any remark been noted against them, they have been treated as “Khalsa.” Such villages, as are shown in the lists of the Inam Commissioner but were not found on the revenue roll in the Pargana, have been left out of account. While such Mazras, as were shown by the Inam Commissioner as Mazras but were found on enquiry to be separate villages in the revenue roll, have been classified as Jagir, or Muafi, or Istimrar, as the case may be with their parent villages and given separate numbers.

In column 19 of the list the abbreviations indicated by figures for the institutions situated at the village are marked as under:—

I—A. Anglo-Vernacular School.	B. Munsif and Magistrate's Court.
B. Vernacular School.	V—A. Railway Station of R. M. R.,
C. Girls' School.	B. Do. B. B. & C. I. R.
II—A. Hospital.	C. Do. G. I. P. R.
B. Dispensary.	VI— Inspection Bungalows.
III—A. Post office.	VII—A. Police Station.
B. Telegraph office.	B. Outpost.
IV—A. District and Sessions Court.	C. Road or frontier post, etc.

Special reference has also been made to the College, High School. Sarais, Female Hospital and Government rest houses on the roads.

In the State the only guaranteed estates are:—

Hirapur, which lies in the Kathaphor Pargana of the Nemawar District (1 village).

Jamnia, in the Mhow Pargana of the Indore District (1 village),

Lalgarh, in the Mehidpur Pargana of the Mehidpur District (4 villages).

A remark against their villages in column 19 of the list has been made to that effect.

Petlawad and II. Depalpur Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

I. Indore Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir &c	REMARKS. (The institutions situ- ated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
पेटलावद् पुराना	Petlawad Pargana	2,346	9,475	4,745	4,730	1,489	1,480	2,812	2,667	217	185	222	197	5	1			
अनंत सेढी	Anantkhedi	58	253	129	124	55	52	72	70	2	2	...	...	...	...	...		
असल्या	Asalya	43	129	67	62	...	...	66	62	1	...	...	...	...	...	...		
उनाई	Unai	10	41	18	23	...	...	18	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
करडावद्	Kardawad	248	964	487	477	239	239	215	216	11	7	22	15	...	...	...		
1 करडावद्	1 Kardawad	190	723	369	351	237	236	99	96	11	7	22	15	...	...	...		
2 कुडालपाडा	2 Kudalpada	18	52	25	27	...	...	25	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
3 ठाकुरपाडा	3 Thakrapada	36	171	87	81	2	3	85	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
4 बादरारुन्दा	4 Badararunda	4	18	6	12	...	...	6	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
करनगड	Karnagarh	26	110	72	68	1	6	71	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कलसाडा	Kalsada	12	46	25	21	...	...	25	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कसारवरडी	Kasarbardi	43	172	90	82	3	3	85	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1 कसारवरडी	1 Kasarbardi	10	46	23	23	1	1	22	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2 उडवापाडा	2 Udwapada	8	35	20	15	...	...	20	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
3 उरहडपाडा	3 Urahdpada	16	54	27	27	2	2	23	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
4 कनसाड्यापाडा	4 Kansadyapada	3	10	5	5	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
5 लिमडीपाडा	5 Limadipada	6	27	15	12	...	...	15	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
खोरीया	Khoriya	37	148	74	74	...	...	72	70	2	4	...	...	...	...	...		
गोदद्या	Godadya	33	158	76	82	...	...	76	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1 गोदद्या	1 Godadya	17	91	41	50	...	...	41	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2 बालनपाडा	2 Balanpada	16	67	35	32	...	...	35	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
गोपालपुरा	Gopalpur	30	132	73	59	...	...	73	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
चापानेर	Chapaner	25	110	58	52	6	2	51	49	1	1	...	...	...	...	...		
चारनपुरा	Charanpur	5	35	19	16	...	...	19	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
चौन्या	Chounya	7	32	16	16	...	...	16	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
झोसर	Zosar	17	63	26	37	...	...	26	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
देमन्या	Demanya	97	383	196	187	79	72	114	113	1	...	2	2	...	...	...		
दवलतपुरा	Dawalatpur	32	146	78	68	1	1	77	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
दाब्बा	Dadya	7	38	20	18	...	...	20	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
दुधी	Dudhi	74	353	168	185	6	3	162	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
दुलाखेडी	Dulakhedi	51	220	115	105	...	...	115	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1 दुलाखेडी	1 Dulakhedi	18	72	39	33	...	...	39	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2 तीतरिखान	2 Titarichhayan	19	88	44	44	...	...	44	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
3 महुडीपाडा	3 Mahudipada	14	60	32	28	...	...	32	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
देदला	Dedla	58	322	150	172	3	1	147	171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
देवली	Devali	47	191	96	95	23	19	73	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

[illegible]

III. Depalpur Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

I. Indore Zila.

No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular Name.	English Name.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Fe- males		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
22	कटकोदा	Katkodā	104	439	214	225	209	221	...	...	...	...	5	4	...	...	...	
23	काडोदा	Kadodā	62	258	132	126	131	122	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	
24	कणवासा	Kanwāsā	68	292	143	149	141	147	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	
25	करकी	Karaki	54	232	109	123	109	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
26	करजोदा	Karjodā	94	425	194	231	191	229	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	...	...	
27	कलेमर	Kalmer	69	295	142	153	141	152	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
28	करवासा	Karwasā	29	120	53	67	52	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	कारुब्बा	Kārūdyā	70	336	185	151	183	149	...	...	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	
30	काई	Kái	79	337	162	175	161	168	...	...	...	1	4	...	3	...	...	
31	काक्ता	Kákawā	71	312	153	159	146	155	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	...	...	
32	कालसुरा	Kálásurā	17	116	55	61	55	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
33	कालीबिलोर	Kālībīlod	73	217	126	121	119	117	...	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	
34	कोसनपुरा	Kōsanpurā	25	85	44	41	42	40	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	
35	कुणवारा	Kunghārā	28	85	40	45	29	31	...	...	...	11	14	2	11	...	...	
36	कुलाडा	Kulādā	42	197	87	110	85	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
37	खजरया	Khajráyā	65	270	122	148	122	148	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	
38	खटावीडी	Xhatvádi	74	327	161	166	159	163	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
39	खडी	Khadi	68	256	123	133	122	133	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
40	खडेल्या	Khadoiyā	65	252	128	124	115	113	...	...	...	2	1	11	10	...	...	
41	खटेद्या सरंग	Khatedvyā Sarang	43	167	77	90	77	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
42	खर्तोडा	Kharsodā	47	240	123	117	122	116	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
43	खंनार खेड़ा	Khanjar Kbeda	20	107	57	50	53	47	...	...	...	3	3	1	...	...	...	
44	खानपूर	Khánpur	52	205	97	108	95	104	...	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	
45	खोब्बा	Khāndyā	38	181	88	93	88	93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	खिमलवादा	Khimlāwadá	49	169	86	83	85	83	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
47	खिरेली	Khireli	23	109	53	56	16	14	...	...	...	37	42	...	...	...	...	
48	गळोडा	Galondā	44	173	95	78	95	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	गहूखेडी	Gahukhedī	24	109	65	44	65	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	गंगजलखेडी -	Gangajalkhedī	38	177	91	86	86	80	...	...	...	4	6	1	...	...	...	
51	गिरिडा	Girodā	38	152	76	76	76	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
52	गिरीता	Gīrotā	232	879	415	464	409	461	...	...	...	5	3	1	...	...	...	Jágir.
53	गुडर	Gudar	56	249	121	128	119	128	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	
54	गुलवाट	Gulāwat	52	209	116	93	116	93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
55	गुव्हाण	Guwhān	60	250	123	127	120	121	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	
56	गोकुलपूर	Gokulpur	141	614	295	319	292	315	...	...	...	2	4	1	...	...	...	
57	घाटाबिलोर	Ghātābīlod	101	490	251	239	146	139	...	...	...	105	100	...	...	...	...	
58	चटवाडा	Chatwādā	89	349	166	183	166	183	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
59	चांदेर	Chānder	179	727	338	389	329	382	...	...	...	7	6	2	1	...	...	
60	चांदनखेडी	Chānpunkhedī	98	428	209	219	29	26	...	...	...	180	193	...	...	...	...	

II. Depalpur and III. Sawer Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

I. Indore Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.			OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1																		19	
106	फुलण	Fulan	94	360	188	172	176	163	...	...	11	9	1	3	...	...	Jagir.		
107	बछोडा	Bachhodá	59	243	130	113	127	112	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...		
108	बगोदा	Bagodá	41	183	93	90	93	90	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...		
109	बडोलीहो	Badolihoj	79	364	172	192	169	192	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
110	बडोल्या	Badodyá	25	74	43	31	43	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
111	बडीपुरा	Badipurá	4	14	7	7	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
112	बनेल्या	Banedyá	412	1,557	786	771	723	720	...	...	59	46	5	4	...	...	Do.		
113	बरोदापण	Berodápanth	39	170	78	92	77	90	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...		
114	बाहिरामपुर	Bahirámpur	71	320	202	118	179	104	...	...	21	14	...	2	...	...	...		
	1 बाहिरामपुर	1 Bahirámpur	43	172	92	80	92	79	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	2 चंबल	2 Chambal	28	148	110	38	87	25	...	...	21	13	...	2	...	...	...		
115	बाण्यखेडी	Bányákhedi	57	223	112	111	84	82	...	19	...	...	...	7	10	...	...		
116	बारदाखेडी	Bárdákhedi	33	139	65	74	65	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
117	बीजपुर	Bijepur	43	191	85	106	85	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muafi.		
118	बीज्या	Biýyá	64	283	146	137	139	131	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	...		
119	बीरगोदा	Biýgodá	54	218	111	107	100	100	...	...	11	7	...	...	...	...	Jagir.		
120	बीलोदा गढी	Biłodágarhí	39	156	78	78	78	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
121	बेगपदा	Bengandá	74	357	175	182	174	181	...	...	1	1	...	7	...	...	...		
122	बेजमा	Betmá	458	1,707	884	823	696	651	...	...	181	165	...	...	7	...	...	1 B, 2 B, 3 A & 7 A.	
123	बेजमा खुर्द	Betmá Khurd	42	176	89	87	86	84	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...		
124	बोरसी	Borasi	74	342	168	174	167	173	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
125	बोरया	Boryá	68	279	141	138	138	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
126	भवरगढ	Bhawargarh	13	39	20	19	20	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
127	भामाखेडा	Bhamákheda	25	100	53	47	53	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
128	भोडोत्या	Bhídotyá	103	434	205	229	201	225	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...		
129	भीलबडोली	Bhílbadolí	120	414	215	199	204	195	...	...	...	...	...	11	4	...	...		
130	महतपुरा	Mahatpurá	26	128	68	60	62	57	...	1	2	...	3	3	2	...	...		
131	माचल	Máchal	136	668	346	322	341	319	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...		
132	मानपुरा	Mánpurá	9	41	17	24	17	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
133	मिरजापुर	Mirjápuri	36	166	76	90	70	84	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...		
134	मुरखेडा	Murkedá	132	516	252	264	234	247	...	...	11	9	...	7	8	...	...		
135	मुरादपुरा	Murádpurá	10	52	24	28	24	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
136	मुन्दाकलमा	Mundakalmá	24	98	58	40	30	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
137	मुंदीपुर	Mundipur	25	147	70	77	33	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
138	मेडावा	Methwádá	116	448	214	234	205	226	...	...	8	7	...	1	...	...	...		
139	मेडकवास	Mendakwás	68	272	142	130	141	130	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...		
140	मेदात	Medát	33	216	104	112	101	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
141	मोथला	Mothalá	25	116	54	62	54	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
142	मोहना	Mohaná	44	187	95	92	43	38	...	...	52	54	...	...	...	...	Jagir.		

143	रणमल वीलोदा	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</

III. Sawyer Pargana. I. Indore Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAINS.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)	
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
12	कदवाली बुजुर्ग	Kadwāli Bujurg	138	561	299	262	299	262	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	कदवाली खुर्द	Kadwāli Khurd	125	440	219	221	218	221	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	कमल्या खेडा	Kamlyākheda	44	190	99	91	99	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	कामल्यापाल	Kāmyāpāl	111	441	215	226	211	224	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	कायखेडी	Kayakhedi	28	112	57	55	57	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	कीटोदा	Kitodā	33	143	72	71	...	...	72	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	कुडाणा	Kudānā	268	1,169	618	551	601	536	...	...	17	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19	खटेब्याकजत	Khatedyākajāt	40	166	75	91	23	22	...	...	52	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	खत्रीखेडा	Khatrikheda	18	89	43	46	43	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21	खाकरोड	Khākrod	90	381	195	186	179	175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	खातीरपल्ल्या	Khātipimplyā	39	191	90	101	90	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	खामोद	Khāmod	46	174	78	96	55	73	...	...	23	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	खामोद अजना	Khāmod Ajnā	88	428	230	198	227	196	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
25	खान्दाखेडी	Khāndākhedi	7	50	26	24	24	23	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
26	खुडेलबुजुर्ग	Khudel Bujurg	193	764	384	380	301	300	...	...	82	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	
27	खुडेल खुर्द	Khudel Khurd	37	277	139	138	139	138	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
28	खेमानागांव	Khēmanāgaon	44	165	85	80	85	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	गवाल	Gawalā	54	228	120	108	48	43	...	...	72	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	गवलीखेडा	Gawalikheda	2	7	5	2	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	गारिपिंपल्ल्या	Gāripimplyā	91	395	202	193	202	193	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	गार्या	Gāryā	22	101	43	58	43	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
33	गुलावट	Gulāwat	29	172	94	78	94	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
34	गुहाण	Guhān	83	316	155	161	151	158	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
35	गोगाखेडा	Gogākheda	46	197	109	88	109	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
36	गटगारा	Ghatgarā	13	41	23	18	21	16	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
37	चिंदोडा	Chitodā	62	270	134	136	132	136	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
38	चिमली	Chimali	69	216	113	103	113	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
39	चुहानखेडी	Chuhānkhedi	52	210	108	102	108	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
40	चिंकाना	Chikānā	9	51	30	21	30	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
41	जगमालपीपल्ल्या	Jagmalpiplyā	54	251	132	119	132	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
42	जलोदकेज	Jalodkeu	26	94	51	43	51	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
43	जंबूदिसरवार	Jambūdisarwar	74	312	167	145	164	144	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
44	जानी	Jānī	28	112	55	57	55	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
45	जाम्बुदी	Jāmbudī	107	437	223	214	223	214	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	जिंदीखेडा	Jindākheda	94	385	182	203	181	201	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
47	जेटपुरा	Jetpurā	41	162	74	88	74	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	टवडी	Tavadi	70	321	151	170	149	167	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	टाकुण	Tākun	103	395	190	205	186	203	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	टुमनी	Tumani	6	17	11	6	11	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

1B, 3A, 6 & 7A.

[illegible]

III. Sawyer and IV. Indore Pargana. I. Indore Zila.

Serial No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
96	बीबीखेडी	Bibikhedi	49	214	98	116	95	114	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	{ 7 C. (for new village Chandra-waiganj). 6 A.
97	बीलोदा नायता	Biloná náytá	32	128	73	55	10	7	...	...	63	48	...	...	...	...	...	
98	बीसाखेडी	Bisákhedi	45	138	68	70	68	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
99	बीसमखेडा	Bisankhedá	60	297	152	145	148	141	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	
100	बीसाखेडा	Bisákhedá	29	136	70	66	70	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
101	बुडीबलई	Budibarláí	37	210	104	106	104	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
102	बुडायापंच	Budhánýápanth	171	747	410	337	314	268	...	...	36	17	56	52	4	...	...	
	1 बुडाया	1 Budhánýá	115	477	235	242	176	194	...	...	13	13	46	44	...	...	...	
	2 फतेहाबाद	2 Fatehábad	56	270	175	95	138	74	...	...	23	4	10	8	...	...	...	
103	बुराणखेडी	Buránákhedi	66	266	130	136	128	133	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	
104	बेगमखेडी	Begumkhedi	15	80	40	40	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
105	भारखेडी	Bhadákhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	
106	भोडवास	Bhidwás	61	302	150	152	150	152	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
107	भोकखेडी	Bhokákhedi	40	237	117	120	114	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
108	मकोड्या	Makodýá	71	284	131	153	111	132	...	...	20	21	...	...	...	...		...
109	मारखेडी	Magarkhedi	52	217	114	103	112	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
110	मंदोट	Mandot	67	298	146	152	142	150	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		...
111	मखुखेडी	Machhukhedi	51	229	113	116	96	102	...	...	17	14	...	...	...	...		...
112	मनोहरखेडी	Manoharkhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
113	महाराजगंज	Maharáráganj	18	79	37	42	37	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
114	मंडलावा	Mundaláwádá	71	327	164	163	163	162	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...		...
115	मालखेडी	Málákhedi	33	124	67	57	67	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
116	मालखेडी	Málikhedi	21	95	47	48	47	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
117	मालखेडी	Márikhedi	32	120	62	58	62	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
118	मंगल्या	Mánglyá	39	165	82	83	82	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
119	मुकता	Mukátá	50	178	85	93	95	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
120	मुंडलासलेमान	Mundlásalemán	47	212	99	113	98	113	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
121	मुंडी	Mundi	11	55	29	26	29	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
122	मुंडलाजितकर्ण	Mundlájitkarñ	18	78	46	32	46	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
123	मुंडलावाग	Mundlábág	14	74	41	33	41	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
124	मुरापुरा	Murádpurá	62	222	108	114	104	112	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	
125	मुंडलाहुसेन	Mundláhusain	42	167	87	80	87	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
126	मेरखेडी	Merkhedi	15	48	21	27	21	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
127	मेखलमा	Melkalámá	51	265	141	124	141	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
128	मेरोदहाट	Morodhát	72	344	186	158	186	158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
129	रतनखेडी	Ratenkhedi	37	171	87	84	87	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
130	रंगकराद्या	Rangkarádyá	45	204	108	96	49	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
131	राजोडा	Rájodá	108	454	236	218	229	212	...	...	59	55	...	...	...	...	...	
132	रामगढ़	Rámgarh	9	63	32	31	31	29	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

I. Indore Zila,

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

IV. Indore Pargana.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
9	उज्जैनी	Ujjaini	21	83	47	36	46	36	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	उमरी	Udari	54	241	143	98	128	91	...	...	15	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1 उमरी	1 Udari	22	100	53	47	48	44	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2 सेडा	2 Khera	32	141	90	51	80	47	...	...	10	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	उमर्या खुर्द	Umrā Khurd	83	347	163	184	160	180	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	उन्देल	Undel	46	162	83	79	80	77	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	कनाड्या	Kanādyā	192	797	415	382	398	359	...	...	10	11	7	12	...	...	...	...
14	कपाल्याखेडी	Kapālyākhedi	6	38	19	19	19	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	कबीरखेडी	Kabirkhedi	19	87	44	43	44	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	कराड्याजसा	Karādyājasā	26	140	66	74	66	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	कलान्या	Kalānyā	57	258	126	132	120	118	...	...	6	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	कलमेर	Kalmer	178	663	330	333	322	322	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	काक्या	Kākaryā	65	289	150	139	147	139	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
20	काकुखेडी	Kākukhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	काचरोठ	Kācharoth	41	189	91	98	91	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	कुमेरडी	Kumeradi	17	75	43	32	40	29	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	केलोदहाला	Kelodhāla	84	307	160	147	160	147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	केवड्या	Kevadyā	2	31	15	16	15	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	केलेद करताल	Kelodkartāl	99	402	210	192	205	191	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
26	कोड्यावड्या	Kodyābardyā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	कोल	Kampel	463	1566	825	741	812	725	...	...	13	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	सगरणा	Khajarānā	266	1043	526	517	368	360	...	...	158	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	सगरानी	Khajarāni	52	302	145	157	127	134	...	...	12	18	6	5	...	...	...	...
30	सडुया	Khajuryā	80	243	112	131	109	127	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	सराड्या	Kharādyā	44	183	84	99	84	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	सासाखेडी	Khākhākhedi	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	सेडेल	Khandel	133	473	261	212	253	207	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	गाडगाखेडी	Gādarākhedi	98	347	173	174	165	165	...	...	8	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	गारिपिल्या	Gāripimplyā	46	193	96	97	96	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	गुरादखेडी	Gurādākhedi	18	85	48	37	48	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	गेहली	Gebali	33	121	64	57	40	34	...	...	24	23	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	चितावद	Chitāwad	61	414	234	180	230	179	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	जाल्या	Jākhryā	31	121	61	60	61	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	जामण्या	Jamunya	31	115	64	51	61	46	...	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	जमुडी हणसी	Jamburdihāpsi	120	578	286	292	278	286	...	...	2	3	6	3	...	...	...	...
42	झलाया	Zalāyā	80	350	183	167	179	163	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	टिगन्या बादरा	Tigriābādshā	43	210	111	99	111	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	टिगन्याराव	Tigriārāo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45	दिगवाल	Digwāl	56	241	124	117	124	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

1 B. & 7 B.

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I. Indore Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

I. Mhow Pargana.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISMIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.			Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
असपुरा	Asápura	...	21	118	69	49	44	29	...	...	25	20	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	
अहिल्यापुरा	Ahilyápura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
आकवी	Akavi	...	26	105	63	42	62	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
आनाडा	Anadā	...	12	60	24	36	24	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
आन.चन्दन	Anbāchandan	...	142	573	296	277	267	239	...	15	21	23	...	...	...	...	Do.	
आवलया	Avālyā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
उमप्या	Unarā	...	56	236	120	116	118	115	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	
कमदपुर	Kamāpur	...	154	701	266	335	359	327	...	7	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	
कराड्या	Karādyā	...	28	129	55	74	53	72	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
कवठी	Kawathi	...	39	141	76	65	22	19	...	...	54	46	...	...	...	...	...	
कुमठी	Kumathi	...	65	320	167	153	166	153	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
कुनाली	Kunāli	...	45	223	110	113	79	75	...	35	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	
कुलवा	Kulāmbā	...	18	61	31	30	26	26	...	...	5	4	...	...	...	...	Do.	
कुडाहलेडी	Kudāhlehedi	...	16	50	28	22	28	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
केशरवर्दी	Kesharbaroi	...	18	79	36	43	22	27	...	...	14	16	...	...	...	...	...	
केलोद	Kelod	...	125	605	343	262	343	261	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
कोदया	Kodaryā	...	279	1,091	547	544	544	541	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	
खडोखेडा	Khaddākhedā	...	33	149	74	75	74	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
खडोलपुरा	Khaddālpura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
खेउली	Khēuli	...	21	97	50	47	8	9	...	...	42	38	...	...	...	...	...	
खेडी	Khedi	...	101	411	206	205	145	130	...	32	29	39	...	...	...	...	Istamurur { Guaranteed to Jamna.	
गवाडू	Gawāloo	...	64	250	132	118	107	93	...	23	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	
गंगलयाखेडी	Gāngalyākhedi	...	40	154	74	80	48	53	...	12	14	15	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	
गाजिन्दा	Gājindā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
गुजरखेडा	Gujarkhedā	...	310	1,173	595	578	552	539	...	1	43	37	...	...	...	...	...	
गोलखेडा	Golkhedā	...	26	129	63	66	1	1	...	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
गोकण्या	Gokanyā	...	27	112	50	62	50	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
गोपालपुरा	Gopālpura	...	9	63	33	30	5	5	...	...	23	25	...	...	...	...	...	
घोसिखेडा	Ghosikhedā	...	29	111	54	57	48	52	...	...	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	
चीलली	Chikhali	...	29	99	53	46	52	43	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	
चेनपुरा	Chenpura	...	56	206	97	109	96	109	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
चोरड्या	Chorāyā	...	79	298	155	143	152	143	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
चोरल	Choral	...	155	560	323	287	287	173	...	41	43	25	...	...	...	...	...	
जामली	Jāmbhali	...	99	412	215	197	166	142	...	52	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	
जाम्बुजुर्ग	Jāmbujurg	...	27	113	63	50	63	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
जामण्या	Jamanyā	...	187	1,106	553	553	553	553	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
जाखुखेडी	Jakhukhedī	...	60	283	137	146	16	16	...	...	121	130	...	...	...	...	...	
जोफराबाद	Jofarābad	...	45	219	103	116	101	116	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
जोफराबाद	Jofarābād	...	22	95	44	51	42	51	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	

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VI. Mhow Pargana and VII. Divisional Forest Indore. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. I. Indore Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAINS.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)	
	Ve nacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
76	2 कटकखेडी	2 Katkakhedi	28	108	53	55	53	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 B, 3 A, 4 B, 5 A.
77	भटखेडी	Bhakhedi	111	437	234	203	223	188	3	1	8	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
78	भीचोली	Bicholi	74	271	138	133	120	117	18	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
79	भेसलाय	Bhesalai	79	333	170	163	170	163	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
80	भोजकरादया	Bhojkaradya	21	132	63	69	56	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
81	महू	Mhow	575	2,406	1,240	1,166	1,009	955	39	40	166	137	26	34	...	...	...	...	
82	महूवा बुजुगे	Mahuvabujurg	21	92	45	47	23	20	10	7	12	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	
83	महुवापुरा	Manudyapura	8	48	29	19	25	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
84	मलेडी	Maledi	64	236	108	128	107	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
85	मतलपुरा	Matalapura	28	118	60	58	60	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
86	मालपुरा	Malipura	37	173	96	77	96	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
87	मेमदी	Memadi	102	426	217	209	208	203	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
88	1 मेमदी	1 Memadi	69	292	149	143	145	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
89	2 बागोदा	2 Bagoda	33	134	68	66	63	62	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
90	मेण	Mena	71	339	186	153	154	124	31	29	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
91	यसवन्तनगर	Yasnwantnagar	151	637	350	287	282	238	50	41	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
92	राजपुरा	Rajpura	13	55	30	25	...	...	30	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
93	खिखडी	Khikbardi	17	100	56	44	21	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
94	खालपुरा	Khampur	12	61	33	28	33	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
95	साहदा	Sahada	36	139	71	68	53	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
96	सातर	Sater	218	953	580	373	370	329	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
97	सिमरोल	Simrol	250	1,124	597	527	536	489	10	7	51	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	
98	1 सिमरोल	1 Simrol	194	808	410	398	372	367	10	7	28	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	
99	2 नन्दपुरा	2 Nandpura	28	162	98	64	87	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
100	3 बालदा	3 Balda	28	154	89	65	77	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
101	सिहोद	Sihod	86	276	140	136	136	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
102	सिलोया	Silota	20	135	70	65	70	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
103	सीतापाठ	Sitapath	46	217	119	98	93	74	25	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
104	सुतारखेडी	Sutarakhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
105	संडेल	Sandel	44	181	101	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
106	सोनवा	Sonwai	73	323	160	163	111	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
107	हरयाखेडी	Haryakhedi	6	19	10	9	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
108	हसलपुर	Hasalpur	310	1,641	828	813	676	653	4	4	134	144	14	12	...	...	...	...	
109	हसोला	Harsola	467	1,755	918	837	895	812	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
VII	विनिर्जनल	Divisional Forest Indore	1,247	4,603	2,500	2,103	1,371	1,548	531	494	92	53	...	...	6	8	...	...	

[illegible]

I. Indore Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

VII. Divisional Forest Indore.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular Name.	English Name.		Persons	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
36	2 मोदरी	2 Modari	31	90	59	31	48	27	8	3	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	चिकली	Chikali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	चैनपुरा	Chainpurā	17	61	34	27	33	25	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	छान	Chhāvan	4	12	8	4	...	...	8	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	जाम खुर्द	Jāmkhurd	61	181	107	74	72	52	21	15	14	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1 जाम खुर्द	1 Jāmkhurd	36	107	60	47	54	44	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2 जुनापानी	2 Junāpāni	4	5	5	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3 नाकोनोर	3 Nākonibor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	4 मसान्या	4 Masānyā	21	69	42	27	14	8	21	15	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	जामन्या	Jamānyā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	जामदा	Jamādā	22	72	37	35	11	6	22	29	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	जुनीनोरडी	Junibordi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45	झीकल्यालेडी	Zikaryākheri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	टेकली	Tekali	9	50	26	24	23	12	3	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	दमाली	Damāli	27	91	42	49	42	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	तरान्या	Tarānyā	36	127	94	33	91	33	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	धावडा	Dhawāḍā	10	44	24	20	24	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	धावडापाडा	Dhawāḍāpārā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	नवापुरा	Nawāpurā	21	102	50	52	50	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52	नवापुरा	Nawāpurā	5	21	13	8	12	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53	नाहपुरा	Nāharpurā	15	50	26	24	1	...	25	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54	नाहपुराकुडुआ	Nāharpurā zabua	8	29	19	10	2	...	17	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55	नरियुआ	Nirgundiyā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	पठानपिल्या	Pat-anpīṇṇiyā	14	60	34	26	34	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	पाचपीपल्या	Pāchpīṇṇiyā	26	118	62	56	62	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	पाटमोदी	Pāṇmōḍī	5	23	20	8	19	8	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	पाटाबोडी	Pāṭabōḍī	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	पाटडी	Pāṭṭī	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	पेपल्या	Pipalyā	18	56	29	27	29	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	बजरंगपुरा	Bajarangpurā	12	50	24	26	6	8	18	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	बदीया	Badiyā	23	57	22	35	22	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
64	बरलेवा	Barkherā	12	56	30	26	29	26	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65	बरुला	Barukhā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	बाकानेर	Bākāner	10	30	18	12	2	1	16	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
67	1 बाकानेर	1 Bākāner	5	15	8	7	2	1	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2 कचरीपुरा	2 Kacheripurā	5	15	10	5	...	...	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	बावडी	Bawari	20	65	31	34	2	...	29	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	बुराल्या	Burālyā	2	10	7	3	7	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	बेका	Bekā	25	136	72	64	68	60	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

VIII. Mehidpur Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

II. Mehidpur Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
अणुविषा	Arnyábená	...	22	84	44	40	43	39	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir
अणुविषागडा	Arnyábágdá	...	32	131	64	67	64	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
असाडी	Asádi	...	32	155	77	78	68	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
आक्याजसा	Akyájasá	...	51	248	133	115	132	114	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...		
आक्याजरांग	Akyábajurang	...	23	92	40	52	40	52	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...		
आक्यालीबा	Akyálibá	...	68	333	175	158	173	158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
आक्याधंगा	Akyádhángá	...	47	168	94	74	93	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
आमडी	Amdí	...	13	61	33	28	33	28	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...		
आलाखेडा	Alákhedá	...	35	117	62	55	62	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
इटावा	Itáwá	...	65	241	124	117	123	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
इत्याखेडी	Ityákhedi	...	17	107	62	45	62	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
इन्दौर	Indokh	...	149	596	313	283	302	270	...	...	...	7	6	...	...	...	Do.	
इस्तनखेडी	Isankhedi	...	37	139	71	68	71	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कछाल्या सेयद	Kachhálýsved	...	60	243	125	118	125	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कछाल्या चांद	Kachhálýchánd	...	45	238	126	112	126	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कढाई	Kadhái	...	132	420	212	208	181	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कटार्या	Katáryá	...	27	95	51	44	51	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कछापपल्या	Kallápimplyá	...	37	194	115	79	114	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कर्णवद	Karnáwad	...	27	115	60	55	59	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कंधार्या	Kantháryá	...	47	173	96	77	96	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कंधारी	Kanthári	...	33	66	39	27	39	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
काजीखेडी	Kájikhedi	...	44	215	109	106	109	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
काकलखेडा	Kákalkhedá	...	30	133	60	73	57	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
काचर्या	Kácharyá	...	76	260	127	133	123	130	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...		
कानाखेडीहमा	Kánákhedihamá	...	38	124	59	65	55	65	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...		
कानाखेडी एकलसपुर	Kánákhediekaláspur	...	32	142	76	66	74	66	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...		
कानाखेडी हारवस...	Kánákhediharbans	...	28	121	62	59	59	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कामल्याखेडी	Kámlyákhedi	...	33	163	75	88	74	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कासन	Kásone	...	109	480	251	229	239	224	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
काळापिपळ	Kálápimpal	...	57	277	147	130	147	130	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...		
कीट्या	Kityá	...	48	206	108	98	102	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कुकनी	Kukani	...	10	45	25	20	18	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
कुवाड्या	Kuwádyá	...	25	113	56	51	56	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कुंदिकेडा	Kundikhedá	...	53	249	136	113	136	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
कायल	Koyal	...	59	247	140	127	139	126	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
खजुर्या मानसूर	Khajuryá Mánсур	...	18	65	28	37	27	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
खडलीया	Khadyá	...	23	96	52	44	52	44	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...		
खडलीया मानसूर	Khadyá Mánсур	...	21	86	36	50	36	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
खुरवन्ना चन्द्रमान...	Khurchanyá } Chandrabhán	...	27	118	53	65	53	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
																		Istamur
																		Guarantee to LALGARH

Guarantee to LALGARH.

Guarantee to LALGARH.

[illegible]

VIII. Mehidpur Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

II. Mehidpur Zila.

Serial No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Insam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
88	दोंगरवेडा	Dongarkhedā	129	456	243	213	236	209	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	Jāgr.
89	दबलीकम्पा	Dhābalikamā	25	132	73	59	73	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
90	दबलावणी	Dhāblāweni	38	176	77	99	76	91	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	
91	दबलासिया	Dhāblāsiyā	69	254	133	121	128	117	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	
92	देलवाडी	Dhelwādī	45	159	84	75	84	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
93	तर्नोद	Tarnod	50	214	107	107	107	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
94	ताजपुर	Tājpur	20	85	43	42	43	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
95	ताजपुरा	Tājpurā	208	753	368	385	190	185	...	...	178	200	...	...	...	...	...	
96	तांडा	Tāndā	5	43	27	16	22	14	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	
97	तारोट	Tārot	77	338	169	169	169	169	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
98	तुलसापुर	Tulsāpur	12	49	30	19	30	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
99	तोल्यावेडी	Tolyākhedi	40	158	74	84	74	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
100	दुबली	Dubali	16	71	39	32	39	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
101	देलवेडी	Delākheri	16	72	34	38	34	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
102	देवडी	Dewali	30	133	69	64	69	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
103	धनोड्या	Dhanodyā	76	376	196	180	189	170	...	...	7	10	...	...	...	...	...	
104	धारावेडा	Dhārākhedā	67	271	136	135	134	135	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
105	धुलेट	Dhulet	64	263	134	129	117	107	...	...	17	22	...	...	...	...	...	
106	नराणा	Narānā	37	154	81	73	81	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
107	नलखेडा	Nalkhedā	10	86	50	36	50	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
108	नगपुरा	Nāgpurā	71	290	147	143	146	143	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
109	नारायणवेडी	Nārāyankheri	32	101	51	50	51	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
110	नारारवेडा	Nārārkhedā	27	146	80	66	80	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
111	नीमखेडा	Nimkherā	60	210	98	112	97	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
112	नीपात्यारखू	Nipānyārājū	94	356	198	158	194	151	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
113	नीपात्यारवंदर	Nipānyābandar	61	303	146	157	137	149	...	...	9	8	...	...	...	...	...	
114	परवतवेडा	Parwatkherā	3	9	4	5	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
115	परसले	Parāsali	15	62	28	34	28	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
116	पलवा	Palwā	121	544	284	260	284	260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
117	पाडीवेडा	Pādikherā	53	219	113	106	107	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
118	पानीड्या	Pānoryā	25	84	45	39	43	39	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
119	पाडल्या	Pādalyā	70	318	162	156	162	156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
120	पातावेडी	Pātākheri	40	171	90	81	90	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
121	पीपलीवेडा	Pimplikherā	9	44	22	22	22	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
122	पीपल्यानाथ	Pipalyānāth	60	304	160	144	158	142	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
123	पीपल्याहार्जी	Pimplyāhārji	42	196	101	95	101	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
124	पीपल्याधुमा	Pimplyādhumā	97	446	233	213	232	212	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
125	पीपल्यामीम	Pimplyābhīm	25	128	78	50	78	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
126	पेटलावद	Petalāwad	90	418	215	203	210	193	...	...	5	10	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

VIII. Mehidpur and IX. Tarana Pargana. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

II. Mehidpur Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular Name.	English Name.	3		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Fe- males.			
																4			5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
172	मुंडलासोवा	...	112	461	244	217	241	214	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	{ 1A, B & C, 2B, 3A, 4B, 5B, 6 & 7A.
173	मुंडलादोत्र	...	68	301	155	146	154	146	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
174	मुंडली मौज	...	34	129	65	64	65	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
175	मैडकी	...	45	172	97	75	96	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
176	मेल्यान्या	...	33	128	67	61	67	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
177	मेदिपुर	...	1,533	5,837	2,945	2,892	1,705	1,599	...	...	908	957	302	277	...	...	...	
178	मेलालेडी	...	39	197	96	101	95	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
179	मोचिकेरा	...	44	168	78	90	78	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
180	मोगालेडा	...	24	137	73	64	72	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
181	मोडी	...	38	166	96	70	96	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
182	यशवन्तपुरा	...	16	93	51	42	51	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
183	रनायरा	...	114	483	269	214	238	193	...	...	26	15	6	5	...	...	...	
184	रवदन्या	...	20	94	49	45	49	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
185	रसपुरा	...	17	77	36	41	35	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
186	रावडी	...	53	229	113	116	113	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
187	रानीपुरा	...	7	26	9	17	9	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
188	रामनगर	...	13	41	18	23	17	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
189	रामसरा	...	43	216	112	104	112	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
190	रावलेडी	...	44	181	83	98	83	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
191	रुद्रलेडा	...	44	189	104	85	77	70	...	...	27	15	...	...	...	...	...	
192	रुद्रहेडा	...	23	108	49	59	49	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
193	रोहीडा	...	33	138	73	65	73	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
194	लखुर्गदेवती	...	19	89	48	41	48	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
195	लखुर्ग श्रीपत	...	67	242	131	111	126	103	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
196	लखुर्ग नारा	...	102	478	242	236	242	236	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
197	लखुर्ग मनसूर	...	83	365	173	192	172	192	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
198	लखुर्ग गोयन	...	19	89	53	36	53	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
199	लावालेडी उमट	...	39	185	91	94	86	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
200	लावालेडी नहरपुर	...	12	67	48	19	47	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
201	लाडनपुर	...	28	117	67	50	67	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
202	लांबीलेडी	...	45	195	99	96	73	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
203	लालगढ	...	106	492	227	265	201	233	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
204	लोव्याञ्जनदार	...	82	394	194	200	194	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
205	लोव्या किसना	...	95	421	212	209	206	207	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
206	लोहरवास	...	30	149	76	73	76	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
207	सकरलेडी	...	105	447	225	222	214	215	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
208	सगवाली	...	121	597	319	278	306	267	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
209	सतोल्या	...	51	198	112	86	112	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
210	सखणलेडा	...	46	171	86	85	82	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

IX. Tarana Pargana. II. Mehidpur Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)	
Vernacular.	English.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	करन	Karanj	146	570	297	273	291	268	...	...	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	1 B, 3 A & 7 B.
21	काक्याचांद	Kákriachánd	45	209	105	104	105	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	काठनोदा	Káthnoda	88	373	192	181	191	181	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	काथो	Káthadi	65	234	122	112	122	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	कायथा	Káyathá	457	1,768	880	888	692	720	...	...	147	134	39	32	2	2	...	
25	1 कायथा	1 Kayathá	431	1,666	828	838	640	671	...	...	147	134	39	31	2	2	...	
26	2 रामपुरा	2 Rámpurá	26	102	52	50	52	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
27	कावलीवेडा	Káulikhedá	82	308	161	147	154	140	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	
28	केसवाल	Keswál	25	133	69	64	24	28	...	...	45	36	...	...	...	...	...	
29	केसरपुरनिपाण्या	Keserpur Nipániá	45	238	130	108	129	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	कोठडी	Kothadi	39	154	75	79	75	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	खसुलेडी	Khajukheri	70	303	152	151	145	147	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	
32	खसुया	Khajuriá	84	344	174	170	153	159	...	...	7	6	14	5	...	...	...	
33	खडुलेडी	Khakukhedi	34	167	87	80	87	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
34	खारीआजना	Khákrí Ajaná	11	83	25	8	18	6	...	...	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	
35	खारीब्राह्मण	Khákaribrahman	32	145	72	73	72	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
36	खारीमुलतान	Kákrímulán	20	103	51	52	51	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
37	खडलेडी	Khádákhedi	27	99	50	49	50	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
38	खारिकेडी	Khárikhedi	63	281	127	154	127	154	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
39	खामली	Khámali	29	132	67	65	67	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
40	खारपा	Khárpá	103	491	263	228	263	228	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
41	खुटाफला	Khutaphalá	29	106	59	47	59	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
42	खैरेलेडी	Khairkhedi	61	223	116	107	116	107	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
43	खोकर्या	Khokariá	48	187	101	86	99	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
44	गंगर्यावेडी	Gangaliákhedi	39	191	92	99	92	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
45	गावडी	Gaodhi	61	221	112	109	112	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	गुजरवेडा	Gujarkhedá	6	38	18	20	18	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
47	गुडलाई	Guthalái	71	283	144	139	141	131	...	...	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	
48	गुदरबा	Gudardiá	85	285	146	139	146	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	गुनावेडी	Gunághedi	22	101	54	47	53	47	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	गुराबा	Gurádiá	107	440	242	198	225	190	...	...	17	8	...	...	...	...	...	
51	गोदडी	Godadi	17	184	83	101	83	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
52	गोपाली	Gopáli	85	341	170	171	169	171	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
53	गोलवा	Golwá	21	123	60	63	47	61	...	...	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	
54	चाकिया	Chákiá	85	308	154	154	154	154	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
55	चांदन्यावेडी	Chándaniakheri	23	71	36	35	36	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
56	चिकली	Chikali	24	106	58	48	58	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	चिराहल	Chirahla	96	360	181	179	181	179	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
58	चिराहल	Chirahla	70	334	166	168	148	155	...	...	18	18	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

IX. Tarana Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

III. Mehidpur Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
															5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1001	परसोली	Parsoli	155	664	330	334	307	316	...	...	18	13	5	...	...	...	...	
1002	पलदुणा	Palduná	48	197	99	98	96	97	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	
1003	पाट	Pát	77	277	148	129	139	124	...	...	8	5	1	...	...	...	...	
1004	पाडोरी	Pádsi	69	259	125	134	125	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1005	पानसेडी	Pánkhedi	56	272	144	128	144	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1006	पानलया	Pipaliá	33	126	64	62	61	62	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1007	पानलया	Pimpaliá	49	188	88	100	86	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1008	पानलया	Pimpaliábajár	46	188	99	89	99	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1009	पानलया	Puri	25	102	53	49	53	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1010	पानलया	Phániá	20	95	40	55	34	53	...	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	
1011	पानलया	Bagwádá	53	240	128	112	127	111	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
1012	पानलया	Bagerá	106	514	261	253	244	242	...	...	17	11	...	...	...	...	...	
1013	पानलया	Bagodá	43	191	101	90	98	85	...	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	
1014	पानलया	Badodiá	26	116	61	55	61	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1015	पानलया	Banjári	62	278	145	133	145	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1016	पानलया	Barkhedá	74	317	154	163	154	163	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1017	पानलया	Barkhedá	47	207	104	103	103	100	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	
1018	पानलया	Barundbá	125	496	251	245	248	241	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	
1019	पानलया	Barudáwad	45	173	81	92	81	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1020	पानलया	Barothíá	98	392	198	194	192	185	...	...	6	9	...	...	...	...	...	
1021	पानलया	Bijkhedí	49	214	106	108	102	103	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	
1022	पानलया	Bárwá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1023	पानलया	Bijal	19	68	38	30	38	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1024	पानलया	Birgod	32	147	81	66	80	66	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1025	पानलया	Bisankhedá	90	376	217	159	215	159	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1026	पानलया	Bisankhedí	39	199	105	94	105	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1027	पानलया	Bukhári	33	148	68	80	68	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1028	पानलया	Bedchi	80	318	167	151	166	148	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	
1029	पानलया	Belri	81	285	140	145	138	142	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	
1030	पानलया	Borkhedí	20	68	35	33	35	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1031	पानलया	Bordágujer	57	241	124	117	124	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1032	पानलया	Bordághaked	64	266	130	136	125	132	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1033	पानलया	Bordámándá	45	214	124	90	124	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1034	पानलया	Bhatuni	108	417	216	201	216	201	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1035	पानलया	Bhadáimbá	128	546	254	292	244	227	...	...	10	65	...	...	...	...	...	
1036	पानलया	Bhariakhedí	15	67	38	29	38	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1037	पानलया	Bhátkhedá	14	91	41	50	41	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1038	पानलया	Bhuki	39	148	75	73	75	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1039	पानलया	Bhundkhedi	23	111	61	50	61	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

IX. Tarana and X. Sundarsi Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. II. Mehidpur Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTO.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
186	सौराळा	Sárolá	71	287	137	150	134	148	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	
187	सालनाखेडी	Sálnákbedi	43	210	109	101	109	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
188	सालाखेडी	Sálákbedi	67	293	146	147	146	147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
189	सोवपुरा	Sivpurá	32	141	58	83	58	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
190	सुचई	Suchai	28	155	84	71	84	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
191	सुमारखेडा	Sumarákbedá	111	491	259	232	247	227	...	...	12	5	...	...	...	...	...	
192	सुमारखेडी	Sumarákbedi	21	100	50	50	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
193	सुरजपुरा	Surajpurá	31	102	45	57	57	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
194	सुवरकोटा	Suwerkota	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
195	सुवागांव	Suwágaon	60	265	141	124	141	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
196	सुवास	Suwás	54	310	162	148	162	147	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
197	सेतपुर	Sekhpur	31	154	79	75	78	75	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
198	हाजिखेडी	Hájikbedi	4	6	4	2	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
199	हायाखेडी	Hatýákbedi	31	105	56	49	56	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
200	हासखेडी	Hárakbedi	7	42	25	17	25	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
201	हाळुखेडी	Hálukbedi	30	142	66	76	66	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
202	हादपुरा	Haiderpurá	4	12	9	3	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
203	हनुमन्ती	Hunmanti	22	89	42	47	42	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
X	सुंदरशी पרגना	Sundarsi Pargana	1,223	5,133	2,645	2,438	2,436	2,295	...	...	174	165	35	28	...	...	...	
1	आसेर	Aser	97	456	232	224	230	224	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	कासमखेडी	Kásamkbedi	24	134	72	62	72	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	छापन्या	Chháparyá	21	85	51	34	49	34	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	जराही	Jarakhi	68	295	151	144	151	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	तीगजपूर	Tiganjpur	192	821	424	397	384	364	...	...	7	5	33	28	...	...	Istamurar Do.	
6	तेलेनी	Taleni	57	259	140	119	133	109	...	...	7	10	...	...	...	...	...	
7	दौरापूर	Daurápur	38	184	92	92	92	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	नीपाण्या	Nipányá	149	573	288	285	275	283	...	...	12	12	1	...	...	...	...	
9	पीपल्या	Piplyá	136	535	280	255	280	255	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	बडेदीया	Badodyá	30	135	70	65	67	63	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	
11	मकोडी	Makodi	191	724	377	347	365	338	...	...	12	9	...	...	...	...	...	
12	मकराई	Sakarái	42	181	91	90	37	34	...	...	54	56	...	...	...	...	...	
13	सुंदरशी	Sundarsi	178	757	377	374	301	303	...	...	76	71	...	...	...	...	...	4 B. & 1 B.

B. & B.

III. Nemawar Zila.

XI. Khategaon Pargana.

XI	खालेगांव परगना	Khategaon Pergana	7,919	33,422	16,855	16,567	14,547	14,209	1,166	1,241	913	895	229	222	...	...	...	Muafi.
1	अकावल्या	Akoolia	40	194	89	105	89	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	अमला	Amli	169	684	332	352	252	280	30	25	50	47	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
3	अमेली नानकर	Ameli Nankar	128	577	276	301	136	151	62	73	76	77	2	...	...	...	...	...
4	ओंकारा	Onkara	60	291	152	189	99	78	53	61	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
5	इकलेरा	Iklera	97	409	213	196	192	171	...	...	20	23	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	उतावली	Utali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	उमली	Umalda	25	128	59	69	47	56	12	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	ऊना	Kana	56	215	116	99	110	96	...	...	4	...	2	3	...	...	...	...
9	ककडी	Kakadi	33	148	89	59	63	47	23	8	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
10	करोद	Karond	66	272	139	133	138	132	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	Muafi.
11	करोद खुर्द	Karond Khurd	65	303	142	161	116	130	12	14	1	2	13	15	...	...	...	...
12	करोद बुजुगे	Karond Bujurg	22	80	36	44	26	25	...	...	10	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	काकडुई	Kakadkui	38	184	88	96	55	69	33	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	काक्या	Kakria	138	591	287	304	280	296	...	...	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	काली बाई	Kalibai	8	29	23	6	19	4	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
16	किसनपुर	Kisanpur	44	209	109	100	99	89	10	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	कुंजडा सेडा	Kunjada Kheda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	कुंडगांव खुर्द	Kundgaon Khurd	52	203	112	91	112	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	कुंडगांव बुजुगे	Kundgaon Bujurg	29	112	53	59	50	58	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	कुनगासा	Kungasa	38	182	87	95	87	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	कुमगांव	Kumagaon	27	128	63	65	40	41	23	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	कोन्या काक्या	Koriakakaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	कोन्यावेडी	Koriakheri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	कोलारी	Kolari	258	1,020	524	496	439	417	23	20	59	53	3	6	...	...	...	...
25	खल	Khal	85	294	160	134	153	130	5	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
26	खालेगांव	Khategaon	676	2,688	1,402	1,286	1,079	960	65	77	140	131	118	118	...	...	...	...
27	खारदा	Kharda	183	796	388	408	364	380	16	22	1	0	7	6	...	...	...	...
28	खिडक्या	Khirkia	33	146	82	64	82	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	खेडी	Khed	4	16	9	7	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	खेवणी खुर्द	Kheoni Khurd	6	21	7	14	3	6	4	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	खेवणी बुजुगे	Kheoni Bujurg	3	6	6	...	2	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	खुगांव	Khutgaon	56	236	122	114	94	83	5	5	23	26	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	गनोरा	Ganora	168	677	329	348	287	309	20	7	22	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	गोजनपुर	Ganjanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	गिरवाण्या	Girdharwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	गुजरागांव	Gujargaon	83	347	162	185	157	180	4	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	गुराळा	Guradla	45	227	112	115	112	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	गुनास	Gunnas	50	228	110	118	109	114	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	गुलगांव	Gulgaon	12	59	31	28	31	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	गोपालपुर	Gopalpur	4	20	10	10	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	चंदपुरा	Chandpur	13	81	36	45	9	36	26	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	चीचली	Chichali	73	374	196	178	184	174	...	...	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...

1 B, 2 B, 3 A, 4 B, 6 & 7 B.

XI. Khategaon Pargana. III. Nemawar Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.		POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.	Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	19
43	चीलपट्ट	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	जामनेर	83	193	171	193	171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1 जामनेर	40	95	100	95	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2 नाथपुरा	43	98	71	98	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45	जयिगाव	264	987	517	373	399	64	86	32	28	1	4	...	...	1 B.
46	जोडी	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	जुनापाणी खुर्द	18	43	36	26	17	17	17	17	...	2	...	...	...	...
48	जुनापाणी बुजुर्ग	23	42	48	27	32	15	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	झरिया	16	31	31	30	29	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...
50	ठीकिया	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	डगली	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52	डाई	16	31	33	13	17	18	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53	तीकवाडा	22	48	39	37	27	11	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54	तीवड्या	223	401	442	347	376	22	30	32	36	...	...	...	...	...
55	तुरनाल	28	68	64	62	59	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	तेदुकरण	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	दावठा	28	61	62	60	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	दीपागांव	89	183	210	183	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	दुलवा	90	189	182	189	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	देवला	67	121	135	112	124	8	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...
61	देयत	30	64	74	63	73	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
62	धुंढ्या खेडी	59	138	135	138	135	...	...	5	8	...	...	...	...	...
63	नंदा खेडा	29	57	60	42	38	10	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
64	नयागांव	3	7	4	6	3	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
65	नयापुरा	12	28	30	27	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	नवलगांव	69	150	134	149	134	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
67	नवाडा	65	144	148	107	118	35	29	...	...	2	1	...	...	...
68	नवारदी	35	61	58	30	21	31	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	नाडाचांदी	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
70	निमणपूर	22	39	28	39	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	नेमावर	330	795	666	716	598	...	...	53	41	26	27	...	...	1 B, 3 A, 6 & 7 B.
72	पराणी	82	188	188	153	154	31	31	4	3	...	...	...	...	...
73	पठाड्या	6	12	13	10	10	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...
74	पलासी	47	121	105	101	82	15	19	5	4	...	...	...	...	...
75	पाचापुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	पान्ढा खेडी	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	पान्ढा	20	50	39	50	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	पीपलनेत्या	22	41	39	35	33	3	4	3	2	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

III. Nemawar Zila.

XI. Khategaon and XII. Kannod Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular Name.	English Name.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1	...	...	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
125	सवासडा	Sawásdā	65	274	143	131	115	95	1	...	27	36	...	...	...	...	...	...
126	सवासडी	Sawásdī	31	150	71	79	70	78	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
127	सागड्या	Sāgṭiā	48	205	95	110	78	90	17	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
128	सागोन्या	Sāgoniā	26	133	77	56	75	56	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
129	सातल	Sātal	29	129	69	60	69	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
130	सातगांव	Sātāgāon	40	177	89	88	75	66	12	20	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
131	सीराल्या	Sīrālīā	22	84	45	39	30	26	15	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
132	सील कीड	Sīlphod	34	179	85	94	48	48	37	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
133	सुमान लेडी	Subhānkbedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
134	सुरजना	Surjanā	2	6	4	2	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
135	सुलगंव	Sulghon	107	449	241	208	237	204	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
136	सोन लेडी	Sonkhedi	31	104	61	43	61	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
137	सोनगांव	Songāon	34	148	78	70	71	66	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
138	हरणगांव	Harangāon	134	589	274	306	196	217	16	23	43	49	19	17	...	...	...	3 A, 7 B
XII	कन्नोद पारगना.	Kannod Pargana	6,368	27,422	13,774	13,648	10,794	10,573	1,082	1,212	1,753	1,692	145	171	...	...	Jāgr.	1 B, 3 A & 6.
1	अजनास	Ajanās	309	1,380	672	708	442	487	47	55	133	99	50	67	...	...	...	...
2	अडाण्या	Adānyā	40	189	94	95	76	73	17	22	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	अंबाडादाउदपुरा	Ambādādāudpurā	58	285	142	143	20	20	72	82	50	41	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	1 अंबाडादाउदपुरा	1 Ambādādāudpurā	27	129	68	61	18	20	...	...	50	41	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	2 दाउदपुरा	2 Dāudpurā	31	156	74	82	2	...	72	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	अमोदा	Amodā	27	119	63	56	59	54	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	अगरदा	Agardā	37	172	83	89	62	66	...	...	21	23	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	अमलेडी खुरे	Amkhedi Khurd	23	106	55	51	37	40	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	अमलेडी बुजुरे	Amkhedi Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	ओलंबा	Olambā	40	155	76	79	49	51	...	...	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...
11	उमन्या	Umaryā	104	493	256	237	243	225	...	...	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	कणा खुरे	Kanā Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	कणा बुजुरे	Kanā Bujurg	55	253	123	130	119	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	कतलाय	Katālaya	7	23	11	12	9	10	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	कन्नोद	Kannod	1,002	3,936	1,902	2,034	1,351	1,437	93	118	439	465	16	14	...	...	...	...
16	कवडासा	Kavḍāsā	61	303	152	151	143	148	...	...	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	काटकुट	Kātkut	93	360	176	184	125	118	46	62	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	कातजीपुरा	Kānjipurā	84	398	217	181	195	168	...	...	20	13	2	...	...	...	...	...
19	कीटीया	Kitiā	28	87	52	35	52	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	कीलोद	Kilod	74	321	164	157	133	119	...	...	19	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	कुसमानिया	Kusmāniā	57	217	114	103	100	90	14	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

{ 1 A & 2 B, 3 A, 4 A & B, 6 & 7 A.

	Muafi.	Jagir.	7B.	IB & 7C.
20	Kolari	...	...	...
21	Kothad	...	...	...
22	Kotkedi	...	...	...
23	Kothamir	...	...	...
24	Kharpa	...	...	...
25	Khirnikhedá	...	...	...
26	Khurdali	...	...	...
27	Kuttalaw	...	...	...
28	Khudgaon	...	...	...
29	Kherkothadá	...	...	...
30	Gadwara	...	...	...
31	Gadiya	...	...	...
32	Golapurá	...	...	...
33	Ghodighat	...	...	...
34	Chandwaná	...	...	...
35	Chándi	...	...	...
36	Chichali	...	...	...
37	Janjálkhedi	...	...	...
38	Jágatá	...	...	...
39	Jámunya	...	...	...
40	Junápáni	...	...	...
41	Tákli	...	...	...
42	Thikaryá	...	...	...
43	Dabari	...	...	...
44	Didáli	...	...	...
45	Deberya	...	...	...
46	Tamkhan	...	...	...
47	Tábárol	...	...	...
48	Telantardi	...	...	...
49	Thuriá Chotá	...	...	...
50	Thuriá Badá	...	...	...
51	Dāwad	...	...	...
52	Dudwas	...	...	...
53	Devalli	...	...	...
54	Devasirálíá	...	...	...
55	Dhanwani	...	...	...
56	Dháyali	...	...	...
57	Nakutigoná	...	...	...
58	Nanása	...	...	...
59	Nayápurá	...	...	...
60	Nándi	...	...	...
61	Nádon	...	...	...
62	Narelyá	...	...	...
63	Niborá	...	...	...
64	Nimkedá	...	...	...

XII. Kannod and XIII. Kathaphor Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. III. Nemawar Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.			Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
65	पाद्यादेहा	Pádyádeha	59	235	128	107	128	107	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	
66	पायली	Payali	12	75	46	29	43	24	...	19	33	23	...	...	...	...		
67	पिपलकोठा	Pipalkothá	136	579	300	279	349	232	14	2	8	2	4	3	...	...		
68	पिपलानी	Pipláni	69	264	143	121	134	177	1	48	26	28	...	...	...	...		
69	पिपलदा	Pipaldá	51	236	116	120	47	44	43	...	4	...	...	...	...	...		
70	बारेलेडी	Barkhedí	13	103	56	47	52	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
71	बरेबोलेडा	Barbikhedá	5	25	14	11	10	9	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...		
72	बरेवाई	Barwái	84	384	188	196	133	137	54	59	...	...	1	...	...	...		
73	बहीरावद	Bahiráwad	141	686	347	339	257	245	45	50	44	36	1	8	...	...		
74	बावडीवेडा	Báwadikhedá	288	1,165	587	578	543	538	19	20	7	5	18	45	...	...		
75	बागनलेडा	Bágankhedá	117	459	243	216	223	190	...	...	19	25	1	1	...	...		
76	बागरदा	Bágardá	22	95	55	40	28	17	26	23	1	...	...	...	...	...		
77	बामनी	Bámani	102	505	277	228	153	119	13	12	108	97	1	...	...	...		
78	बिलोद	Bilod	36	181	98	83	94	77	...	...	4	6	...	...	...	...		
79	बुरुट	Burut	103	464	225	239	165	179	31	37	24	23	5	...	...	...		
80	बुरुटवेडा	Burutkbedá	17	63	34	29	9	7	3	1	22	21	...	...	...	...		
81	बोरलेडी	Borkhedí	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
82	भयासा	Bhatásá	80	370	177	193	131	141	46	51	...	1	...	...	...	...		
83	भवारस	Bhavarás	39	205	95	110	69	81	11	14	4	2	11	13	...	...		
84	भानजालेडी	Bhánjákhedi	14	47	26	21	26	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
85	भोलाई	Bhólái	55	207	99	108	67	67	30	39	...	2	...	...	...	...		
86	भोलखेडी	Bholkhedi	48	218	104	114	100	113	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...		
87	मगरीया	Magariyá	33	140	73	67	73	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
88	मवास्या	Mavásyá	15	73	33	40	32	40	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
89	मसनपुरा	Masanpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
90	महकाल्या	Mahankáliá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
91	माथनी	Máthani	24	82	46	36	24	17	10	10	12	9	...	...	...	Jágir.		
92	मानपुरा	Mánpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
93	मालसगोदा	Málsagodá	49	245	133	112	127	107	...	...	6	5	...	...	...	...		
94	मीरजपुर	Mirjápúr	20	94	52	42	52	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
95	मुहाई	Muhái	15	69	36	33	25	25	9	5	2	3	...	...	...	...		
96	मेलपीपल्या	Melpiplyá	31	137	65	72	61	64	...	...	4	8	...	...	...	...		
97	मौला	Maulá	25	106	51	55	41	42	9	13	1	...	...	...	...	...		
98	रणथा	Ranthá	41	189	93	96	70	70	23	26	...	...	...	...	...	...		
99	खलस	Khals	14	51	23	28	23	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
100	राजोर	Rájór	46	264	136	128	134	121	...	...	...	...	2	7	...	...	Do.	
101	रायपुरा	Raipurá	55	268	125	133	35	33	...	...	90	100	...	...	...	...		
102	रेहटी	Reheti	13	52	27	25	27	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
103	लिनी	Lini	51	205	110	95	105	89	...	...	...	...	5	6	...	...		

[illegible]

XIII. Kathaphor Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

III. Nemawar Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
27	बुध्या	Ghudyá	30	173	89	84	25	20	9	9	54	55	1	...	...	...	...	
28	चतपुरा	Chaterpurá	6	23	10	13	4	5	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	चपलास	Chapalás	105	416	209	207	195	195	...	...	14	12	...	...	...	...	...	
30	चिचली	Chichali	21	71	30	41	30	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	चंगलवाडी	Chungalwádi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	चोखा	Chokhá	26	91	49	42	22	21	21	17	4	4	2	...	...	...	...	
33	जानसूर बुजुर्ग	Jánsur Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
34	जानसूर खुर्द	Jánsur Khurd	65	260	136	124	136	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
35	जिंदवाली	Jindawáni	36	132	67	65	67	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
36	जिंदवाली	Jindawáni	97	371	172	199	171	198	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
37	झगडी	Zagadi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
38	झाब्या	Zábaryá	79	349	180	169	45	45	14	20	69	58	46	46	...	...	...	
	1 झाब्या	1 Zábaryá	49	208	107	101	...	...	14	20	47	35	46	46	...	...	...	
	2 गरडी	2 Gardi.	30	141	73	68	45	45	...	...	28	23	...	...	...	...	...	
39	झोसया	Zirnyá	20	99	51	48	51	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
40	टीपरास	Tiprás	52	291	159	132	126	106	...	...	33	26	...	...	...	...	...	
41	ठाणा बुजुर्ग	Tháná Bujurg	21	85	47	38	40	33	...	...	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	
42	ठाणा खुर्द	Tháná Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
43	ढाका खेडा	Dákkákheda	3	8	5	3	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
44	ढांगरा खेडा	Dángarákheda	110	569	292	277	257	245	20	26	15	6	...	...	...	...	...	
45	ढाबरी खुर्द	Dábari Khurd	29	125	59	66	41	41	...	...	18	25	...	...	...	...	...	
46	ढाबरी बुजुर्ग	Dábari Bujurg	20	108	61	47	49	29	...	...	12	18	...	...	...	...	...	
47	देहरी	Dehari	65	305	159	146	126	115	5	10	28	21	...	...	...	...	...	
48	डोककुई	Dokákui	167	786	383	403	305	323	...	...	78	80	...	...	...	...	...	
49	दानी	Dáni	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	दुधी	Dudhi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
51	देवली	Deoli	22	114	59	55	57	55	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
52	धनारपुरा	Dhangarpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
53	धावडीपुरा	Dhāwadipurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
54	धासड	Dhásad	96	517	280	237	273	222	...	...	6	10	1	5	...	...	...	
55	नयापुरा	Nayápurá	28	131	85	66	85	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
56	नागसीरी	Nágsiri	20	91	52	39	45	34	5	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	नामानपुर	Námanpur	131	571	296	275	289	268	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	
58	निमलाय	Nimlái	43	171	73	98	67	88	...	...	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	
59	निमासा	Nimásá	103	390	212	178	212	178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
60	निमलाय	Nimlái	92	373	190	183	181	177	...	...	9	6	...	...	...	...	...	
61	पलासी	Palási	21	79	43	36	43	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
62	पानीगांव	Pánigáon	344	1,419	709	710	596	592	...	...	104	109	9	9	...	...	...	
63	पानेरी	Pániéri	94	360	188	172	179	166	...	...	7	3	2	3	...	...	...	

1 B, 3 A & 7 B.

[illegible]

XIII. Kathaphor Pargana and XIV. Divisional Forest Nemawar. Alphabetical list of villages of Indore State. III. Nemawar Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.	JAIN.	OTHERS.	Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
109	मालगांव	Málágáon	70	338	161	177	93	99	...	...	61	74	...	...	Muafi.
110	मेहेदुल	Mehendul.	54	224	113	111	89	84	12	13	12	14	...	...	Jágir.
111	मोहाई	Mohái	159	718	350	368	265	283	48	48	36	37	...	...	
112	रतनसेडी	Ratanlkbedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
113	रतवाय	Ratwái	98	364	197	167	161	134	...	...	35	33	...	...	
114	रहीमानपुरा	Rahimánpurá	60	296	142	154	133	139	15	15	...	...	...	...	
115	रोहीन्या	Robinyá	33	175	90	85	88	83	...	...	2	2	...	...	
116	लेहकी	Lehaki	79	308	159	149	108	99	...	...	51	50	...	...	
117	लोहादी	Lohárdá	501	1,885	958	927	737	765	73	73	142	76	...	...	1 B.
118	लोहादी	Lohárdi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
119	सत्वास	Satwás	426	1,470	744	726	603	662	...	...	129	54	...	...	1 B. 2 B. 3 A. 6 & 7 A.
120	सलामतपुरा	Salámatpurá	76	297	152	145	150	143	...	...	2	2	...	...	
121	साया	Sáya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
122	सालपुरा	Sálipurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
123	सामदी	Sámdí	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
124	सिकंदरखेडी	Sikandarlkbedi	28	108	56	52	48	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	
125	सिंगोडी	Singodi	23	84	44	40	44	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	
126	खेदेल	Sundrel	182	673	329	344	304	318	17	17	7	9	...	...	
127	सुकल्या	Sukalyá	17	77	45	32	45	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	
128	सुरलाय	Surlái	33	157	88	69	88	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	
129	सेमली बुर्ग	Semali Bujurg	16	78	42	36	19	13	...	...	13	9	...	...	
130	सेमली खुर्द	Semali Khurd	27	121	61	60	59	59	...	...	2	1	...	...	Muafi.
131	हर्डी	Hardi	48	229	111	118	108	117	...	...	3	1	...	...	
132	हरजीपुरा	Harjipurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
133	हतनोरी	Hatnori	28	143	79	64	76	59	...	...	3	5	...	...	
134	हासाखेडी	Háshákhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
135	हिरापुर	Hirapur	172	643	313	330	250	255	53	68	10	7	...	...	Istamurur. Guarantee to HIRAPUR.
	1 बुगलवाडा (खेडी)	1 Bugalwáda (lkheri)	25	97	55	42	48	36	7	6	...	...	...	...	
	2 निमकर उर्फ भोगझर	2 Nimkar (alias) Bhogzhar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3 भागवड	3 Bhágvad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	4 हिरापुर	4 Hirapur	147	546	258	288	202	219	46	62	10	7	...	...	
XIV	डिविजनल फॉरेस्ट नेमावर	Divisional Forest Nemawar	259	1,014	564	450	517	408	14	16	33	26	...	...	
1	उन्हेल	Undel	18	59	30	29	30	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	उमर	Umar	6	22	12	10	11	10	...	...	1	...	...	...	
3	काली रात्री	Kálarátri	6	27	11	16	11	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

XV. Nisarpur Pargana.

[illegible]

XV. Nisarpur Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

IV. Nimar Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
11	उरवलदा	Ukhalda	64	325	161	164	126	128	35	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamurar	
12	उदीयपुरा	Udiapurá	51	287	133	154	31	34	102	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
13	उमराली	Umaráli	32	202	91	111	91	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
14	उमरवन खुर्द	Umarban Khurd	10	71	34	37	34	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	उमरवन खुर्द	Umarban Khurd	34	166	78	88	75	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	उमरवन खुर्द	Umarban Khurd	100	478	241	237	180	180	39	41	22	16	...	...	...	...	...	
17	उपदी	Upadi	40	189	88	101	78	90	10	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	कलदड	Kalhdádar	24	123	66	57	66	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
18	करंजवाणी	Karanjwání	22	121	64	57	64	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
19	करोया	Krondyá	31	172	84	88	78	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
20	करोया खुर्द	Karondyá Khurd	31	267	133	134	132	132	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	
21	करोया खुर्द	Karondyá Bujurg	26	164	82	82	82	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
22	कलमी	Kalmi	21	168	90	78	90	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
23	कलमाणी	Kalmání	25	144	70	74	69	74	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	Do.	
24	कवडा	Kawadá	27	177	91	86	89	83	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
25	कलमाड	Kalmár	21	126	61	65	61	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
26	कलवाणी	Kalwání	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
27	कलालदा	Kalaldá	40	187	86	101	86	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
28	कातरसेडा	Kátarkhedá	14	72	38	34	38	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
29	कीर्वांस	Kíkarwásá	39	217	119	98	119	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
30	कुडी	Kundi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
31	कोटवा	Kotwá	13	91	43	48	43	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
32	कोणदा	Konadá	89	429	214	215	193	189	11	15	10	11	...	...	...	...	Do.	
33	कोरीवा	Koríá	10	74	37	37	37	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
34	कोलगांव	Kolgráon	59	270	184	136	134	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
35	कोस्टा	Kostá	15	77	37	40	1	...	36	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
36	खटांमी	Khatámi	18	103	45	58	45	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
37	खैर	Kharwat	18	95	54	41	54	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
38	खराजणा	Karajná	59	248	126	122	104	98	17	20	5	4	...	...	...	...	Do.	
39	खंडलई	Khandláí	51	261	141	120	120	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
40	खंडलई	Khandláí	76	368	193	175	177	160	15	12	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	
41	खुमानपुरा	Khumánpurá	6	30	11	19	1	...	10	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
42	खेसा	Khekhá	49	220	113	107	81	79	32	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
43	खेडी	Khedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
44	खेडी	Khedi	49	286	148	138	142	133	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
45	खेडी	Khedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	गरवाल	Garwál	22	116	65	57	38	30	27	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
47	गवलपुरा	Gawalpurá	19	104	50	54	50	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	गहेलगॉव	Gahelgáon	16	87	36	51	36	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

IV. Nimar Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

XV. Nisarpur Pargana.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular Name.	English Name.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
94	देवरा	Dewarā.	30	179	89	90	89	90	...	24	...	5	...	...	...	...	Istamurar	
95	देहदला	Dehdalā.	62	293	153	140	123	116	...	8	...	6	...	...	...	...	Do.	
96	देसवालया	Desawālyā.	169	694	334	360	320	342	...	9	...	...	...	1	...	...	Do.	
97	धनोरा	Dhanorā.	34	291	146	145	137	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
98	धरमराय	Dharamrāy.	86	487	262	225	260	225	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Do.	
99	धवलीबावडी	Dhawalibāwadi.	7	36	16	20	16	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
100	धेगाडा	Dhegaḍā.	43	287	143	144	110	112	...	32	...	1	...	...	...	...	Do.	
101	नलवाण्या	Nalwānyā.	31	174	84	90	84	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muāfi.	
102	नीगल्ली	Nীগल्ली.	47	250	126	124	120	117	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	Istamurar	
103	नीलदा	Nीलदा.	32	139	69	70	31	32	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 B, 3 B, 3 A, 4 B, 6 & 7 A.
104	नीरखली	Nीरखली.	19	155	76	79	76	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
105	नीसरपुर	Nीसरपुर.	477	2,059	1,000	1,059	816	865	...	11	...	130	...	52	...	...	Istamurar	
106	पनहाल	Panhāl.	30	172	89	83	89	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
107	पलवट	Palwat.	16	129	60	69	60	69	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	Do.	
108	पलासी	Palāsī.	32	160	86	74	81	69	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
109	पाडला	Pādālā.	25	150	77	73	63	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
110	पानवा	Pānawā.	102	523	255	268	255	268	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamurar	
111	पावखेडी	Pāwkhedi.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
112	पंज्या	Pānjyā.	36	161	75	86	44	52	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
113	पीथनपुर	Pīthanpur.	18	98	58	40	56	39	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
114	पीपली	Pīpālī.	157	658	314	344	270	306	...	36	...	9	...	1	...	...	...	
115	पीपलुद	Pīplud.	26	186	89	97	89	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
116	पीपलटोका	Pīpaltokā.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
117	पीपल्या खुर्दे	Pīpalyā Khurd.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
118	पीपल्या बुजुगे	Pīpalyā Bujurg.	22	147	70	77	61	69	...	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	Do.	
119	पुरा	Purā.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
120	पेटलावर	Petlāwad.	43	244	125	119	125	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
121	पेंडरवाणी	Pendharwānī.	9	43	18	25	16	24	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	Do.	
122	फारसपुरा	Faraspurā.	9	45	25	20	24	20	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
123	फिफेडा	Fiferā.	29	160	83	77	82	77	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Do.	
124	1 फिफेडा	1 Fiferā.	11	50	30	30	29	20	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Do.	
125	2 खोदराफाल्या	2 Khodarāfalyā.	18	110	53	57	53	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
126	बडवाण्या	Badwānyā.	55	293	144	149	141	149	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
127	बडदा	Baradā.	127	632	321	311	295	285	...	16	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	
128	बडघ्यार	Badghyār.	86	440	223	217	216	217	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	
129	बड्या	Badyā.	17	76	41	35	41	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
130	बनजारी	Banjārī.	26	160	81	79	81	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
131	बनड्या	Banadyā.	68	385	191	194	188	192	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
132	बभुलगाँव	Babhulgāon.	9	70	42	28	35	28	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

IV. Nîmar Zilâ.

XV. Nisarpur and XVI. Maheshwar Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANTHROPO.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
															1	2			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
174	वासनली	Wāsanali	11	55	25	30	25	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamurar	
175	वेलाली	Volāli	7	27	15	12	15	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70.
176	साकलदां	Sākaldā	48	273	137	136	103	102	32	34	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
177	सातउमरी	Sātumarā	37	202	101	101	81	80	18	20	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	
178	साला	Sālā	30	164	81	83	81	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
179	सालवेडा	Sālkhedā	27	152	82	70	82	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
180	सावलीलेडी	Sāvalkhedi	16	88	50	38	41	30	9	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
181	सीतापुरी	Sitāpurī	46	196	102	94	68	61	34	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
182	सीलकुवा	Silkuwā	44	232	106	116	70	82	21	23	15	11	...	...	...	...	Jāgir.	
183	सोविना	Singhānā	218	935	464	471	351	360	50	59	59	51	4	...	...	...	...	1B, 3A & 4B.
184	सीदडी	Sidari	22	126	59	67	58	67	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
185	सुरानी	Surāni	30	148	67	81	52	63	15	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
186	सुलाग	Sulagān	40	261	123	139	108	127	12	10	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	1B & 3A.
187	सुसारी	Susāri	302	1,291	615	676	428	483	62	72	107	102	18	...	...	...	...	
188	सुलीवडी	Sulibardī	32	171	90	81	80	70	10	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamurar	
189	सेद्यापानी	Sendypāni	1	19	4	15	4	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
190	सेंदुल	Sondul	63	328	160	168	160	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
191	सोनगांव	Songāon	38	163	76	87	73	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XVI	महेस्वर पारगना.	Maheshwar Pargana	10,556	40,210	20,322	19,888	16,753	16,416	1,910	1,905	1,352	1,285	296	276	6	6	...	
1	अहिल्यापुरा	Ahilyāpurā	12	53	33	20	1	...	32	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	अस्लीपुरा	Akhipurā	38	178	93	85	80	76	...	...	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	
3	आजीतपुरा	Ajitpurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	आवल्या	Aolyā	78	371	190	181	94	73	96	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1 आवल्या	1 Aolyā	50	234	121	113	76	62	45	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2 आवल्यातलेव	2 Aolyātalo	28	137	69	68	18	11	51	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	आसापुर	Asapur	164	607	320	287	166	127	149	157	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	
	1 आसापुर	1 Asapur	90	337	179	158	144	117	30	40	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	
	2 कुवा		26	87	46	41	11	5	35	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3 जीरात		14	87	46	41	11	5	35	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	4 तला		20	64	31	33	...	...	31	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	5 होलीमोल		14	32	18	14	...	...	18	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	आसलेडी	Asukheri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muāfi.	
7	इतावदी	Itāwadi	97	448	204	244	174	200	28	41	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	
8	इसकपुरा	Isakpurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	ब्रवाय	Urawāi	24	106	51	55	16	15	...	...	35	40	...	...	...	...	...	
10	उदेपुरा	Udepurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

IV. Nimar Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

XVI. Maheshwar Pargana.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification with their Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
54	जखुद	Jalud	32	142	72	70	72	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55	जामण्या	Jámanyá	29	102	54	48	54	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	झापडी	Zápari	152	517	259	258	227	234	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	झारा	Zára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	झीरणी	Zirnyá	35	132	62	70	61	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	झीरणी	Zirnyá	18	81	43	38	42	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	झीरवी	Zirwí	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	टीगा-या	Tigaryá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	डुल्या	Tulyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	टेकवा	Tekawá	17	83	42	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
64	ठणगाव	Thangáon	149	660	338	322	313	307	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65	देह-या	Déharyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	दापला	Dhádálá	10	28	16	12	16	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
67	दीनार	Dhigár	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
68	ताजपुरा	Tájpurá	4	20	11	9	11	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	दखानपुरा	Dakhanipurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
70	दामलेडा	Dámkhedá	29	179	87	92	87	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	देवलीया	Dewanaliá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
72	धनड	Dhannad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
73	धगाव	Dhargáon	339	1,684	856	828	704	669	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
74	धुवोव्या	Dhuwotyá	8	37	17	20	17	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	नजरपुर	Najarpur	18	92	43	49	32	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	नांदरा	Nándar	159	662	351	311	311	276	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	नीमगुल	Nimgul	24	102	50	52	50	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	नोरंगपुरा	Norangpurá	17	75	37	38	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	पथरोड खुर्द	Pathrod Khurd	91	436	225	211	211	202	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
80	पथरोड बुजुर्ग	Pathrod Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	पलखुद	Palsud	89	496	256	240	242	223	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	पालदा	Páladá	28	139	76	63	57	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	पांड्याघाट	Pándyághát	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84	पीठापली	Pitápali	98	456	221	235	217	227	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	पीपलवाडी	Pipalwári	23	138	70	68	70	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
86	पीपल्या	Pimpalyá	18	67	38	29	35	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	पीपल्या	Pimpalyá	45	189	98	91	98	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
88	पीपल्या खुर्द	Pimpalyá Khurd	58	271	130	141	129	140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	पीपल्या बुजुर्ग	Pimpalyá Bujurg	109	550	288	262	259	247	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	फतेपुर	Fatepur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91	फोप-या	Fiparyá	16	64	37	27	36	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	भठोली	Batholi	77	428	215	213	208	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

1 B & 3 A.

6 & 7 B.

Though this village is censused in this Pargana, it really belongs to Burwaha Pargana

[illegible]

This village belongs to this Pargana, while its population is censused in that of Maheshwar.

[illegible]

IV. Nimar Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages of Indore State.

XVII. Barwaha Pargana.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Fe- males.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
37	खुडागंव	Khurgáon	17	69	33	36	15	18	5	6	13	12	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	
38	खेडी	Kheri	30	150	68	82	36	40	...	...	32	42	...	...	...	...		
39	खेडी (पीठाव)	Kheri (Pithái)	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 ²	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
40	खेडीहट	Kherihát	49	157	95	62	90	61	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...		
41	खेमपुरा	Khemápurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
42	खोडी	Khori	19	79	42	37	42	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
43	गलगांव	Galgáon	58	291	144	147	140	145	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...		
44	गंगवाडा	Gangawára	52	234	127	107	127	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
45	गंगपुरभोरी	Gangápurbhori	20	117	66	51	66	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
46	गाडरीया	Gádariá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
47	गुमटी	Gumati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
48	गुंजरी	Gunjári	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
49	गोबरखेडा	Gobarikherá	14	78	45	33	45	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
50	गौल	Gaul	99	526	273	253	265	245	...	...	8	8	...	...	...	...		
51	गौलपुरा	Gaulpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
52	वांगला	Ghāngalá	9	61	32	29	32	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
53	वोगनाथ	Ghoganáth	21	119	59	60	59	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
54	वोसला	Ghosalá	38	179	100	79	100	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
55	चमारदंड	Chamárdar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
56	चंदनपुरा	Chandanpurá	25	149	80	69	80	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
57	चीचलाय	Chichalái	23	118	69	49	69	49	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	...		
58	चितरमोड	Chitarmor	106	609	317	292	274	244	35	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
59	छापरा	Chhápárá	38	252	133	119	133	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
60	छिमरी	Chhimari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
61	जगतपुरा	Jagatpurá	27	151	72	79	71	79	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		
62	जान्याखेडी	Jányákhéri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
63	जामुन्या	Jámunyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
64	जामन्या	Jámanyá	35	160	80	80	80	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
65	जिरावट	Jiráwat	13	77	42	35	2	2	40	33	...	...	...	...	...	...		
66	जुनापानी	Junápáni	15	61	29	32	6	6	8	8	15	18	...	...	...	...		
67	जुन्याखेडी	Junyákhéri	42	227	108	119	108	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
68	जुमापुरा	Jumápurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
69	जैठावा	Jethawái	151	703	351	352	340	345	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...		
70	जैमलपुरा	Jaimalpurá	8	34	16	18	16	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
71	झावर	Zábar	18	127	66	61	66	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
72	झीगडी	Zigari	31	188	98	90	98	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
73	टीतावापालाशा	Titawápaláshá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
74	टोंकी	Tonki	18	80	43	37	43	37	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...		
75	टोंकसर	Tonksar	62	306	145	161	149	161	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

7 B.

[illegible]

{ This village, although been censused in Maheswri Pargana belongs to this Pargana.

(1A & C, 2B, 3A & B, 4B,
5A, 6 & 7A. (8 pertains
to Government rest shed.)

XVII. Berwaha Pargana. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. IV. Nimar Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSLIMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		REMARKS (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1		3		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	19
121	बामगांव	Bamagaon	84	488	254	234	247	228	...	...	7	6	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
122	बरलेडी	Barkhera	14	54	29	25	29	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
123	बरगना	Bargana	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
124	बरखर	Barjar	91	433	232	201	224	192	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...
125	बलवाडा	Balwara	296	1,258	638	620	603	596	...	...	26	16	...	8	...	...	...
126	बागदी	Bagarda	21	118	56	62	56	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
127	बागफले	Bagfal	39	147	73	74	73	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
128	बांडेलार	Bandikhar	63	303	158	145	154	143	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...
129	बामनपुरी	Bamanpuri	45	231	130	101	130	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
130	बामनपुरीपाटी	Bamanpuripatti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
131	बावडीसेवा	Bawadikheri	42	187	98	89	98	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
132	बावणी	Bawani	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
133	बांगदी	Bangarda	261	1,234	613	621	560	567	...	...	52	54	1	...	...	...	...
134	बावड्या	Bawadya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
135	बाव्या	Balya	18	108	56	52	47	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
136	बासवा	Basawa	200	1,109	590	519	569	504	...	...	9	7	...	...	...	...	...
137	बीजलवाडा	Bijalwara	48	274	152	122	147	122	...	...	21	15	...	...	...	...	...
138	बीराली	Birali	54	274	145	129	145	129	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
139	बीसनपुरी	Bisanpuri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
140	बेरफडे बुजुर्ग	Berfad Bujurg	53	262	132	130	132	130	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
141	बेरवा	Beewa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
142	बेलाडी	Belali	38	182	104	78	104	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
143	बेलसर	Beisar	27	123	70	53	69	53	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
144	बेलम बुजुर्ग	Belam Bujurg	41	206	96	110	93	109	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
145	बेलम खुर्द	Belam Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
146	बोध्या	Bothya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
147	बोरी	Bori	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
148	बोदगांव	Bodgaon	62	325	171	154	169	154	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
149	भगावा	Bhagawa	9	58	30	28	30	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
150	भवादी	Bhawarda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
151	भानवरड	Bhanbard	76	426	216	210	214	207	...	...	2	2	...	1	...	...	...
152	भवासीगपुरा	Bhawasingpurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
153	भिकिया	Bhikarya	7	28	14	14	14	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
154	भिकपुरा	Bhikupura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
155	भिलसेडा	Bhikhera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
156	भिलसेडी	Bhikheri	18	174	104	70	103	70	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
157	भेरसेडी	Bherukhera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
158	भोक्या	Bhokarya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
159	भोपालपुरा	Bhopalpurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(1) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(2) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(3) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(4) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(5) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(6) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(7) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(8) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(9) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(10) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(11) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(12) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(13) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(14) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(15) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(16) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(17) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(18) B. S. A. S. & L. B.
(19) B. S. A. S. & L. B.

	Muafi.	Do.	Jágir.		Do:	Muafi.	...
160	Bhogásá	101	288	94	100	...	3
161	Bomwára	109	277	269	262	...	8
162	Bhokar	...	...	...	...	...	20
163	Mathpalášhá	...	...	...	...	...	74
164	Molgáon	117	273	286	265	...	3
165	Mahedikherá	18	80	48	32	...	91
166	Mabetakheri	15	35	35	46	...	283
167	Máchalpur Khurd	50	107	125	107	...	326
168	Mánikpurá	...	...	...	...	...	8
169	Málipurá	12	36	30	17	...	3
170	Mirdháwan	-2	2	2	2	...	2
171	Mukhatyará	144	327	281	325	...	6
172	Mundlá	61	120	140	120	...	1
173	Murárlá	62	131	152	131	...	6
174	Mokangaon	14	36	30	17	...	6
175	Mogargaon	54	167	150	150	...	6
176	Ratanpur	88	174	174	200	...	6
177	Ratanpurá	...	...	...	...	...	6
178	Ramáná	32	67	67	68	...	2
179	Rájpurá	22	40	53	38	...	6
180	Rájpurá	...	...	...	...	...	4
181	Rájana	117	272	279	272	...	4
182	Rámfullá	54	94	109	94	...	1
183	Rámpurá Dúghaná	...	...	...	...	...	4
184	Rámpurá	7	20	11	16	...	3
185	Rámgarh	19	51	54	52	...	1
186	Ráizar	25	67	65	65	...	5
187	Ráwatpalášhá	47	84	115	84	...	1
188	Rukhari	...	...	...	...	...	1
189	Rupkherá	41	100	97	100	...	1
190	Rupábardi	41	86	78	85	...	1
191	Lákhanpurá Talái	21	49	54	49	...	1
192	Lálpurá	29	63	67	63	...	1
193	Lályákheri	36	120	99	119	...	1
194	Limbi Bujurg	115	229	271	228	...	2
195	Limbi Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	2
196	Luhári	34	98	116	96	...	4
197	Lohárpurá (Jethawái)	...	...	...	...	...	...
198	Lohárpurá (Nándiá)	...	...	...	...	...	...
199	Laundi	47	113	105	119	...	8
200	Vanihar	16	30	27	13	...	2
201	Sagdyáo	41	121	47	43	...	42
202	Sanáwad	953	1,871	1,445	1,274	...	283

XVII. Barwaha and XVIII. Segaoon Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

IV. Nimar Zila.

[illegible]

[illegible]

XVIII. Segaoon Pargana. IV. Nimar Zia.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
52	जमोटी	Jamoti	30	151	86	65	85	65	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
53	जलघोन	Jalghon	29	150	73	77	72	77	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
54	जामन्या	Jamniā	11	54	27	27	27	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
55	जामन्या	Jamniā	32	244	126	118	126	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
56	जहुर	Jāhur	47	294	145	146	49	53	...	93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	जुलवान्या	Julwānyā	8	58	28	30	28	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
58	जोगवाडा	Jogwādā	20	127	61	66	61	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
59	जोजलवाडी	Jojalwādi	47	236	109	127	109	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
60	झापदीपालड्या	Zāpadipādālā alias	68	434	215	219	212	212	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
61	झरिया	Žirijā	20	97	48	49	3	2	44	47	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
62	झरिजमली	Žirijāmali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
63	टाकली	Tākali	65	392	180	212	179	210	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
64	टीघाली	Tighālī	27	197	102	195	101	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
65	टीतागरीया	Titagārīyā	37	212	104	108	104	108	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
66	टेमला	Temlā	78	409	204	205	82	90	122	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
67	ठाण	Thān	58	311	145	166	143	165	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
68	डालकी	Dālki	40	185	92	93	87	92	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
69	देहरी	Dehari	1	163	80	83	80	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
70	तीरी	Tiri	59	304	153	151	60	64	93	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
71	तेलकपुरा	Tolakpurā	66	346	172	174	172	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
72	दवाना	Dawānā	260	1,116	588	528	512	481	46	32	30	15	...	...	...	...	...	1B.
73	दसनवल	Dasnāwal	123	583	291	292	291	292	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
74	द्रामह	Dābhad	53	245	131	114	127	113	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	
75	द्रामलेडा	Dāmlehdā	10	64	34	30	34	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
76	देवल	Deolā	34	202	99	103	20	25	79	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
77	देवली	Deoli	52	338	176	162	156	142	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
78	देवनली	Deonali	40	237	118	119	59	61	59	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
79	देवाडा	Dewādā	12	80	43	37	1	...	42	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
80	दोमवाडा	Domwādā	32	168	92	76	90	76	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
81	दौलतपीपरी	Daulatpipari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
82	धनोरी	Dhanori	22	146	72	74	72	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
83	धाबा	Dhābā	6	28	14	14	14	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
84	नंदगांव	Nandgāon	32	127	60	67	60	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
85	नागलवाडी खुर्द	Nāgalwādi Khurd	35	244	119	125	99	102	20	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
86	नागलवाडी बुजुर्ग	Nāgalwādi Bujurg	189	868	470	398	327	278	105	85	34	31	4	...	...	...	...	
87	नांदेड	Nānded	49	277	139	138	108	106	28	92	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamur
88	नावरकरि	Nawārakeri	14	83	45	38	45	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
89	निलकंठ	Nilkanth	8	62	26	36	15	22	11	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

XVIII. Segaoon and XIX. Kasrawad Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular Name.	English Name.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Fe- males.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
131	रुई	Rui	70	360	175	185	175	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
132	रूपखेडा	Rupkheda	17	101	45	56	6	5	39	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
133	रेलवा बुर्ज	Relwa Khurd	76	364	179	185	179	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
134	रेलवा बुर्ज	Relwa Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
135	रेहगुण	Rehgun	28	184	87	97	55	59	32	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
136	रोझानी	Rozani	46	219	112	107	109	105	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	
137	लेखनगांव	Lakhangaon	66	302	150	152	138	140	...	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	
138	लडगांव	Ladgaon	24	165	84	81	50	55	31	26	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
139	लतीपुरा	Latipura	3	14	8	6	...	...	8	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
140	लफंगांग	Lufangang	106	596	335	261	308	243	26	18	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
141	लीही	Likhi	206	917	461	456	337	321	...	...	124	135	...	...	...	...	...	
142	लेहुक	Lebuk	62	343	162	181	162	181	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
143	लोनारा	Lonara	291	1,213	616	597	582	571	...	...	25	17	...	9	...	...	...	
144	वढा	Wadhá	21	158	87	71	87	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
145	बिरलाय	Vilái	42	241	138	103	138	103	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	
146	विस्वनाथपुरा	Vishwanathpurá	58	244	134	110	130	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
147	शहापुरा	Sháhápúrâ	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
148	सतावड	Satâwad	12	78	36	42	36	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
149	सतावड	Satâwad	51	296	138	158	138	158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
150	सरदुरा	Saradpurâ	40	238	118	120	117	118	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
151	साईखेडा	Sâikhedâ	44	177	93	84	93	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
152	सांगवी	Sângavi	62	364	183	181	59	52	124	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
153	सांगवी	Sângavi	61	330	175	155	104	99	69	56	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
154	सांगवी	Sângavi	47	267	134	133	106	113	19	16	9	4	...	...	...	...	...	
155	साल्या	Sâlyâ	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
156	सालीतांबा	Sâlîtândâ	113	644	335	309	319	297	16	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
157	साली बुर्ज	Sâli Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
158	सीतापुरी	Sitâpuri	45	225	105	120	82	96	22	24	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
159	सीनबंदी	Sinkhedî	15	85	43	42	43	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
160	सेगवा	Segavi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
161	सेगांव	Segaon	203	1,041	540	501	520	489	...	...	20	12	...	...	...	...	...	
162	सेमलदा	Semaldâ	90	368	183	185	178	182	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	
163	सुंदला	Sundarlâ	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
164	हातोला	Hatolâ	35	165	92	73	—	73	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XIX	कसरावद परगना.	Kasrawad Pargana	7,649	34,937	17,726	17,211	16,164	15,644	20	24	1,283	1,316	259	227	...	...	...	
1	अकबरपुर	Akbarpur	54	214	98	116	94	113	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]

XIX. Kasrawad Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

IV. Nimar Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTO.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
47	जामन्या	Jámaniá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	जामला	Jámalá	...	14	7	7	6	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	जालनपुर	Jálanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	जावदा	Jáodá	...	184	93	91	...	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	जीरभर	Jirbhár	...	502	266	236	257	228	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52	झीरण्या	Zirniá	...	20	15	5	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53	झिम्बाव	Tigriáon	...	198	91	107	87	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54	झिमरणी	Timarni	...	311	160	151	141	138	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55	डाल्यालेडी	Dálák'hedi	...	183	102	81	102	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	डावरी	Dábri	...	304	168	136	168	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1 डावरी	1 Dábri	...	17	62	52	62	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2 बैईदडपुरा	2 Baidadpurá	...	124	68	56	68	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3 रावोदडपुरा	3 Rághodadpurá	...	66	38	28	38	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	डोंगरगांव	Dongergáon	...	187	101	86	101	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	डोमवावा खुई	Domwádá Khurd...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	डोमवावा बुजुर्गे	Domwádá Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	डुडगांव	Dudgáon	...	526	268	258	262	251	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	देहरा	Dehará	...	13	9	4	9	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	दालखेडा	Dhálk'hedá	...	107	64	45	61	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	तेल्याव	Teliáon	...	47	20	27	20	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
64	दगडलेडी	Dagadk'hedi	...	137	68	69	68	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65	दाभा	Dhábhá	...	250	126	124	124	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	दुर्गापुर	Durgápur	...	62	39	146	135	146	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
67	दुडगांव	Dudgáon	...	122	260	237	250	225	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
68	दोगावा	Dogánwá	...	300	143	157	134	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	धरमपुरी	Dharampurí	...	25	57	62	56	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
70	धरमपुरी	Dharampurí	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	नागरला	Nágarlá	...	99	53	46	52	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
72	नाथपुरा	Náthyápurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
73	नांदा	Nándiá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
74	नानकुंड	Nánkund	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	नारायणपुरा	Náráyanpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	नावडातालेडी जर्के	Náodátáodi alás }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	मुबारकाबाद	Mubárkábád	...	83	148	144	141	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	नाहारलेडी	Náhárk'hedi	...	40	97	81	97	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	पंचदेवली	Panchaeoli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	पाटवापुरा	Pátvápurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
80	पीपरी	Pipari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	पीपलगांव	Pipalgon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	246	540	563	425	435	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	1,103	540	563	425	435	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

XIX. Kasrāwad and XX. Khargōn Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

IV. Nimar Zila.

[illegible]

IV. Nimar Zila.

XX. Khargon Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
14	इमरतपुर	Idaratpur	...	543	273	270	239	238	...	...	34	32	...	...	...	...	Jagir.	
15	इमरपुरा	Imrapura	...	51	25	26	15	15	...	...	10	11	...	...	...	...		
16	इमरपुरा	Imrapura	...	80	44	36	44	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
17	इसाकपुरा	Isakpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
18	उदेपुर	Udepur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
19	उबधी	Ubadhi	...	420	204	216	204	216	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
20	उमरी	Udari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
21	उमरखली	Umarkhali	...	924	466	458	454	445	...	...	12	13	...	...	...	...		
22	उमरया	Umayya	...	22	13	9	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
23	कनडपुरा	Kanadpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
24	करई	Karai	...	189	96	93	56	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
25	कयापुरा	Kayapur	...	103	52	51	45	43	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...		
26	कल्याणपुरा	Kalyanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
27	काजलपुरा	Kajalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
28	किसनपुरा	Kisanpur	...	97	49	48	49	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
29	कुकेदोल	Kukadhol	...	808	414	394	403	376	...	...	11	18	...	...	...	...		
30	कुड्या खुर्द	Kundya Khurd	...	43	23	20	23	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
31	कुड्या खुर्द	Kundya Khurd	...	188	95	93	88	86	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	...		
32	कुमारखेडा	Kumarkhed	...	332	170	162	163	158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
33	केशपुरा	Keshpur	...	377	195	182	195	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
34	कोठा खुर्द	Kotha Khurd	...	418	220	198	215	190	...	...	5	8	...	...	...	...		
35	कोठा खुर्द	Kotha Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
36	कोल्हापुरा	Kolhapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
37	खतवात	Khatwat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
38	खरगोन	Khargon	...	9423	4603	4820	3231	3339	...	...	1364	1475	4	2	4	4		
39	खामखेडा	Khambkhet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
40	खारदा	Khara	...	88	36	52	35	50	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...		
41	खारवा	Khara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
42	खान्या	Khanya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
43	खेही खुर्द	Kheri Khurd	...	173	98	75	83	68	...	...	15	7	...	...	...	...		
44	खेही खुर्द	Kheri Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
45	खेही खुर्द	Kheri Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
46	खेही खुर्द	Kheri Khurd	...	137	78	59	77	59	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		
47	गलतार	Galatar	...	169	81	88	81	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
48	गाराघाट	Gara	...	122	68	54	68	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
49	गारी	Gari	...	40	19	21	19	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
50	गावसन	Gawas	...	99	55	44	55	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
51	गावपुरा	Gavpur	...	323	166	157	166	157	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
52	गावपुरा	Gavpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	10	...	...	3	...		

No.	गाँव	खस	मुंसिफ	जमीन	पानी	कुल	गिरा
53	गोवा	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
54	गोपालपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
55	गोपालपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	गोपालपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	गोवाडी	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	घडी	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	घडी	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	हुगनालेडी	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	घाट्या	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	चंदानड	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	चरी	...	...	...	...	...	...
64	चरपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
65	चौडी	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	छटलांग बुर्दे	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
67	छटलांग बुर्जे	...	...	...	...	...	...
68	छाल्या	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	जगन्नाथपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
70	जमसेलपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	जनेरेतपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
72	जसवंतपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...
73	जंजाल्या	...	...	...	...	...	...
74	जामन्या	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	जामन्या बुर्दे	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	जामन्या पानी	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	जमला	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	जमली	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	जुलवान्या	...	...	...	...	...	...
80	जेतापुर	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	जेतापुर	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	जोजनलेडी	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	टेभरण	...	...	...	...	...	Muafi.
84	टेभरणी	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	टेभा	...	...	...	...	...	...
86	टेमला	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	दोवांग बुर्दे	...	...	...	...	...	...
88	दोवांग बुर्जे	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	दाबन्या	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	डालका	...	...	...	...	...	...
91	डोल	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
92	डोंगरगांव	...	...	...	...	...	...
93	डोंगरविचली	...	...	...	...	...	...
94	दाबला	...	...	...	...	...	...
95	तीतपुर	...	...	...	...	...	...
96	तुकलाबाद	...	...	...	...	...	...
97	थारपुर	...	...	...	...	...	...

XX. Khargon Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

IV. Nimar Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.		HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)	
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
98	दयालपुरा	Dayálpurá	135	505	263	242	257	236	...	18	6	6	...	...	...	...	Jágír.	
99	दसनवल	Dasnával	143	659	348	311	329	293	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
100	दाऊतलेडी	Dautkheri	30	143	83	60	83	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
101	दानापुर	Dánápúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
102	डामढे	Dábhar	54	259	141	118	137	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
103	डामकरहारा	Dámkerhárá	40	202	113	89	95	80	18	9	...	...	...	...	...	...		
104	डामसेवा	Dámkservá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
105	दारापुर	Dárápúr	12	68	36	32	36	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
106	देवली	Dewali	66	213	112	101	108	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
107	देवास	Dewásá	15	128	64	64	64	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
108	देवलागंव	Déwalgáon	108	644	355	339	348	326	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	...		
109	धनगांव	Dhangáoñ	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
110	धनेरा	Dhanorá	33	236	106	130	104	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
111	धाकुर्या	Dhabálá	5	23	15	8	15	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
112	झुलकोट	Zhulkót	43	228	116	112	114	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
113	नंदगांव	Nándgáon	91	481	261	220	254	218	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
114	नांदगांव	Nandgáon	70	344	171	173	171	173	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
115	नावारपुरा	Nawábpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
116	नरसिंगपुरा	Narsingpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
117	नवलपुरा	Nawalpurá	19	85	36	49	36	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
118	नामहररी	Nágzari	269	1204	581	623	576	613	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
119	नागरलेडी	Nágarkheri	40	204	102	102	102	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
120	नांगी	Náganti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
121	नांद्रो	Nándri	5	30	20	10	19	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
122	नारायणपुर	Naráyanpun	73	363	177	186	171	186	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
123	नीमुलग	Nimulg	103	502	255	247	248	240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
124	नींबोल	Nimbólá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
125	निमात्पुरा	Níamatpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
126	पांचबा	Pachambá	8	47	22	25	22	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
127	पाचया	Pandhányá	111	559	300	259	295	257	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
128	पीपरखेर	Piparkher	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
129	पीपटा	Piparatá	64	471	224	247	223	246	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
130	शिवरी	Pipari	246	1,574	846	728	836	722	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
131	शिवरीपाला	Piparipalá	5	19	13	6	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
132	शिवलाई	Pipalái	16	62	31	31	31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
133	शिवलक्ष्मणा	Pipalzopá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
134	पेनपुर	Penpur	105	507	280	227	269	220	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
135	पोखरखुर्द	Pokhar Khurd	26	141	68	73	68	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
136	पोखर बज्जरी	Pokhar Buijurg	18	52	26	26	26	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	

1991
1996

[illegible]

IV. Nimar Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

XX. Khargon Pargana.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Imam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular Name.	English Name.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1	...	...	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
182	भतुह	Bhat	22	93	49	44	33	27	16	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
183	भडली	Bhataly	10	62	31	31	30	31	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
184	भानपुरी	Bhanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
185	भिलखेडा	Bhilkheda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
186	भानवा	Bhanwa	78	375	181	194	181	194	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
187	भंवर	Bhanwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
188	भदनी बुजुर्ग	Madani Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
189	भदनी बुर्दे	Madani Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
190	भानवर	Bhanwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
191	भलकापुर	Malkapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
192	भमदपुर	Mahamadpur	350	1,573	769	804	582	593	5	5	187	211	...	...	...	...	...	...
193	भमगाडली	Mahumadaly	20	59	30	29	25	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
194	भहुआ	Mahukundya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
195	भहालेडी	Mahetakhari	6	39	20	19	20	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
196	भहुरा	Maherjya	59	356	153	203	153	203	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
197	भकली	Makali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
198	भंगरल बुजुर्ग	Mangral Bujurg	39	220	100	120	100	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
199	भंगरल बुर्दे	Mangral Khurd	76	399	199	200	192	190	...	...	7	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
200	भानपुरा	Mhanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
201	भानपुरा	Mhanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
202	भहारेड	Maharel	51	146	73	73	72	73	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
203	भुकलसपुरा	Mukalispur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
204	भुरतजापुर	Murtajapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
205	भुडाग	Multhan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
206	भेणवाँ बुर्दे	Menghon Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
207	भेणवाँ बुजुर्ग	Menghon Bujurg	84	376	176	200	174	199	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
208	भोगराव	Mongarghon	47	211	124	87	123	87	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
209	भोवन	Moghan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
210	भोनीनपुरा	Mominpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
211	भोमवा	Momdy	20	92	53	39	53	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
212	भोरीपुरा	Moripur	19	141	69	72	69	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
213	भोसमपुरा	Mosampur	24	109	57	52	57	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
214	भोहना	Mohan	59	250	123	127	123	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
215	भोहनपुरा	Mohanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
216	भरूर	Rajur	102	479	258	221	245	209	...	...	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
217	भरूरा	Rajur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
218	भतनपुर	Ratanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
219	भतनपुर	Ratanpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
220	भतगाँव	Ranghon	101	576	262	254	260	254	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

XX Warcon and XXI: Sindhawa Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages of Indore State.

[illegible]

[illegible]

XXII. Bhicāṅgaon Pargāna.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

IV. Nımar Zila.

[illegible]

[illegible]

IV. Nimar Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

XXII. Bhicangaon Pargana.

NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		'ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Muam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)	
Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
देवीत खुर्द	Devit Khurd	...	15	53	31	22	31	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
देवीत बुजुर्ग	Devit Bujurg	...	68	286	157	129	93	69	64	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
दोडवा	Dodwá	...	260	1,250	630	620	514	524	45	49	71	47	...	...	...	...	...	...
दोंदवाडा	Dondawádá	...	20	88	47	41	47	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
दोहोद	Dohod	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
धनवा	Dhanwá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
धाकबडी	Dhákbardi	...	12	39	20	19	15	16	3	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नरगाव	Nargáon	...	111	472	236	236	228	226	7	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नवलपुरा	Navalpurá	...	21	101	61	40	61	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नागाईरी	Nágziri	...	66	349	177	172	109	110	56	49	12	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
नाहाली	Náháli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नीमवेडा	Nimkhedá	...	38	195	90	105	90	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नीमवेडी	Nimkhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नीमसेदी	Nimseti	...	56	276	127	149	15	11	110	138	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नीमोनी	Nimoni	...	22	109	61	48	61	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नुयावेडी	Nuriakhedi	...	55	316	169	147	168	147	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
नेमीत	Nemit	...	76	361	177	184	90	104	84	75	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
1 नेमीत	1 Nemit	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 खराडी	2 Khrádi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पलाट्या	Pakháliá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पंचवा	Pachambá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पछायी	Pacháyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पछायी	Pachayá	...	42	187	91	96	38	35	53	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
परियागपुरा	Paryágpurá	...	51	256	120	136	41	39	66	77	13	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
पालसी	Palási	...	51	216	119	97	88	67	31	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पाढल्या	Pádaliá	...	43	137	75	62	75	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पाढल्या	Pádaliá	...	101	478	244	234	235	231	...	...	8	1	...	2	...	...	...	...
पालडी	Páladhi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
पालडा खुर्द	Páldbá Khurd	...	34	141	76	65	72	63	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पालडा बुजुर्ग	Páldbá Bujurg	...	30	125	69	56	45	35	21	15	3	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
पीछोड्या	Pichodiá	...	27	169	92	77	...	...	92	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पीपरखेडा	Piperkhedá	...	33	170	91	79	73	64	18	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पीपरखेड	Piperkhed	...	8	33	15	18	3	6	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पीपरखेड	Piprakhed	...	131	553	286	267	222	203	60	60	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
पिंपाड	Piprād	...	89	515	262	253	219	218	43	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पिंपरी	Pimpārī	...	71	269	140	129	137	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पिंपरी	Pimpārī	...	29	123	66	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पिंपलाई खुर्द	Pipalái Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पिंपलाई बुजुर्ग	Pipalái Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
पिंपलाई बुजुर्ग	Pipalái Bujurg	...	49	262	143	119	115	95	28	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

XXIV. Nandwai Pargana.

V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

क्र.सं.	नंददीर्घ परगना.	Nandwadi Pargana	848	3,295	1,680	1,615	1,483	1,438	124	119	49	38	24	20	...	...
1	आतवा खुर्रि	Atwá Khurá	4	16	9	7	5	5	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	आतवा बुर्ज	Atwá Bujurá	50	209	106	103	102	99	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
3	आनंदपुरा चौहान	Anandpurá Chohán	5	26	13	13	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	आनंदपुरा सागावत	Anandpuráságáwat	16	57	31	26	30	26	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
5	आमलदा	Amaldá	48	169	83	86	80	85	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...
6	आलुपुरा	Alupurá	7	23	12	11	7	7	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	किसनपुर	Kisanpurá	7	31	18	13	18	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	किसनपुरा	Kisanpurá	25	104	50	54	38	41	12	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	जेतपुर	Jetpurá	15	52	29	23	29	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	ज्यालमपुरा	Jyálampurá	34	117	51	66	35	54	11	8	...	...	5	4	...	...
11	झाहोल	Zadol	12	66	31	35	31	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	डंबा	Tumbá	1	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	दाबदा	Dábadá	59	216	115	101	102	89	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	...

	Jágir. Do.	Do.	Istamurar	Do.	...	Istamurar	Jágir. Istamurar Jágir.	Istamurar	Jágir.
अम्बकहदी बुजुर्ग	8	22	11	11	6	11	11	11	11
आमद	5	14	8	2	...	4	...	...	...
आमदलेडी	23	93	50	43	...	...	...	...	...
आवणकाचया	11	37	22	15	...	...	...	...	...
अल्हेड	138	513	262	251	1	...	...	...	...
इरली	5	16	9	7	...	...	...	...	...
उदाखेडी	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
उमाय्या	45	175	88	87	...	...	...	...	...
कराई	16	146	63	62	...	...	...	...	...
कचनारा	46	182	110	72	...	...	...	...	...
कचेली	51	221	120	101	...	...	...	...	...
कडीमंजी	12	49	27	22	...	...	...	...	...
कडी खुर्द	33	121	61	60	...	...	...	...	...
कडी बुजुर्ग	21	81	49	32	...	...	...	...	...
कनीरो	262	920	465	455	...	...	...	...	...
कसीदा	31	118	63	55	...	...	...	...	...
किविसेडी	32	135	66	69	...	...	...	...	...
कुक्देश्वर	741	2,512	1,292	1,195	...	...	...	...	...
कुंदला	105	440	228	226	...	...	...	...	...
कुंडवास	32	116	62	54	...	...	...	...	...
कुंडाल्या	12	48	23	25	...	...	...	...	...
कोठडा	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
खजुरी	114	433	212	198	...	...	...	...	...
खडावादा	33	142	74	72	...	...	...	...	...
खट्वाडल्या	15	70	40	30	...	...	...	...	...
खानलेडी	79	268	137	137	...	...	...	...	...
खुशालपुरा	15	64	35	29	...	...	...	...	...
खेडी	8	26	16	13	...	...	...	...	...
खेडी	30	105	60	45	...	...	...	...	...
खेडा	38	138	71	67	...	...	...	...	...
खेतपाल्या	8	59	29	30	...	...	...	...	...
खेमपुरा	16	58	33	25	...	...	...	...	...
गांग्याखेडी	16	73	39	34	...	...	...	...	...
गुढभेली	106	409	209	200	...	...	...	...	...
गोपलपुरा	15	52	28	26	...	...	...	...	...
नपळना	115	392	210	189	...	...	...	...	...
चाच्याहेडा	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
चावली	23	90	43	40	...	...	...	...	...
चित्तलेडी	26	119	57	39	...	...	...	...	...
चीछोदिपिल्ल्या	38	157	78	77	...	...	...	...	...
चुकणी	48	202	97	97	...	...	...	...	...
चन्द्रपुरा	18	82	45	37	...	...	...	...	...
जासुया	66	223	122	101	...	...	...	...	...
जारदा	105	341	194	147	...	...	...	...	...
1 जारदा	96	309	173	136	...	...	...	...	...

XXV. Manasa Pargana. V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Pe- males.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
57	2 कुदखेडा	2 Kudkhedā	2	7	3	4	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	3 चंदनखेडा	3 Chandankhedā	7	25	18	7	18	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	जालीनर	Jāliner	46	248	120	128	120	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	जेथली	Jethali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	टीलखेडा	Tilākhedā	67	279	154	125	142	119	...	...	12	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	दांगरी	Dāngari	42	171	92	79	92	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	दाकणी	Dhākani	70	324	149	175	149	175	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
64	दाबला	Dhābalā	101	336	189	147	187	146	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65	दोहर	Dhodhar	6	18	11	7	11	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	दोहरी	Dhandheri	8	27	12	15	12	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
67	तलतुर	Takhatpur	5	32	16	16	16	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
68	तलाज	Talāu	41	185	92	93	91	93	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	तोलसाम्या	Tilsāmryā	11	30	17	13	17	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
70	तुमबा	Tumadā	24	81	46	35	43	30	...	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	तुमडी	Tumadi	2	8	4	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
72	तुरक्या	Turākṛā	96	362	199	163	180	151	...	...	16	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
73	थडोद	Thadod	41	173	103	70	84	62	...	...	19	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
74	दत्ता अमपुरा	Dātā Amarpurā	21	62	35	27	33	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	दतौली	Dātoli	1	4	1	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	दुरकपुरा	Durakpurā	6	12	10	2	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	देवदंगरीकाचया	Deodongrikācharyā	23	93	52	41	49	41	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	देवरी	Deori	33	135	76	59	72	52	...	...	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	देवरीपडदा	Deoripadadā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
80	देवरीखवास	Dewarikhawāsā	136	565	279	286	278	283	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	देवरीतोय्या	Deorisomyā	8	40	31	9	31	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	देवरीआत्री	Deorīāntri	7	32	19	13	19	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	देथल	Dethal	96	400	215	185	209	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84	दोखडा	Dorwadā	83	304	161	143	160	143	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	1 दोखडा	1 Dorwadā	82	302	161	141	160	141	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
86	2 दोखडी	2 Dorwadi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	3 लोक्याखेडी	3 Khākryākhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
88	धरामपुरा	Dharampurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	धाकडी	Dhākādi	24	93	47	46	46	44	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	धाम्या	Dhāmnyā	11	40	23	17	22	17	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91	नलवा	Nalwā	48	183	96	87	95	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
92	नगरपिंपल्या	Nāgarpimplyā	31	145	66	79	66	77	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
93	नारायणगड	Nārāyāngarh	857	3,076	1,521	1,555	1,254	1,265	...	...	138	146	...	...	...	...	...	...
94	पडदा	Padadā	418	1,368	672	696	601	618	...	...	62	71	...	...	...	...	...	...
95	पलेवणा	Palewanā	47	211	113	98	112	98	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
96																		...

1 B, 2, 3, 4, 6 & 7 A,
1 B & 3 A,

[illegible]

XXV. Manasa and XXVI. Rampura Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)	
Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Fe- males.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
134	मच्छलेडी	Machhakhedi	6	35	19	16	19	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1A, 2B, 3A, 4B, 6 & 7A.
135	मनासा	Manasā	1,069	3,898	1,924	1,974	1,590	1,664	12	16	258	235	64	59	...	...	...	
136	मान्यालेडी	Mānyākhedi	11	60	29	31	29	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
137	मालेहडा	Mālāhedā	6	17	8	9	8	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
138	मालेहडा	Mālāhedā	31	118	69	49	69	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
139	माहागड	Māhāgarh	202	827	422	405	358	342	...	...	34	36	30	27	...	...	...	1B.
140	मालेहडा	Mālākheda	24	85	40	45	40	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
141	मुज्यालेडी	Munjyākhedi	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
142	मुदडी	Mundadi	24	93	45	48	45	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
143	मेशपुर्या	Meshpurā	5	29	18	11	18	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
144	मोकडी	Mokadi	17	71	37	34	37	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
145	मोकमपुरा	Mokampurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
146	मोकलपुरा	Mokalpurā	28	86	46	40	36	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
147	मोकलनपुरा	Mokhanpurā	62	275	152	123	127	104	7	7	10	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
148	मोया	Moyā	59	192	96	96	92	93	1	1	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
149	रणायरा	Ranāyārā	20	85	44	41	44	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
150	रतनपुरा	Ratanpurā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
151	रातिलाली	Rātitalāi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
152	रामपुर्या	Rāmpuryā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
153	रायसिंगपुरा	Rāisingpurā	31	135	69	66	65	65	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
154	रिन्हा	Rinchhā	40	181	85	96	85	94	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
155	रूपपुरा	Rupapurā.	7	20	11	9	11	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
156	रूपवास	Rupāwās	18	75	38	37	38	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
157	लसुखी	Lasurdyā	13	48	22	26	21	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
158	लसुखी कदमाल्या	Lasurdyākadmālyā	42	210	106	104	106	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
159	लसुखी रतेह	Lasurdyārāned	21	87	46	41	46	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
160	लीबावास	Limbāwās	47	233	113	120	113	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
161	लुगाहेडा	Lunāhedā	67	274	136	138	122	118	2	3	7	8	5	9	...	...	...	...
162	लोकल्या	Lokadyā	27	143	76	67	75	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
163	लेमडी	Lomadi	21	105	56	49	54	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
164	सलाण्या	Sākbhanyā	30	134	68	66	66	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
165	सालत्यालेडी	Sākharyākhedi	5	13	8	5	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
166	सांख्या	Sāndyā	62	186	98	88	95	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
167	सांख्या	Sāmyā	3	7	3	4	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
168	सारसी	Sārsi	18	73	38	35	38	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
169	सारल्या	Sārālyā	11	36	20	16	20	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
170	सीदवाण	Sidawan	64	224	114	110	111	109	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
171	सुंदी	Sundi	8	28	15	13	14	13	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
172	सुपडा	Supadā	27	113	58	55	57	55	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...

173	सेमली	...	Semali	111	381	195	186	166	159	16	17	2	1	11	9	...	Jagir.
174	सेमलीन	...	Semali	8	29	17	12	17	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
175	सोकडी	...	Sokadi	11	44	22	22	21	22	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
176	सोज्यावास	...	Sojyawas	7	35	21	14	21	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
177	सोम्मा	...	Somya	15	61	33	28	33	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
178	शेमली	...	Shemali	9	27	18	9	18	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
179	शेमान्जि	...	Shenaji	6	35	22	13	21	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
180	शेशपुरा	...	Sheshpurā	38	178	89	89	89	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
181	हन्मत्या	...	Hanmantya	16	79	41	36	41	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
182	हन्मत्या	...	Hanmantya	21	82	37	45	37	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
183	हर्माण्या	...	Harmalya	8	51	27	24	27	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
184	हस्पुर	...	Haspur	75	275	143	132	117	114	26	18	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
185	हरिपुरा	...	Haripurā	11	50	23	27	22	27	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
186	हिंगोर्या	...	Hingorya	7	31	18	13	18	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
XXVI	रामपुरा परगना.	...	Rampura Pargana	6,142	23,137	11,702	11,485	9,526	9,125	485	516	1,345	1,472	345	371	1	Jagir.
1	अर्थी	...	Arya	104	359	148	211	134	194	...	...	14	17	...	...	...	Jagir.
2	अर्थी दाणी	...	Aryadhani	104	359	148	211	134	194	...	...	14	17	...	...	...	Jagir.
3	अनोपगढ	...	Apoggarh	9	29	18	11	17	11	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
4	अमपुरा	...	Amapurā	8	27	13	14	8	5	10	9	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
5	अल्पा	...	Alpa	10	45	22	23	22	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
6	अकली	...	Akali	20	77	39	38	37	35	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	Jagir.
7	अमपुरा } (संभामपुरा)	...	Amapurā } (Sangrampurā)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
8	अमरागढ }	...	Umargarh }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
9	अमलीका खेडा }	...	Amalikakheda }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
10	आनंदपुरा }	...	Anandipurā }	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
11	आमेरी }	...	Ameri }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
12	उदपुरा }	...	Udpurā }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
13	कराडीया }	...	Karādīyā }	10	33	17	16	17	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
14	कनकपुरा }	...	Kanakpurā }	8	30	15	15	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
15	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	519	1,896	943	953	852	837	3	1	32	35	56	80	...	Jagir.
16	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
17	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	4	16	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
18	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
19	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	15	51	24	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
20	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	8	42	21	21	1	...	24	27	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
21	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	116	476	248	228	231	213	213	13	15	4	...	...	...	Jagir.
22	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.
23	कुंधाल्या बुद्ध }	...	Kandhalya Bujurg }	13	48	27	21	23	16	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.

XXVI. Rampura Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular Name.	English Name.			Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Fe- males.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
24	कोठडा	Kothadā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jāgr.	
25	कोठडी	Kothadi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
26	खडी	Khadi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
27	खटामीकीरेल	Khatamikirel	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
28	खेजडी	Kejadi	...	26	12	14	12	14	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...		
29	खेडली	Khedali	...	274	139	135	118	107	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
30	खेडामेडी	Khedāmedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
31	खेडवराहजी	Khedavarāhaji	...	48	26	22	3	1	23	21	...	...	...	...	...	...		
32	खेडानिबिका	Khedānibikā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
33	खेतपाल्या	Khetpālyā	...	41	18	23	18	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
34	खेमपुरया	Khempurayā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[Istamurar]	
35	खोक्या	Khokaryā	...	33-	14	19	14	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jāgr.	
36	खडेया	Khanderiyā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
37	कुफार्दा	Gufardā	...	34	14	20	...	...	14	20	...	...	...	...	...	...		
38	गांवडी	Gāvādī	...	98	49	49	48	46	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		
39	गुजरथ	Gujarath	...	60	33	27	33	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
40	गुदाला	Gudalā	...	159	89	70	73	52	15	18	...	...	...	...	...	...		
41	गोढवा	Gothadā	...	46	20	26	...	...	20	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70.
42	गोपालपुरा	Gopālpurā	...	21	12	9	...	...	12	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jāgr.	
43	गोपालपुरा	Gopālpurā	...	15	10	5	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
44	गंगपुरा	Gangpurā	...	27	14	13	13	13	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		
45	घडौद	Ghadod	...	536	273	263	256	244	15	16	2	...	...	...	...	...		
46	चंचोर	Chachor	...	666	342	324	321	300	...	...	20	24	...	...	...	...		
47	चंद्रपुरा	Chandrapurā	...	21	14	7	12	6	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...		
48	चौकीठावला	Chokidhāblā	...	125	65	60	63	58	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...		
49	चौकही	Choukadi	...	590	277	313	256	298	14	12	2	3	...	...	...	...		
50	चमलेश्वर	Chamleshwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
51	जमाळपुरा	Jamālpurā	...	78	45	33	22	16	...	...	23	17	...	...	...	...		
52	जलोद	Jalod	...	395	193	200	190	190	...	...	5	10	...	...	...	...		
	1 जलोद	1 Jaioḍ	...	331	156	175	151	165	...	...	5	10	...	...	...	...		
	2 हातिपुरा	2 Hatipurā	...	64	39	25	39	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
53	जोडमी	Jodami	...	22	11	11	11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
54	जन्नोद	Jannod	...	276	146	130	140	126	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...		
55	टका-या	Takāryā	...	214	116	98	115	96	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...		
56	टोलखेडी	Tolkhedī	...	36	20	16	20	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
57	दायली	Dāyali	...	181	91	90	66	67	24	23	1	...	...	...	...	...		
58	दाब्या	Dābyā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
59	दावला	Dhāvālā	...	26	12	14	12	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

[illegible]

XXVI. Rampura and XXVII. Bhanpura Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
106	वेरगाड	Bengath	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jagir.	
107	बोरलेडी	Borkheri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
108	भंगरी	Bhangeri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
109	भमसर	Bhamesar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
110	भवानीपुरा	Bhawaniपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
111	भदण	Bhadana	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
112	भगल	Bhagal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
113	भिमपुरा	Bhimपुरा	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
114	भगदा	Magarda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
115	मनोटी	Manoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
116	मय्याकलेवा	Marmyakhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
117	मालखेडा	Malkhedá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
118	मातसर	Matasar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
119	मेन्यालेडी	Meryakhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
120	मोकली खुर्द	Mokali Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
121	मोकली खुर्द	Mokali Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
122	मन्या	Manjirya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
123	मन्यालेडी	Mandyakhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
124	राजपुरा	Rajpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
125	राजपुरा	Rajpurya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
126	राजपुरा	Rampurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
127	राजपुरा	Raipuryá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
128	रोपणा	Rondhaná	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
129	लुखी	Lasurdyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
130	लखमीपुरा	Lachmipurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
131	लेखास	Lotwás	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
132	शिवगंगा	Shinghadyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
133	शेमली	Shemali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
134	शंकोधार	Shankodhár	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
135	संगलेवा	Sangakheda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
136	सादलपुर	Sadalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
137	साल्यालेडी	Salyakhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
138	सालसगला	Sálmálá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
139	सुडी खुर्द	Sundi Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
140	सुडी खुर्द	Sundi Bujurg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
141	सुवासदा	Suwásdā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
142	सुवासदा खुर्द	Suwásdā Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
143	सेहाटा	Sehatá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
144	सेलपुरा	Selburvā	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

1 A & Q, 2 B, 3 A, 4 B, 5 & 7 A.

[illegible]

V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila. Alphabetical list of villages of Indore State. XXVI. Bhanpura and XXVII. Garoth Parganas.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MOSALMAN.		JAIN.			OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.			Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
30	जाल्या	Jályá	...	79	45	34	44	34	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
31	टेहला	Tehalá	...	292	154	138	152	134	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	टुंगनी	Tungani	...	134	78	56	77	56	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	दाबलामनेहरासिंग	Dháblámānēharasing	...	266	144	122	143	122	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	१ दाबला मनेहार	1 Dháblāmanohar.	...	234	126	108	125	108	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	२ हाभीज खेडा	2 Hábjikhedá	...	32	18	14	18	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	दाबला	Dháblá	...	589	298	291	281	273	4	2	13	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamurár	...
37	दाबलासीर	Dháblásír	...	70	32	38	32	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	तसाई	Tasái	...	69	42	27	42	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	तीरण्या	Toranyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	त्रायी	Tratpi	...	21	12	9	12	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	थगी	Thagi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	दुधखेडी	Dudhákhedí	...	339	117	162	174	160	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	दुधली	Dudhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	देवरी	Dewari	...	35	18	17	18	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45	घामण्या	Dhāmānyá	...	72	33	39	...	...	33	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	नावली	Náwālī	...	773	417	356	335	285	...	...	30	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	परवाण्या	Parwanyá	...	362	187	175	183	173	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	पिपल्दा	Pipaldá	...	65	40	25	38	25	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	पिपल्या	Piplýá	...	78	36	42	36	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	बांधी	Barkhedí	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	बाहुलदा	Badodyá	...	121	60	61	20	22	40	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamurár	...
52	बीलखेडी	Barátí	...	57	34	23	34	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	...
53	बीडगांव	Bádi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54	बुदनपुर	Bábuldá	...	698	355	343	346	335	...	...	9	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55	बंभोरी बुर्दे	Bilkhedí	...	16	10	6	10	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	बंभोरी बुर्जे	Bidgeon	...	78	38	40	38	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	१ बंभोरी बुर्दे	Budhanpur	...	192	101	91	100	89	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	गढी	Bambhorí Khurd	...	238	122	116	116	113	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	मानपुरा	Bambhorí Bujurg	...	471	245	226	244	224	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	१ बंभोरी बुर्दे	1 BambhoríKhurd	...	238	122	116	116	113	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	मानपुरा	Gadhi	...	5,859	2,920	2,939	1,798	1,836	...	...	736	766	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	१ मानपुरा	Bhānpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	२ छत्री	1 Bhānpurá	...	5,859	2,920	2,939	1,798	1,836	...	...	736	766	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
64	३ चैनपुरा	2 Chatrí	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65	भवनपुरा	3 Chainpurá	...	95	45	50	45	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	भयोलिडी	Bhawānpurá	...	8	4	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
67	भयोलिडी	Bhartyákhedí	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

XXVIII. Garoth Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State.

V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

Serial No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.			POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.	JAIN.	OTHERS.	Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular.	English.	3	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1	उदयादेवी	Udayadevi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
11	उमया	Umayá	...	195	101	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	कछाल्या	Kachhalyá	...	45	24	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	कंधार्या	Kantharyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	कराद्या	Karadyá	...	24	11	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	कराद्या	Karadyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	कराद्या	Karadyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	कराद्या	Karadyá	...	117	64	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	कानपुरा	Kanpurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	कालसिद्धा	Káláksiddhá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	कालगारी	Kalagari	...	164	83	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	कुडला खुर्द	Kudalá Khurd	...	136	79	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	136	77	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	कुडला चरणदास	Kudalá Chharandás	...	133	62	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	40	18	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	97	28	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	444	218	226	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	305	164	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	284	148	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	16	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	169	82	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	703	364	339	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	127	70	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	91	42	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	790	402	388	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	448	229	219	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	879	431	448	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	854	415	439	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	25	16	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	385	207	178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	265	143	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	31	15	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	68	36	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	21	13	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	83	52	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	236	125	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	63	27	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	136	76	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	23	12	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	कुडला बुजुर्ग	Kudalá Bujurg	...	97	56	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

1 B, 3 A & 7 B.

[illegible]

[illegible]

XXVIII. Garoth and XXIX. Sunel Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. - (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.	3		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
2			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
येया	Yeryá	...	256	1,288	687	595	195	210	...	...	9	4	...	...	...	...	Istamur	
येरी	Yeri	...	10	53	29	24	29	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
रणयरा गरोठ	Ranayarágaroth	...	11	60	24	36	24	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
रणयरा चंदवासा	Ranayaráchandwásá	...	14	79	41	38	27	25	14	13	...	...	...	...	...	...		
रलयती	Raláyati	...	25	127	62	65	62	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
रातीलेडी	Rátikhedi	...	13	47	26	21	26	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
रामलेडी	Rámkhedi	...	19	58	30	28	30	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
राहुडी	Ráhnti	...	42	167	90	77	89	76	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...		
रूपपुराखवादा	Ruppurákhaáwadá	...	23	113	65	48	65	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
रूपपुरागरोठ	Ruppurágároth	...	54	215	116	99	116	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
रूपरेल	Rupárel	...	9	31	19	12	18	12	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		
रोज्या	Rojyá	...	15	73	40	33	40	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
लखमसेडी	Lakhamkhedi	...	22	93	56	37	56	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
लसुडी	Lasúdyá	...	66	221	110	111	110	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
लाखावेडी	Lákhakhedi	...	9	27	11	16	11	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
लाबीलेडी	Lábikhedi	...	12	72	35	37	35	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
लालपुरा	Lálpurá	...	13	59	34	25	34	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
शंकोवार	Shankodhár	...	47	185	99	86	96	82	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...		1B, 3A, 5B, 6 & 7B.
शोमगढ़	Shámgarh	...	328	1,602	871	731	734	635	1	1	110	86	...	...	17	10	...	
शेमरोल	Shemrol	...	89	335	173	162	173	161	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
शेमलीकाकड	Shemalikákad	...	49	168	90	78	85	70	...	...	5	8	...	...	...	...		
शेमलीशंकर	Shemalishankar	...	32	103	51	52	51	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सकन्यालेडी	Sakaryákhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सकन्यालेडी	Sakaryákhedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सकन्यालेडीगरोठ	Sakaryákhedigároth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सकन्यालेडीचंदवासा	Sakaryákhedichandwásá	...	3	13	4	9	4	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	
सगोन्या	Sagoryá	...	119	492	267	225	228	190	...	...	16	13	...	22	...	...		
सतसुवा	Satsuwá	...	10	34	20	14	20	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सपाण्या	Sapányá	...	37	175	88	87	88	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
साटलेडा	Sátkhedá	...	180	644	332	312	283	261	...	13	38	38	...	...	...	...		1B.
सालन्या	Sálaryá	...	29	110	61	49	60	47	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...		
सालरी	Sálari	...	14	67	31	36	31	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सुरजानाजुना	Surjanájuná	...	22	85	45	40	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सुरजनानवा	Surjanánawá	...	10	39	13	26	13	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सुरावेडी	Surákhedi	...	45	169	90	79	90	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सेमलीदीवान	Semalidiwán	...	10	48	31	17	31	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jágir.	
सेमलीरूपा	Semalirupá	...	67	227	121	106	121	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
सेमलीहाडा	Semalihádá	...	9	36	19	17	19	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamur	
...	...	...	32	134	70	64	70	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...		

XXIX. Sunel and XXX. Jirapur Parganas. Alphabetical list of villages in Indore State. V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

Serial No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
	Vernacular Name.	English Name.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
1			4	5	5	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
38	पाळवेदा	Palkhandá	49	212	115	97	115	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
39	पिठावेडी	Pitbákhedi	41	182	91	91	91	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
40	पुरा	Purá	39	118	60	58	60	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
41	पेटभर	Petbhar	39	193	105	88	105	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
42	बजरंगपुरा	Bujarangpurá	8	32	21	11	21	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
43	बालदा	Báladá	49	180	93	87	79	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
44	बीजल्या	Bijalyá	33	124	66	58	63	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
45	बोखंद	Bokhand	51	226	114	112	113	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	बोरसेडीकोठडी	Borkherikothadi	63	240	123	117	121	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
47	बोरसेडीसुनेल	Borkherisunel	7	33	17	16	17	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	बोरादा	Boradá	78	333	186	152	172	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	बोला बुजुर्ग	Bolá Bujurg	139	566	291	275	287	273	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	बोल्यावारी	Bolyáwari	27	114	64	50	63	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
51	भटवेडा बुर्दे	Bhatkheá Khurd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
52	भटवेडा बुजुर्ग	Bhatkheá Bujurg	8	33	18	15	18	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
53	भवा-यावेडी	Blawáryákhéri	2	15	8	7	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
54	मारूमसेडी	Mároomkhéri	10	40	21	19	21	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
55	मुंडला	Mundlá	65	285	141	144	141	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
56	यशवंतपुरा	Yeshwantpurá	15	63	30	33	30	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	राजपुरा	Rájpurá	5	28	15	13	15	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
58	राजपुरा-या	Rájpuryá	5	24	10	14	10	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
59	रामपुरा-या	Rámyuryá	21	84	46	38	36	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
60	रावपुर	Ráipur	515	1,926	969	957	829	820	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
61	रावल	Ráwal	36	139	72	67	72	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
62	रूपपुरा	Ruppurá	7	19	11	8	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
63	रूपवेडी	Rupákhéri	14	59	32	27	32	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
64	लाळगाव	Lálgáon	47	153	69	84	68	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
65	सलोत्या	Salotyá	41	340	172	168	172	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
66	साग-या	Ságyá	159	479	268	211	241	199	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
67	साम्या	Sámyá	65	250	140	110	138	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
68	साम-या	Sámyá	77	333	165	168	165	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
69	सालरी	Sálari	117	544	291	253	291	253	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
70	सोरोई	Sirpoi	175	1,404	750	654	745	649	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
71	सुनेल	Sunel	1,125	4,481	2,157	2,274	1,839	1,950	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
72	सुवास	Suwás	85	350	182	168	178	167	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
73	सेमलीभवानी	Semalibhawáni	51	228	137	91	137	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
74	सेपली	Sepáli	51	259	143	116	142	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
75	सोनारी	Sonári	9	42	25	17	25	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
76	सोयला	Soyalá	93	136	205	157	205	157	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

1 E, 3 A & 7 B.

Jágir.

Istamurar

1 B, 2 E, 3 A, 4 B & 7 A.

77	सोयली	...	Soyali	36	170	87	83	87	83	20,272	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	हेमडा	...	Hemada	253	608	461	407	455	405	405	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXXX	जिरापुर परगना.	...	Jirapur Pargana	9,686	44,529	23,445	21,084	22,521	20,272	22	17	888	786	14	9	...	...
1	अबदालपुरा	...	Abdāl purā	21	108	56	52	56	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	अभेपुरा	...	Abhepurā	25	143	81	62	80	62	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
3	अरोल्या	...	Arolyā	18	73	37	36	37	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	अहिल्यापुरा	...	Ahiyāpurā	24	116	58	58	58	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	आगन्या	...	Agaryā	44	219	115	104	115	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	आर्णी	...	Arnyā	71	354	201	153	198	152	...	...	3	1	...	...	Istamuran	...
7	आदमपुरा	...	Adampurā	21	79	39	40	39	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	आनंदपुरा	...	Anandpurā	28	113	65	48	65	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	आमलवे	...	Amalāve	92	421	232	192	221	181	...	...	11	11	...	...	...	...
10	उचावंदा	...	Ūchāvanda	24	107	57	50	57	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	उभापण	...	Ubhāpān	65	243	126	117	115	110	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...
12	कचनान्या	...	Kachnāryā	41	238	117	121	117	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	करनपुरा	...	Karnapurā	20	71	38	33	38	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	कवलसीखंडा	...	Kavalsikherā	44	199	108	91	108	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	काळीखेडी	...	Kāchikhedi	27	159	76	83	76	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	काछीखेडी सोदी यरणेत	...	Kāchikhedisodī yaronēt	22	112	62	50	61	50	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
17	काछीखेडी दागी पट्टी	...	Kāchikhedidāgipatti	38	162	83	79	83	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamuran	...
18	कान्हाखेडी	...	Kāndyākheri	23	147	86	61	86	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	कालीकावे	...	Kālīkāve	4	13	6	7	6	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	...
20	काल्याखेडी	...	Kālyākheri	26	106	57	49	56	49	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
21	काहारखेडी	...	Kāhārkhedi	30	105	55	50	54	48	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
22	कितसगाड	...	Kisangarh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	किततपुरा	...	Kisanpurā	29	167	96	71	96	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	किततपुरा	...	Kisanpurā	26	115	67	48	67	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	कुंडीखेडी	...	Kundi kheda	23	119	60	59	60	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	कुंईवे	...	Kudiway	12	50	33	17	33	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	कुंडाल्या	...	Kundalyā	93	414	240	174	228	168	...	...	12	6	...	...	...	...
28	कुंडीखेडी	...	Kundikheda	38	180	90	90	90	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	कुंडेली	...	Kundeli	70	312	157	155	157	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	कुमाडा	...	Kumadā	118	521	282	239	279	236	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
31	कुमाडी	...	Kumadi	71	334	178	156	178	156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	केरखेडी	...	Kerkheri	29	135	73	62	73	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	केसरपुरा	...	Keserpurā	11	50	31	19	31	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	...
34	कोठडा	...	Kothadā	7	25	17	8	17	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	...
35	कोठडा	...	Kothadā	2	4	3	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	...
36	कोडक्या	...	Kodakyā	118	529	275	254	272	252	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...
37	साकरी	...	Khākari	29	154	80	74	75	70	...	...	5	4	...	...	...	...
38	साखा	...	Khārpā	139	600	312	288	312	288	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	खुमानपुरा	...	Khumānpurā	7	34	19	15	19	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

XXX. Jirapur Pargana.

Alphabetical list of villages in Indoré State.

V. Rampura-Bhānpura Zila.

Sl. No.	NAME OF VILLAGE.		Occupied houses.	POPULATION.			HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		Classification whether Inam, Jagir, &c.	REMARKS (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)	
	Vernacular.	English.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
1	-	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18.	19
40	खुमानपुरा	Khumánpurá	...	12	51	26	25	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Istamurár	
41	खेज्या	Khejdyá	...	59	291	149	142	149	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
42	खेदी	Khedí	...	43	203	109	94	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
43	खेदी	Khedí	...	21	117	66	51	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
44	खोकया	Khokaryá	...	24	151	83	68	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
45	खोड्याखेदी	Khodyákhedí	...	34	168	94	74	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
46	गडगच	Gadgach	...	9	60	36	24	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
47	गणेशगंज	Ganeshganj	...	16	84	44	40	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
48	गावाडी	Gawádi	...	26	123	70	53	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
49	गावा	Gádyá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
	1 गावा	1 Gádyá	...	49	208	109	99	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
	2 खेवा	2 Leodá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
50	गांगोर्णी	Gāngorni	...	163	719	370	349	350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
	1 गांगोर्णी	1 Gangorni	...	138	593	307	286	287	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
	2 बुराखा	2 Gurádyá	...	25	126	63	63	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
51	गुलखेदी	Gulkhedí	...	9	33	19	14	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
52	गोवडपुर	Goghaddpur	...	165	771	404	367	394	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
53	गोपालपुरा	Gopálpurá	...	6	21	11	10	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
54	गोपालपुरा	Gopálpurá	...	8	34	19	15	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
55	गोपालपुरा	Gopálpurá	...	24	140	71	69	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
56	गोर्धनपुरा	Gordhanpurá	...	18	73	41	32	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
57	गोरियाखेदा	Goriyákhedá	...	21	121	61	63	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
58	गोविंदपुरा	Govindpurá	...	38	220	117	103	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
59	गौतमपुरा	Gautampurá	...	10	66	32	34	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
60	घाटखेदी	Ghátákhedí	...	27	118	59	59	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
61	चमारखेदा	Chamárákhedá	...	12	61	33	28	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
62	चिलावद	Chiláwad	...	13	58	32	26	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
63	चिलावदी	Chiláwadi	...	25	100	53	47	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
64	चेनपुया	Chenpuryá	...	22	88	47	41	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
65	चोखेडा	Chokhandá	...	4	21	12	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
66	छतरपुरा	Chhatarpurá	...	17	119	66	53	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
67	छत्रपुरा	Chhatrápurá	...	51	260	135	125	135	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
68	जाममहु	Jádmahu	...	15	58	34	24	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
69	जामगाव	Jámgaon	...	155	729	383	346	339	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
70	जिर्याखेदी	Jiryákhedí	...	20	109	53	56	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
71	जिरापुर	Jirápur	...	23	85	46	39	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
72	जेतपुरा	Jetpurá	...	813	3,230	1,677	1,553	1,470	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
73	जेतपुरा	Jetpurá	...	20	95	50	45	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	
74	जेथली	Jethali	...	61	305	152	153	152	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.	

XXX. Jirapur Pargana. V. Rampura-Bhanpura Zila.

NAME OF VILLAGE.			Occupied houses.	POPULATION.				HINDU.		ANIMISTIC.		MUSALMAN.		JAIN.		OTHERS.		REMARKS. (The institutions situated at the village are indicated by figures.)
Vernacular.	English.			Persons.	Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Fe- males.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
117	पीपल्या	Pipalyá	256	1,282	687	595	634	549	...	...	53	46	...	...	...	...	...	1 B.
118	पीपल्याबीज्यारेल	Pipalyábijyárel	80	345	185	160	177	153	...	...	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
119	पीरोजपुरा	Pirojpurá	9	40	22	18	22	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
120	पोलखेडा	Polkheda	131	609	312	297	311	296	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
121	पोलखेडा	Polkheda	23	143	70	73	70	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
122	फतेपुर	Fatepur	21	90	48	42	48	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
123	बटावदा	Batáwadá	70	315	167	148	167	143	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
124	बोल्या	Bathedyá	24	121	66	55	66	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
125	बडुखेडी	Badukhedi	35	168	92	76	92	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
126	बदा	Bandá	36	188	99	89	97	88	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
127	बनवनखेडी	Banbankhedi	19	90	53	37	53	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
128	बाकपुरा	Bánpurá	68	400	211	189	211	189	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
129	बाडगांव	Bádgaón	134	613	310	303	278	262	...	...	32	41	...	...	...	...	...	...
130	बाढ्यामंदलोई	Bádyámandloi	1	9	4	5	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
131	बामनखेडा	Bámankheda	52	257	134	123	134	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
132	बामनखेडी	Bámankhedi	13	55	27	28	27	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
133	बावयखेडी	Báwáyakhedi	58	236	124	112	124	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
134	बावडीखेडा	Báwadikheda	185	838	440	398	437	396	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
135	ब्राह्मगांव	Bráhmángáon	45	199	104	95	103	94	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
136	बोलाखेडा	Bálákheda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
137	बासखेडी	Bánskhedi	40	192	100	92	99	91	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
138	बिन्याखेडी	Binyákhedi	7	23	13	10	12	10	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
139	सागापुरा	Bhagápurá	3	12	6	6	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
140	भगोरा	Bhagorá	114	493	280	213	241	190	17	11	22	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
141	भगोरी	Bhagori	72	311	155	156	155	156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
142	भडका	Bhadrká	16	74	44	30	44	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
143	भडकी	Bhadrki	9	40	22	18	22	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
144	भवानीपुरा	Bhavánipurá	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
145	भंडावद	Bhandáwad	158	664	341	323	328	314	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
146	भाटखेडी	Bhátkhedi	36	142	77	65	77	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
147	भानपुरा	Bhánpurá	78	378	186	192	186	192	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
148	भारुगढ	Bhárugadh	12	48	26	22	24	21	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
149	भीकनपुर	Bhikanpur	20	112	55	57	54	57	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
150	मल्हारगड	Malhárghat	7	38	21	17	21	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
151	मल्हारपुरा	Malhárpurá	50	136	73	63	73	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
152	मल्हारपुरा	Malhárpurá	3	10	6	4	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
153	महाराजपुरा	Mahárájpurá	6	24	13	11	13	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
154	माचलपुर	Máchalpur	764	3,234	1,661	1,573	1,417	1,352	...	...	244	221	...	...	...	...	...	1 B, 3 A & 7 A
155	मानपुरलीबोदा	Mánpurlimbodá	29	144	75	69	74	69	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

[illegible]

XXXII. Alampur Pargana.

VI. Alampur Pargana.

XXXXII.	आलमपुर पרגना	Alampur Pargana	3,075	15,759	8,067	7,692	7,845	7,480	...	...	216	211	6	1	...	...	...
1	आलमपुर	Alampur	552	2,922	1,487	1,435	1,356	1,320	...	...	131	115	...	...	...	...	...
2	असाद	Aswad	387	2,194	1,159	1,035	1,127	1,008	...	...	26	26	6	1	...	...	...
3	इयारी	Itarora	8	39	16	23	16	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	करार	Karar	57	248	122	126	121	123	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...
5	करडा	Karudā	19	84	42	42	40	39	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...
6	कुथार	Kurthar	136	606	298	308	285	293	...	...	13	15	...	...	...	...	...
7	खारीया	Khariya	33	150	75	75	75	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	खुजा	Khujā	106	589	292	297	285	286	...	...	7	11	...	...	...	...	...
9	खुर्द	Khurd	69	288	156	132	156	132	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...
10	गंगपुरा	Gagepurā	161	750	408	342	405	340	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	गेथरी	Gethari	103	515	271	244	271	244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	धनपिपरी	Dhanpipari	51	212	105	107	105	107	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
13	धोंड	Dhond	115	596	296	300	294	298	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	नोगवा	Nogawā	70	374	197	177	196	173	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...
15	पुनपुरा	Puranpurā	17	88	41	47	41	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	बरका	Barakā	139	699	336	363	336	363	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	बीडरा	Bidarā	54	259	141	118	141	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	बेलमा	Belamā	78	380	198	182	198	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	भडेरा	Bhaderi	31	153	89	73	79	72	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
20	भानपुर	Bhanpur	41	200	105	95	105	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	भितारी	Bhitari	285	1,410	732	678	731	676	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...
22	राजारपुरा	Rajarpurā	40	214	121	93	117	92	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...
23	सायपुरा	Sayapurā	45	220	109	111	109	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	सोलन	Solan	410	2,232	1,101	1,131	1,073	1,105	...	...	23	26	...	...	...	...	...
25	हासनपुर	Hasanpur	68	337	179	158	178	158	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX I.—*Census Division and Agency.*

DISTRICT AND PARAGANA.	No. of Charges.	No. of Circles.	No. of Blocks.	No. of Charge Superintendents.	No. of Super-visors.	No. of Enumera-tors.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HOUSES PER		
							Charge.	Circle.	Block.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
INDORE STATE	45	878	8,059	45	878	8,059	5,245	268	29
I.—Indore District	11	222	2,067	11	222	2,067	5,526	273	29
1. Petlawad	1	12	98	1	12	98	2,346	195	24
2. Depalpur	2	46	390	2	46	390	6,563	285	33
3. Sawer	2	32	294	2	32	294	4,665	291	31
4. Indore, ...	2	33	317	2	33	317	5,905	357	37
5. Indore City with Military areas ...	2	69	637	2	69	637	7,487	217	23
6. Mhow	1	20	243	1	20	243	7,953	397	32
7. Divisional Forest Indore	1	10	88	1	10	88	1,247	124	14
II.—Mehidpur District	5	75	886	5	75	886	5,747	383	30
8. Mehidpur	2	32	470	2	32	470	6,802	425	29
9. Tarana	2	39	387	2	39	387	6,960	356	35
10. Sundarsi	1	4	29	1	4	29	1,223	306	42
III.—Nemawar District	4	74	739	4	74	739	5,634	304	30
11. Khatagaon	1	22	265	1	22	265	7,919	359	29
12. Kanned	1	21	217	1	21	217	6,368	303	28
13. Kathaphor	1	25	242	1	25	242	7,991	319	33
14. Divisional Forest Nemawar	1	6	15	1	6	15	251	42	16
IV.—Nimar District	14	289	2,561	14	289	2,561	5,227	256	28
15. Nisarpur	2	40	280	2	40	280	3,914	195	27
16. Maheshwar	2	41	333	2	41	333	5,279	257	31
17. Burwaha	2	39	367	2	39	367	5,252	269	28
18. Segaon	1	37	272	1	37	272	7,797	210	28
19. Kasrawad	1	16	244	1	16	244	7,649	478	31
20. Khargon	2	40	496	2	40	496	6,062	303	24
21. Sendhawa	2	30	201	2	30	201	2,949	196	29
22. Bhicangaon	1	40	338	1	40	338	10,565	264	31
23. Divisional Forest Khargon	1	6	30	1	6	30	257	43	8
V.—Rampura-Bhanpura District ...	10	205	1,713	10	205	1,713	4,777	232	28
24. Nandwai	1	8	41	1	8	41	848	106	20
25. Manasa	2	48	401	2	48	401	4,712	196	23
26. Rampura	1	37	262	1	37	262	6,142	166	23
27. Bhanpura	1	27	173	1	27	173	5,931	219	34
28. Garoth	2	28	325	2	28	325	5,099	364	31
29. Sunel	1	17	169	1	17	169	5,448	320	32
30. Jirapur	1	37	329	1	37	329	9,686	261	29
31. Divisional Forest Rampura	1	3	13	1	3	13	68	22	5
VI.—Alampur Pargana	1	13	93	1	13	93	3,075	236	33

APPENDIX II.—Number of forms supplied and used.

DISTRICT AND PARGANA.	ENUMERATION BOOK COVERS.		BLOCK LISTS.		GENERAL SCHEDULES. <i>Actual Number per 100 houses.</i>				OTHER FORMS USED.				
	Supplied.	Used.	Supplied.	Used.	Supplied.	Used.	Supplied.	Used.	Household Schedules.	Special Schedules.	Instructional forms.		
											Census Code.	Supervisor's Manual.	Rough Enumeration Books.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
INDORE STATE ...	9,247	9,247	9,247	9,247	1,37,240	1,37,240	58	58	23	65	45	878	8,059
I. Indore District ...	2,345	2,345	2,345	2,345	39,960	39,960	60	60	12	48	11	222	2,067
1. Petlawad ...	110	110	110	110	1,400	1,400	59	59	...	...	1	12	98
2. Depalpur ...	440	440	440	440	7,540	7,540	57	57	...	2	2	46	390
3. Sawer ...	340	340	340	340	5,290	5,290	56	56	...	...	2	32	294
4. Indore ...	370	370	370	370	6,180	6,180	52	52	...	...	2	33	317
5. Indore City with Military areas.	710	710	710	710	14,370	14,370	95	95	10	46	2	69	637
6. Mhow ...	275	275	275	275	4,470	4,470	56	56	2	...	1	20	243
7. Divisional Forest Indore.	100	100	100	100	710	710	56	56	...	...	1	10	88
II. Mehidpur District ...	1,005	1,005	1,005	1,005	14,190	14,190	48	48	1	4	5	75	886
8. Mehidpur ...	540	540	540	540	5,690	5,690	41	41	1	3	2	32	470
9. Tarana ...	430	430	430	430	7,900	7,900	56	56	...	1	2	39	387
10. Sundarsi ...	35	35	35	35	600	600	49	49	...	...	1	4	29
III. Nemawar District ...	860	860	860	860	12,330	12,330	54	54	1	2	4	74	739
11. Khategaon ...	300	300	300	300	4,480	4,480	56	56	1	...	1	22	265
12. Kannod ...	250	250	250	250	3,510	3,510	55	55	...	1	1	21	217
13. Kathaphor ...	280	280	280	280	4,200	4,200	52	52	...	1	1	25	242
14. Divisional Forest Nemawar.	30	30	30	30	140	140	54	54	...	...	1	6	15
IV. Nimar District ...	2,867	2,867	2,867	2,867	41,160	41,160	56	56	7	8	14	289	2,561
15. Nisarpur ...	330	330	330	330	4,470	4,470	57	57	...	2	2	40	280
16. Maheshwar ...	397	397	397	397	5,490	5,490	52	52	2	2	2	41	333
17. Burwaha ...	460	460	460	460	6,760	6,760	64	64	3	2	2	39	367
18. Segaon ...	300	300	300	300	4,020	4,020	51	51	...	...	1	37	272
19. Kasrawad ...	280	280	280	280	4,060	4,060	53	53	...	...	1	16	244
20. Khargon ...	440	440	440	440	6,930	6,930	57	57	1	...	2	40	496
21. Sendhawa ...	240	240	240	240	3,470	3,470	59	59	1	...	2	30	201
22. Bhicangaon ...	380	380	380	380	5,820	5,820	55	55	...	2	1	40	338
23. Divisional Forest Khargon.	40	40	40	40	140	140	54	54	...	...	1	6	30
V. Rampura-Bhanpura Dist.	2,060	2,060	2,060	2,060	27,930	27,930	58	58	2	3	10	205	1,713
24. Nandwai ...	60	60	60	60	510	510	60	60	...	...	1	8	41
25. Manasa ...	460	460	460	460	6,200	6,200	65	65	1	...	2	48	401
26. Rampura ...	350	350	350	350	4,360	4,360	70	70	...	1	1	37	262
27. Bhanpura ...	200	200	200	200	3,310	3,310	55	55	...	2	1	27	173
28. Garoth ...	390	390	390	390	5,530	5,530	54	54	1	...	2	28	325
29. Sunel ...	190	190	190	190	2,860	2,860	52	52	...	...	1	17	169
30. Jirapur ...	380	380	380	380	5,100	5,100	52	52	...	...	1	37	329
31. Divisional Forest Rampura.	30	30	30	30	60	60	88	88	...	...	1	3	13
VI. Alampur Pargana ...	110	110	110	110	1,670	1,670	54	54	...	...	1	13	93

APPENDIX III.—Statement showing the dates of the completion of the Chapters of the Report and Tables.

Chapters.				Date of completion.	Tables.				Date of completion.
Chapter	I	...	...	} 31st October 1912.	Table	I	...	...	} 31st October 1911.
Chapter	II	...	...		Table	II	...	...	
Chapter	III	...	...	} 30th November 1912.	Table	III	...	...	
Chapter	IV	...	...		Table	IV	...	...	
Chapter	V	...	...		Table	V	...	...	
Chapter	VI	...	...	} 31st January 1913.	Table	VI	...	...	} 30th November 1911.
Chapter	VII	...	...		Table	VII	...	...	
Chapter	VIII	...	...		Table	VIII	...	...	} 31st December 1911.
Chapter	IX	...	...	} 28th February 1913.	Table	IX	...	...	
Chapter	X	...	...		Table	X	...	...	} 31st March 1912.
Chapter	XI	...	...		Table	XI	...	...	
Chapter	XII	...	...		Table	XII	...	...	} 30th June 1912.
Chapter	XIII	...	...	} 15th March 1913.	Table	XIII	...	...	
Chapter	XIV	...	...		Table	XIV	...	...	
Chapter	XV	...	...	} 15th April 1913.	Table	XV	...	...	} 30th November 1912.
Chapter	XVI	...	...		Table	XVI	...	...	
Chapter	XVII	...	...		Table	XVII	...	...	} 31st December 1912.
Chapter	XVIII	...	...		Table	XVIII	...	...	

APPENDIX IV.—Statement showing actual expenses distributed under the various heads.

Head and Sub-head.				Enumeration.	Abstraction and Tabulation.	Total.
STATE CENSUS OFFICE.						
1.	Pay	...	...	9,619	12,004	21,623
2.	Allowances	...	...	1,551	...	1,551
3.	Travelling allowances	...	...	1,366	565	1,931
4.	Petty contingencies	...	...	410	167	577
	House numbering	...	...	345	...	345
	Local purchase of stationery	...	...	866	...	866
	Postage and telegrams	...	...	284	...	284
	Freight	...	...	216	...	216
	Special re-enumeration	...	...	253	..	253
	Cost of forms with printing and instructions	...	...	2,609	443	3,052
	Printing of Report.	...	...	...	1,500	1,500
	Total	...	...	17,519	14,679	32,198